SELECTIONS

FROM THE

RECORDS OF THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA,

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

No. CCCLXXIII.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT SERIAL No. 110.

ADMINISTRATION REPORT

OF

THE BALUCHISTAN AGENCY

FOR

1898-99.

Published by Authority.

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OFFICE OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF GOVERNMENT PRINTING, INDIA.

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FOREWORD

The Directorate of Archives Government of Baluchistan was established in the year 1984. It's Archivist Mr. Habib Ahmad Khan, did some ground work in the field of classification and cataloguing of Government records.

It, nevertheless, did not achieve the goal in the sense in which similar organizations have attained in other provinces of the country.

The Directorate General of Archives has since undertaken the reprinting of rare official books on Baluchistan. It has already published and distributed a set of twelve volumes of the District Gazetteers of Baluchistan. We are now presenting a set of ten volumes of Annual Administration Reports of Baluchistan Agency (1886–1900).

Because of interest taken by Mr. S.R. Poonegar, the Chief Secretary Government of Baluchistan, Mr. Atta Mohammad Jaffar, the Additional Chief Secretary, Mr. Nasir-ud-Din Ahmad, Secretary S&GAD, Mr. Atta Shad, Secretary Information and Culture, Mr. Mohammad Yousaf Niazi, Additional Secretary Finance, the post of Director General of Archives was created and an additional charge of the post was entrusted to me on May 2nd, 1988.

I am glad that these rare volumes will be of some use for the researchers and scholars interested in the history of this province.

Quetta September, 1988.

A. Aziz Luni
Director General
of Archives
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A. Aziz Luni
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Quetta September, 1988.

No. 578-C.

FROM

COLONEL HENRY WYLIE, G.L.I., C.S.I.,
Offg. Agent to the Governor-General in Baluchistan.

To

THE SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA,
FOREIGN DEPARTMENT,
SIMLA.

Dated, Camp Ziarat, the 25th July 1899.

SIR,

I have the honour to submit, herewith, the Administration Report of the Baluchistan Agency for the year 1898-99.

I have the honour to be,

SIR,

Your most obedient servant,

H. WYLIE, *Colonel,*

Offg. Agent to the Governor-General in Baluchistan.

ADMINISTRATION REPORT

OF

THE BALUCHISTAN AGENCY

FOR

1898-99.

I.—OFFICERS WHO HELD CHARGE OF THE AGENCY DURING THE YEAR.

1. Colonel Henry Wylie, G.I.I., C.S.I., Resident in Nepal, held charge of the office of Agent to the Governor-General and Chief Commissioner in Baluchistan from the beginning of the year until the 11th November 1898, when he was relieved by Mr. H. S. Barnes, I.C.S., C.S.I., who returned from nine months' furlough.

2. The office of First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor-General was held by Captain P. T. Spence, I.S.C., throughout the year.

3. Lieutenant A. B. Minchin, I.S.C., C.I.E., held the appointment of Second Assistant to the Agent to the Governor-General from the beginning of the year until the 15th November 1898, when he proceeded to England on 12 months' furlough on medical certificate, making over charge of the duties of Second Assistant temporarily to Captain Spence. Captain R. B. Berkeley, I.S.C., took over charge of the duties of Second Assistant on the 16th idem.

4. The office of Revenue and Judicial Commissioner was held by Mr. E. G. Colvin, I.C.S., throughout the year.

II.—MOVEMENTS OF THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL.

5. The Officiating Agent to the Governor-General, accompanied by his Second Assistant and the Agency Surgeon, left Quetta for Ziarat on the 9th June 1898.

6. On the 24th June, Colonel Wylie, accompanied by Lieutenant Minchin, Second Assistant to the Agent to the Governor-General, Pandit Nand Lal, Personal Native Assistant, and the Political Agent, Thal-Chotiali, left Ziarat on a short tour to Duki and Loralai in connection with Marri affairs and in order to visit the ex-Khan of Kalat. The Officiating Agent to the Governor-General and party arrived at Loralai on the 5th July. Colonel Wylie visited the ex-Khan of Kalat while he was in Loralai and also held a Darbar; he left Loralai on the 8th July and reached Ziarat on the 9th.

7. Colonel Wylie next returned to Quetta on the 1st August in connection with the summer jirgas and returned to Ziarat on the 6th idem. On the 12th September, the Officiating Agent to the Governor-General left Ziarat for Quetta for the Annual Horse Show and Darbar, returning to Ziarat on the 16th. He finally returned to Quetta on September 28th.

8. Colonel Wylie left Quetta on the 3rd October on tour to Chaman, Shelabagh, and Pishin, returning to Quetta on the 8th October.

9. Mr. Barnes, Agent to the Governor-General and Chief Commissioner in Baluchistan, left Quetta on the 11th December, and visited Chaman and Pishin. He returned to Quetta on the 15th idem.

10. The Agent to the Governor-General next visited Calcutta on duty, leaving Quetta on the 26th December and arriving at Calcutta on the 31st of that month. Mr. Barnes left Calcutta on the 8th January 1899, reaching Quetta on the 12th.

11. On the 2nd February, the Agent to the Governor-General proceeded to Sibi for the Annual Horse Show and Darbar and returned to Head-Quarters on the 5th March.

III.—REVENUE AND JUDICIAL COMMISSIONER IN BALUCHISTAN.

PERSONNEL.

12. Mr. E. G. Colvin, I.C.S., held charge of the office of Revenue and Judicial Commissioner throughout the year.

13. Khan Bahadur Kazi Jellal-ud-din held charge of the post of Settlement Extra Assistant Commissioner throughout the year.

14. Munshi Shams-ud-din continued as Officiating Settlement Superintendent.

PROVINCIAL ACCOUNTS.

15. The year under report was the second year of the working of the current provincial contract.

16. The estimated actuals for the year are :—

Receipts.

		R	R
Opening balance			3,27,472
Civil Revenue			8,61,412
Revenue in the Public Works Department.	Civil Works	24,934	
	Irrigation	56,995	81,929
Allotment	Government grant	12,45,000	
	Contribution to Sandeman Memorial Hall.	15,500	
		12,60,500	
	Deduct tirni payable to the Punjab.	1,731	12,58,769
		TOTAL	25,29,582

Expenditure.

	R	R
Civil expenditure including civil works		18,63,172
Public Works expenditure	4,70,539	
Irrigation ditto	19,506	4,90,045
Printing charges		9,044
Closing balance		1,67,321
TOTAL		25,29,582

17. The anticipated closing balance stands at R1,67,321, while the revised closing balance was estimated at R1,67,982. To this sum must be added the R15,500, Government contribution for the completion of the Sandeman Memorial Hall. The revised closing balance therefore stood at R1,83,482.

Excise.

18. The total receipts amounted to R1,36,990-3-9.

19. The contract for the sale of rum, abkari, opium, and drugs realised—

	R	a.	p.
Quetta-Pishin	96,038	1	1
Thal-Chotiali	13,892	0	0
Zhob	16,810	0	0
Bolan	6,485	2	8
Total	1,33,225	3	9

20. In addition to the above, R13,400 out of the balance of R15,133-5-4, outstanding on account of the Quetta-Pishin abkari and rum contracts for 1896-97, was recovered. The balance of R1,733-5-4 was remitted to the contractor.

21. The licenses issued for the retail and wholesale vend of European manufactured spirituous and fermented liquors realised—

	R
Quetta-Pishin	2,608
Thal-Chotiali	454
Zhob	603
Bolan	100
Total	3,765

Registration.

22. The receipts on this account for the year amounted to R1,565-4-0.

Levies.

23. The following statement gives the increases and decreases sanctioned in the levies establishments during 1898-99 :—

	Increases. R	Decreases. R
Las Beyla Levies	74	74
Chagai	810	460
Quetta-Pishin	131	41
Zhob	137	...
Total	1,152	575

Total increases R577 per mensem.

Jails.

24. The jail establishments remained unaltered during the year.

25. To give effect to the Prisons Act (XIV of 1889) which has been applied and extended to the Agency territories and British Baluchistan, the Agent to the Governor-General and Chief Commissioner issued a brief set of rules declaring certain lock-ups to be subsidiary jails and nominating officials for each. Allowances were also sanctioned for the Police Moharirs in charge of these jails.

Takavi Advances.

26. The amount outstanding at the beginning of the year on account of takavi advances was R1,55,763-3-0; advances during the year were made to the extent of R49,556, while recoveries to the amount of R33,309-13-8 were collected. The amount outstanding at the close of the year therefore amounted to R1,72,009-5-4.

Octroi Contracts.

27. The sale of octroi contracts brought in —

	R	
Pishin	4,010	
Zhob Lower	11,480*	*Includes R3,000 royalty on wood.
Zhob Upper	8,615†	†Includes R2,100 royalty on wood.
Bolan	1,860	
Thal-Chotiali	19,015	
Total	44,980	

Settlement Operations.

28. The Pishin settlement was practically finished by the 28th February 1899, the date assigned for its completion.

29. Sanction was received from the Government of India for the extension of settlement operations to the Sharigh and Sinjawi Tahsils of the Thal-Chotiali district. Sanction, however, was not received until the 15th March, and as a little delay occurred in the arrival of the traverse survey party, the new settlement was not in full working order until after the close of the year under report.

30. The Revenue and Judicial Commissioner's report is printed at Appendix I.

IV.—THE QUETTA-PISHIN DISTRICT.

Personnel.

31. Mr. A. Williams, I.C.S., held charge of the Quetta-Pishin district from the beginning of the year until the 18th October 1898, when he proceeded on furlough, making over charge of the duties of Political Agent and Deputy Commissioner to Lieutenant A. B. Drummond, I.S.C., who held charge of them until the 11th November 1898, when he was relieved by Captain J. Ramsay, C.I.E., I.S.C., who remained in charge for the remainder of the year.

32. The office of Assistant Political Agent, Quetta, was held by Lieutenant Drummond throughout the year, while Mr. S. E. Wallace was in charge of the Quetta-Pishin Police.

33. Captain A. M. Anscomb, V.D., continued in charge of the appointment of Extra Assistant Commissioner, Quetta; Mr. H. R. Smith was Treasury Officer, Quetta, and Munshi Muhammad Rafik Khan continued to hold charge of the Khojak sub-division throughout the year.

34. The appointment of Extra Assistant Commissioner, Pishin, was held by Maulvi Abdul Rahim from the beginning of the year until the 13th January 1899 and by Lala Bhag Mall during the remainder of the year.

Receipts and Expenditure.

I.—Provincial Revenues.

35. Owing to the insufficient rainfall the crops throughout the whole of he Quetta-Pishin district failed; there was no difficulty, however, in collecting

the revenue as the majority of the Quetta-Pishin district is under fixed assessment. The Achakzais of Toba are on a different footing. In their case R2,000-12-0 out of the assessment for the year were remitted, owing to the damage caused to their flocks by a severe blizzard which occurred on the 1st March 1898, and to the poor condition of their crops on account of the scant rainfall during 1897-98. The continued suspension of the payment of R3,000, which had been sanctioned the previous year, was also permitted.

36. The total collections of land revenue in cash and in kind in Quetta-Pishin amounted to R1,39,966-7-11 as against an estimate of R1,42,290. The difference between the actuals and the estimate is due, as explained in the preceding paragraph, to the remissions and suspensions granted to the Achakzais of Toba. From the total sum of R1,39,966-7-11, a sum of R7,428-13-10, on account of *malikana* and assignments of land revenue, must be deducted thus making the actual amount credited into the Treasury R1,32,537-10-1.

37. The collections from the lands irrigated by the Kushdil Khan reservoir and the Shebo canal amounted to R56,820 as against a revised estimate of R55,000. The increase of R1,820-6-9 is due to the sale of the produce at favourable rates.

38. The total receipts of the year amounted to R2,90,905-11-11 as against an estimate of R3,05,950. The decrease in receipts occurred chiefly under "I.—Land Revenue," "IV.—Stamps" and "V.—Excise." The deficit under "Land Revenue" is explained in paragraph 36, *supra*. The cause of the decrease under "IV.—Stamps" and "V.—Excise" are explained in paragraph 7 of the Political Agent's report.

39. The total expenditure from Provincial Revenues amounted to R2,32,136-2-11 as against a budget estimate of R2,44,300. There was thus a saving of R12,183-13-1.

40. Statement B of the Political Agent's report shows the details of revenue and expenditure.

41. The assignments* of land revenue in the Quetta-Pishin district will be found at Statement C of the Political Agent's report.

* As required by Revenue and Agricultural Circular No. 2—369—14, dated 16th July 1898.

II.—Imperial Revenues.

42. The receipts from this head fell short of the estimate of R5,480 by a sum of R689-3-1.

43. The Imperial expenditure amounted to R35,872-2-6 against an estimate of R34,860.

LEVIES.

44. The cost of the tribal levies of the Quetta-Pishin district was increased by a sum of R90 per mensem during the year. The total sanctioned cost of levies now amounts to R1,07,544 per annum. The actual cost incurred during the year amounted to R1,03,469-13-9.

POLITICAL.

45. The border was comparatively quiet. The only incidents of noteworthy interest were the raids of Nasir Khan, Samalani, on cattle in Shorarud, and the numerous petty troubles caused by Muhammad Sharif and Taimur,

Achakzais. The latter was reported to be close to the border at the close of the year under report, and another raid has been reported to have been committed by him since then.

46. The Political Agent's report will be found at Appendix II.

V.—THE THAL-CHOTIALI AGENCY.

Personnel.

47. Lieutenant C. B. Winter, I.S.C., held charge of the office of Deputy Commissioner, Thal-Chotiali, and Political Agent, Sinjawi and the Railway district, in addition to his own duties until the 9th April 1898, when he was relieved by Captain M. A. Tighe, I.S.C., who held charge of the office until the 15th March 1899, when he was relieved by Captain C. Archer, I.S.C.

48. The duties of Assistant Commissioner, Thal-Chotiali, and Assistant Political Agent, Sinjawi and the Railway district, were carried on by Lieutenant C. B. Winter, I.S.C., until the 30th September 1898. This post then remained vacant until the 15th March 1899, when it was taken up by Captain M. A. Tighe.

49. Diwan Ganpat Rai, C.I.E., continued to carry on the duties of Extra Assistant Commissioner, Sibi, throughout the year, except between the 18th April and 17th May, when he was on privilege leave, and Lala Bhag Mall was in charge of the office.

50. Diwan Uttam Chand held the post of Extra Assistant Commissioner, Duki, throughout the year.

Receipts and Expenditure.

I.—Provincial Revenues.

51. The total land revenue collections in cash and in kind amounted to R2,62,396-15-3 against an estimate of R2,54,690. From this total a sum of R24,186-4-0 on acccount of *jagirs*, *lambardari* allowances, etc., must be deducted, leaving a total sum of R2,38,010-11-3 credited into the Treasury.

52. The decrease of R16,679 as compared with the estimates is attributed to want of rain, unfavourable winds which damaged standing crops, falls in the prices of grains and the depredations of locusts and other insects.

53. The total receipts from all sources amounted to R2,79,510-9-9 as against the budget estimates of R2,98,755, thus showing a decrease of R19,244-6-3.

The principal decreases occur under "I.—Land Revenue," "IV.—Stamps," and "XVI.—Law and Justice—Courts of Law." The most noticeable decrease is that under "I.—Land Revenue," the reasons for which have been noticed above.

54. The total expenditure of the district amounted to R3,48,167-10-10 against an estimate of R3,66,530. The saving of R18,362-5-2 is due chiefly to savings in the pay of levies, etc.

55. Statement A of the Political Agent's report gives details of the receipts and expenditure under this head.

II.—Imperial Revenues.

56. The estimated receipts under this head were R200, but the actual receipts amounted to R889-3-10, showing an increase of R689-3-10 over the budget estimates.

57. The whole income represents interest on takavi advances.

58. The expenditure was R32,819-10-3.

TRIBAL LEVIES.

59. No change was made in the strength or constitution of the district and postal levies during the year.

COAL.

60. The coal mines at Khost and Shahrigh yielded a total output of 11,179 tons 9 cwt. and 3 qrs. and 5 tons, respectively, during the year.

FANATICAL OUTRAGES.

61. Two fanatical outrages occurred in the district during the year.

62. (i) At Sibi, on the evening of the 11th February 1899, one Niaz Muhammad, Brahoi of Sariab (near Quetta), made a murderous fanatical attack on Captain Spence, First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor-General and Mrs. Spence, but owing to Mrs. Spence's courageous conduct he did not succeed in his design. The would-be murderer was subsequently killed in a room in the Railway quarters where he had taken refuge when pursued.

63. (ii) The second outrage also took place at Sibi. On the morning of the 8th March 1899, one Dada, Silachi of Talli, ran amock. He wounded five men, two of whom died subsequently of the injuries they received. The fanatic was pursued and eventually bayonetted by a policeman. His companion, named Peyara, was arrested, tried and sentenced to transportation for life.

POLITICAL.

64. The political events of importance which occurred during the year are referred to below.

65. *I.—Emigrations to Afghanistan.*—Miran Khan, Bugti, son-in-law of the Bugti Chief, who was mentioned in last year's report as having absconded to Afghanistan, was joined in that country by several other discontented Marris and Bugtis. Among these was one Ali Muhammad, Bugti, and two Ghazni Marris. Ali Muhammad returned from Afghanistan with the object of inducing others to leave British territory, and he was so far successful that Khan Bahadur Mir Khair Bakhsh, son of the Marri Chief, accompanied by the headmen of several sections of the Marris, left their homes and went to Afghanistan. The Dumar Chiefs, the Khetrans and others followed them.

66. The Marris appear to have had as their object the assertion of their independence, whilst they also seem to have thought that they would force the hands of Government into recalling them and possibly into granting them additional *muafis*, rewards, services, etc. They were, however, disappointed and returned quietly to their homes and made advances for the renewal of their services, etc. Ali Muhammad returned and surrendered unconditionally, while only three men remained in Afghanistan.

67. *II.—The Marri Gurchani Feud.*—This feud was brought about by the murder of one Muhammad Ali, Lorikash Marri, by the Lishari section of the Gurchanis. Muhammad Ali had taken shelter with the Gurchanis when he fled from his own tribe in consequence of a dispute regarding a woman of the tribe. A joint jirga settled the case and awarded the Marris R600 as compensation. The Marris accepted this award, but Rehan, a cousin of Muhammad Ali, killed a Gurchani. Retaliations followed and eventually three more Marris and four Gurchanis were killed. A joint jirga was convened by the Dera Ghazi Khan and Thal-Chotiali authorities for the settlement of the case. The

recommendations made by this jirga were accepted and confirmed and Rehan was sentenced to a term of four years' rigorous imprisonment. Hostages were also taken from the parties to keep the peace for one year.

68. *III.—Dispute between the Marri Chief and his Wazir.*—In the beginning of the year under report a considerable portion of the Marri tribe were discontented on account of the misrule of the Marri Chief, Nawab Mehrullah Khan, and a large number of them determined to go to Afghanistan. It was feared that if the Wazir Mir Hazar Khan did not work in harmony with the Marri Nawab and his son, the welfare of the tribe would suffer. In April 1898 an agreement was arrived at between Khan Bahadur Mir Khair Bakhsh as representative of the Marri Chief and Mir Hazar Khan. One of the conditions of the agreement was that no order made by the Nawab was to hold good unless it also bore the Wazir's seal. This, however, greatly displeased the Nawab who objected to it. He summoned his son and all the Marri tribesmen to Kahan, the capital of the Marri country, with the result that his son, Khan Bahadur Mir Khair Bakhsh, and many of the leading tribesmen went off to Afghanistan.

69. A reconciliation was effected in June 1898 at Ziarat by the Agent to the Governor-General between the Marri Nawab and his Wazir, and a written agreement was made. Within six months, however, the feud between the Nawab and his Wazir was reopened with increased vigour.

70. The Marri Nawab's second son died, and the Nawab accused Mir Hazar of poisoning his son and demanded his expulsion from the country. Mir Hazar denied the charge and declared that the accusation against him was fabricated as an excuse for breaking the agreement of the previous June. No proof was forthcoming against Mir Hazar. Eventually it was decided not to force the Nawab to work with a Wazir whom he disliked, and that Mir Hazar would be given employment outside the Marri country.

71. *IV.—Fight between Kurks and Murgazanis.*—A fight took place between the Kurks and Murgazanis near Sibi on the 31st March 1898. One Murgazani was killed and 14 wounded, while 8 Kurks were wounded. A woman was supposed to be the cause of the trouble. The case was settled by the Quetta jirga, the parties being fined and bound over to keep the peace, and compensation being awarded.

72. *V.—Fight between the Khosas and Mochis.*—The Khosas and Mochis fell out over the grazing of cattle, and retaliations on both sides ensued. The Mochis made a regular attack on a Khosa village, in which 2 Khosas were killed and 14 wounded, and 6 Mochis were wounded. The case was referred to a jirga for settlement.

73. The Political Agent's report is numbered Appendix III.

VI.—THE ZHOB AGENCY.

PERSONNEL.

74. Captain F. W. P. Macdonald, I.S.C., held charge of the office of Political Agent in Zhob throughout the year, with the exception of a period from the 18th September 1898 to the 5th November 1898 when he was on privilege leave, and Captain H. L. Showers, I.S.C., officiated as Political Agent in Zhob.

75. There were a number of changes in the charge of the office of the Assistant Political Agent, Upper Zhob. It was held by the following officers :

76. From the 1st April to the 22nd May by Khan Sahib Sheikh Abdul Rahman.

77. From the 23rd May to the 2nd September by Lieutenant A. L. Jacob, I.S.C.

78. From the 3rd September to the 9th January 1899 by Khan Sahib Sheikh Abdul Rahman.

79. From the 10th January to the close of the year by Lieutenant C. B. Winter, I.S.C.

80. The office of Assistant Political Agent, Lower Zhob, and District Superintendent of Police, Zhob, was held by Lieutenant Jacob from the beginning of the year to the 17th May. Lieutenant Hunt, I.S.C., then remained in charge during the remainder of the year.

81. The posts of Extra Assistant Commissioner, Upper and Lower Zhob, were held by Khan Sahib Sheikh Abdul Rahman and Khan Sahib Kazi Muzaffar, respectively, throughout the year.

Receipts and Expenditure.

82. The gross receipts on account of land revenue both in cash and in kind amounted to R2,01,299-6-9. The total *lambardari* allowances, etc., which were paid amounted to R10,259-11-10, making the net receipts credited into the Treasury R1,91,039-10-11. The decrease of R3,290-5-1 as compared with the estimates is accounted for by the low rates at which the revenue grain was sold.

83. The total receipts from all sources amounted to R2,27,596-9-0.

84. The total expenditure of the year amounted to R5,85,699-3-3 against the estimate of R6,15,104. The saving of R29,404-12-9 occurs chiefly under the head "25.—Political," due to the Zhob Levy Corps having been under strength.

Tribal Levies.

85. No change was made during the year in the strength or constitution of the levies in the district. The necessity of increasing the levies was brought to notice, and proposals were made for increasing the sanctioned cost of the levies by R137 per mensem. (Sanction to the increase has been given since the close of the year under review, raising the total average sanctioned cost of the levies in the Zhob district to R12,087-10-8 per mensem.)

Establishment of a Zenana Dispensary at Fort Sandeman.

86. The want of a female dispensary at Fort Sandeman has been for some time greatly felt. After some correspondence the Central Committee of the Countess of Dufferin Fund established a female dispensary at that place. Rupees 100 per mensem was also granted towards this dispensary from Provincial Revenues and R25 from the Fort Sandeman Bazar Fund.

Political.

Waziris.

87. The Waziris gave trouble in the early part of the year under review, but the restoration of the Kuch-bina post had a wholesome effect in restoring order.

88. A joint jirga was held in November 1898 at Tank under the presidency of the Political Agent, Zhob, and the Political Officer, Wano, at which a number of cases against the Waziris were settled, while others were held over for further enquiry.

THE EX-KHAN OF KALAT.

89. Mir Azim Jan, son of the ex-Khan of Kalat, was placed on duty under the personal supervision of the Political Agent, Zhob, during the year.

90. The conduct of the ex-Khan at Loralai was reported to be good.

LARGHA SHERANIS.

91. The state of affairs in the Sherani country on the Punjab side of the Dhana Pass was worse than ever.

92. Frequent acts of highway robbery were committed on people passing through the Dhana Pass, and on one occasion the property of two British officers and a lady who were travelling through the pass was stolen.

93. In July 1898, some Larghawal coolies, who were employed on the Chuhar Khel-Dhana road, carried off three Public Works Department sub-contractors, and there was very nearly a serious collision. Orders were at once issued by the Political Agent that no Larghawals were to be employed on the Zhob side of the Dhana Pass, and the military guard at Dhana Sar was increased by 30 rifles. Enquiry into this occurrence showed that the contractor of the work had let out the work to three sub-contractors, and these men refused to pay the Larghawals referring them to the contractor, who in turn referred them back to the sub-contractors. The coolies consequently were exasperated and kidnapped the three sub-contractors, carrying them off to Largha. On representations being made to them, the Larghawals brought in their prisoners and released them, the head contractor paying up the whole of the money due to the coolies.

94. Just about this time, too, a band of Larghawals raided some cattle at Loara in Zhob. On receiving the news at Dhana Sar, the Adjutant, Zhob Levy Corps, proceeded to the spot and effected a temporary settlement.

95. In August 1898, another collision occurred with some Larghawals. In July 1898 a coolie employed on the Dhana Sar road had lent one of the sub-contractors a sum of money, and on his demanding his money from the sub-contractor it was not forthcoming. The coolie accordingly went to his village and returned on the 23rd August with about 50 armed Larghawals and again demanded immediate payment. Not receiving the money, the band seized Said Mir, the sub-contractor, and endeavoured to carry him off. Information was given to the guard at Dhana Sar. The Political Munshi with 7 soldiers and 15 levies pursued them. The Larghawals were overtaken and after some resistance they gave up Said Mir, the sub-contractor. As the troops and levies were returning, however, the Larghawals first stoned them and then fired on them, with the result that a coolie who accompanied the troops was killed. The Zhob party returned the fire and wounded one Larghawal. The Larghawals were surrounded and 19 of them were taken prisoners. This case was eventually settled by a joint jirga, composed of three Baluchistan and three Punjab Sardars.

96. On the 20th July, some Larghawals broke into a house at Toi Sir in Musakhel, illtreated the owner and his wife, and abducted their daughter. The settlement of the case was in progress when the year closed.

97. On the 14th August, 25 Larghawal Khidderzais attempted to carry off a widow and child from the village of Dewal Gad near Shinghar, 33 miles from Fort Sandeman. The villagers, however, turned out and prevented them.

98. It is hoped that the pacification of the Largha Sheranis has since the close of the year been finally effected, they having undertaken to pay revenue to the Punjab Government, and proposals for constructing a road through their country from Zhob to Dera Ismail Khan being under consideration.

Murder of Naib Tahsildar Gela Ram.

99. Nasir, Bozdar, the murderer of Lala Gela Ram, was found and arrested. He was tried by a council of elders and was sentenced to seven years' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of R300.

100. The punitive post at Nili was withdrawn on the 2nd March 1899.

Local Tribes.

101. The tribes of the district were on the whole well behaved during the year. The riots and affrays which occurred were unimportant. The worst of these cases was a fight at Bernina, a village 17 miles from Loralai, between two sections of the Alizai tribe. The dispute arose over a water-mill, and two men were killed and several wounded.

102. Another serious affair was the murder of two men in the compound of the Assistant Political Agent at Loralai. The case has not been satisfactorily cleared up, but suspicions rest on two Utman Khels.

Suleiman Khels.

Satisfactory tirni arrangements.

103. The collection of tirni was started with a little difficulty. Information was received that two of the off-shoots of the Sultan Khel, *viz.*, the Mir Khan and Muhammad Khel sub-sections, were being incited to disobedience by Mir Hazar, Kamran, Sultan Khel. The Extra Assistant Commissioner, Lower Zhob, was therefore ordered to at once start work by taking tirni from these sections first, in order to make it clear that everyone would have to pay. As cash was not always forthcoming, large numbers of sheep and goats were seized as security for payment. After a little trouble matters were settled with the Mir Khan and Muhammad Khel, and they offered to pay a lump sum as tirni for the year, if they were given sufficient time in which to collect the money. The amount offered was no doubt below what the tribes would have had to pay had enumeration been made, but as the year was a bad one, and as it was the first year of the collection of the tirni, and cash was scarce and difficulty would have been experienced in disposing of the animals seized, the Political Agent thought it advisable to close with the offer made. After matters had been satisfactorily arranged with the Mir Khan and Muhammad Khel, a Zarmelan Motibar by name Kattai Khan, Dinar Khel Sultan Khel, appeared on the scene. He was very angry at the arrangement which had been made, and did all he could to make those who had made the agreement break it again. For some little time the position was one of some anxiety, but matters were eventually settled amicably. After the settlement of this case, the other sections of Zhob Suleiman Khels came to the Extra Assistant Commissioner and offered to pay lump sums on account of the tirni due from them. The Political Agent closed with these offers.

104. The headmen of the Zhob sections of the Suleiman Khels appeared at Fort Sandeman on the 28th January, the day fixed for paying up the tirni agreed on. The total amount received was R1,354-6-0.

105. The Zarmelan Suleiman Khels also accepted the R200 which they refused last year on account of the "sharmana" for the murder of a Hamsaya of the tribe, in December 1897, at Gul Kach.

106. When the Suleiman Khel had left Zhob in the second week in April not a single complaint was received against them.

COLLISION WITH THE DOTANNIS.

107. In connection with the collision which occurred last year regarding the collection of tirni from the Dotannis, a number of Dotannis went to Fort Sandeman to interview the Political Agent. They were referred, however, by the Political Agent to the Political Officer, Wano, and the subject did not again come before the Political Agent in Zhob. No difficulty was experienced this year in the collection of the tirni.

MALIK SHAHBUDDIN.

108. As ordered by the Government of India, the Extra Assistant, Lower Zhob, met Malik Shahbuddin at Hussein Nika and read him an extract from the joint Baluch-Afghan boundary agreement, as also the letter from His Highness the Amir ratifying the agreement. As a result of this meeting, the Malik acknowledged that the land on which the Shinbaza-Hussein Nika road was constructed was on the British side of the boundary. He, however, claimed some other lands in the vicinity of Chachobai, Shinbaza, Saratoi, Hussein Nika, Girdao, and Khurma, which after the demarcation came within the jurisdiction of the Baluchistan Agency, and expressed his willingness to settle any claims that might be made by any British subjects. He was also willing to pay land revenue on these lands and grazing tax to Government if it were taken from other Suleiman Khels residing within British territory. A report on this matter was submitted to Government.

THE AFGHAN FRONTIER.

109. Grazing tax was recovered without difficulty from such Afghans as brought their cattle and flocks to graze in Zhob.

110. The Political Munshi at Kamruddin Karez reported that the Afghan Khassadars at Taraki Tirwa had erected a building, in which to cool water, on the British side of the border. He also complained of the attitude of the men of the post towards British subjects.

111. The Political Agent visited Taraki Tirwa and succeeded in convincing the Khassadars that their building was in British territory, and their consent was obtained to its demolition.

112. The Lowana headmen also complained that the Afghans molested them and would not allow them to cultivate their land on the British side of the boundary.

ZHOB LEVY CORPS.

113. Major W. G. Alban held the post of Commandant throughout the year, with the exception of the period between the 1st January and 31st March 1899, when he was on privilege leave, and Lieutenant F. D. Henslowe carried on the duties of Commandant in addition to his own duties.

114. Lieutenant F. D. Henslowe was Adjutant and Second-in-Command throughout the whole year, except from the 15th August to the 2nd November 1898, when he was on privilege leave, and Major Alban carried on the duties in addition to his own.

RECRUITING.

115. The cavalry, with the exception of the Brahui squadron, were kept well up to strength during the year. Recruits for the Brahui squadron are obtained with great difficulty.

116. In the infantry the Kakar and the Ghilzai companies were not kept up to strength, owing to the Ghilzai company being practically disbanded at the beginning of the year, and the Subedar of the Kakar company having been dismissed. The present Native officers of the Kakar company were transferred from the 24th Bombay Infantry, and under their influence the company is filling up rapidly again.

DISCHARGES AND DEATHS.

117. Two Native officers were discharged and two died during the year under report.

DESERTIONS.

118. There was 9 desertions altogether during the year.

On the 21st June 1898, 2 Ghilzais deserted from the Girdao post, taking with them 3 rifles, 2 belts and bayonets and 73 rounds of ammunition.

A Brahui sowar deserted in October 1898, taking with him his horse, carbine, sword and accoutrements and 20 rounds of ammunition.

A duffadar of the Zhob Kakar squadron deserted on the 13th January 1899, taking with him his horse, carbine and 20 rounds of ammunition: the horse was subsequently recovered.

A havildar and 4 sepoys (Achakzais) deserted about the 10th March 1899, taking with them R1,100 in cash, 5 rifles, bayonets and accoutrements and 100 rounds ammunition.

119. With the grant of good conduct pay, which at present is under consideration, desertions will be probably of less frequent occurrence, as the men will have something to look forward to by remaining in the corps.

STRENGTH.

120. The total strength of the corps on the 31st March 1899 was—

2 British officers, 19 Native officers, 387 mounted and 391 foot—total 799.

121. The Political Agent s report will be found at Appendix IV.

VII.—THE KALAT AGENCY.

PERSONNEL.

122. Lieutenant S. G. Knox, I.S.C., continued to hold the duties of Political Agent, Kalat, throughout the year.

123. Captain R. A. E. Benn, I.S.C., held the appointment of Military Adviser to His Highness the Khan until the 15th March 1899, when the Kalat State Troops were disbanded and the appointment was abolished.

124. Mir Shams Shah continued in office as Political Adviser to His Highness the Khan throughout the year.

125. The appointment of Native Assistant, Bolan, was held by Lala Bhag Mall from the 1st April to the 17th April 1898; by Qazi Fakir Ahmad from the 18th April to the 17th May 1898; by Lala Bhag Mall from the 18th May

to the 14th February 1899; by Qazi Fakir Ahmad from the 11th January 1898 to the 10th January 1899; and by Lala Udho Dass during the remainder of the year.

126. Lala Udho Dass was Nazim of Mekran up to the 15th February, after which time a tribal form of administration was established, and Mir Mehrulla Khan, Raisani, was appointed as the Khan's Nazim of Mekran.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE.

I.—Provincial Revenues.

127. The total receipts under this head amounted to R13,503-11-0 and the total expenditure was R1,59,616-2-4. There was an increase of R27,912-2-4 in expenditure, the principal cause of increase being the payment of R2,500, the amount of the Quetta quit-rent, which was transferred to the Kalat Agency accounts.

II.—Imperial Revenues.

128. The Imperial expenditure amounted to R1,29,919-0-2.

BOLAN BAZAR FUND.

129. The opening balance at the credit of the Fund at the beginning of the year was R9,140-1-10, the total receipts during the year amounted to R2,618-9-7, the total expenditure was R7,098-15-1, leaving a closing balance of R4,659-12-4. Expenditure exceeded the receipts by R4,480-5-6 mainly owing to R4,400 being spent on the construction of a new levy thana at Mach.

TRIBAL LEVIES.

130. No permanent increases were made in the levy service during the year. Three temporary thanas were established for a portion of the year at Surkh Bajo, Guru and Mangochar for the protection of the telegraph line and other public property.

KALAT STATE TROOPS.

131. The Kalat State Troops were disbanded under the orders of the Government of India on the 25th January 1899. The Millitary Adviser, after winding up the accounts of the troops, made over charge of his duties on the 15th March 1899, when the post of Military Adviser to His Highness the Khan was abolished.

POLITICAL.

132. Sirdar Yar Muhammad, Kurd, accompanied by his three sons, his brother and his brother's two sons and some followers, absconded to Afghanistan in July 1898, owing to family disputes.

133. The only outrage that marked the Sirdar's departure was the cutting of the telegraph line between Dasht and Mastung.

134. Sirdar Yar Muhammad fled to Kabul, but in consequence of his intrigues with other Baluch refugees in that city he incurred the displeasure of His Highness the Amir, who banished him from Afghanistan and sent him under escort across the border.

He eventually returned and submitted, executing a bond for future good conduct.

135. Sirdar Imam Bakhsh, Sirpara, also absconded to Afghanistan on the 16th July 1898. He has not returned to British territory.

136. In June 1898, the Naib of Panjgur gave some trouble and shut himself up in the Isai Fort. He was besieged by the Kardar of Panjgur with the assistance of some of the Kalat State Troops. A little fighting took place, but the Naib escaped at the end of August through the help of two Nausherwani Sirdars.

137. In September 1898, three Langoo women, confined in the Miri, threw themselves down from it in an attempt to escape, one of them being killed. His Highness the Khan was induced to pay blood-money to the relatives of the woman who had been killed, and the two other women were set free. The Wakil to the Khan was banished from Kalat in consequence of his complicity in this case.

138. The Zamindars of Kalat brought many complaints against this Wakil and left Kalat *en masse*. They returned on the appointment of a new Wakil, and His Highness the Khan executed an agreement promising to redress their grievances and to abide by the ancient customs of the country.

139. In November 1898, orders were received from the Government of India that a form of tribal administration was to be introduced in Mekran. Mir Mehrulla Khan, Raisani, was appointed Nazim of Mekran, and started the administration of the country with the aid of tribal levies.

140. The Political Agent, Kalat, accompanied by Mir Mehrulla, proceeded on tour in December 1898 through Mekran to introduce the new form of administration. The Kalat State Troops were withdrawn (and subsequently disbanded), the late refugees and rebels came in and submitted to the Political Agent and the new Nazim, whilst the fines imposed on the people for the rebellion of 1898 were partly recovered.

141. There were renewed disturbances in the Mengal tribe of the Jhallawans during the year owing to the incompetence of the Sirdar, who is unable to manage the affairs of the tribe.

142. The Political Agent's report will be found at Appendix V.

VIII.—SOUTHERN BALUCHISTAN.

143. The duties of the Agency were performed by Captain M. A. Tighe, I.S.C., on the 1st and 2nd April 1898; by Captain H. L. Showers, I.S.C., from the 3rd April to the 7th July; by Captain R. A. E. Benn, I.S.C., from the 8th July to the 26th August; by Captain H. L. Showers again from the 27th August to the 17th September; by Captain R. A. E. Benn again from the 18th September to the 11th November, and by Captain H. L. Showers from the 12th November to the close of the year.

144. No change took place in the limits of the Agency.

145. Khan Bahadur Haji Ahmad Yar Khan was Wazir throughout the year, and carried out his duties most successfully. The relations between him and the Jam were most cordial; and it is satisfactory to note that the Jam has cordially co-operated with the Wazir in the administration of the State and treated his subjects well.

146. It having been found desirable to appoint a Wakil to represent the Las Bela State in Karachi, Haji Isahak, Runjha, was selected for the post.

147. On the Agent to the Governor-General's visit to Karachi last year, certain malcontents appeared before him to complain against the Jam's rule, but they returned to Las Bela at Colonel Wylie's advice, and have since been behaving well.

148. The attempts on the part of Mir Yakub Khan, son of the late Jam Mir Khan, to bring forward his claims to the Las Bela Chiefship mentioned

in last year's report, were amicably settled. Jam Mir Murad Khan and Mir Yakub Khan had been on unfriendly terms ever since the late Jam Ali Khan succeeded to the Chiefship of Las Bela, but a reconciliation took place between them in November last.

149. The financial condition of the Las Bela State continues satisfactory. The Political Agent's report shows that the estimated closing balance for the year 1898-99 was R2,72,778-6-1, as against R2,06,679-5-3 on 31st March 1898. Trade was seriously affected by the plague in Karachi, accompanied by a consequent loss of revenue to the State.

150. The case between the Chuttas and Mengals regarding the possession of the Saruna valley mentioned in last year's report still remains unsettled. It has, however, been arranged to take it in hand next autumn. Another case awaiting settlement is that in which Sirdar Shah Pasand Khan, Jhallawan Sirdar, has laid claim to the Chutta country. This case will also be taken up next cold season.

151. The officers who held charge of the duties of the Agency made several tours during the year.

152. Precautionary measures were taken and segregation camps were established to prevent the spread of bubonic plague in Las Bela. Several imported cases of plague were however reported.

153. The Political Agent's report will be found at Appendix VI.

The Nasirabad (or the Khan's lands) Tahsil.

154. The Nasirabad Tahsil is situated to the west and north of the Jacobabad district. The tahsil consists of lands belonging to the Kalat State which are irrigated by Sind canals. The management of this tahsil is at present in the hands of the Political Agent, Southern Baluchistan. The administration of the Nasirabad Niabat is carried on by His Highness the Khan's Naib and by a Tahsildar under this Agency. The pay of the latter is debited in moieties to the Baluchistan Provincial and the Bombay Revenues. The dual system of control thus existing does not work satisfactorily and is at present under consideration.

155. The tahsil is divided into 8 *tapas* or circles for revenue purposes, and there are 16 *dehs* or villages which are irrigated by the Shahi *wah* or Desert canal and the Begari canal and its two branches. A project for remodelling the Desert canal is under consideration, and the proposed improvements will greatly benefit the Kalat lands.

156. The lands under the canal pay *abiana*, revenue, and cess at the following rates :—

(i) Water rate to the Bombay Government at R1 per acre.

(ii) Ground rent to His Highness the Khan of Kalat at R1 per acre.

(iii) Extra cess at 6 pies per acre which is credited to the Baluchistan Provincial (Special) Revenues.

157. The assessment on account of water tax and cess during the year under report amounted to :—

	R
Water tax at R1 per acre	80,974
Water cess at 6 pies per acre	2,530
Total .	83,504

158. The total area brought under cultivation was 80,974 acres. Compared with the previous year there was a decrease of R6,700 in revenue and of 6,497 acres in area.

159. There were no political disputes on the border during the year. An outstanding dispute between the Jamalis, who form the bulk of the population, and the Buledis of Sind was amicably settled.

160. The charge of the tahsil was held by—

Sheikh Taj Muhammad from the 1st April to the 19th August 1898 ;

Munshi Ghulam Muhammad from the 20th August to the 10th March 1899 ;

Munshi Shah Nawaz Khan from the 11th to the 30th March 1899, and by Munshi Amar Singh on the last day of the year.

IX.—THE CHAGAI POLITICAL ASSISTANCY.

161. Captain F. C. Webb Ware, I.S.C., continued to hold charge of the Political Assistancy throughout the year.

162. He left Quetta on tour on the 20th November 1898 and visited Captain P. M. Sykes, Her Britannic Majesty's Consul in Seistan. From Killa Robat he afterwards marched down the Perso-Baluch frontier to Mashkhel, returning thence to Nushki *viâ* the Baluch-Afghan frontier.

163. With the exception of a small tax on assafœtida, no revenue is collected in the Chagai district. The amount realised amounted to Rs. 100 during the year under report. The smallness of the sum is attributed to the scant rainfall on the Koh-i-Sultan hills, where most of the assafœtida is collected.

164. Owing to the insufficient rainfall the camel-grazing, fodder and crops suffered considerably. Upwards of two-thirds of the flocks in the Chagai district are said to have perished during the past three years.

165. The tribal levy service of the Political Assistancy was reorganised during the year, and additions costing R135 were sanctioned, which have added greatly to the efficiency of the levy service. A levy post was established at Amirzai-ka-Bund for the protection of the Nushki-Shorawak frontier from the raids of parties of marauding Barech.

166. The Nushki Thana was completed and other improvements to the Thana were carried out. A commodious serai was also constructed at Nushki. Serais have also been erected along the caravan route at Baghak, Padag, Yadgar Chah, Dalbandin, Chakal, Sotag, Merui, Chah Sandan, Manzil Amir Chah, and Saindak. Serais were also under construction at Killa Robat, Kacha, Kirtaka, and Tratoh.

167. A large trading bazaar consisting of 126 shops has been built at Nushki at a cost of half a lakh of rupees.

168. Great attention has been paid to the water-supply along the caravan route, and the quantity of water obtainable has been much increased by the sinking of wells at Padag, Chakal, Sotag, Merui, Saindak, and Kirtaka. The wells at Barnes Chah, Jujaki, Chah Sandan, Amir Chah, Bijar Chah, and Lashkri have been cleaned out and improved. A new well has been sunk at Zeh, but the yield is poor; another well is being sunk at Sorreg and promises well.

169. The postal service was much improved during the year, and a new post office was opened at Dalbandin. Post offices were also opened after the close of the year under report at Merui, Amir Chah and Robat Killa. Captain Sykes, Her Britannic Majesty's Consul in Seistan, introduced a dâk service which connects Killa Robat with Seistan, and in continuation with the weekly dâk run by the Meshed Agency through Khorassan to Seistan, the Quetta dâk runs right through to Meshed.

170. The trade through Nushki shows a very satisfactory increase of R1,38,152-15-3, notwithstanding the many conditions adverse to trade. The actual trade returns for the year under report are R7,28,082-7-3 as compared with R5,89,925 in the previous year. It is hoped that the appointment of Her Britannic Majesty's Consul in Seistan will go far to establish the popularity of the trade route.

171. The Political Assistant settled a large number of political cases during his tour. The condition of the Nushki and of the Nushki-Shorawak frontier continued far from satisfactory. Twelve Barech raids into Nushki occurred during the year. The situation at one time became critical, as the Mengals were much exasperated, but the Political Assistant arrived in time to settle the more important cases. The establishment of the levy post at Amirzai-ka-Bund will, it is hoped, assist in checking other outrages of this nature.

172. The condition of the Chagai-Kharan boundary is still unsatisfactory. Sir Nauroz Khan, K.C.I.E., has promised to depute a representative next cold weather to Nushki for the purpose of demarcating a rough boundary with the Political Assistant.

173. The Political Assistant's report will be found at Appendix VII.

X.—PUBLIC WORKS.

174. *Buildings.*—The Sandeman Memorial Hall was completed during the year, and only a few minor details now remain to be carried out.

175. A new office and court building for the Revenue and Judicial Commissioner was erected during the year, and the new Roman Catholic Church at Quetta was completed.

176. *Roads and Communications.*—The improvements on the Chuhar Khel-Dhana road are much appreciated by the Nasirs and other Powindahs using the road in spring and autumn. Corresponding improvements on the Punjab side would probably tend to check the lawlessness existing in the Sherani country beyond the Dhana Pass.

177. The following statement shows the increase in roads which has taken place during the last five years :—

	Roads and communications open.
1894-95	1,587·37 miles.
1895-96	1,747·90 „
1896-97	1,896·08 „
1897-98	1,937·96 „
1898-99	2,068·96 „

178. The opening up and development of the Agency are thus being aided by the addition of nearly 100 miles of new road per annum.

179. *Collieries.*—A survey of the Sor Range to ascertain the outcrop of the coal seam was made during the year.

180. The Khost Collieries were worked throughout the year by the North-Western Railway. An increased output of 11,179 tons was obtained during the year as compared with 9,000 tons in the preceding year. The output was 11,000 tons in 1896-97 and 20,250 tons in 1895-96.

181. The output of the coal mines at Mach was 2,500 tons; more than this could have been produced, but the local demand is not sufficient to keep the mines constantly working.

182. Baluchistan coal is chiefly used in the form of patent fuel. The freight on coal charged by the North Western Railway is, however, stated to be so high as to practically prohibit the development of the industry. Could the coal be profitably transported to Karachi, there would probably be a considerable demand for it from steamers calling at that port.

183. *Postal and Telegraph.*—Six new branch post * offices were opened during the year and two, *viz.*, at Panir and Hirok, were closed. The total number of post offices of all classes existing on the 31st March 1899 was 49 as against 45 in the previous year.

* Dalbandin. Gul Kach. Kohlu. | Killa Saifulla. Girdao. Kuchlak Railway Station.

184. Of the new post offices opened, Dalbandin is on the new trade route to Seistan. Additional post offices were opened after the close of the year under report along this route at Merui, Amir Chah, and Robat Killa. The Political Assistant, Chagai, made arrangements for reducing the time occupied in carrying the dâk between Nushki and Robat Killa from 24 to 15 days. A postal service was also started by Captain Sykes, Her Britannic Majesty's Consul in Seistan, to connect Killa Robat with Nasratabad, the capital of Seistan. The Meshed Agency is also running a postal service through Khorassan, and thus the postal line from Quetta runs right through to Meshed. Regular overland postal communication between India and Europe is thus an accomplished fact.

185. The four new post offices opened at Gul Kach, Kohlu, Killa Saifulla, and Girdao were made combined Postal and Telegraph Offices. The number of combined offices at present in Baluchistan is 22 as compared with 18 in the previous year.

186. The aggregate length of the mail lines in Baluchistan rose from 1,371¾ miles in 1897-98 to 1,529¾ during the year under report. When the first Administration Report of this Agency was written in 1885, the aggregate length of mail lines in Baluchistan was 453 miles only. Development in this direction, therefore, has been rapid.

187. The postal money-order system was introduced into Baluchistan in 1880. The amount of remittances when the system was first introduced was estimated to exceed two lakhs monthly. These large remittances were made by the great numbers of sepoys and camp followers employed in Baluchistan and Southern Afghanistan and by the numbers of coolies employed on the railway construction works. There had been a gradual decrease in the transactions of this branch of postal business since the year 1895-96, to be attributed to the completion of the Mushkaf-Bolan Railway construction works. This year, however, there has been a slight rise from R24,20,172 to R24,55,026, a tendency which it is to be expected will continue.

188. The following statement shows the revenue derived from money-order commissions during the last five years:—

	R	
1894-95	36,788	
1895-96	32,421	
1896-97	31,313	
1897-98	29,776	Increase R352
1898-99	30,128	

189. The transactions of the Post Office Savings Bank too, show a satisfactory increase in deposits and decrease in withdrawals during the year. The following table shows the transactions of this branch for the last five years:—

	Deposits. R	Withdrawals. R
1894-95	4,55,899	3,13,064
1895-96	4,33,573	3,10,563
1896-97	3,86,488	2,82,783
1897-98	3,27,838	2,76,931
1898-99	3,84,738	2,76,356

190. Here, too, the decrease in the amounts of deposits during the last three years is also attributed to the completion of the Mushkaf-Bolan Railway.

191. A report on the working of the Public Works Department will be found at Appendix VIII.

XI.—FORESTS (1897-98).

192. Mr. E. A. Down held charge of the duties of Deputy Conservator of Forests in Baluchistan throughout the year.

193. The area of State forests under the management of the Forest Department remained at 170 square miles as in the previous year, but the importance of reserving further areas was not lost sight of, and further reservations are under consideration.

194. The following comparative statement shows the number of cases of forest offences committed during the past three years:—

Nature of offence.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1897-98.
Unauthorised felling and theft	74	96	59
Injury by fire	3	8	5
Unauthorised grazing	26	5	43
Other offences	7	2	9
Total	110	111	186

The total figures of 1897-98 do not compare favourably with those of the two previous years, but this is due to the inclusion in 1897-98 of some 105 cases of unauthorised grazing which were compounded.

It is satisfactory to notice that there was a decrease in the number of fires reported, and that all the cases were petty.

195. The area open to grazing during the past three years, and the number of animals allowed to graze both free and on payment and the fees realised from the same, are as follows :—

Year.	Total area of State forests.	Area open to right-hold cattle (during the whole year).	Area open to grazing part of the year on payment.	Number of animals allowed free grazing and value of right.		Number of animals allowed grazing on payment and fees realised.	
					R		R
1895-96 . . .	175	43	11	16,518	8,505	5,948	743
1896-97 . . .	170	43	12	17,628	9,891	5,491	742
1897-98 . . .	170	43	11	17,628	9,891	2,130	267

The decrease in the number of animals grazed and the corresponding decrease in the fees realised is due to the want of pasture in the forest area owing to scanty rainfall during the year and the heavy mortality among cattle.

196. The financial results of the forest year under report and of the two previous years are compared below :—

Forest year.	Revenue.	Expenditure.	Deficit.
	R	R	R
1895-96	14,751	36,382	21,631
1896-97	15,942	28,478	12,536
1897-98	14,449	28,534	14,085

The increased deficit during 1897-98 over the figures of 1896-97 of R1,549 is owing to the falling off in the demand for firewood, and the grant of an allowance for dearness of provisions to menial servants.

197. A scheme has been introduced by which the royalty fees on fuel brought into Quetta will in future be collected by the Municipality which will charge the Forest Department 8 per cent. on all fees collected, while the fees realised on fuel brought into Chaman and Pishin will be leased out on contract. These arrangements will permit of the royalty establishments at Quetta, Chaman, and Pishin being abolished, and will result in an estimated annual saving of R1,283.

198. A copy of the Report on Forest Administration in Baluchistan for 1897-98 will be found at Appendix IX.

XII.—MEDICAL.

199. Lieutenant-Colonel J. C. Fullerton, M.B., I.M.S., held charge of the office of Agency Surgeon and Administrative Medical Officer in Baluchistan throughout the year.

200. The office of Civil Surgeon, Quetta, was held by Major W. R. Edwards, M.D., I.M.S. Major Edwards proceeded on privilege leave from the 15th July 1898 until the 14th August 1898, during which time Captain H. I. Pocock, I.M.S., carried on the duties of Civil Surgeon, Quetta, in addition to his military duties.

201. With the exception of a severe outbreak of typhoid fever among the British troops at Quetta, which lasted from May to November, the general health of the province was good throughout the year.

The outbreak referred to was attributed to the faulty system of conservancy obtaining in the Quetta Cantonment. A Committee was assembled to enquire into the matter, and their report is now under the consideration of the Government of India.

202. No new dispensaries were opened in Baluchistan during the year under report.

203. The total number of in-door and out-door patients treated at all the dispensaries in the province was 168,581, as against 153,268 in the previous year.

204. An outbreak of small-pox occurred in and about Kalat, and a few cases of the disease also occurred in the Sibi district. Other districts were almost entirely free from the disease. Six permanent vaccinators are employed by the Civil Department in Baluchistan and one by the Military authorities for the Cantonment of Quetta. The total number of successful vaccinations performed by these men was 10,645,* in addition to 263 performed by the vaccinator employed by the Jam of Las Bela.

* Quetta-Pishin District . . .	1,132
Zhob District . . .	7,724
Thal-Chotiali District . . .	1,255
Quetta Municipality . . .	350
Quetta Cantonment . . .	184
TOTAL .	10,645

205. The Director General, Indian Medical Service, Surgeon-General Harvey, C.B., D.S.O., inspected all the civil medical institutions during the year.

206. The report by the Agency Surgeon and Administrative Medical Officer, Baluchistan, will be found at Appendix X.

XIII.—PLAGUE.

207. Owing to the recrudescence of plague in Karachi and the Punjab, the same precautionary measures as were in force in 1897 were re-established in Baluchistan at the beginning of May 1898.

208. The segregation camp at Shahrig was re-opened on the 7th May 1898. Captain W. S. P. Ricketts, I.M.S., was placed in administrative medical charge of it and carried on the duties of the post until the 28th October 1898, when he proceeded on furlough and was relieved by Lieutenant C. H. S. Lincoln, I.M.S., who was in charge of the camp until the close of the year.

209. All persons from known infected areas, *e.g.*, arrivals from Karachi and the Punjab, were detained for a period of 10 days, while those from non-infected areas were detained for one day only, for disinfection.

210. The arrangement for segregation and detention worked satisfactorily and well. An account of the working of the segregation camp forms an appendix to the Agency Surgeon's report which is printed at Appendix X.

211. The segregation camp was moved from Shahrig to Sibi on the 10th November 1898.

212. No case of plague occurred in the camps.

213. The Special Sanitary Committee of Quetta was again convened under the orders of the Agent to the Governor-General. Measures similar to those of 1897 were taken for preventing and checking an outbreak of bubonic plague in the Municipality and Cantonment of Quetta.

214. Precautionary measures were also taken on the Kalat-Bela road and on the Sind-Kalat frontier, and segregation camps were established. A Hospital

Assistant was placed in charge of the Hab segregation camp. In spite of these measures, imported cases of plague occurred in the Las Bela State.

215. With the exception of the cases mentioned in the preceding paragraph no other case of plague occurred in Baluchistan during the year under report.

XIV.—SURVEY WORK IN BALUCHISTAN.

216. The survey operations in Baluchistan during the year consisted of —

(i) a special survey on the scale of 6″ = 1 mile of the coal-bearing area in the Sor Range situated about 20 miles east of Quetta. About 29 square miles were surveyed during the season; and

(ii) the survey of the Perso-Baluch border from Koh-i-Malik Siah to the Mashkel Hamun, up to which point the border had been surveyed by the Perso-Baluch Boundary Commission in 1896. Survey work was also carried out on the route from Nushki to the Persian border, and it is estimated that about 2,000 miles were regularly surveyed on the scale of 1″ = 4 miles.

217. A copy of Colonel Wahab's report on the "Surveys in Baluchistan" is attached to this report and will be found at Appendix XI.

XV.—GEOLOGICAL SURVEYS.

218. Doctor Fritz Noetling, of the Geological Survey of India, visited Baluchistan during the year to continue geological explorations in the Northern Marri Hills and the Zhob Valley.

219. Mr. E. Vredenburg of the same Department accompanied the Political Assistant, Chagai, on his tour to report on the mineral resources of the Nushki and Chagai districts.

XVI.—ECCLESIASTICAL.

220. The Reverend F. E. D. Cobbold was the Church of England Chaplain of Quetta throughout the year. During Mr. Cobbold's illness towards the close of year, the Chaplain's duties were performed by the Reverend J. A. R. Brookes, Second Chaplain of Quetta, until the 15th March, when he was transferred to Karachi, and by the Reverend C. Stewart from the 28th March to the close of the year.

221. The Reverend Father Hillenkamp, S.J., of the Church of Rome, assisted by the Reverend Father Jose, S.J., continued in office throughout the year.

222. The Reverend J. Shaw, of the Established Church of Scotland, continued to discharge the duties of Presbyterian Chaplain.

223. The Memorial in the Quetta Church to the late Sir James Browne, K.C.S.I., C.B., R.E., Agent to the Governor-General and Chief Commissioner in Baluchistan, was erected during the year. It took the form of seven glass mosaic panels for the Reredos, and a brass tablet behind the pulpit. The former was paid for from funds raised amongst the Europeans of the station, and the latter was erected by Lady Browne. The east window of the church is in memory of the late Sir Robert Sandeman.

224. The new Roman Catholic Church, towards the building of which the Government of India made a special grant of R96,054, was completed. The building was consecrated by His Grace the Roman Catholic Archbishop of Bombay in September 1898.

XVII.—CIVIL VETERINARY DEPARTMENT.

225. Veterinary Captain H. M. Maxwell held charge of the office of Superintendent, Civil Veterinary Department, in Baluchistan throughout the year.

HORSE-BREEDING OPERATIONS.

226. The number of Government stallions in Baluchistan at the beginning of the year under report was 40. Fourteen horses were received by transfer from other provinces, bringing the total number up to 54. Out of these 54 horses, however, 10 were removed by transfer, 2 were sold, 1 died and 1 was destroyed. Thus at the close of the year the number of stallions present in Baluchistan was 40.

227. The percentage of horses at work was during the year 46·19 as compared with 40·07 in the previous year. The number of mares served by these Government stallions was 2,673,* as against 2,418 in 1897-98.

*Quetta	1,200
Thal-Chotiali	529
Zhob	113
Kalat	831
TOTAL	2,673

228. The average number of mares served by each stallion was 57·86, a slight decrease as compared with last year, but this is explained by the fact that there were six more horses at work.

229. The cost of the feed and keep of the stallions amounted to R19,803-2-5, as against R21,507-4-10 in 1897-98. The average cost per head being R413-6-3, as against R500-2-10 for the preceding year.

230. There were 2,453 branded mares in Baluchistan at the commencement of the year. The number branded during the year was 166, and 43 mares were imported, thus making a total of 2,662. Of this number, 36 mares died, 59 were sold, 2 were stolen and 10 transferred. There were, therefore, 2,555 mares in the Agency at the close of the year.

231. Three hundred and five colts were castrated during the year.

MULE BREEDING.

232. There were 5 donkey stallions in Baluchistan at the beginning of the year. Of these 2 were transferred to Sind, leaving 3 in the Agency at the close of the year. 4·41 stallions were at stud work throughout the year, as against 4·25 last year. They served 123 pony mares, as against 116 pony and 9 donkey mares served last year.

233. The total cost per head for feed and keep amounted to R315-4-6, as against R368-15-0 last year.

234. The people of this Agency are at present averse to mule-breeding, but it is hoped that this prejudice will gradually wear off.

235. Copies of the annual reports, both Imperial and Provincial, by the Superintendent, Civil Veterinary Department, will be found at Appendices XII and XIII.

THE QUETTA HORSE SHOW, 1898.

236. The 10th Annual Horse Show and District Fair was held at Quetta on the 13th, 14th and 15th September 1898.

237. On the whole the Quetta Horse Show of 1898 was a success, though there was a considerable falling off in the number of horses shown, *viz.*, 1,178 as against 1,593 shown in 1897. This falling off was owing partly to purchases

made by native dealers before the Show began, and partly to a large decrease in the number of northern horses imported from Afghanistan. The decrease in imports of horseflesh is ascribed to the heavy duties imposed by His Highness the Amir on the export of horses from or through his territories.

238. The total number of animals exhibited at this and the two previous Shows were—

1896	1,491
1897	1,593
1898	1,179

239. There was a very marked improvement in the number of locally-bred animals, more especially in the classes of brood mares and young stock, and these increases are mainly attributed to the fact that the Show was held at the beginning of September and not as has been usual at the beginning of October.

240. The number of locally-bred horses exhibited was 506, as against 407 at the previous Show and 399 in 1896.

241. A batch of 110 young remounts were purchased. Forty-three of these were by Government sires and locally bred, the remainder being trans-frontier horses. The district-bred horses were of unusually good quality; while the whole of the remounts purchased were declared to be up to the average of former years.

242. The highest price paid was R430 and the lowest R72. The average price paid for the young stock purchased for the Remount Depôt was R342, as against R278-12 paid last year.

243. Only 94 head of cattle were exhibited at the Show as against 99 last year.

The grants made to the Show were—

	R
From Imperial Funds	1,000
From Local Funds	1,024
From private subscriptions	500
TOTAL .	2,524

244. Reports on the Quetta Horse Show will be found at Appendix XIV.

THE SIBI HORSE SHOW, 1899.

245. The Annual Sibi Horse Show was held on the 20th February 1899 and three following days.

246. The Show was held a month later this year than in 1898, and the arrangement proved most convenient.

247. There was a considerable increase in the number of animals of all classes exhibited at the Show, *viz.*, 1,204 as against 1,023 last year. The number of locally-bred animals exhibited was 884. There was a very satisfactory increase in the number of branded mares and young stock, the increase of mares in the branded classes being 57 more than last year, while the 2 and 3-year old filly classes showed an increase of 30.

248. Thirty-five remounts were purchased at this Show, *viz.* :—

For the Army Remount Department	15
For the Native Cavalry	20

The average price paid for the British service remounts was R260.

249. The generality of animals of all classes exhibited at this Show were pronounced to be of good stamp and of nice quality, and were practically all the produce of Government sires.

250. Thirteen mules were exhibited this year as against 3 shown at the previous Show, and this number is the highest on record. The people are apparently beginning to find out the advantages of mule-breeding, but it is important that they should produce animals large enough for the purposes of the Commissariat-Transport Department, as this Department is practically the only purchasers of this class of animal.

251. There was an increase of 101 cattle shown. The following table shows the figures for the last two years:—

	1898.	1899.
Bulls	29	110
Cows	10	60
Oxen	77	50
Sheep	3	...
	119	220

This large increase was probably due to the fact that it was known that the Commissariat Department intended to purchase. Forty-nine bulls and 16 camels were purchased by that Department.

252. Reports on the Sibi Horse Show of 1899 will be found at Appendix XV

XVIII.—POLICE.

253. The total strength of the Police in the Baluchistan Agency during the year 1898-99 was as follows:—

District Superintendent of Police	1
Assistant District Superintendent of Police	1
Honorary ditto ditto	2
Inspectors	3
Deputy Inspectors	23
Sergeants, Constables, Sowars, and Duffadars	1,038
Clerk	1
Bhisties, Peons, and Sweepers, etc.	22
TOTAL	1,091

254. The nationality of the Police force was:—

NATIONALITY.	District Superintendent of Police.	Assistant District Superintendent of Police.	Subordinate officers.	Men.	REMARKS.
European	1	2	...	...	
Eurasian	...	...	...	...	
Natives	...	1	172	915	
TOTAL	1	3	172	915	

255. The classification according to religion was:—

CASTE.	Officers.	Men.	REMARKS.
Christians	3	...	
Muhammadans	73	535	
Sikhs	52	207	
Hindus (Brahman, Rajput, and Gurkha)	10	93	
Hindus of all other kinds	38	80	
TOTAL	176	915	

256. The actual cost of the force was R2,55,673-13-10. Of this R2,45,088-13-10 were paid from Provincial (special) revenues and the balance, R10,585, from the Quetta Municipal funds.

Quetta-Pishin.

257. The number of Police employed on purely Police duty was 1 Policeman to 45 square miles.

Thal-Chotiali.

258. Compared with the area of the district, the strength of the Police represents 1 Policeman to 77 square miles.

The number of Police employed on purely Police duty was 1 Policeman to 122 square miles.

Zhob.

259. Compared with the area of the whole district, the strength of the Police represents 1 Policeman to 67 square miles.

The number of Police employed on purely Police duty was 1 Policeman to 71 square miles.

260. The following is a classified statement of the crime which occurred in each district:—

Offences.	Quetta.		Thal-Chotiali.		Zhob.		Total.	
	1897-98.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-99.
I.—Offences against the State, public tranquility, safety and justice.	16	10	29	45	7	3	52	58
II.—Serious offences against the person.	43	36	55	58	17	28	115	122
III.—Serious offences against the person and property or against the property only.	167	161	165	194	33	22	365	377
IV.—Minor offences against the person.	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	1
V.—Minor offences against property.	302	233	332	352	63	44	697	629
VI.—Other offences not specified above.	247	352	24	36	76	136	347	524
Total	775	793	606	685	196	233	1,577	1,711

261. The working of the Police during the last two years, is given in the following table:—

	1897-98.			1898-99.		
	Quetta-Pishin.	Thal-Chotiali.	Zhob.	Quetta-Pishin.	Thal-Chotiali.	Zhob.
Percentage of cases convicted to investigated.	30	20	28·77	67	37	26·4
Percentage of persons convicted to arrested.	71	56	69·23	77	47	69·23
Percentage of property recovered to stolen.	50	26	31·97	49	54	51·6

Equipment and Discipline.

262. The armament of the force was:—

Quetta-Pishin.

		1897-98.	1898-99.
Men armed with	Snider rifles	451	449
	Swords and carbines	60	60
	Swords and pistols	28	28

Thal-Chotiali.

		1897-98.	1898-99.
Men armed with	Snider rifles	261	261
	Swords and carbines	30	30
	Swords and pistols	20	20

Zhob.

		1897-98.	1898-99.
Men armed with	Snider rifles	147	172
	Swords and carbines	48	50
	Swords and pistols	11	15

263. The following is the detail of departmental and judicial punishments inflicted on the members of the Police force in the Agency during the past three years:—

	Punishments. 1896-97.	1897-98.	1898-99.
Departmental	132	106	50
Judicial	5	...	7
Total	137	106	57

The percentages of dismissals and resignations during the last three years are given below:—

	Dismissals. Quetta-Pishin.	Thal Chotiali.	Zhob.	Southern Baluchistan.	Resignations. Quetta-Pishin.	Thal-Chotiali.	Zhob.	Southern Baluchistan.
1896-97	1	·31	·46	...	6	1·59	8·079	...
1897-98	·6	1·33	1·26	...	6	1	6·28	...
1898-99	1	2	1·67	...	8	1	4·6	...

The following is the number of educated men in each of the Police Districts:—

	1897-98.	1898-99.
Quetta-Pishin	108	120
Thal-Chotiali	68	75
Zhob	38	40
Total	214	235

XIX.—LAW AND JUSTICE.

264. The following table shows particulars of the civil and criminal work disposed of in the Baluchistan Agency during the year under report :—

Designation of Officers.	Original.			Appeals.		Totals.
	Civil suits.	Execution of decrees.	Criminal cases.	Civil suits.	Criminal cases.	
Judicial Commissioner (High Court) .	...	...	...	124	47	171
Total for 1897-98	...	...	...	130	52	182
Quetta-Pishin District.						
Deputy Commissioner, Quetta-Pishin .	48	10	29	55	54	196
Assistant Political Agent, Quetta-Pishin.	26	29	71	...	...	126
Extra Assistant Commissioner, Quetta	141	176	284	...	...	601
Ditto ditto, Pishin	49	38	166	...	...	253
Cantonment Magistrate, Quetta	558	446	1,151	...	...	2,155
Treasury Officer and Senior Munsiff, Quetta.	201	132	108	...	...	441
Junior Munsiff, Quetta . . .	1,674	1,336	45	...	...	3,055
Native Assistant, Khojak Pass . .	65	41	53	...	...	159
Tahsildar, Quetta	80	19	33	...	...	132
Ditto, Pishin	148	66	40	...	...	254
Naib Tahsildar, Quetta . . .	28	4	...	...	...	32
Ditto, Pishin . . .	213	56	16	...	...	285
Honorary Magistrate, II class . .	...	...	171	...	...	171
Ditto, III class . .	...	...	577	...	...	577
Grand Total .	3,231	2,353	2,744	55	54	8,437
Grand Total for 1897-98 .	3,823	2,681	2,768	49	63	9,384
The Thal-Chotiali Agency.						
Deputy Commissioner, Thal-Chotiali .	27	1	6	1	11	46
Assistant Commissioner, Thal-Chotiali	...	1	1	...	...	2
Extra Assistant Commissioner, Sibi .	17	8	81	9	4	119
Ditto ditto, Duki .	2	...	31	...	...	33
Munsiff, Sibi	634	410	89	...	...	1,133
Tahsildar, Sibi	9	8	139	...	...	156
Ditto, Shahrigh . . .	14	10	51	...	...	75
Ditto, Duki	13	6	21	...	...	40
Ditto, Barkhan . . .	24	7	27	...	...	58
Naib Tahsildar, Sibi . . .	8	3	23	...	...	34
Ditto, Shahrigh . .	48	16	15	...	...	79
Ditto, Duki . . .	42	20	14	...	...	86
Ditto, Barkhan . . .	21	2	19	...	...	42
Ditto, Sinjawi . . .	44	18	49	...	...	111
Ditto, Kohlu . . .	38	4	14	...	...	56
Grand Total .	941	514	580	10	15	2,060
Grand Total for 1897-98 .	1,035	471	481	16	16	2,019

Designation of Officers.	Original.			Appeals.		Totals.
	Civil suits.	Execution of decrees.	Criminal cases.	Civil suits.	Criminal cases.	
The Zhob District.						
Political Agent in Zhob	...	2	1	4	...	7
Assistant Political Agent, Upper Zhob	1	...	2	...	...	3
Ditto ditto, Lower Zhob	1	1	12	2	...	16
Extra Assistant Commissioner, Upper Zhob.	20	10	22	...	...	52
Extra Assistant Commissioner, Lower Zhob.	9	4	6	...	...	19
Tahsildar, Upper Zhob	2	...	1	...	...	3
Ditto, Lower Zhob	43	29	25	...	...	97
Ditto, Bori	53	9	34	...	...	96
Ditto, Musakhel	4	...	3	...	...	7
First Naib Tahsildar, Upper Zhob	3	...	...	...	...	3
Second ditto, ditto	...	...	...	...	...	...
First Naib Tahsildar, Lower Zhob	33	10	6	...	...	49
Second ditto, ditto	51	17	2	...	...	70
Naib Tahsildar, Bori	79	13	4	...	...	96
Ditto, Musakhel	4	...	...	...	...	4
Grand Total	303	95	118	6	...	522
Grand Total for 1897-98	500	189	121	8	4	822
Kalat Agency.						
Sessions Judge and District Magistrate, Bolan (the Political Agent, Kalat)	...	...	3	...	...	3
Native Assistant, Bolan	94	33	47	...	...	174
Grand Total	94	33	50	...	...	177
Grand Total for 1897-98	118	70	41	...	...	229
Grand Total of the whole Agency for 1898-99.	4,569	2,995	3,492	195	116	11,367
Grand Total of the whole Agency for 1897-98.	5,476	3,411	3,411	203	135	12,636

265. From the above statement it will be seen that 11,367 civil and criminal cases were disposed of in the Agency during the year, as compared with 12,636 cases disposed of in the previous year.

266. In addition to the above, 2,690 miscellaneous and revenue cases and 2,659 jirga cases were also disposed of, as compared with 2,558 miscellaneous and revenue cases, and 2,894 jirga cases disposed of in 1897-98. The following is the distribution of these cases according to districts :—

District.	1898-99.		1897-98.	
	Miscellaneous and Revenue cases.	Jirga cases.	Miscellaneous and Revenue cases.	Jirga cases.
Quetta-Pishin	997	219	1,253	249
Thal-Chotiali	758	292	699	374
Zhob	875	1,372	457	1,817
Kalat	60	672	149	426
Chagai	...	104	..	28
Total	2,690	2,659	2,558	2,894

267. The total number of judicial and miscellaneous cases disposed of was thus 14,057 as compared with 15,194 disposed of in the previous year. The decrease in litigation is attributed to the fact that there are no railway or public works on an extensive scale at present under construction in the province.

268. One out of the 219 jirga cases tried in the Quetta-Pishin district was inter-provincial with the Punjab. Seventy-three of the jirga cases tried in the Thal-Chotiali Agency were inter-provincial cases between Baluchistan, Sind and the Punjab. In the Zhob district 27 of the 1,372 jirga cases tried were inter-provincial with the Punjab and Sind, while out of the 672 jirga cases in the Kalat Agency 2 were inter-provincial with the same provinces.

269. Compared with last year's figures there is a decrease of 45 in the number of inter-provincial cases.

XX.—EDUCATION.

270. No new schools were started in the Agency during the year.

271. The grant-in-aid to the European School in Quetta was increased from R853 to R940, and Provincial Revenues contributed a sum of R568-6-8 per mensem to the cost of education in the Quetta-Pishin district.

272. Seven scholarships of R3 per mensem, tenable for three years, were given by the Pishin Bazaar Fund for village school-boys in the Sandeman High School. The Quetta Municipal Fund also provided a scholarship of R5 per mensem, tenable for two years, to the student of the Sandeman High School standing first in the Middle standard examination.

273. Education in the Thal-Chotiali district received much attention during the year. Rupees 4,755 were raised by private contributions through the efforts of Diwan Ganpat Rai, C.I.E., Extra Assistant Commissioner, Sibi, and this sum was supplemented by a grant of R1,000 from Provincial Revenues for the building of a new school house for the boys' school at Sibi. This school was named after Mr. Barnes, C.S.I., and was publicly opened by him during February 1899. The school establishment was revised at an additional cost of R65 per mensem, the Municipal Fund meeting the expenditure, while Provincial Revenues took over the cost of the appointment of Head Master on R70—4—90 and provided R10 per mensem for scholarships.

274. The expenditure on education in Zhob only amounted to R2,026.

XXI.—NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY.

275. The following statement shows the outward and inward rail-borne traffic of the Baluchistan Agency for the year 1898-99 :—

No.	Names of articles.	General Merchandize.	
		Outward.	Inward.
		Maunds.	Maunds.
1	Coal and coke	96,943	63,906
2	Cotton, raw	12	1,580
3	Twist and yarn, European	5	1,108
4	,, ,, Indian	17	737
5	Piece-goods, European	516	49,697
6	,, Indian	1,866	35,146
7	Intoxicating drugs other than opium	71	279
	Carried over	99,430	1,52,453

No.	Names of articles.	General Merchandize. Outward.	Inward.
		Maunds.	Maunds.
	Brought forward	99,430	1,52,453
8	Cinchona bark	...	...
9	Other drugs and medicines	10,735	4,861
10	Indigo	114	2,268
11	Myrabolams	4	330
12	Cutch	...	7
13	Turmeric	11	1,059
14	Alizarine and Aniline dyes	61	379
15	Other dyes	1,798	9,402
16	Wheat	122,923	97,076
17	Rice in the husk	62	490
18	„ not in the husk	2,935	51,384
19	Jowar and bajra	80,403	33,928
20	Gram and pulse	28,805	87,342
21	Other grains	16,701	32,486
22	Hides, dressed	241	1,854
23	„ raw	1,003	109
24	Skin, dressed	22	42
25	„ raw	3,167	306
26	Horns	3	45
27	Jute, raw	1	28
28	Gunny bags and cloth	8,137	18,608
29	Lac stick	...	7
30	„ shell	5	40
31	Leather, manufactured	789	3,604
32	Beer	972	3,704
33	Spirits	18	334
34	Wines	1,581	5,229
35	Copper, unwrought	14	58
36	Brass, unwrought	7	...
37	Copper, wrought	323	586
38	Brass, wrought	530	264
39	Iron	7,815	28,762
40	Other metals	2,823	857
41	Kerosine oil	328	12,212
42	Castor oil	1	83
43	Cocoanut oil	7	77
44	Other oil	1,257	8,103
45	Linseed	12	613
46	Rape and mustard	61,348	4,075
47	Til or Jinjili	11,169	878
48	Poppy seed	...	7
49	Earthnuts	...	78
50	Castor seeds	...	...
51	Cotton seeds	513	1,916
52	Other oilseeds	195,906	8,321
53	Opium	...	...
54	Paper and pasteboard	10	1,259
55	Ghee	5,069	10,153
56	Dried fruits	84,135	14,421
57	Flour (atta)	26,145	24,342
58	Other provisions	23,137	36,204
59	Locomotive engines and tenders	...	...
60	Carriages and trucks	...	...
61	Wooden sleepers	...	...
62	Other railway materials	11,124	85
63	Salt	1,566	4,774
64	Saltpetre	...	15
65	Other saline substances	27,937	1,331
66	Silk, raw, Foreign	...	2
	Carried over	...	...

No.	Names of articles.	General Merchandize. Outward.	Inward.
		Maunds.	Maunds.
	Brought forward	...	...
67	Silk, raw, Indian	...	9
68	Silk piece-goods, Foreign	...	37
69	„ „ Indian	...	28
70	Betel-nuts	...	75
71	Pepper	16	821
72	Ginger	29	80
73	Chillies	49	978
74	Cardamums	...	31
75	Other spices	2,459	1,395
76	Stone and lime	47,604	52,880
77	Sugar, refined	1,619	47,154
78	„ unrefined	2,118	47,580
79	Tea, Foreign	24	2,651
80	„ Indian	74	1,576
81	Timber	6,254	49,562
82	Tobacco, unmanufactured	10,490	8,930
83	Cigars	2	314
84	Tobacco, manufactured	196	1,056
85	Wool, raw	130,699	9,005
86	Wool piece-goods, European	183	295
87	„ „ Indian	880	3,099
88	Shawls	...	...
89	Firewood	23,807	147,024
90	Manures	10,595	1,559
91	Fodder	93,111	71,512
92	Lucifer matches	...	1,966
93	Miscellaneous	133,393	209,093
	Grand Total	1,304,699	1,225,561

276. It is noticeable that exports and imports nearly equalled one another. The principal articles of export are coal, food grains and oilseeds, dried fruit and raw wool; whilst the imports are piece-goods, wheat and firewood.

277. Compared with the return of traffic for the previous year there is a decrease of 65,712 maunds in the weight of outward-borne traffic and 140,415 maunds in the quantity of the inward-borne traffic of the Agency.

XXII.—VOLUNTEERING IN BALUCHISTAN.

278. Captain A. M. Anscomb, V.D., was in command of the Baluchistan Volunteer Rifle Corps throughout the year, except for the short time he was on the sick list. His duties then devolved on Lieutenant J. Shaw.

279. On the 29th October 1898, the Annual Inspection of the Corps was made by Lieutenant-Colonel J. S. Wood, Commanding the 2nd Battalion, Border Regiment.

280. The strength of the Corps increased from 73 at the close of 1897-98 to 113 at the close of the year under report. Favourable mention was made of this progress by the Lieutenant-General Commanding the Forces, Bombay, in his remarks on the Inspection.

XXIII.—DISPOSITION AND MOVEMENTS OF TROOPS.

281. The strength and composition of the troops garrisoning the Baluchistan frontier during the year under review, remained practically the same

throughout the year. Two detachments of the 2nd Suffolk Regiment consisting of 244 men arrived at Quetta on the 13th and 14th October 1898 and 12th January 1899, while an advance party consisting of 175 men of the 2nd Border Regiment proceeded to Bareilly on the 22nd October 1898.

282. The following were the other changes which took place in the disposition of the European troops garrisoning Quetta.

On the 2nd April the 1st Battalion, Wiltshire Regiment, arrived from Karachi in relief of the 2nd Battalion, Lancashire Fusilliers.

No. 7 Mountain Battery, Royal Artillery, arrived at Quetta on the 6th December 1898 in relief of No. 2 Mountain Battery, Royal Artillery, which proceeded to Rawal Pindi the same day.

The 2nd Suffolk Regiment arrived at Quetta on the 2nd March 1899 in relief of the 2nd Border Regiment, which proceeded to Bareilly the same day.

283. The statement attached to this report and numbered Appendix XVI shows the disposition of troops on the 20th March 1899.

H. WYLIE, *Colonel,*

Offg. Agent to the Governor-General

in Baluchistan.

APPENDIX I.

Administration Report of the Revenue and Judicial Commissioner in Baluchistan for the year 1898-99.

I.—PERSONNEL.

Mr. E. G. Colvin, I.C.S., held charge of the office of the Revenue and Judicial Commissioner throughout the year.

K. B. Kazi Jelal-ud-din Khan and Munshi Shams-ud-din held, respectively, the appointments of Extra Assistant Commissioner and Officiating Superintendent of Settlement in Pishin up to the 28th February 1899, and with effect from the 1st March 1899 they were transferred to the Sharigh-Sinjawi Settlement in the same capacities.

II.—INSPECTIONS AND TOURS.

The annual inspection of the Quetta District Treasury was carried out on the 14th April 1898.

The Revenue Commissioner paid frequent visits to Pishin in connection with the settlement work of that sub-division. In July he made a tour in the Barshore and Toba Kakari country, to which it had shortly before been decided that the settlement operations should be extended; and in October he spent a fortnight supervising the assessment work in the Alezai, Killa Abdulla, Gulistan, and Segi Circles of Pishin. During a tour in November 1898, he visited the greater portion of the Kalat lands watered by the Sind canals, inspected the office of the Tahsildar of the Khan's land and submitted a detailed report to the Agent to the Governor-General pointing out the defects of the present dual administration and suggesting remedies. During the same tour, the Sibi Sub-Treasury and the offices of the Extra Assistant Commissioner, Munsiff, and Tahsildar at Sibi, and that of the Native Assistant in the Bolan were also inspected.

In January 1899, the Revenue Commissioner went on a tour in the Zhob and Thal-Chotiali districts, and, after inspecting the Fort Sandeman, Musakhel and Barkhan tahsils, the Leghari Barkhan lands and their sources of irrigation and the Kohlu and Duki tahsils, returned by the Sembar pass to Spintangi on the 20th February 1899, and thence went to Sibi, where he remained for the Horse Show, returning to Quetta on February 25th. In March a small Darbar was held at Pishin to acknowledge services rendered by maliks and officials during the settlement.

III.—ADDITIONAL ESTABLISHMENTS.

Among the changes made in establishments the following may be specially noticed :

Political Agent, Kalat's Office.

A second clerk on R80 and 2 khalasis on R24 were sanctioned to meet the increase of work, and the existing appointment of second clerk was converted into that of Accountant.

Political Assistant, Chagai's Office.

The following additions were made :—

	R
Accountant	60
Nazir	35
Tindal	15
TOTAL	110

Public Works Establishment in Thal-Chotiali.

An establishment of an Overseer on R40 with a horse allowance of R15 per mensem and a Mistri on R35 per mensem was entertained for the supervision of works under civil officers.

List of Naib Tahsildars.

Local allowances of R10 per mensem each were allowed to the Naib Tahsildars at Kohlu and Sinjawi on account of the special responsibilities attached to these independent charges.

Settlement Establishments.

Early in December 1898 a few changes were made in the Pishin Settlement establishment to facilitate the completion of the settlement by the end of February. After that date the establishment sanctioned for this work was brought under reduction, and owing to the extension of operations to the Sharigh and Sinjawi tahsils, an establishment costing only R2,836-8-0 was employed.

Pishin Tahsil.

The following revision was made to provide an establishment for the maintenance of settlement records :—

	Increase. R	Decrease. R
Kanungo	...	40
Patwari	...	30
2 Dhanwais at R23 each	...	46
Sadar Kanungo	50	...
3 Field Kanungos at R35 each	105	...
3 Horse allowances to 3 Field Kanungos at R10 each	30	...
10 Patwaris at R25 each	250	...
3 Patwaris at R20 each	60	...
TOTAL	495	116

To further meet the extra charges involved by this new establishment, certain reductions amounting to R120 are being made in the Pishin levies, but these are not shown as they did not take effect till after the conclusion of the year under report.

IV.—PROVINCIAL ACCOUNTS.

The year under report was the second year of the working of the current provincial contract.

2. The provincial budget estimates of the Baluchistan Agency for 1898-99 were sanctioned by the Government of India for the sums shown below :—

	R	R
Opening balance on 1st April 1898		2,94,406
Revenue in the Civil Department		9,19,650
Revenue in the Public Works Department—		
Public Works		
Irrigation	25,000	
Allotment	50,000	75,000
		12,45,000
TOTAL		25,34,056
Civil Expenditure *plus* Civil Works under Civil Officers		19,23,310
Expenditure in the Public Works Department—		
Public Works		
Irrigation	4,75,000	
Printing Charges	27,000	5,02,000
Closing balance		3,800
		1,04,946
TOTAL		25,34,056

3. But the revised estimates were put (by the Comptroller, India Treasuries) as follows :—

	R	R
Opening balance		3,27,472
Revenue in the Civil Department		8,93,150
Revenue in the Public Works Department—		
Public Works		
Irrigation	25,000	
Allotment	50,000	75,000
Minus Tirni payable to Punjab Government	12,45,000	
	—2,000	12,43,000
TOTAL		25,38,622

	R
Civil Expenditure *plus* Civil Works under Civil Officers	18,56,240
Public Works and Irrigation Expenditure	5,05,500
Printing Charges	8,900
Closing balance	1,67,982
TOTAL	25,38,622

Later correspondence with the Comptroller of India Treasuries, however, shows that the "Allotment" for the year has to be raised by R15,500, that amount being a special contribution, sanctioned by the Government of India, for the completion of the Sandeman Memorial Hall. The revised closing balance, therefore, stands at R1,83,482.

4. The difference between the revised and originally sanctioned closing balance, or R78,536, is arrived at in the following abstract statement :—

	Increase. R	Decrease. R
(1) Opening balance	33,066	...
(2) Civil Revenue	...	26,500
(3) Public Works Department Revenue	...	...
(4) Allotment	13,500	...
	46,566	26,500
Net increase R20,066.		
(5) Civil Expenditure	...	67,070
(6) Public Works Expenditure	3,500	...
(7) Printing Charges	5,100	...
	8,600	67,070
Net decrease R58,470.		
TOTAL SURPLUS . 78,536.		

5. The differences may be explained as under, in serial order :—

(1) Due to an unusually large increase in Irrigation receipts in Pishin, and to decrease in authorised expenditure. See Revenue Commissioner's Provincial review for 1897-98.

(2) Anticipated in consequence of drought, damage caused by locusts, and failure of crops in different parts of the Agency.

(3) *Nil.*

(4) Made up of an addition of R15,500 (contribution to the Sandeman Memorial Hall) *minus* R2,000 (estimated amount payable to the Punjab Government on account of grazing-tax collected from Powindahs).

(5) Taking the actuals of the first six months of the year, this decrease was expected. Under "Levies" a large saving was anticipated; the amount originally sanctioned under this minor head was R8,46,490, but the actual expenditure was not expected to be more than R8,27,000 (the standard figure adopted by Government).

(6) The sum of R5,05,500 is made up as follows :—

	R
Public Works under Public Works Officers	4,63,000
Add for Sandeman Memorial Hall	15,500
Irrigation Charges	27,000
TOTAL	5,05,500

(7) The budget of 1897-98 was sent up and sanctioned before the current provincial contract came into force; it only provided for printing charges debitable against the previous or smaller contract.

6. According to the "actuals" (as at present known) the provincial accounts for 1898-99 should stand as follows :—

	R
Opening balance	3,27,472
Civil Revenue	8,61,412
Carried over	11,88,884

Revenue in the Public Works Department.

	R	R
Brought forward		11,88,884
Civil Works	24,934	81,929
Irrigation	56,995	
Allotment	12,45,000	
Add for Sandeman Memorial Hall	15,500	12,58,769
	12,60,500	
Deduct Tirni payable to Punjab	1,731	
		25,29,582
Civil Expenditure including Civil Works under Civil Officers		18,63,172
Public Works Expenditure	4,70,539	4,90,045
Irrigation	19,506	
Printing Charges	...	9,044
Closing balance	...	1,67,321
TOTAL		25,29,582

The actual closing balance will probably therefore fall short of the revised estimate by about R661 only.

7. Statement A attached to the report shows the estimated and actual receipts of each district under "Land Revenue," "Assessed Taxes," "Forests," "Superannuations," and other heads, during the year 1898-99; and Statement A I shows the total expenditure under the more important major heads.

V.—SETTLEMENT OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY CASH ASSESSMENT.

The Pishin settlement was extended so as to include the frontier tracts of Barshore and Toba Kakari, and the settlement records for the whole tahsil were practically finished by the 28th February 1899, the date assigned for the completion of the settlement. The only work which remained on that date was the distribution of Parchas and the recording in the settlement papers of the details of the revenue-free holdings. Detailed statements of these holdings were prepared, but orders had not been passed before the end of the year. A separate report on this settlement is being submitted. The assessments have not yet received the sanction of Government, and meanwhile the records are not to be made over to the district office.

In January 1899, proposals were submitted to the Agent to the Governor-General regarding the extension of settlement operations to the Sharigh and Sinjawi tahsils of the Thal-Chotiali district. It was proposed that Khan Bahadur Kazi Jelal-ud-din Khan, who had carried through the settlements in Quetta and Pishin, should continue in charge of the new work, and that establishments costing R35,328 per annum should be entertained at the expense of Provincial Revenues. These proposals were adopted by the Agent to the Governor-General, who desired that a careful survey of the Sibi tahsil should also be undertaken and for that purpose recommended that the establishment asked for should be sanctioned for two years. The field work in Sharigh was commenced as soon as possible, but owing to the sanction of Government not being received till 15th March, and to some delay in the arrival of the traverse survey party, the new settlement was not in full working order until after 31st March.

During his visit to Kohlu the Revenue Commissioner made enquiries about the revenue-free and privileged holdings of Marris and Zarkuns, and it was considered necessary that a survey of the valley should be made. The Agent to the Governor-General approved this suggestion and the district authorities are at present being consulted in the matter.

Political officers in charge of districts were asked to supply detailed lists of villages under their administrative control. These have been received and are being printed. Much useful information has thus been collected in a convenient form.

Revised instructions were issued to the Political Agents regarding the preparation of their Annual Revenue Administration Reports.

A brief set of rules was framed regarding the exemption, suspension and remission, and assignments of land revenue and submitted to the Agent to the Governor-General for approval

The following statement shews the summary cash assessments sanctioned in Zhob and Quetta during 1898-99, those for Quetta being of course in respect of estates outside the area assessed to cash revenue in the settlement of 1897 :—

District.	Tahsil.	Land Revenue, Grazing tax and Water-mills.	Number of villages.	Assessment.	Period for which sanctioned.	Ending with
				R a. p.		
Zhob	Lower Zhob	Land revenue	1	760 0 0	Three years	1st April 1901.
	Do.	Ditto	2	197 0 0	One year	1st April 1900.
	Do.	Grazing tax	18	2,368 8 0	Three years	1st April 1901.
	Do.	Water-mills	1	20 0 0	Ditto	1st April 1901.
	Hindubagh	Land revenue	2	263 0 0	Four years	1st April 1902.
	Do.	Grazing tax	1	550 0 0	Ditto	1st April 1902.
Quetta-Pishin	Shorarud	Land revenue and grazing tax.	3	1,025 0 0	Nine years	1st April 1908.
	Quetta	Land revenue	2	49 0 0	Eight years	1st April 1908.

The summary cash assessment sanctioned in 1895 for Achakzai Toba for a period of three years was extended by the Government of India in Foreign Department letter No. 318-E. A., dated the 28th February 1899, for a further term of seven years with effect from the 1st April 1899.

VI.—JUDICIAL.

1. The Criminal and Civil work of the Court of the Judicial Commissioner during the the year 1898-99 is shown in the following statement :—

Statement showing the Civil and Criminal work of the High Court during the year 1898-99.

Serial No.		Pending from last year.	Instituted during the year.	Disposed of.	Pending.	Remarks.
	(A)—Civil.					
1	Appeals	1	6	7	...	
2	Revisions	7	113	108	12	
3	Reviews	...	9	9	...	
	Total	8	128	124	12	
	(B)—Criminal.					
4	Appeals	...	9	9	...	
5	Revisions	2	37	38	1	
	Total	2	46	47	1	
	Grand Total	10	174	171	13	

The number of cases disposed of during the year was also the average of the two preceding years.

2. Rules were framed by the Revenue and Judicial Commissioner for (*a*) regulating the expenses of witnesses and others attending his own Court and the subordinate Courts; and (*b*) regulating the supply and sale of stamps and stamped papers.

3. The table below shows the total number of cases disposed of in each district during the past two years 1897-98 and 1898-99 :—

Court or District.	Total number of Judicial and Miscellaneous cases disposed of during 1897-98.	1898-99.	Remarks.
1. Court of the Judicial Commissioner	182	171	
2. Quetta-Pishin	10,637	9,434	
3. Thal-Chotiali	2,718	2,818	
4. Zhob	1,279	1,397	
5. Bolan Pass	378	237	
Total	15,194	14,057	

The decrease in litigation and the consequent fall in the realizations from court-fees is attributed, no doubt correctly, to the fact that there are no railway or public works on an extensive scale at present in hand in the province.

VII.—EXCISE.

Statement marked B attached to this report shows the excise receipts for the year 1898-99 by districts. It will be seen that the total receipts amounted to R1,36,990-3-9, against R1,13,669-12-1 realised in 1897-98. A sum of R15,133-5-4 was outstanding on the 31st March 1898 on account of the Quetta-Pishin Abkari and Rum contracts, of which R13,400 were recovered and credited to Government during the year under report, and the balance of R1,733-5-4 was remitted to the contractor under the orders of the Local Government.

Different forms were used in different districts for the country liquor contracts. With the approval of the Agent to the Governor-General a standard form was devised and the form of Rum contract was also slightly modified. These forms were to be introduced with effect from the 1st April 1899.

The following table shows by districts, the number of licenses granted during 1898-99, for the retail and wholesale vend of spirituous and fermented liquors :—

District.	Retail.	Wholesale.
Quetta-Pishin	10	8
Thal-Chotiali	4	...
Zhob	7	...
Bolan Pass	1	...
Total	22	8

During 1898-99 the contracts for retail and wholesale vend of intoxicating drugs were sold separately in Quetta-Pishin and in the Bolan Pass, but the old practice under which only one contract is given was continued in the Thal-Chotiali and Zhob districts. The forms of leases for opium, intoxicating drugs, wholesale and retail, were also modified with the approval of the Agent to the Governor-General. The Political Agents, Thal-Chotiali and Zhob, have also been instructed to separate in future years the retail and wholesale vend contracts of intoxicating drugs if possible.

The question of levying an import duty on hemp drugs is still under consideration.

The opium revenue (fees for the right to sell) amounted during 1898-99 to R15,577.

The statement marked C shows the imports and sales of opium, poppy heads and other intoxicating drugs in each district in the Agency during 1898-99.

The fee for a Medical Practitioner's or Druggist's license, under Rule 4(2) of the rules contained in Agent to the Governor-General's Notifications No. 378-79-C., dated the 22nd January 1898, has been fixed at R10, but no such licenses have been issued during 1898-99.

VIII.—REGISTRATION.

The receipts from registration during the year under report amounted to R1,565-4-0. The old form of the quarterly return of registration work was changed in February 1899. The

Registrars were instructed to send their returns in future in the form used in the volume of Judicial and Administrative Statistics for 1897.

IX.—LEVIES.

The statement below shows the increases and reductions sanctioned during 1898-99 in the Levies establishments in the Agency, details of which are given in Appendix D:—

District.	Increase. R a. p.	Decrease. R a. p.
Las Beyla Levies	74 0 0	74 0 0
Chagai Levies	810 0 0	460 0 0
Quetta-Pishin Levies	131 0 0	41 0 0
Zhob Levies	188 8 0	...

The sum of R430 originally sanctioned as an Imperial charge for maintaining communications with Surgeon-Major Brazier-Creagh, was transferred to Povincial Revenues and amalgamated with and added to the Chagai Levy Service.

(ii) The following table shows the cost of Levy establishments debitable to major head "25—Political" as they stood on 31st March 1899:—

Name of Agency.	Cost per mensem.	Cost per annum.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4
	R a. p.	R a. p.	
Head-Quarters Levies attached to the Agent to the Governor-General's Office.	*820 0 0	9,840 0 0	* Shingar service costing R103 per mensem is sanctioned for six months in the year. Average taken for six months.
Zhob	12,139 2 8	1,45,052 0 0	
Kalat	5,558 5 4	66,700 0 0	
Chagai	2,380 0 0	28,560 0 0	
Quetta-Pishin	8,802 0 0	1,05,624 0 0	
Thal-Chotiali	18,613 1 5	2,23,357 1 0	
Southern Baluchistan	899 2 8	10,790 0 0	
Total District Levies	49,211 12 1	5,89,923 1 0	
Zhob Levy Corps	...	2,62,210 0 0	
Total	...	8,52,133 1 0	

This shows an excess of R25,133-1-0 per annum over the standard minimum figure fixed by Government in the current provincial contract. The actual expenditure always, however, falls much below R8,52,133-1-0 owing to deaths, vacancies, etc., and in the present year it amounted to R8,19,168, that is to say R7,832 less than the standard minimum.

X.—JAILS.

The Quetta Jail was inspected by the Revenue Commissioner (as Inspector General of Prisons) on the 1st July and the Sibi Jail on the 26th November 1898. The scale of diet in the Sibi Jail was revised and made to correspond with that in force in the Quetta Jail.

To give effect to the Prisons Act (IX of 1894) which has been applied and extended to the Agency territories and British Baluchistan, a brief set of rules framed by the Inspector-General was issued by the Agent to the Governor-General and Chief Commissioner in Notifications Nos. 8580—8581 of the 13th December 1898, declaring certain lock-ups as subsidiary jails, extending certain sections of the Act to such subsidiary jails, and nominating officials for each. Allowances were sanctioned for Police Mohurirs in charge of the following subsidiary jails:—

Pishin.	Fort Sandeman.
Duki.	Loralai.
Sharigh.	Barkhan.
Hurnai.	Sinjawi.

XI.—TAKAVI ADVANCES.

At the commencement of the year a sum of R1,55,763-3-0 † was outstanding; advances were made during the year to the extent of R49,556; recoveries to the extent of R33,309-13-8 were effected; and the balance outstanding on 31st March 1899 was R1,72,009-5-4.

† Rupees 5 have been added since the submission of last year's report, to the balance outstanding against the Thal-Chotiali district.

The following statements show the above figures by districts :—

District.	Outstanding on 31st March 1898.	Advances made during the year.	Recoveries effected during the year.	Balance outstanding on 31st March 1899.
ADVANCES UNDER THE LAND IMPROVEMENT LOANS ACT.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.
Quetta-Pishin	86,001 3 0	18,750 0 0	12,326 3 0	92,425 0 0
Zhob	18,343 13 4	14,395 0 0	4,718 0 0	28,020 13 4
Thal-Chotiali	34,536 8 0	14,020 0 0	7,789 0 0	40,767 8 0
TOTAL .	1,38,881 8 4	47,165 0 0	24,833 3 0	1,61,213 5 4
ADVANCES UNDER THE AGRICULTURAL LOANS ACT (XII OF 1884).				
Quetta-Pishin	2,346 10 8	1,250 0 0	1,481 10 8	2,115 0 0
Zhob	350 0 0	391 0 0	340 0 0	401 0 0
Thal-Chotiali	14,185 0 0	750 0 0	6,655 0 0	8,280 0 0
TOTAL .	16,881 10 8	2,391 0 0	8,476 10 8	10,796 0 0
GRAND TOTAL .	1,55,763 3 0	49,556 0 0	33,309 13 8	1,72,009 5 4

Instalments were suspended in seven cases in the Quetta-Pishin district. All other instalments were recovered on due dates.

The standing orders about takavi advances were collected together, revised, and, with the approval of the Agent to the Governor-General, were re-issued in the form of a manual, a translation of which in Urdu has also been printed.

XII.—LOCAL FUNDS AND MUNICIPALITIES.

The opening and closing balances, revenue and expenditure of the various local funds of the Agency for 1898-99, are shown in Appendix E.

The revised Octroi Schedule in force at Quetta was introduced, with effect from the 1st April 1898, in the bazars in the Sharigh tahsil.

Orders were also issued for the introduction of the same schedule, with effect from the 1st April 1899, in Sibi.

The sources of income and expenditure of the Bolan Bazar Fund were carefully examined and orders were issued for the abolition of the octroi with effect from the 1st April 1899, and substitution of a house and shop tax at Mach.

The statement below shows the amounts realised by the sale of octroi contracts :—

Name of District.	Octroi.	Remarks.
	R	
Pishin	4,010	
Zhob { Lower	11,480 *	* Includes R3,000 on account of royalty on wood.
Zhob { Upper	8,615 †	† Includes R2,100 on account of royalty on wood.
Bolan	1,860	
Thal-Chotiali	19,015	
TOTAL .	44,980	

Rules under section 102 (i) of the Quetta Municipal Law, for the conduct of proceedings of meetings of the Municipal Committee, Quetta, were published in the Agent to the Governor-General's Notification No. 2597, dated the 20th April 1898.

Rules under section 102 (g) regulating the registration of births and deaths within the limits of the Quetta Municipality, proposed by the Municipal Committee, were approved by the Agent to the Governor-General and published in Notification No. 4719, dated the 8th July 1898.

XIII.—EDUCATION.

Quetta-Pishin.

1. The grant-in-aid paid from the Provincial Revenues to the European School at Quetta in 1898-99 was R945 against R853 paid in the preceding year.

Besides this grant, the Provincial Revenues contributed R568-6-8 per mensem towards the cost of education in the Quetta-Pishin district. It was, however, found that the Quetta Municipality was not paying an adequate share of the cost of the schools in Quetta, and the village schools at Samungli and Kuchlak were maintained at the expense of the Pishin Bazar Fund, to the revenue of which fund they paid nothing. Orders were issued reducing the provincial contribution by R50 with effect from the 1st April 1899, and allotting the balance to the following institutions, etc. :—

Sandeman High School, Quetta	R 218 13 4	per mensem.
Pay of Head Master of ditto	„ 100—5—125=118 12 0.	
Primary Schools in Pishin	„ 100 0 0	per mensem.
Samungli and Kuchlak Schools	„ 80 13 4	„
Total .	R518 6 8	

2. Seven scholarships of R3 per mensem each were sanctioned from the Pishin Bazar Fund for village school boys studying in the Sandeman High School, tenable for three years.

3. The Quetta Municipal Fund undertook to provide a scholarship of R5 per mensem, tenable for two years, to the student standing first in the Middle School Examination from the Sandeman High School.

Thal-Chotiali.

4. The question of education in the Thal-Chotiali district occupied much attention during the year. A new school building was constructed at Sibi, mainly at the expense of private subscribers. Diwan Ganpat Rai, C.I.E., who took much interest in the scheme, was able to collect by private contributions from the Sirdars, Maliks and people of the district a sum of R4,755 which was supplemented by a grant of R1,000 from Provincial Revenues. The school, which is a commodious building and situated in a healthy locality, has been named after Mr. Barnes, and was formally opened by him on the 24th February 1899, during the Sibi Horse Show. The establishment was also revised at an additional cost of R65 debitable to the Municipal Fund, and the Provincial Revenues have taken over the cost of the appointment of Head Master on R70—4—90, and given R10 per mensem for scholarships to zamindars' boys. The old boys-school building has been made over to the girls' school. The School Committee under the presidency of Diwan Ganpat Rai, C.I.E., seems to have done useful work during the year.

It has not yet been found possible to open any village schools in the Duki sub-division.

Zhob.

5. Provincial Revenues used formerly to pay R400 a year for education in Zhob, this sum being divided equally between the two schools at Fort Sandeman and Loralai. The contribution was reduced by R200, but further expenditure amounting to R864 a year was taken over representing the cost of the schools at Hindubagh and Killa Saifulla. The total contribution now paid is therefore R1,064.

6. Appendix F shows the number of schools and boys under tuition on the 31st March 1899, and the income and expenditure of schools in each district during 1898-99.

XIV.—PLAGUE.

In April 1898, the Assistant Surgeon of Sibi was instructed to detain at Sibi for purposes of disinfection all arrivals from infected areas who did not possess certificates to show that they had undergone effective quarantine at Malir, Reti or elsewhere *en route* to Baluchistan. A plague inspection camp was opened at Sharigh on the 7th May 1898, and the following officers were placed in charge of it from time to time :—

Captain Ricketts, I.M.S., from 7th May 1898 to 26th August 1898.

Mr. Gleeson, from 27th August 1898 to 13th September 1898.

Captain Ricketts, I.M.S., from 14th September 1898 to 28th October 1898.

Lieutenant Lincoln, I.M.S., from 28th October 1898 to present date.

The following precautionary measures were adopted :—

(1) Persons coming from infected areas were disinfected and detained for varying periods of time (allowance being made for time occupied in journey) till a period of ten days after leaving the infected area was completed.

(2) Those coming from uninfected areas, on production of certificates from the Plague authorites of those places, were allowed to continue their journey after one day's detention for disinfection of their persons and kits.

(3) In case of doubt, however, they were detained for such time as was thought necessary and safe.

Suitable arrangements were made at the camp for female travellers and a nurse was placed in charge. On the 10th of November 1898, the commencement of the cold weather at Sharigh, the camp was removed to Sibi, where it remained till the end of March 1899. About the end of last year, as the infected areas became smaller, and the plague very much less, the quarantine regulations were relaxed, and all persons from uninfected areas were allowed, if healthy, to continue their journey on the same day that they arrived at Sibi.

But for the last month or so, as the plague had again attacked Karachi and had also spread again in certain districts in the Punjab, the former rules were re-introduced.

The health of the camp has been excellent; there were only three deaths during the last five and a half months, two from extreme debility consequent on old age and one from pneumonia (ordinary).

No cases of plague occurred during the year under report. The total number of persons detained for disinfection and medical observation was 16,145 and 5,497 respectively. The expenditure incurred on these measures during the year under report, amounting to R7,944-5-2, was advanced from the Sibi Municipal Fund. But this sum will be apportioned among all the excluded local funds of the Agency.

An observation camp for the detention of pilgrims to the Hedjaz was opened at Sibi in December 1898, and it was closed about the end of February 1899, but no pilgrims were detained or despatched to the provincial camp.

In Quetta, a special sanitary committee was appointed by the Agent to the Governor-General in May 1898, with the Administrative Medical Officer, as President, to concert measures for preventing and checking an outbreak of bubonic plague in the Municipality and Cantonment of Quetta.

The arrangements made to prevent the spread of plague from Karachi into the Mekran and Kalat territories bordering on Sind were directly under the control of the Agent to the Governor-General.

XV.—MISCELLANEOUS.

The letters received in, and issued from, the Revenue Branch during the calendar year 1898, were 2,674 and 3,502 respectively. In addition, there were 1,172 unofficial issues and several unofficial receipts also.

The following figures give the correspondence in the Judicial Branch for the same period :—

Receipts	822
Issues	809

E. G. COLVIN,

Revenue and Judicial Commissioner in Baluchistan.

A

Statement showing estimated and actual revenue receipts for 1898-99 by districts.

Heads of revenue.	Quetta-Pishin.		Thal-Chotiali.		Zhob.		Kalat.		Southern Baluchistan.		Chageh.		Head-Quarters.		Total.	
	Sanctioned estimate.	Actuals.	Sanctioned estimate.	Actuals.	Sanctioned estimate.	Actuals.	Sanctioned estimate.	Actuals.	Sanctioned estimate.	Actuals.	Sanctioned estimate.	Actuals.	Sanctioned estimate.	Actuals.	Sanctioned estimate.	Actuals.
	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
I.—Land Revenue . . .	1,53,630	1,32,758	2,85,445	2,38,011	1,96,570	1,91,040	2,230	2,290	2,125	2,541	...	...	...	...	6,40,000	5,66,640
VIII.—Assessed Taxes . . .	...	2,698	...	1,792	...	2,486	...	442	...	360	...	237	...	6,756	14,500	14,771
IX.—Forests	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14,921	13,000	14,921
XXII.—Superannuations . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,999	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,800	2,999
Other heads	1,54,136	1,55,665	50,243	39,707	31,110	34,071	4,161	7,773	...	20	...	70	6,700	24,775	2,46,350	2,62,081
Total .	3,07,766	2,91,121	3,35,688	2,79,510	2,27,680	2,27,597	6,391	13,504	2,125	2,921	...	307	6,700	46,452	9,19,650	8,61,412

Note.—The figures shown under the columns "Actuals" are made up of verified figures for eleven months, and un-verified figures for March 1899.

A-I.

Provincial Expenditure of the Baluchistan Agency for 1898-99 under certain heads.

Heads of expenditure.	Amount.	Total.
	R	R
2.—Assignments and compensations	45,354	
3.—Land Revenue	1,45,023	
11.—Forests	27,761	
20.—Police	2,53,119	
25.—Political—	R	
Charges on the North-West Frontier, including Zhob Levy Corps.	8,19,168	11,41,375
Other sub-heads	3,22,207	
45.—Civil Works under Civil Officers	76,630	
Other heads	1,73,910	18,68,172

B

Statement showing the receipts and charges on account of Excise in the Baluchistan Agency during the year 1898-99.

Heading.	Quetta-Pishin.			Thal-Chotiali.	Zhob.	Bolan.			Total.		
	R	a.	p.	R	R	R	a.	p.	R	a.	p.
Receipts from duty on spirits—											
English	2,608	0	0	454	603	100	0	0	3,765	0	0
Country	73,857	10	0	10,435	11,760	3,600	0	0	99,652	10	0
Total	76,465	10	0	10,889	12,363	3,700	0	0	1,03,417	10	0
Drugs other than opium—ganja, bhang, and others	10,991	7	1	2,165	3,490	1,349	2	8	17,995	9	9
Total	10,991	7	1	2,165	3,490	1,349	2	8	17,995	9	9
Opium (Excise)	11,189	0	0	(a)1,292	(b)1,560	1,536	0	0	15,577	0	0
Total gross receipts	98,646	1	1	14,346	17,413	6,585	2	8	1,36,990	3	9
Total exclusive of opium	87,457	1	1	13,054	15,853	5,049	2	8	1,21,413	3	9
Charges.											
Cost of opium	...			...	...	...			...		
Other charges	...			...	...	...			...		
Total	...			...	...	...			...		
Net receipts from drugs other than opium.	10,991	7	1	2,165	3,490	1,349	2	8	17,995	9	9
Net receipts from spirits	76,465	10	0	10,889	12,363	3,700	0	0	1,03,417	10	0
Net receipts from opium	11,189	0	0	1,292	1,560	1,536	0	0	15,577	0	0
Total net receipts	98,646	1	1	14,346	17,413	6,585	2	8	1,36,990	3	9

(a) Excludes R84-13-9 on account of fines.
(b) Excludes R1-15-4 on account o fees, fine and confiscations.

C

Statement showing Imports and Sales of Opium, Poppy-heads and Intoxicating Drugs in Baluchistan for the year 1898-99.

Description.	QUETTA-PISHIN. In stock at the beginning of the year.	Imported during the year. From British India.	Imported during the year. From Afghanistan or Kalat.	Total.	Sold during the year.	In stock at the close of the year.	THAL-CHOTIALI. In stock at the beginning of the year.	Imported during the year. From British India.	Imported during the year. From Afghanistan or Kalat.	Total.	Sold during the year.	In stock at the close of the year.	ZHOB. In stock at the beginning of the year.	Imported during the year. From British India.	Imported during the year. From Afghanistan or Kalat.	Total.	Sold during the year.	In stock at the close of the year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	M. S. C. T. M.	M. S. C.	M. S. C.	M. S. C.	M. S. C. T. M.	M. S. C. T. M.	M. S. C. T. M.	M. S. C. T. M.	M. S. C. T. M.	M. S. C. T. M.	M. S. C. T. M.	M. S. C. T. M.	M. S. C.	M. S. C.	M. S. C.	M. S. C.	M. S. C.	M. S. C.
Opium	2 7 0 0 0	10 0 0	...	12 7 0	9 10 0 0 0	2 37 0 0 0	0 38 6 0 9	3 4 14 0 0	...	4 3 4 0 9	3 8 11 1 9	0 34 8 4 0	0 24 3	2 4 14	...	2 29 1	1 20 5	1 8 12
Poppy heads	0 30 0 0 0	2 10 0	...	3 0 0	2 8 0 0 0	0 32 0 0 0	1 20 1 0 0	0 1 14 0 0	...	1 21 15 0 0	0 26 11 3 9	0 35 3 1 3	1 15 8	1 0 0	...	2 15 8	0 36 8	1 19 0
Ganja	0 1 10 0 0	0 38 0	...	0 39 10	0 31 0 0 0	0 8 10 0 0	0 6 4 0 0	0 32 8 0 0	...	0 38 12 0 0	0 8 9 3 6	0 30 2 1 6	0 28 6½	0 12 8	...	1 0 14½	0 8 0	0 32 14½
Charas	1 32 8 0 0	31 20 4	...	33 12 12	23 8 4 0 9	10 4 7 4 3	6 1 6 4 0	19 13 1 0 0	...	25 14 7 4 0	16 27 4 4 3	8 27 2 4 9	5 3 9	8 22 3	...	13 25 12	6 20 8	7 5 4
Bhang	1 15 0 0 0	121 4 8	...	122 19 8	34 5 8 0 0	88 14 0 0 0	52 32 5 0 0	3 2 1 0 0	...	55 34 6 0 0	26 33 9 0 0	29 0 13 0 0	16 5 0	5 7 0	14 17 8	35 29 8	9 29 8	26 0 0

Description.	KALAT. In stock at the beginning of the year.	Imported during the year. From British India.	Imported during the year. From Afghanistan or Kalat.	Total.	Sold during the year.	In stock at the close of the year.	TOTAL. In stock at the beginning of the year.	Imported during the year. From British India.	Imported during the year. From Afghanistan or Kalat.	Total.	Sold during the year.	In stock at the close of the year.
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
	M. S. C.	M. S. C.	M. S. C.	M. S. C.	M. S. C.	M. S. C.	M. S. C. T. M.	M. S. C. T. M.	M. S. C. T. M.	M. S. C. T. M.	M. S. C. T. M.	M. S. C. T. M.
Opium	0 0 6	0 15 0	...	0 15 6	0 14 2	0 1 4	3 29 15 0 9	15 24 12 0 0	...	19 14 11 0 9	14 13 2 1 9	5 1 8 4 0
Poppy heads	...	0 1 0	...	0 1 0	0 0 12	0 0 4	3 25 9 0 0	3 12 14 0 0	...	6 38 7 0 0	3 31 15 3 9	3 6 7 1 3
Ganja	0 1 0	...	...	0 1 0	0 0 3	0 0 13	0 37 4½ 0 0	2 3 0 0 0	...	3 0 4½ 0 0	1 7 12 3 6	1 32 7 4 0
Charas	0 35 6	...	0 10 0	1 5 6	0 37 6	0 8 0	13 32 13 4 0	59 15 8 0 0	0 10 0 0 0	73 18 5 4 0	47 13 7 0 0	26 4 14 4 0
Bhang	1 0 11	25 0 0	0 6 0	26 6 11	26 0 11	0 6 0	71 13 0 0 0	154 13 9 0 0	14 23 8 0 0	240 10 1 0 0	96 29 4 0 0	143 20 13 0 0

D

Statement showing increase and decrease in the Levy Establishment of each district in the Baluchistan Agency.

District.	Increases.	Decreases.	Net increase.	Net decrease.	Remarks.
(1) SOUTHERN BALUCHISTAN AGENCY—					
LAS BELA LEVIES—	R a.	R a.	R a.	R a.	
Khedranis—					
Lakzabra	7 0	...	...	...	
Lakzabra Rohil	8 0	...	...	...	
Lakzabra Posi	22 0	...	...	...	
With the Jam	22 0	...	...	...	
With the Political Agent	15 0	...	...	...	
Bandejos—					
Hab	...	25 0	...	...	
Meman	...	19 0	...	...	
Keela	..	20 0	...	...	
Chullas—					
Dureji	...	10 0	...	...	
TOTAL	74 0	74 0	...	...	
(2) CHAGAI AGENCY—					
Robat Killa Post—					
2 Sowars at R20 each	40 0	...	...	...	
1 Khassadar	10 0	...	...	...	
Syed Langar Post—					
1 Jamadar	50 0	...	...	...	
1 Duffadar	20 0	...	...	...	
6 Khassadars at R10 each	60 0	...	...	...	
Darana Koh Post—					
1 Duffadar	35 0	...	...	...	
4 Khassadars at R10 each	40 0	...	...	...	
Amir Chah Post—					
1 Duffadar	35 0	...	...	...	
2 Sowars at R20 each	40 0	...	...	...	
Manzil Chowki—					
1 Duffadar	25 0	...	...	...	
6 Khassadars at R10 each	60 0	...	...	...	
Chah Sandan Chowki—					
1 Duffadar	15 0	...	...	...	
3 Khassadars at R10 each	30 0	...	...	...	
Marni Post—					
3 Sowars at R20 each	60 0	...	...	...	
1 Duffadar	15 0	...	...	...	
Padag Post—					
1 Duffadar	35 0	...	...	...	
3 Sowars at R20 each	60 0	...	...	...	
Political Assistant's Personal Escort—					
1 Duffadar	35 0	...	...	...	
Contingencies—					
Levies Contingencies	10 0	...	...	...	
Saindak Post—					
1 Duffadar, pay reduced from R35 to R25 per mensem.	...	10 0	...	...	
4 Khassadars at R10 each	...	40 0	...	...	
Amir Chah Post—					
1 Duffadar, pay reduced from R25 to R15 per mensem.	...	10 0	...	...	
4 Khassadars at R10 each	...	40 0	...	...	
Carried over	675 0	100 0	...	...	

Statement showing increase and decrease in the Levy Establishment of each district in the Baluchistan Agency—contd.

District.	Increases.	Decreases.	Net increase.	Net decrease.	Remarks.
	R a.	R a.	R a.	R a.	
Brought forward	675 0	100 0	...	...	
Dâk Establishment—					
1 Jamadar	...	45 0	...	...	
5 Sowars at R20 each	...	100 0	...	...	
Marni Post—					
1 Khassadar	...	10 0	...	...	
Dâk Establishment—					
6 Sowars at R20 each	...	120 0	...	...	
Allowance to 5 Khassadars at R5 each	...	25 0	...	...	
Mal Dâk Establishment—					
1 Sowar	...	20 0	...	...	
Nushki Dâk Establishment—					
1 Sowar	...	20 0	...	...	
Political Assistant's Personal Escort—					
1 Sowar	...	20 0	...	...	
Total	675 0	460 0	215 0	...	
Postal Establishment— *Costing R430—*					
Robat Killa	10 0	...	...	...	
Saindak	60 0	...	...	...	
Amir Chah	145 0	...	...	...	
Merni	85 0	...	...	...	
Dalbandin	60 0	...	...	...	
Padag	20 0	...	...	...	
Mall	20 0	...	...	...	
Nushki	30 0	...	...	...	
Total	430 0	...	430 0	...	
Nushki Post—					
1 Duffadar	35 0	...	...	...	
4 Sowars at R20 each	80 0	...	...	...	
Political Assistant's Personal Escort—					
1 Sowar	20 0	...	...	...	
Total	135 0	...	135 0	...	
Total Chagai Agency	1,240 0	460 0	780 0	...	
Quetta-Pishin— *Pishin Levies—*					
Gulistan Post	15 0	...	...	...	
Karato Post	26 0	...	...	...	
Pishin Levies—					
Achakzai Service	...	26 0	...	...	
Quetta Levies—					
Quetta Post	...	15 0	...	...	
Ghilzai Refugees—					
Pir Muhammad Khan	60 0	...	...	...	
Nur Muhammad Khan	30 0	...	...	...	
Total	131 0	41 0	90 0	...	
Zhob Agency—					
Mandokhel Service, Shinghar Service (for six months in the year).	103 0	...	...	...	
Badinzai	40 0	...	...	...	
Jalalzais	40 0	...	...	...	
Water allowance for Fort Sandeman Levy Lines.	4 0	...	...	...	
Water allowance for Mir Ali Khel Thana	1 8	...	...	...	
Total	188 8	...	188 8	...	
GRAND TOTAL	1,633 8	575 0	1,058 8	...	

E

Statement showing the opening balance, receipts and expenditure for the year 1898-99 and the closing balance of the excluded Local Funds in the Baluchistan Agency.

NAME OF FUND.	Opening balance on 1st April 1898.			Receipts.			TOTAL.			Expenditure.			Closing balance on 31st March 1899.		
	R	a.	p.	R	a.	p.	R	a.	p.	R	a.	p.	R	a.	p.
Sibi Municipal Fund . .	7,986	14	6	27,994	2	1	35,981	0	7	31,266	12	9	4,714	3	10
Quetta do. do. . .	16,474	8	11	1,59,934	11	4	1,76,409	4	3	1,62,386	10	6	14,022	9	7
Loralai Town Fund . .	1,311	4	11	10,094	13	0	11,406	1	11	9,869	8	7	1,536	9	4
Pishin Sadar and District Bazar Fund.	40,541	13	9	59,050	3	1	99,592	0	10	51,968	6	1	47,624	4	9
Shahrig Bazar Fund . .	11,434	11	0	9,570	10	6	21,005	5	6	8,480	12	11	12,524	8	7
Fort Sandeman Bazar Fund	2,601	9	2	33,233	6	10	35,835	0	0	33,968	4	4	1,866	11	8
Bolan Bazar Fund . .	9,140	1	10	2,618	9	7	11,758	11	5	*7,098	15	1	4,659	12	4
Zhob Levy Corps Private Fund.	14,610	12	0	1,88,718	8	2	2,03,329	4	2	1,81,859	1	7	21,470	2	7
Zhob Levy Corps Government Fund.	729	10	6	429	10	5	1,159	4	11	326	14	10	832	6	1
Quetta Police Fund . .	19,254	12	3	16,651	15	7	35,906	11	10	23,551	12	0	12,354	15	10
Thal-Chotiali do. . .	13,800	12	3	6,772	1	9	20,572	14	0	5,956	9	0	14,616	5	0
Zhob Fund . . .	4,536	6	11	8,089	11	2	12,626	2	1	6,306	11	1	6,319	7	0

* The heavy excess of expenditure over receipts is due to a new Levy Thana built at Mach. The entire constitution of this fund has been recently altered.

F

Return of schools and education in the Baluchistan Agency for the year 1898-99.

No.	District.	Number of schools.	Number of pupils on 31st March 1899.							Income of schools.				Cost of Schools.
			Christians.	Hindus.	Indian Muhammadans.	Local Pathans.	Baluchis and Brahuis.	Others.	Total.	Contribution by Local Funds.	Grant-in-aid from Provincial Revenues.	Realised from fee and subscriptions.	Total.	
										R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.
1	Quetta-Pishin .	10	50	264	139	155	10	7	625	5,372 9 2	(a) 6,926 0 0	2,852 2 3	15,150 11 5	15,150 11 5
2	Thal-Chotiali .	4	...	93	36	...	34	1	164	2,299 14 1	1,690 0 0	(b) 6,024 5 3	10,014 3 4	9,999 13 10
3	Zhob . .	5	...	31	22	20	2	...	75	772 2 11	1,004 0 0	250 10 7	2,026 13 6	2,026 13 6
	Total .	19	50	388	197	175	46	8	864	8,444 10 2	9,620 0 0	9,127 2 1	27,191 12 3	27,177 6 9

(a) Includes Head Master's pay.
(b) Includes R5,855 raised by private subscription for school building, etc.

I

Statement of cash allowances, remissions and assignments of Land Revenue and grain allowances made in the Quetta Tahsil up to and inclusive of the year 1898-99.

NATURE OF GRANTS.	TOTAL VALUE OF GRANT IN RUPEES.						REMARKS.
	IN PERPETUITY OR DURING THE MAINTENANCE OF AN INSTITUTION OR OFFICE.		FOR LIFE OR LIVES OR FOR A FIXED TERM.		TOTAL.		
	Grants made up to and inclusive of 1897-98.	Grants made during 1898-99.	Grants made up to and inclusive of 1897-98.	Grants made during 1898-99.	Grants made up to and inclusive of 1897-98.	Grants made during 1898-99.	
	R a.	R a. p.	R	R a. p.	R a.	R a. p.	
(a) For the maintenance of public servants.	...	...	...	...	...	...	
(b) For other purposes	9,642 8	1 14 6	8,740	48 10 10	18,382 8	50 9 4	

E. G. COLVIN,
Revenue Commissioner.

APPENDIX II.

Administration Report of the Quetta-Pishin District for the year 1898-99.

ADMINISTRATIVE STAFF.

1. Mr. A. Williams, C.S., held charge of the listrict from 1st April 1898 to 18th October 1898, Mr. A. B. Drummond, Assistant Political Agent, Quetta, from the 19th October 1898 to the 11th November 1898, and Captain J. Ramsay, C.I.E., for the rest of the year.

2. Lieutenant A. B. Drummond held charge of the Quetta Sub-Division and Mr. S. E. Wallace of the Quetta-Pishin Police throughout the year. Captain A. M. Anscomb was Extra Assistant Commissioner, Quetta, and Mr. H. R. Smith was Treasury Officer, Quetta during the year, while Munshi Muhammad Rafiq Khan continued to hold charge of the Khojak Sub-Division. The Pishin Sub-Division was held by Maulvi Abdul Rahim, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Pishin, from 1st April 1898 to 13th January 1899, and by Lala Bhag Mall during the remaining portion of the year.

REVENUE AND CROPS.

3. The rainfall in the district during the year under report was deficient and the *Khushkaba* crops failed throughout the district. The irrigated crops also suffered to a certain extent on account of the water in the *karezes* and springs having decreased in consequence of a dry season. The majority of the Quetta-Pishin District is now under fixed assessment for a term of years and no difficulty was experienced in realizing the revenue. The country inhabited by the Achakzais is on a different footing from the rest of the district. The Achakzais are extremely poor; they have little or no irrigation and the climate of their plateau is so inclement that they have to leave it in the winter. During 1897-98 they suffered severely from a visitation of locusts, the short rainfall was the cause of poor crops, and on the 1st March 1898 there was an icy blizzard which did great damage to their flocks, which are their chief source of wealth. Mr. Drummond inspected the whole of Achakzai Toba, and, on the information supplied by him, the Agent to the Governor-General was pleased to sanction a remission of R2,000-12-0 out of the assessment for the year under report and a further suspension for the present year of R3,000, which had been suspended from the previous year's revenue. In December 1898 the Agent to the Governor-General promised, in a Darbar held by him at Chaman, to consider a further remission of R1,000 out of the assessment for 1898-99.

4. The crops under the Khushdil Khan reservoir and Shebo canals were average during the year.

REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE.

5. Statement A shows the total collections of land revenue in cash and kind both in Quetta and Pishin including Toba and Shorarud. The total receipts amounted to R1,39,966-7-11 as against an estimate of R1,42,290, showing a deficit of R2,323-8-1 which is due to the remissions of revenue referred to in paragraph 3 of this report.

6. The receipts and expenditure of the district other than Imperial are shown in Statement B. The total receipts during the year amounted to R2,90,905-11-11 as against an estimate of R3,05,950, showing a falling off of R15,044-4-1. The principal deficit in actual receipts as compared with estimates occurred under the heads I.—Land Revenue, IV.—Stamps and V.—Excise. The decrease in the land revenue is in fact merely a matter of accounts, inasmuch as the sum of R7,428-13-10 on account of *malikana and assignment of* land revenue as per detail in the margin, was, under present orders, deducted from gross receipts, the balance only being credited to Government. The rest of the deficit is due to the remissions to the Achakzais of Toba mentioned in paragraph 3 of this report.

		R	a.	p.
Malikana	Quetta	2,839	9	2
	Pishin	3,245	10	4
		6,085	3	6
Jagirdari rights in Quetta		1,343	10	4
		7,428	13	10

7. The decrease under "V.—Excise" is principally due to a sum of R1,733-5-4 having been * remitted to Mr. Perozshaw, Abkari contractor, for the loss suffered by him in his contract,

* *Vide* Agent Governor-Gene letter No. 318

dated the 24th April 1899, to the address of the Revenue Commissioner.

while a sufficient reason for the decrease under "IV.—Stamps" is that some 1,200 fewer cases were instituted in 1898-99 than in 1897-98.

8. The total expenditure other than Imperial amounted to R2,32,136-2-11 as against a budget estimate of R2,44,320-0-0, showing a saving of R12,183-13-1. The small decreases and increases under certain heads of expenditure require no special remarks.

9. Statement C shows the assignments of land revenue in the Quetta Sub-Division during the year under report.

10. Statement D shows the receipts and expenditure under the head "Imperial." The receipts amount to R4,790-12-11 as against an estimate of R5,480, showing a deficit of R689-3-1 which is due to the remission of interest on certain Taccavi advances and non-recovery of others on due date within the year 1898-99.

11. The Imperial expenditure comes to R35,872-2-6 as against an estimate of R34,860, showing an increase of R1,012-2-6.

PISHIN IRRIGATION RECEIPTS.

12. The revenue from the lands under the Khushdil Khan reservoir and the Shebo canal was collected by the Tahsil establishment mostly under the personal supervision of the Political Agent and Assistant Political Agent, Quetta. The collections for the year, as shown in Statement E, amounted to R56,820-6-9 as against a revised estimate of R55,000, showing an increase of R1,820-6-9 which is due to the sale of *gram* and *bhusa* at favourable rates.

HEALTH AND SANITATION.

13. The health of the people of the district was generally good. There were, however, several cases of small-pox in the Quetta and Pishin Sub-Divisions.

STANDARD PAPER.

14. Statements F and G show the receipts and expenditure of standard paper in the Quetta and Pishin Sub-Divisions, respectively. The sale-proceeds of the paper during the year amounted to R656-4-0.

JAILS.

15. The number of prisoners in the Quetta Jail on the 31st March 1898 was 49. During the year under report 213 convicts and 35 civil prisoners were admitted. At the end of the calendar year 1898 there were 59 prisoners of all sorts in the jail. The details of the number of prisoners and their dietary charges, etc., are given in Statements H, I and J.

16. About the close of the year the Pishin lock-up was ordered by the Agent to the Governor-General to be treated as a subsidiary jail in future. A report on its working will be submitted next year.

LOCAL FUNDS.

17. Appendix K is a copy of the report with enclosures adopted by the Municipal Committee of Quetta showing the working of the Quetta Municipal Fund for the year 1898-99.

18. The receipts and expenditure of the Pishin Sadar and District Bazar Fund are shown in Statement L. The receipts including the opening balance, *viz.*, R40,541-13-9 of the year 1897-98, amounted to R99,592-0-10 and the expenditure to R51,968-0-1, thus leaving a closing balance of R47,624-0-9 at the credit of the Fund on the 31st March 1899.

EDUCATION.

19. Statement M shows the number of schools in the district, the number of pupils in each of them on the 31st March 1899 and the income and expenditure of each school during the year. The number of boys in the Sandeman High School, Quetta, on 31st March 1899 was 352 as against 325 on the 31st March 1898, and during the year 10 boys out of 11 passed the Middle School Examination. The result of the Entrance Examination is not yet known. The income from fees in this school amounted to R2,852-2-3 against R2,606-8-3 during the previous year.

20. The number of pupils in the Lady Sandeman Girls' School on 31st March 1899 was 70 as against 63 on 31st March 1898. The number of pupils in all the schools in the district on 31st March 1899 was 625 as against 570 on 31st March 1898. Of these 163 were Pathans and Brahuis as against 143 in the previous year. The income from all sources was R15,150-11-5.

HORSE FAIR AND AGRICULTURAL SHOW.

21. The Annual Horse Fair and Agricultural Show was held in Quetta on the 13th, 14th and 15th September 1898. The total number of horses exhibited was 1,179 against 1,593 exhibited in 1897. The reason for the decrease is that there were more locally bred horses than usual owing to the fair having been held at an earlier date than is customary; there were, on the other hand, fewer trans-frontier horses. This was partly owing to the change in the date and partly, it is said, to the heavy export taxes charged by the Amir's Government and illegal exactions charged by His Highness' officials. The total expenditure on the Show was R3,139-7-0 as against 2,745-4-10 in the year 1897.

EXTERNAL LAND TRADE.

22. The following imports and exports were registered during the year under report :—

	1897-98.	1898-99.	Increase.	Decrease.
	R	R	R	R
Imports	13,88,464	16,52,825	2,64,361	...
Exports	4,34,454	7,12,973	2,78,519	...

TACCAVI ADVANCES.

23. Advances amounting to R18,000, as detailed in Statement N, were made during the year to cultivators of the district for the improvement of land. Of the 26 advances made during the year, 16 aggregating R8,050 carry no interest.

24. Statement O shows that a sum of R13,349-8-4 was recovered on account of principal and R1,338-2-2 on account of interest on Taccavi loans during the year. The balance outstanding on 31st March 1899 was R92,998-5-4.

25. During the year under report advances amounting to R1,250 were given to the Achakzais under the Agricultural Loans Act. This amount is included in the sum of R18,000 mentioned in paragraph 21.

TRIBAL LEVIES.

26. The levies were, as in former years, employed on various duties such as the collection of land revenue, detection of crime, watch and ward, escort and conveyance of dâk, etc., and their work has been satisfactory. The total sanctioned cost of the levies is now R8,962 per mensem as per detail below :—

	R	a.	p.
1. Postal levies	160	0	0
2. Quetta "	2,437	0	0
3. Pishin levies, including Khojak Pass and Toba Achakzais	6,365	0	0
TOTAL	8,962	0	0

or R1,07,544 per annum. The actual cost amounted to R1,03,469-13-9.

JUDICIAL.

27. Statement P shows the number of civil, criminal, and miscellaneous cases decided by each Court in the district during the year. During 1898-99, 9,434 cases were disposed of as against 10,637 in the year 1897-98. The following table shows the work done by each court during the two years:—

	1897-98.	1898-99.
1. Political Agent, Quetta-Pishin	419	382
2. Assistant Political Agent, Quetta	96	214
3. Extra Assistant Commissioner, Quetta	1,051	718
4. Extra Assistant Commissioner, Pishin	620	530
5. Cantonment Magistrate, Quetta	2,938	2,368
6. Extra Assistant Commissioner and Treasury Officer, Quetta	403	483
7. Munsiff, Quetta	3,470	3,055
8. Native Assistant, Khojak Pass	353	163
9. Tahsildar, Quetta	65	153
10. Ditto, Pishin	224	254
11. Naib Tahsildar Quetta	38	35
12. Ditto, Pishin	301	285
13. Honorary Magistrate, Quetta	664	794
TOTAL	10,637	9,434

28. In Statement Q is shown the number and classification of cases tried by jirga during the year 1898-99. The total number disposed of was 219 as against 249 during the previous year.

REGISTRATION.

29. Four hundred and fifty-six documents were registered in the district as against 431 during the year 1897-98. The total receipts amounted to R1,233-4-0 as compared with R1,220-12-0 during the previous year. Statement marked R shows details of the number of documents registered in each station.

POLICE.

30. As the Deputy Commissioner is not now the Deputy Inspector-General of Police, the report regarding the working of the Police has not been included in the District Administration Report, but will be submitted separately on receipt from the District Superintendent of Police.

BORDER AFFAIRS.

31. On the whole the border has been fairly quiet. One Nasir Khan, Samlani, fled to Shorawak from Kalat territory and committed one or two raids on cattle in Shorarud. Further north, beyond Chaman, there have been numerous petty troubles on account of Muhammad Sharif and Taimur, Achakzais, who have left British territory for Afghanistan. Muhammad Sharif has left the border, but Taimur is still sitting there.

32. Munshi Muhammad Rafik Khan has been in charge of the border throughout the year; he is excellently fitted for the post as he has many freinds across the border, and he manages the tribesmen with tact and firmness.

J. RAMSAY, *Captain*,

Political Agent, Quetta-Pishin.

A

Return of Land Revenue Collections in kind and in cash in the Quetta-Pishin District for the year 1898-99.

1	2	3	4	5	6
DESCRIPTION.	Maunds collected.	Rate at which sold per maund.	Cash realized.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
		At different rates from			
I.—COLLECTIONS IN KIND—	*M. S. C.*	*R a. p. R a. p.*	*R a. p.*	*R a. p.*	
Wheat	616 39 0	2 0 0 to 3 0 6	1,649 0 2		
Barley	471 9 8	2 0 0 to 2 6 0	987 1 11		
Jowari	26 21 4	2 0 0	53 1 0		
Bhusa	1,151 34 2	0 4 0 to 0 10 0	526 6 5		
Lucerne	11 0 0	0 3 0	2 1 0		
Sini	9 0 0	0 8 0	4 8 0		
Azdan	1 25 0	1 4 0	2 0 6		
Deduct outstanding against Abzai Manati.	......	......	*78 10 0*	3,145 9 0	
II.—COLLECTIONS IN CASH—					
Cash assessment and Gham-i-Nauker.	......	......	1,17,330 5 9		
Ijaras	......	......	2,814 4 5		
Realised from confiscated muafis.	......	......	437 10 6		
Realized from water-mills	......	......	1,662 0 0		
Artisans	......	......	7 0 0		
Abiana	......	......	555 3 1		
Royalty on coal	......	......	250 9 8		
Pabzat	......	......	82 8 0		
Miscellaneous	......	......	1,340 1 6		
Deduct outstandings	......	......	*1,060 7 5*	1,23,419 3 6	
III.—GRAZING TAX—					
Grazing tax	......	......	12,550 3 0	12,550 3 0	
IV.—ARREARS—					
Arrears	......	......	851 8 5	851 8 5	
TOTAL	....	......	......	1,39,966 7 11	

Detail by Tahsils.

	Quetta.	Pishin.	Chaman.	TOTAL.
	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.
Arrears	42 14 1	707 12 7	100 13 9	851 8 5
Collections in kind	930 13 11	2,176 15 4	37 11 9	3,145 9 0
Do. in cash	60,484 6 3	57,962 2 9	4,972 10 6	1,23,419 3 6
Grazing tax	5,825 11 0	6,672 12 0	51 12 0	12,550 3 0
TOTAL	67,283 13 3	67,519 10 8	5,163 0 0	1,39,966 7 11

Detail of net revenue credited.

Total collections.	Expenditure.	Net revenue credited into Treasury.
R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.
1,39,966 7 11	7,428 13 10*	1,32,537 10 1

* Out of this amount R6,065-3-6 were paid on account of malikana out of collections, and R1,343-10-4 were paid as jagirdari rights to Duranis.

B

Annual Account of Provincial Revenue and Expenditure for the year 1898-99.

Heads of Receipt.	Revised Budget Estimate for 1898-99.	Actuals for 1898-99.	Increase.	Decrease.
	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.
I.—Land Revenue—				
Ordinary Revenue—				
Fixed collections . .	1,18,400 0 0	1,11,660 15 0	...	6,739 1 0
Fluctuating collections .	9,000 0 0	8,301 12 9	...	698 3 3
Arrears	1,450 0 0	...	...	1,450 0 0
Grazing fees . . .	13,240 0 0	12,324 4 8	...	915 11 4
Royalty on coal . .	200 0 0	250 9 8	50 9 8	...
Total .	1,42,290 0 0	1,32,537 10 1	50 9 8	9,802 15 7
III.—Salt—				
Excise duty on salt .	2,500 0 0	2,364 10 11	...	135 5 1
IV.—Stamps—				
Receipt stamps . .	2,900 0 0	2,957 0 0	57 0 0	...
Other hundies . .	1,400 0 0	1,183 0 0	...	217 0 0
General stamps . .	10,000 0 0	9,381 8 0	...	618 8 0
Sale of Court-fee stamps .	33,600 0 0	30,126 7 0	...	3,473 9 0

Heads of Expenditure.	Revised Budget Estimate for 1898-99.	Actuals for 1898-99.	Increase.	Decrease.
	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.
1.—Refunds and Drawbacks—				
Revenue refunds . . .	2,000 0 0	1,971 9 7	...	28 6 5
2.—Assignments and Compensations—				
Compensation to the ruling family of Khetran Sardar Baluch Khan.	...	...	...	...
Quit-rent to His Highness the Khan of Kalat.*	...	...	...	...
Inams	1,800 0 0	1,800 0 0	...	...
Jagirdari rights . . .	1,350 0 0	...	...	1,350 0 0
Compensation to Zagar Mingal Sardar.	...	...	...	...
Total .	3,150 0 0	1,800 0 0	...	1,350 0 0
3.—Land Revenue—				
Charges of District Administration—				
General Establishment (*i.e.*, pay and travelling allowances and contingencies of Revenue Commissioner's Establishment).	...	...	...	...
Sub-Divisional Establishment (*i.e.*, pay).	11,720 0 0	11,129 6 8	...	590 9 4
Travelling allowances . .	500 0 0	448 11 0	...	51 5 0
Contingencies . . .	1,430 0 0	1,141 7 0	...	288 9 0
Charges on account of Land Revenue collections (*i.e.*, pay of Karawas and Mushriffs, Lambardari allowances and carriage of revenue grain).	1,500 0 0	1,331 13 8	...	168 2 4
Compensation for dearness of provisions.	...	14 0 0	14 0 0	...
Survey and Settlement (*i.e.*, pay of clerks and other charges for Survey and Settlement work, including travelling allowances).	...	...	...	...

Sale of plain paper to be used with Court-fee stamps.	780 0 0	656 4 0	...	123 12 0
Fines and penalties .	220 0 0	206 3 0	...	13 13 0
TOTAL .	48,900 0 0	44,510 6 0	57 0 0	4,446 10 0
V.—EXCISE—				
License and distillery fees and duties for the sale of liquors and drugs.	...	...	...	...
Foreign liquors .	2,650 0 0	2,608 0 0	...	42 0 0
Liquors and spirits made in India after European method. Beer .	1,200 0 0	1,057 10 0	...	142 6 0
Liquors and spirits made in India after European method. Rum	6,300 0 0	5,400 0 0	...	900 0 0
Country spirits .	68,230 0 0	67,400 0 0	...	830 0 0
Opium and its preparations	11,190 0 0	11,189 0 0	...	1 0 0
Other drugs, ganja, bhang, etc.	10,920 0 0	10,991 7 1	71 7 1	...
Fines, confiscations and miscellaneous.	...	...	...	...
TOTAL .	1,00,490 0 0	98,646 1 1	71 7 1	1,915 6 0

Land Records and Agriculture (i.e., pay of Kanungoes and Patwaris).	4,000 0 0	3,863 3 9	...	136 12 3
TOTAL .	19,150 0 0	17,928 10 1	14 0 0	1,235 5 11
6.—STAMPS—				
Charges for the sale of general stamps (discount).	370 0 0	373 6 0	3 6 0	...
Charges for the sale of Court-fee stamps (discount).	480 0 0	403 0 9	...	76 15 3
Discount on plain paper .	50 0 0	39 6 0	...	10 10 0
TOTAL .	900 0 0	815 12 9	3 6 0	87 9 3
11.—FORESTS—				
12.—REGISTRATION—				
District charges . . .	450 0 0	440 0 0	...	10 0 0
15.—POST OFFICE—				
District Post charges . .	1,920 0 0	1,920 0 0	...	...
19A.—LAW AND JUSTICE—COURTS OF LAW—				
Civil and Sessions Court . .	...	...	...	...
Salaries (Munsiffs) . . .	2,400 0 0	2,600 0 0	200 0 0	...
Establishment (clerks and servants).	2,520 0 0	2,533 10 9	13 10 9	...
Allowances	...	14 8 0	14 8 0	...
Contingencies . . .	520 0 0	489 1 4	...	30 14 8
Process-serving establishment. Pay . .	980 0 0	939 14 5	...	220 1 7
Process-serving establishment. Contingencies	180 0 0	...	...	...
Criminal Courts—				
Salaries	15,680 0 0	14,369 8 0	...	1,310 8 0
Establishment . . .	5,380 0 0	4,862 11 6	...	517 4 6
Allowances	100 0 0	408 11 1	308 11 1	...
Contingencies . . .	3,710 0 0	2,900 8 6	...	809 7 6
Refunds	170 0 0	69 0 6	...	100 15 6
Deduct contribution towards salary of Cantonment Magistrate, Quetta, for 1897-98.	...	−1,100 0 0	...	1,100 0 0
TOTAL .	31,640 0 0	28,087 10 1	536 13 10	4,089 3 9

* A sum of R25,000-0-0 provided for in the Revised Budget Estimates for quit-rent to His Highness the Khan of Kalat has been taken out from this statement, as the Treasury has shown it in the accounts for Kalat Agency.

Heads of Receipt.	Revised Budget Estimate for 1898-99.	Actuals for 1898-99.	Increase.	Decrease.
	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.
VIII.—Assessed Taxes—				
Deductions from salaries and pensions.	1,930 0 0	2,166 10 6	236 10 6	...
Ordinary collections .	600 0 0	535 14 1	...	64 1 11
Total .	2,530 0 0	2,702 8 7	236 10 6	64 1 11
IX.—Forests—				
X.—Registration—				
Fees for registering documents.	900 0 0	946 8 0	46 8 0	...
Fees for copies of registered documents.	230 0 0	223 0 0	...	7 0 0
Miscellaneous . . .	100 0 0	63 12 0	...	36 4 0
Total .	1,230 0 0	1,233 4 0	46 8 0	43 4 0
XVIA.—Law and Justice—Courts of Law—				
Sale proceeds of unclaimed	250 0 0	586 3 0	336 3 0	...

Heads of Expenditure.	Revised Budget Estimate for 1898-99.	Actuals for 1898-99.	Increase.	Decrease.
	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.
19B.—Law and Justice—Jails—				
Jails—				
District Jails—				
1. Establishment . . .	...	...	...	...
2. Dietary charges . .	370 0 0	600 8 1	230 8 1	...
3. Hospital charges . .	10 0 0	0 6 0	...	9 10 0
4. Clothing and bedding of prisoners.	50 0 0	7 8 0	...	42 8 0
5. Sanitation charges .	...	...	...	...
6. Charges for moving prisoners.	...	...	...	...
7. Miscellaneous supplies and services.	120 0 0	74 9 0	...	45 7 0
8. Allowances . . .	...	...	...	...
9. Contingent charges . .	...	...	...	...
10. Extraordinary charges for live-stock and tools and plant.	...	...	...	...
Charges for police custody	...	...	...	...
11. Lock-ups . . .	1,600 0 0	1,314 8 5	...	255 7 7
12. Jail manufacture . .	...	...	...	...
Total	2,150 0 0	2,027 7 6	230 8 1	353 0 7
20.—Police—				
District Executive Force—				
District Police—				
Salaries (pay of District and Assistant District Superintendents).	...	...	...	...
Police force (pay of Honorary Assistant District Superintendent, Inspectors, Deputy Inspectors, Sergeants, Constables, etc.)	...	...	...	...
Establishment (clerks and servants).	...	...	...	...
Hospital establishment .	...	...	...	...
Allowances—				
Compensation for dearness of	...	...	...	...

General fees, fines and forfeitures.	6,000 0 0	6,634 13 9	634 13 9	...
Miscellaneous	...	1 11 6	1 11 6	...
Total	6,350 0 0	7,222 12 3	872 12 3	...
XVIB.—Law and Justice—Jails—				
Jails—				
Hire of convicts	...	...	...	...
XVII.—Police—				
Police supplied to railways	...	...	...	...
Police supplied to Municipal, Cantonment and Town Funds.				...
Cash receipts under the Arms Act.	...	...	...	...
Fees, fines and forfeitures	...	...	...	...
Cattle-pound receipts	...	...	...	...
Superannuation receipts	...	...	...	...
Miscellaneous	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	...	...

Travelling allowances and expenses.	...	...	...	...
Good conduct stripe allowances and local allowances.	...	...	...	...
Supplies and Services—				
Clothing and equipment	...	...	...	...
Other charges (includes arms and accoutrements, hospital supplies, purchase and repair of tents, rewards and purchase of hand-cuffs, etc.)	...	...	...	...
Contingencies	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	...	...
22.—Education—				
Grants-in-aid	7,850 0 0	7,871 0 0	21 0 0	...
24.—Medical—				
Medical Establishment—				
Salaries	...	...	...	...
Travelling expenses	...	...	...	...
Hospitals and Dispensaries—				
Reserve Medical subordinates—				
Salaries	...	...	...	...
Establishment	...	...	...	...
Allowances (*i.e.*, travelling and Pashtu and dearness allowances).	...	...	...	...
Supplies and services (cost of medicines and instruments) and dieting-charges.	...	...	...	...
Contingencies	...	...	...	...
Sanitation and Vaccination (pay and travelling allowance of Vaccinator).	...	...	...	...
Deduct on account of fixed contribution payable by the North-Western Railway on account of dispensary of Sibi.	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	...	...

Annual Account of Provincial Revenue and Expenditure for the year 1898-99—concld.

Heads of Receipt.	Revised Budget Estimate for 1898-99.	Actuals for 1898-99.	Increase.	Decrease.
	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.
XX.—Medical—				
Contribution from Sibi Municipality towards the cost of Civil Dispensary, Baluchistan.	...	...	...	...
XXII.—Superannuation, etc.—				
Contributions for pensions and gratuities.	...	...	...	...
XXIII.—Stationery and Printing—				
Stationery receipts . .	...	...	...	...
Other Press receipts .	...	...	...	...
Total .	...	...	...	...
XXV.—Miscellaneous—				
Sale proceeds of Darbar presents.	...	...	...	...
Sale of old stores and materials.	60 0 0	55 6 9	...	4 9 3
Premium on Bills . .	...	...	...	...
Miscellaneous . . .	...	2 0 0	2 0 0	...
Total .	60 0 0	57 6 9	2 0 0	4 9 3

Heads of Expenditure.	Revised Budget Estimate for 1898-99.	Actuals for 1898-99.	Increase.	Decrease.
	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.
25.—Political—				
Political Agents—				
Establishment .	25,820 0 0	25,864 10 6	44 10 6	...
Charges on account of Gwadar Agency.	...	...	...	...
Allowances (travelling and Pashtu allowances).	9,700 0 0	8,482 5 2	...	1,217 10 10
Compensation for dearness of provisions.	...	30 4 0	30 4 0	...
Supplies and services (purchase and repair of tents, rations, clothing and bedding of prisoners).	450 0 0	100 5 9	...	349 10 3
Contingencies . .	3,770 0 0	2,661 8 1	...	1,108 7 11
Charges on North-West Frontier Levies.	...	...	...	...
Services under the Political Agent, Thal-Chotiali.	...	...	...	...
Services under the Political Assistant, Chagai.	...	...	...	...
Services under the Political Agent, Quetta-Pishin.	1,04,550 0 0	1,03,469 13 9	...	1,080 2 3
Services under the Agent to the Governor-General in Baluchistan.	...	...	...	...
Services under the Political Agent, Kalat.	...	...	...	...
Services under the Political Agent, South-Eastern Baluchistan (Las Bela Frontier, Kej Mekran and Panjgur Levies).	...	...	...	...
Services under the Political Agent, Zhob—Zhob Levy Corps.	...	...	...	...
Entertainment of Envoys and Chiefs.	500 0 0	470 8 3	...	29 7 9
Darbar Presents . . .	...	...	...	...
Miscellaneous . . .	...	...	...	...
Total .	1,44,790 0 0	1,41,079 7 6	74 14 6	3,785 7 0
26.—Scientific and other minor Departments—				
Provincial Statistics	[illegible]	[illegible]		[illegible]

XXX.—Minor Works and Navigation—				
In charge of Civil Officers	...	...	...	...
In charge of Public Works Officers.	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	...	...
XXXII.—Civil Works—				
In charge of Civil Officers	...	...	...	...
Miscellaneous	...	...	...	...
Receipts from Staging Bungalows.	1,600 0 0	1,631 0 3	31 0 3	...
In charge of Public Works Officers.	...	...	...	...
Total	1,600 0 0	1,631 0 3	31 0 3	...
TOTAL RECEIPTS	3,05,950 0 0	2,90,905 11 11	1,367 15 9	16,412 3 10

29.—Superannuation Allowances and Pensions—				
32.—Miscellaneous—				
Donations for charitable purposes.	400 0 0	195 0 0	...	205 0 0
Charges on account of European Vagrants.	110 0 0	24 13 0	...	85 3 0
Charges for remittance of treasure.	...	...	...	...
Petty establishment	...	...	...	...
Miscellaneous and unforeseen charges.	900 0 0	267 0 0	...	633 0 0
Wild animals	50 0 0	...	...	50 0 0
Total	1,460 0 0	486 13 0	...	973 3 0
43.—Minor Works and Navigation—				
In charge of Civil Officers	...	...	...	...
In charge of Public Works Officers.	...	...	...	...
45.—Civil Works—				
In charge of Civil Officers—				
Civil Buildings	7,750 0 0	9,041 5 5	1,291 5 5	...
Communications	6,700 0 0	5,954 6 7	...	745 9 5
Miscellaneous Public Improvements.	4,300 0 0	2,013 4 10	...	2,286 11 2
Establishment (including contingencies and travelling allowances).	2,780 0 0	3,393 6 2	613 6 2	...
Miscellaneous—				
Road side arboriculture (establishment, travelling allowances and contingencies).	3,710 0 0	4,568 11 4	858 11 4	...
Tools and plant	130 0 0	46 6 2	...	83 9 10
Staging bungalows and encamping grounds.	2,560 0 0	1,769 5 8	...	790 10 4
Total	27,930 0 0	26,786 14 2	2,763 6 11	3,906 8 9
TOTAL EXPENDITURE	2,44,320 0 0	2,32,136 2 11	3,644 1 4	15,827 14 5

C

Statement of cash allowances, remissions and assignments of land revenue and grain allowances made in the Quetta Tahsil up to and inclusive of the year 1898-99.

Nature of grants.	Total value of grants in rupees.						Remarks.
	In perpetuity or during the maintenance of an institution or office.		For life or lives or for a fixed term.		Total.		
	Grants made up to and inclusive of 1897-98.	Grants made during 1898-99.	Grants made up to and inclusive of 1897-98.	Grants made during 1898-99.	Grants made up to and inclusive of 1897-98.	Grants made during 1898-99.	
	R a.	R a. p.	R	R a. p	R a	R a. p.	
(*a*) For the maintenance of public servants.	...	...	...	...	...	...	
(*b*) For other purposes . .	9,642 8	1 14 6	8,740	48 10 10	18,382 8	50 9 4	

Out of these grants a sum of R437-10-6 was recovered as confiscated muafis up to 1898-99.

D

Annual Account of Imperial Revenue and Expenditure for 1898-99.

Heads of Receipts.	Revised Budget Estimates for 1898-99.	Actuals for 1898-99.	Increase.	Decrease.	Heads of Expenditure.	Revised Budget Estimates for 1898-99.	Actuals for 1898-99.	Increase.	Decrease.
	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.		R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.
XII.—Interest.					23.—Ecclesiastical.				
Interest on loans to Municipal and other public corporations.	3,130 0 0	3,132 3 3	2 3 3	......	Establishment	150 0 0	144 0 0	......	6 0 0
Interest on loans to landholders and other notabilities on temporary loan.	......	320 7 6	320 7 6	......	Contingencies	10 0 0	......	......	10 0 0
					25.—Political.				
Interest on advances to cultivators .	2,350 0 0	1,338 2 2	......	1,011 13 10	Salaries	34,700 0 0	35,728 2 6	1,028 2 6	......
Total .	5,480 0 0	4,790 12 11	322 10 9	1,011 13 10	Total .	34,860 0 0	35,872 2 6	1,028 2 6	16 0 0

E

Statement showing the Land Revenue realized from the villages under Shebo Canal and Khushdil Khan Bund for the year 1898-99.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
No.	Detail.	Total amount realized.	Amount paid from the receipts.			Amount credited into the Treasury.	Balance not recovered.	Remarks.
			Hak-i-Malikana.	Cost of Mushriffs.	Refund for the last year.			
		R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	
1	Shebo Canal . .	22,666 13 0	1,079 13 11	233 10 3	—	21,353 4 10	...	
2	Khusdil Khan Bund	34,153 9 9	1,669 7 4	486 0 3	...	31,998 2 2	...	
	Total .	56,820 6 9	2,749 5 3	719 10 6	...	53,351 7 0	...	

F

Statement showing the receipts and consumption of petition paper during the year and the financial results of the year 1898-99 at Quetta Treasury.

Amount received.	Rms. qrs.	Amount expended.	Rms. qrs.
Paper in store on April 1st, 1898 . .	127 0	Paper sold during the year 1898-99 .	76 0
		Sent to Sub-Treasuries during 1898-99 .	6 0
Paper received during the year . .	200 0	Paper used for copies supplied free of charge.	...
		Paper in store on March 31st, 1899 .	245 0
Total .	327 0	Total .	327 0
Receipts.	R a. p.	**Expenditure.**	R a. p.
Paper sold to licensed vendors at R7-8-0 a ream.	555 0 0	Compensation paid to licensed vendors .	33 14 0
		Carriage of paper from Calcutta to the head-quarters of the district.	136 12 0
		Other expenses	1 14 0
Total .	555 0 0	Total .	172 8 0

G

Statement showing the receipt and consumption of petition paper during the year and the financial results of the year 1898-99 at Pishin and Chaman.

Amount received.	Rms.	qrs.	Amount expended.	Rms.	qrs.
Paper in store on April 1st, 1898 . .	25	15	Paper sold during the year 1898-99 .	13	10
			Paper used for copies supplied free of charge.	...	
Paper received during the year . .	...		Paper in store on March 1st, 1899 .	12	5
Total .	25	15	Total .	25	15

Receipts.	R	a.	p.	Expenditure.	R	a.	p.
Paper sold to licensed vendors at R7-8-0 a ream.	101	4	0	Commission paid to licensed vendors .	5	8	0
				Carriage of paper from Calcutta to the Headquarters of the District.	...		
				Other expenses	...		
Total .	101	4	0	Total .	5	8	0

H

Statement showing prisoners' admission into the Quetta Jail during 1898.

Direct Admission.					By transfer from other Jails.				
Convicts, male.	Convicts, female.	Civil prisoners.	Political prisoners.	Under-trial, not convicted.	Convicts, male.	Convicts, female.	Civil prisoners.	Political prisoners.	Under-trial, not convicted.
208	5	35	...	148	*Nil*	*Nil*	*Nil*	*Nil*	*Nil*

I

GENERAL SUMMARY.—Distribution of the Prisoners of all classes (convicted, under-trial, and civil) confined in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of British Baluchistan during the calendar year 1898.

Province.	Place of confinement.			Prisoners in Jail at the commencement of the year.			Received during the year.			Total.			Discharged from all causes.			Remaining at the end of the year.			Total daily average number of prisoners.		
	Central Jails.	District Jails.	Subordinate Jails and Lock-ups.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Baluchistan	...	Quetta	...	46	...	46	388	8	396	434	8	442	377	6	383	57	2	59	60·74	1·05	61·79

J

Expenditure (in Rupees) in guarding and maintaining the prisoners in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of British Baluchistan during the calendar year 1898 (excluding the cost of building new Jails, of additions, alterations, or repairs).

Province.	Daily average number of prisoners.				Establishment.				Dieting Charges.						Hospital Charges.						
	Convicts.	Under-trial.	Civil.	Total.	Permanent.	Temporary.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.	Rations.	Miscellaneous dieting charges including diet of prisoners in hajats and camps.	Garden and agricultural expenses.	Proportion of dairy expenses.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength excluding civil prisoners.	Sick diet and extras for patients.	Extras or special diet for weakly prisoners not in hospital.	Medicines, hospital bedding, clothing, etc.	Proportion of dairy expenses.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.	Cost per head of average number sick.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
					R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R	R	R	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R	R	R	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.
Baluchistan, Quetta District Jail.	53	6	3	62	3,004 0 0	813 9 9	3,817 9 9	61 9 2	2,510 9 11	...	...	...	2,510 9 11	42 8 10	44 13 0	...	...	...	44 13 0	0 11 7	32 15 2

Clothing and bedding of prisoners.		Sanitation charges.					Charges for moving prisoners.				Charges for other miscellaneous services and supplies.								Travelling allowances.	
Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength excluding civil prisoners.	Charges for conservancy, cleansing and purifying.	Charges for water supply.	Extraordinary charges.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.	Transfer charges and road subsistence of convicts and under-trial prisoners.	Transportation charges.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.	For lighting.	Disciplinary charges.	Annual expenses for uniform and accoutrements of warders.	Money payments as reward for recaptures and services.	Execution charges.	Other miscellaneous charges.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.	Total.	Cost per head of average strength.
23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43
R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R	R	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R	R a. p.	R	R	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R	R
350 0 0	5 14 10	13 13 4	...	...	13 13 4	0 8 7	242 9 6	...	242 9 6	8 14 7	128 4 0	...	320 0 0	...	...	173 9 2	621 13 2	10 0 5	...	...

Contingencies.								Extraordinary charges for live stock and tools and plant likely to last for three years and upwards.												Grand total of expenditure.	Total cost per head of average strength.
Rents, rates and taxes.	Service postage.	Telegram and telephone charges.	Current office expenses (including country stationery).	Office furniture.	Charges for registers and stationery (Stationery Department charges).	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.	Conservancy and water supply dead-stock.	Dietary dead-stock.	Hospital dead-stock.	Garden and agricultural plant.	Lighting dead-stock.	Disciplinary dead-stock.	Arms and accoutrements (original cost).	Dairy live stock and plant (excluding maintenance).	Draught cattle (excluding keep).	Other miscellaneous dead-stock.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.		
44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65
R	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R	R	R a. p.	R a. p.	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R a. p.	R a. p.
...	10 0 0	4 15 0	0 9 0	...	...	15 8 0	0 4 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7,616 12 8	122 13 7

K

Annual Report of the Quetta Municipality for the year 1898-99.

FINANCE.

1. The receipts for the year were estimated at R1,62,855, while the actuals amounted to R1,59,934-11-4, a net decrease over the revised estimates of R2,920-4-8.

The actual decrease under certain heads over the revised figures amounted to R6,811-15-8, but there were at the same time increases amounting to R3,891-11-0 under other heads, making the net decrease of R2,920-4-8 as stated above.

2. The principal heads under which an increase accrued are :—

	R	a.	p.
(1) Water rate	302	9	2
(2) Conservancy cess	54	14	0
(3) Rents on lands, houses and sarais	782	5	8
(4) Fines under Municipal and other Acts	177	4	0
(5) Recoveries on account of services rendered to private individuals	2,384	15	11
(6) Other items	189	10	3
TOTAL	3,891	11	0

Water rate, R302-9-2.

The increase is due to a number of private water connections having been made during the year under report.

Conservancy Cess, R54-14-0.

This increase is very small and does not call for any remarks.

Rents on lands, houses and serais, R782-5-8.

The increase under this head is attributed to higher rents realized from the stalls in the Ingle Market during the year under report.

Fines under Municipal and other Acts, R177-4-0.

The increase in the number of prosecutions by the Sanitary Inspector and the police accounts for the increase of R177-4-0 under this head.

Recoveries on account of services rendered to private individuals, R2,384-15-11.

The work of cleaning the Revenue Karezes was done by daily labour, and was, under the Political Agent's orders, paid for from the corresponding head on the payment side. The amount was, however, subsequent to the completion of the works, received from the Political Agent's office and credited to this head, hence the increase.

Other items, R189-10-3.

The increase is due to the amount realized from the sale to the Quetta Club of W. I. pipes and globes in stock.

3. The decrease of R6,811-15-8 occurred chiefly under the heads shown below :—

	R	a.	p.
(1) Octroi	4,375	5	2
(2) Hackney carriages	348	12	0
(3) Conservancy receipts	575	7	11
(4) Deposits	1,432	5	9
TOTAL	6,731	14	10

Octroi, R4,375-5-2.

The decrease is mainly due to the falling off in the imports of wheat, sugar and bhoosa during the year under review.

Hackney Carriages, R348-12-0.

A decrease in the number of carriages owing to the slackness of traffic accounts for the decrease under this head.

Conservancy receipts, R575-7-11.

Certain sums on account of manure and filth sold to the Zemindars remained uncollected at the close of the year, hence the decrease.

Deposits, R1,432-5-9.

Large amounts were anticipated at the close of the year as usual for deposits, but no such amounts were received, hence the decrease.

	R	a.	p.
1. Taxes on animals and vehicles	39	8	0
2. Sale proceeds of land and produce of land.	33	0	10
3. Advances other	7	8	0

The other decreases under the heads noted in the margin call for no remarks.

EXPENDITURE.

4. The expenditure for the year under report was estimated at R1,63,453, while the actual expenditure was R1,62,386-10-8, or a net decrease of R1,066-5-4.

The actual decrease under certain heads as compared with the Revised figures was R5,384-10-0, while there was an increase of R4,318-4-8 under other heads.

5. The increase is distributed among the following heads:—

	R	a.	p.
(1) Refunds	690	11	3
(2) Water supply establishment	150	4	9
(3) Conservancy	1,128	2	8
(4) Arboriculture	84	14	1
(5) Actual cost of work done for private individuals . .	2,249	1	9

The small increases of R1 and R14-2-2 under the heads "Refund of fines" and "Market and slaughter houses", respectively, call for no remarks.

Refunds, R690-11-3.

The increase is due to the large purchases made by the Commissariat Department during the year under report.

Water Supply Establishment, R150-4-9.

Under instructions conveyed in paragraph 60 of the Municipal memorandum, a sum of R600 was provided in the Budget estimate on account of shares of the estimated cost of maintenance charges of the Water Works payable by the Municipality, while a sum of R750-4-9 has actually been paid on this account, and hence the increase.

Conservancy Cess, R1,128-2-8.

There would have been a decrease of about R900 in consequence of no new rubbish carts having been made during the year under report, but under orders conveyed in Political Agent's unofficial No. 304, dated 16th March 1899, a sum of R2,000 was paid on account of a share of expenses incurred in connection with the Sharigh plague camp, hence the increase.

Arboriculture, R84-14-1.

The cost of stamped paper and registration fees of the deed taken from the proprietors of the land taken up for the Sandeman Memorial Hall was paid from this head under the Political Agent's orders contained in his unofficial No. 2646, dated the 27th March 1899, hence the increase.

Actual cost of work done for private individuals, R2,249-1-9.

The explanation given for the increase in receipts under the corresponding head applies also to the increase in expenditure under this head.

6. The principal items making up the decrease of R5,384-10-0 in the expenditure which call for remarks are as under:—

	R	a.	p.
(1) Collection of Taxes	272	1	4
(2) Lighting	377	13	2
(3) Public Works	110	9	6
(4) Contributions	2,956	11	5
(5) Deposits	1,303	15	5

Collection of Taxes, R272-1-4.

The decrease under this head is due to no furniture having been purchased for the Octroi Office during the year under review.

Lighting, R377-13-2.

The decrease is owing to no new lamp posts having been purchased during the year.

Public Works, R110-9-6.

This decrease is due to savings on the allotments provided in the Budget for certain works.

Contributions, R2,956-11-5.

The decrease of R2,956-11-5 under "Contributions" is distributed among the following heads :—

	R	a.	p.
(a) Cantonment share of octroi	2,852	6	9
(b) Do. of Hackney carriage receipts	104	4	8
TOTAL .	2,956	11	5

The decrease in the Octroi and the Hackney Carriage receipts chiefly accounts for the decrease in the Cantonment share of such receipts.

Deposits, R1,303-15-5.

The items which are received for deposits and credited to the corresponding head on the receipt side are paid out of this head ; the decrease in such receipts accounts for the decrease in the expenditure under this head.

7. The year closed with a balance of R14,022-9-7 in favour of the Municipality.

GENERAL REMARKS.

8. In Agent to the Governor-General's notification No. 7260, dated the 27th October 1898, the following persons were nominated to be members of the Municipal Committee:—

(1) The Civil Surgeon.
(2) The Cantonment Magistrate.
(3) The District Superintendent of Police.
(4) The Executive Engineer at Quetta, N. W. Railway
(5) The Extra Assistant Commissioner, Quetta.
(6) Khan Bahadur Khudadad Khan.
(7) " " Burjorji D. Patel.
(8) B. Gulab Singh, Head Master, Sandeman High School.
(9) Rai Saheb Seth Bheikh Chand, Honorary Magistrate.
(10) Seth Mohamad Alli Allybhai, " "
(11) Khan Saheb Malik Wazir Mohamad Khan.
(12) Seth Ardeshir Dossa Bhai, Honorary Magistrate.

9. Sixteen meetings of the Municipal Committee were held during the year, *viz.*, four special and twelve ordinary.

10. Rules under section 102G. of the Quetta Municipal law, for regulating the registration of births and deaths, were framed by the Municipal Committee and sanctioned in Agent to the Governor-General's Notification No. 4719, dated the 8th July 1898.

Two separate registers of births and deaths were, as required by the rules, started in September 1898 : 84 deaths and 46 births have since been registered during the succeeding months of the year under report.

Out of 84 deaths there were 29 deaths of persons admitted to the hospital in a serious condition. Further, the statistics are for the most unhealthy part of the year.

11. By resolution No. 2, dated the 7th December 1898, of the Municipal Committee, two Sub-Committees, were formed as under :—

Public Works Sub-Committee.

(1) The Civil Surgeon.
(2) The Executive Engineer, N. W. Railway.
(3) The Extra Assistant Commissioner.
(4) K. B. Burjorji D. Patel.
(5) Seth Mohamad Alli Allybhai.

Sanitary Sub-Committee.

(1) The Civil Surgeon.
(2) The Cantonment Magistrate.
(3) The Extra Assistant Commissioner.
(4) K. B. Khuda Dad Khan.
(5) Seth Ardeshir Dossabhai.

The Public Works Sub-Committee met about twice a month to report on applications for building, etc., while the Sanitary Sub-Committee met weekly for the purpose of inspecting and improving the sanitary condition of the town.

12. Four policemen were appointed with effect from the 22nd June 1898, solely for sanitary purposes, and the town is divided into four sections, one for each policeman. The duties of the policemen are to prevent people committing nuisance; to see that no sweeper throws excrement into rubbish boxes and drains, and in the evening to accompany the Sanitary Inspector when visiting their sections, the consequences being that the practice of throwing filth into the rubbish boxes was to a great extent stopped and the quantity of filth at the depôts greatly increased, which necessitated employing four additional filth carts.

13. By resolution No. 6, dated the 8th June 1898, the east side of the upper tank was set apart for the Muhammadans and the west side for the Hindus to bathe in.

14. It was ruled by the Municipal Committee in their Resolution No. 1, dated the 4th January 1899, that the erection of double storeys should not be allowed in cases where the streets in front and behind are less than 20 feet in breadth.

15. A scholarship of the value of R5 per mensem tenable for two years, to be awarded every year to the student who stands first in the middle examination from the Sandeman High School, was sanctioned by the Municipal Committee, in their resolution No. 12, dated the 8th January 1899.

Lamps.

16. Three additional lamps were put up in the town during the year under report, making a total number of 146 lamps.

Vaccination.

17. Three hundred and forty-seven vaccine operations were performed during the year, of which five were unsuccessful, in nine the results were unknown and the remaining cases were successful.

18. Four hundred and ninety owner-less dogs were destroyed during the year under report.

Public Works.

19. A drain in the Habib Nala from the bridge at the cattle market to Lytton Road bridge as well as a drain along the south side of the Toghi Road were constructed during the year under report at a cost of R8,653. As proposed by the Municipal Committee in their Resolution No. 6, dated the 8th June 1898, the ordinary 1st class bricks instead of special bricks recommended by Mr. Pottinger were used for the bottom of the drains.

A sum of R6,166 was spent on the Bungalow constructed for the Municipal Secretary during the year under report; a monthly rental of R36 is recovered from the Municipal Secretary and credited to the Municipal Fund.

Collection charges of Octroi and other taxes.

20. Octroi collections by the Railway Department and the Octroi Staff amounted to R70,950-5-9 and R24,674-5-1, respectively, during the year. In addition to 5 per cent. paid to the Railway Department on the amount collected by them, a sum of R79-15-4 was paid for the Octroi forms used by them, and thus the Railway Octroi collection charges amounted to R5-1-9 per cent. The charges on the town collections, however, amounted to R24-2-0 per cent. A sum of R4,342-0-0, being half of the cost of the office establishment and contingencies, should also be classed as "charges for collection" under orders contained in paragraph 69 of Municipal Memorandum. This increases the percentage on the Railway collections to R9-10-3 and that on town collections to R28-10-6.

21. The charges for collection of R40,940, made up of the items noted in the margin were R1,181 or R2-14 per cent.

	R
Water rate	1,703
Conservancy Cess	13,055
Rents	26,182
TOTAL	40,940

Annual Account of the Quetta Municipality for the year 1898-99.

RECEIPTS.	Budget Estimate of 1898-99.	Revised Estimate of 1898-99.	Actuals of 1898-99.	Increase over Revised Budget.	Decrease over Revised Budget.
REVENUE.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.
A.—MUNICIPAL RATES AND TAXES—					
1. Octroi	1,00,000 0 0	1,00,000 0 0	95,624 10 10	...	4,375 5 2
2. Tax on houses and lands	...	...	...	...	...
3. Tax on animals and vehicles.	350 0 0	350 0 0	310 8 0	...	39 8 0
4. Tax on professions and trades.	...	...	...	...	...
5. Tolls (on roads and ferries).	...	...	...	...	...
6. Water-rate	1,300 0 0	1,400 0 0	1,702 9 2	302 9 2	...
7. Lighting-rate	...	...	...	...	...
8. Conservancy (including scavenging and latrines rates).	13,000 0 0	13,000 0 0	13,054 14 0	54 14 0	...
9. Others (to be specified in detail, *e. g.*, servants' tax, pilgrim's tax, etc.).	...	...	...	...	...
B.—REALIZATIONS UNDER SPECIAL ACTS—					
1. Pounds	...	...	...	...	...
2. Hackney-carriage	1,600 0 0	1,600 0 0	1,251 4 0	...	348 12 0
3. Licenses for sale of spirits and drugs.	...	...	...	...	...
4. Others (to be specified in in detail).	...	...	...	...	...
C.—REVENUE DERIVED FROM MUNICIPAL PROPERTY AND POWERS APART FROM TAXATION—					
1. Rents on lands, houses, Serais, Dâk-bungalows.	25,400 0 0	25,400 0 0	26,182 5 8	782 5 8	...
2. Sale proceeds of lands and produce of lands, etc.	1,000 0 0	500 0 0	466 15 2	...	33 0 10
3. Conservancy receipts (other than taxes and rates).	3,000 0 0	3,000 0 0	2,424 8 1	...	575 7 11
4. Fees and Revenue from Educational Institutions.	...	...	...	...	...
5. Fees and Revenue from Medical Institutions.	...	...	...	...	...
6. Fees and Revenue from Markets and Slaughter-houses.	3,795 0 0	3,705 0 0	3,705 0 0	...	...
7. Fees and Revenue from Tramways.	...	...	...	...	...
8. Other fees (to be specified).	...	...	...	...	...

DISBURSEMENTS.	Budget Estimate of 1898-99.	Revised Estimate of 1898-99.	Actuals of 1898-99.	Increase over Revised Budget.	Decrease over Revised Budget.
EXPENDITURE.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.
A.—GENERAL ADMINISTRATION AND COLLECTION CHARGES—					
1. General Administration, Office Establishment, Inspection, Honorary Magistrate's Establishment, etc.	9,260 0 0	9,260 0 0	9,181 3 7	...	78 12 5
2. Collection of taxes, including Bonded Ware-houses (Establishment, purchase of account-books, etc., paper, money boxes, repairs to outposts, etc.).	11,436 0 0	11,000 0 0	10,727 14 8	...	272 1 4
3. Collection of tolls on roads and ferries.	...	...	...	...	...
4. Survey of land	...	...	...	...	...
5. Refunds	5,500 0 0	5,500 0 0	6,190 11 3	690 11 3	...
6. Refund of fines	...	...	1 0 0	1 0 0	...
B.—PUBLIC SAFETY—					
1. Fire (Establishment, purchase of fire-engines, buckets, repairs, etc.).	100 0 0	100 0 0	33 10 5	...	66 5 7
2. Lighting (Establishment, purchase of lamps and oil, repairs, etc.).	2,000 0 0	2,000 0 0	1,622 2 10	...	377 13 2
3. Police (Establishment, purchase of clothing, lanterns, etc., repairs to out-posts, etc.).	10,765 0 0	10,765 0 0	10,734 0 0	...	31 0 0
4. Rewards for destruction of wild animals and snakes.	100 0 0	100 0 0	45 13 0	...	54 3 0
C.—PUBLIC HEALTH AND CONVENIENCE—					
1. Water supply { Capital outlay	...	...	...	...	...
{ Establishment, etc.	600 0 0	600 0 0	750 4 9	150 4 9	...
2. Drainage { Capital outlay	...	...	...	...	...
{ Establishments, repairs, etc.	...	...	...	...	...
3. Conservancy (including Road cleaning and watering) and latrines.	27,640 0 0	28,400 0 0	29,528 2 8	1,128 2 8	...
4. Hospitals and Dispensaries	3,360 0 0	4,360 0 0	4,360 0 0	...	...
5. Vaccination	450 0 0	450 0 0	375 5 10	...	74 10 2
6. Market and slaughter-houses	350 0 0	350 0 0	364 2 2	14 2 2	...
7. Pounds	...	...	...	...	...
8. Dâk-bungalows and Serias	...	...	...	...	...
9. Arboriculture, Public Gardens and Experimental Cultivation.	1,540 0 0	1,540 0 0	1,624 14 1	84 14 1	...
10. Registration of Births and Deaths	...	...	...	...	...
11. Public Works—					
(*a*)—Establishment	960 0 0	960 0 0	916 9 9	...	43 6 3
(*b*)—Building } (*c*)—Road	19,000 0 0	19,000 0 0	18,889 6 6	...	110 9 6
(*d*)—Stores	...	...	...	...	...
D.—PUBLIC INSTRUCTION—					
1. Schools and Colleges	5,942 0 0	5,200 0 0	5,200 0 0	...	...
2. Contributions	[illegible] 0 0	[illegible] 0 0	[illegible] 0 0	...	...
3. Libraries, Museums, Menageries, etc.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

9. *Fines under Municipal and other Acts.*	600 0 0	600 0 0	777 4 0	177 4 0	...
10. *Interest on Investments*	...	...	...	...	...
11. Premium on loans .	...	...	...	...	...
D.—GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS (FOR GENERAL AND SPECIAL PURPOSES)—					
1. From Government .	...	...	...	...	...
2. From Local Funds .	...	...	...	...	...
3. Other . . .	...	...	...	...	...
E.—MISCELLANEOUS—					
1. Recoveri-s on account of services rendered to private individuals.	8,600 0 0	10,400 0 0	12,784 15 11	2,384 15 11	...
2. Other items . .	750 0 0	600 0 0	789 10 3	189 10 3	...
F.—EXTRAORDINARY AND DEBT—					
1. Sale-proceeds of Government Securities and withdrawal from Savings Bank.	...	...	...	...	...
2. Loans from Government. Loans raised in the market from private individuals.	...	...	...	...	...
3. Realizations of Sinking Funds for repayment of loans.	...	...	...	...	...
4. Advances (a) Permanent	90 0 0	300 0 0	292 8 0	...	7 8 0
4. Advances (b) Other .	2,000 0 0	2,000 0 0	567 10 3	...	1,432 5 9
5. Deposits . . .					
TOTAL RECEIPTS .	1,61,485 0 0	1,62,855 0 0	1,59,934 11 4	3,891 11 0	6,811 15 8
OPENING BALANCE .	15,031 11 10	16,474 8 11	16,474 8 11	...	...
GRAND TOTAL .	1,76,519 11 10	1,79,329 8 11	1,76,409 4 3	...	...

E.—CONTRIBUTIONS— (Revised Budget R / Actuals R a. p.) Cantonment share of octroi 40,140 / 37,287 9 3; Cantonment share of Hackney Carriages 500 / 395 11 4; Quetta Horse Show. 650 / 650 0 0; total 41,290 / 38,333 4 7	41,000 0 0	41,290 0 0	38,333 4 7	...	2,956 11 5
F.—MISCELLANEOUS—					
1. Interest on loans { Previous years	...	...	...	...	..
1. Interest on loans { Current year .	3,134 0 0	3,134 0 0	3,132 3 3	...	1 12 9
2. Discount	...	...	...	...	...
3. Actual cost of works done for private individual . . .	6,500 0 0	6,500 0 0	8,749 1 9	2,249 1 9	...
4. Other items (to be specified) . .	170 0 0	270 0 0	257 4 3	...	12 11 9
G.—EXTRAORDINARY AND DEBT—					
1. Investments—					
(a)—In securities (other than for Sinking Fund).	...	...	...	...	...
(b)—In Savings Bank . .	...	...	...	...	...
2. Payments to Sinking Fund . .	...	...	...	...	...
3. Repayments and Loans . .	9,650 0 0	9,774 0 0	9,773 6 9	...	0 9 3
4. Advances—					
(a)—Permanent . . .	...	...	...	...	...
(b)—Other	...	540 0 0	540 0 0	...	...
5. Deposits	2,000 0 0	2,000 0 0	696 0 7	...	1,303 15 5
TOTAL PAYMENTS .	1,61,817 0 0	1,63,453 0 0	1,62,386 10 8	4,318 4 8	5,384 10 0
CLOSING BALANCE .	14,702 11 10	15,876 8 11	14,022 9 7	...	...
GRAND TOTAL .	1,76,519 11 10	1,79,329 8 11	1,76,409 4 3	...	...
MEMORANDUM OF LIABILITIES AND CLAIMS					
Liabilities—					
Balance of Loans	...	...	62,137 2 0	...	...
Less balance of Sinking Funds . .	...	...	...	...	...
Net balances of Loans . . .	...	...	62,137 2 0	...	...
Deposits	...	...	283 12 8	...	...
	...	...	62,420 14 8	...	...
Claims—					
Advances recoverable . . .	...	...	352 8 0	...	...
Net amount of Debt .	...	...	62,062 6 8	...	...

Statemente of Recoveries made on account of Takavi Advances during the year ending 31st March 1899—concld.

District.	Name.	Amount repayable.			Repayments during the year under report. Principal.			Repayments during the year under report. Interest.			Balance.			Remarks.
1	2	3			4						5			6
	UNDER LAND IMPROVEMENT ACT—*concld*	R	a.	p.	R	a.	p.	R	a.	p.	R	a.	p.	
QUETTA-PISHIN.	Sadiq	400	0	0	200	0	0	25	6	7	200	0	0	
	Malik Zardad	300	0	0	150	0	0	16	5	4	150	0	0	
	Mulla Zaman	200	0	0	200	0	0	12	14	7	...			
	Malik Bahauddin	600	0	0	200	0	0	37	4	9	400	0	0	
	Iskan Khan	8,000	0	0	800	0	0	...			7,200	0	0	Interest has since been remitted *vide* Revenue Commissioner's No. 1435, dated the 20th May 1898.
	Noor Mohamad	1,100	0	0	110	0	0	...			990	0	0	
	Syed Shah Alam	2,000	0	0	500	0	0	45	0	0	1,500	0	0	
	Sahibzada Fakir Mohamad	5,000	0	0	300	0	0	...			4,700	0	0	
	Sultan Mohamad	...			...			0	1	4	...			
	Khan Sahib Ghulam Hydr Khan	2,500	0	0	100	0	0	...			2,400	0	0	
	Malik Amin	400	0	0	400	0	0	...			...			
	„ Bostan	500	0	0	115	0	0	...			385	0	0	
	Kadir Bukhsh	100	0	0	100	0	0	12	8	0	...			
	Malik Mehrban	280	0	0	80	0	0	69	6	6	200	0	0	
	Arbal Sher Zaman	160	0	0	160	0	0	...			...			
	Bismillah Ghilzai	800	0	0	400	0	0	51	10	8	400	0	0	
	Haibat	10	0	0	10	0	0	0	10	6	...			
	M. Amir and others	100	0	0	100	0	0	12	8	7	...			
	Sham-us-din and Soifuddin	600	0	0	100	0	0	0	3	0	500	0	0	
	Abdul Aziz and others	3,000	0	0	500	0	0	...			2,500	0	0	
	Bismellah Ghilzai	400	0	0	200	0	0	25	13	2	200	0	0	
	M. Ramzan and others	2,400	0	0	400	0	0	...			2,000	0	0	
	Bakhtiar Khan	700	0	0	300	0	0	132	11	4	400	0	0	
	Malik Shabo	150	0	0	150	0	0	9	6	0	...			
	Syed Mohamad Ashraf Shah	2,000	0	0	300	0	0	...			1,700	0	0	
	Kazi Abdul Ghias and others	500	0	0	166	10	8	...			333	5	4	
	Malik Yusaf	300	0	0	150	0	0	19	0	11	150	0	0	
	Malik Shah Pasand	1,000	0	0	250	0	0	83	1	5	750	0	0	
	Fatteh Khan	200	0	0	50	0	0	30	2	2	150	0	0	
	Saleh Mahamad	250	0	0	125	0	0	...			125	0	0	
	Syed Shah Alam	400	0	0	300	0	0	24	11	2	100	0	0	
	Umar and others	400	0	0	200	0	0	26	1	6	200	0	0	
	Malik Dad Mahmad	700	0	0	100	0	0	87	11	9	600	0	0	
	Shedi Khan	100	0	0	50	0	0	...			50	0	0	
	Gholam Hyder Khan	2,400	0	0	650	0	0	...			1,750	0	0	
	Sahibzada Fakir Mohamad	300	0	0	100	0	0	18	12	7	200	0	0	
	Khairo	100	0	0	100	0	0	6	13	7	...			
	Ghafoor Khan	450	0	0	50	0	0	28	7	4	400	0	0	
	Malik Shah Pasand	400	0	0	100	0	0	30	12	7	300	0	0	
	Akbar	250	0	0	100	0	0	...			150	0	0	
	Mohamad Umar	600	0	0	100	0	0	38	6	10	500	0	0	
	Malik Lawang	450	0	0	150	0	0	28	8	8	300	0	0	
	Mohamad Noor	60	0	0	20	0	0	3	12	11	40	0	0	
	Mohamad Umar	1,000	0	0	200	0	0	55	14	3	800	0	0	
	Syed Shah Alam	1,500	0	0	...			50	12	8	1,500	0	0	
	Ashoor Khan	200	0	0	40	0	0	11	12	6	160	0	0	
	Malik Yusaf	1,000	0	0	100	0	0	55	4	11	900	0	0	
	Malik Shabo	1,000	0	0	100	0	0	37	8	0	900	0	0	
	Sahbat	200	0	0	50	0	0	...			150	0	0	
	Malik Atta Mohamad	1,000	0	0	200	0	0	30	0	0	800	0	0	
	Malik Lawang	300	0	0	100	0	0	7	1	2	200	0	0	
	TOTAL	52,301	3	0	11,867	13	8	1,279	7	7	40,433	5	4	
	UNDER AGRICULTURALISTS LOAN ACT.													
QUETTA-PISHIN.	Malik Dad Mohamad	150	0	0	75	0	0	9	2	4	75	0	0	
	„ Meharban	80	0	0	40	0	0	3	15	1	40	0	0	
	„ Ostargo	150	0	0	50	0	0	...			100	0	0	
	„ Kutab	100	0	0	50	0	0	3	9	3	50	0	0	
	„ Taj Mohamad	66	10	8	66	10	8	...			...			
	Syed Mohamad	150	0	0	150	0	0	9	6	0	...			
	M. Inayaet	500	0	0	500	0	0	...			...			
	„ Astorgo	100	0	0	100	0	0	...			...			
	„ Saleh Mohamad	300	0	0	300	0	0	19	12	7	...			
	„ Mahd-ud-Din	100	0	0	50	0	0	5	10	10	50	0	0	
	„ Dilaram	100	0	0	50	0	0	5	13	8	50	0	0	
	„ Kutab	50	0	0	50	0	0	1	4	10	...			
	TOTAL	1,846	10	8	1,181	10	8	58	10	7	365	0	0	
	GRAND TOTAL	54,147	13	8	13,349	8	4	1,338	2	2	40,798	5	4	

P

Statement showing the Judicial work of the various Officers in the Quetta-Pishin District for the year 1898-99.

Officers.	Civil Suits disposed of. Original.	Appellate.	Execution of Decree cases.	Total.	Criminal trials disposed of. Original.	Appellate.	Total.	Miscellaneous revenue and other cases.	GRAND TOTAL.	Remarks.
Deputy Commissioner, Quetta .	48	55	10	113	29	54	83	186	382	
Assistant Political Agent, Quetta .	26	...	29	55	71	...	71	88	214	
Extra Assistant Commissioner, Quetta.	141	...	176	317	284	...	284	117	718	
Extra Assistant Commissioner, Pishin.	49	...	38	87	166	...	166	277	530	
Cantonment Magistrate, Quetta	558	...	446	1,004	1,151	...	1,151	213	2,368	
Treasury Officer and Senior Munsif, Quetta.	201	...	132	333	108	...	108	42	483	
Junior Munsif, Quetta . .	1,674	...	1,336	3,010	45	...	45	...	3,055	
Native Assistant, Khojak Pass .	65	...	41	106	53	...	53	4	163	
Tehsildar, Quetta . . .	80	...	19	99	33	...	33	21	153	
Do., Pishin . . .	148	...	66	214	40	...	40	...	254	
Naib Tehsildar, Quetta . .	28	...	4	32	...	...	...	3	35	
Do., Pishin . .	213	...	56	269	16	...	16	...	285	
Honorary Magistrate, II Class	...	...	...	...	171	...	171	37	208	
Do., III Class .	...	...	...	...	577	...	577	9	586	
TOTAL .	3,231	55	2,353	5,639	2,744	54	2,798	997	9,434	

Q

Statement showing the number and classification of political cases in the Quetta-Pishin District by Jirga during the year 1898-99.

Place of Jirga Sitting.	Local classes. Murder.	Robbery.	Adultery.	Adultery with murder.	Land and Revenue.	Betrothal and other cases connected with marriage.	Cattle lifting.	Miscellaneous.	Total.	Inter-provincial cases between Baluchistan Sind and the Punjab. With Punjab.	With Sind.	Total.	Total.	Remarks.
Quetta . . .	1	...	2	...	4	4	...	10	21	...	...	...	21	
Pishin . . .	5	...	5	...	5	9	2	24	50	...	...	...	50	
Chaman . . .	3	3	13	1	35	4	24	64	147	1	...	1	148	
Total .	9	3	20	1	44	17	26	98	218	1	...	1	219	

R

Statement showing the Registration work of the Quetta-Pishin District for the year 1898-99.

Station.	Documents registered. Compulsory.	Optional. Relating to immoveable property.	Optional. Other.	Total realizations including copying fees. R a. p.	Expenditure inclusive of that paid out of copying fees. Fees to Sub-Registrars. Amount paid from the receipts before amount being credited into the Treasury. R	Fees to Sub-Registrars. Amount drawn from the Treasury in 1898-99. R a. p.	Fees to Copyist. Amount paid from the receipts before the amount being credited into the Treasury. R	Fees to Copyist. Amount drawn from the Treasury in 1898-99. R a. p.	Remarks.
Quetta City . . .	245	12	77	882 4 0	...	191 4 0	...	82 0 0	
Quetta Cantonment . . .	...	...	1	1 8 0	...	...	...	0 4 0	
Pishin	93	...	13	309 0 0	...	121 8 0	...	26 4 0	
Chaman	14	...	1	40 8 0	...	15 8 0	...	3 4 0	
Total .	352	12	92	1,233 4 0	...	328 4 0	...	111 12 0	

No. 729, dated Quetta, the 8th July 1899.

From—S. E. WALLACE, Esq., District Superintendent of Police, Quetta-Pishin and Thal Chotiali,
To—Captain J. RAMSAY, C.I.E., District Magistrate, Quetta-Pishin.

I have the honour to forward, for transmission to the Inspector General of Police, with such remarks, if any, as you may have occasion to make, the Administration Report, Part I, of the Quetta-Pishin Police for the year 1898-99.

The returns include the working of the Police in the Bolan and of the Railway Police from Chaman to Mushkaf; and the latter returns have also been made out separately.

PART I.—*Crime and Criminals.*

1. The number of cognizable cases of all kinds, Classes I to VI of Statement No. 1 which occurred during the year was 737 against 733 in 1897-98—increase 4.

2. Eliminating Class VI, the number of cases was 388 against 486 in 1897-98, showing a decrease of 98.

3. Class VI is almost entirely made up of petty cases in the city under section 34 of the Police Act, of which there were 339 against 217 in the preceding year; so that, eliminating these, it will be seen that there has been a very appreciable decrease in crime during the year under review.

4. I look on these figures as very satisfactory seeing that there has been a steady decrease of crime during the last two years.

5. There is no particular reason to give for this decrease, but I think it may fairly be claimed to be due in great measure to greater activity on the part of the Police and to more energetic measures in the surveillance of criminals.

6. Every case included in these returns was investigated by the Police: none were dealt with direct by Magistrates.

7. Crime was proportionately distributed over the district. The city as usual heads the list with 133 cases (excluding cases under section 34, Police Act); the Sadar station follows with 67 cases, and Pishin with 54, against 176, 95 and 59, respectively, in the preceding year. In no Police station has there been an increase.

8. The offences in which the greatest difference in numbers is seen between the two years are: (i) Class II—Serious offences against the persons,—decrease 22; (ii) Class V—Minor offences against property,—decrease of 75. In this class the most noticeable decrease was in theft cases, sections 379, etc., of which there were 160 against 224 in 1897-98.

9. The number of burglaries during the year under review was 110 against 125 in 1897-98.

10. The *modus operandi* in burglaries was as follows:—

(i) By breaking or picking locks	41
(ii) By opening doors or windows	23
(iii) By making holes through walls	31
(iv) By entry through roofs, etc.	2
(v) By climbing over walls	3
(vi) By other methods	10
	110

11. A large number of these were again this year petty cases and only technically burglaries.

12. The number of murders was 9, the same as in the two preceding years; and I think this number is very small considering the character and composition of the population of the Quetta and Pishin district.

13. Of these 9 cases, 1 occurred in the city, 2 in the Sadar station jurisdiction, 3 in Pishin, 2 in Killa Abdulla, and 1 in Mach.

14. Three of these murders were committed by Pathans of the district, 4 by Brahuis, 1 by Pathans of other districts and 1 by person unknown.

15. In two cases convictions were obtained. In one of the Killa Abdulla cases Malik Din Mohamad, Safauzai, and four others, against whom there was ample proof, fled across the border. In one of the Pishin cases a Kakar who murdered a fellow tribesman also fled across the border. He was followed and prosecuted in Afghanistan by the murdered man's relatives and is reported to have been sentenced to imprisonment for life by His Highness the Amir.

16. The motives actuating the murders were:—

(i) Arising out of the relations of the sexes	1
(ii) Robbery or gain	5
(iii) Land dispute	1
(iv) Feud	1
(v) unknown	1

17. The number of persons murdered was 10 : of these nine were adult males and one an adult female.

18. The only really serious case which occurred during the year was one in which a gang of seven or more men, nearly all Wazirs, broke into the house of Subadar Mohamad Hanif of the 24th Baluchistan Regiment at Killa Arbab Shero on the night of the 16th October, murdered the Subadar, wounded one of his wives severely, and carried off a large sum in cash, and other property. The gang was followed and two of them were overtaken and captured near the village of Choter beyond Ziarat. Three took refuge in the hills above Choter from which village a number of Vanechis turned out and joined in the pursuit. They brought the murderers to bay and a fight ensued in which two of the latter were killed. One of the Vanechis also lost his life. The remaining members of the gang made good their escape. The Vanechis on the occasion behaved with great courage and determination and will be suitably rewarded. The two men of the gang who were captured were convicted and sentenced, one to transportation for life, and the other for 10 years.

WORKING AND MEASURES OF DETECTION.

19. The number of cognizable cases of all kinds which occurred during the year 1897-98 and 1898-99, the number convicted and the percentage the latter bear to the former are given below, with the same information regarding persons arrested and convicted :—

Cases.

YEAR.	Reported.	Convicted.	Percentage.
1897-98	733	350	47
1898-99	737	495	67

Persons.

YEAR.	Arrested.	Convicted.	Percentage.
1897-98	596	420	70
1898-99	702	540	77

20. The value of property stolen and recovered was :—

YEAR.	Stolen.	Recovered.	Percentage.
	R	R	
1897-98	34,027	17,134	50
1898-99	27.565	13,412	49

21. It will be seen from these figures that there has been a marked improvement in the working of the Police during the year under review. Ninety-four per cent. of cases sent for trial were convicted.

22. The best results in working were shown by the Mach Railway Police Station, Mach District Police Station, Pishin and the City. There was a falling off at Killa Abdulla and the Sadar Police Station.

PREVENTIVE MEASURES.

23. I would invite attention to the concluding portion of paragraph 20 of my report for last year. There is the same difficulty still in getting bad characters in the city placed on security.

M

24. There has not been time yet to judge of the effect of the new sections of the Code of Criminal Procedure regarding habitual and first offenders, but in a country like Baluchistan I do not look for much benefits from them.

AIDS TO THE POLICE.

25. The following are the Honorary Magistrates in Quetta :—

2nd class K. B. Burjorji D. Patel.

3rd class Seth Bhik Chand.

Ditto Seth Mohamad Alli.

Ditto Mr. Ardeshirji.

26. The number of cases disposed of by these Magistrates are given below :—

K. B. Burjorji D. Patel, 42 cases (including 8 under section 34, Police Act).

Seth Bhik Chand, 99 cases, all section 34, Police Act.

Seth Mahamad Ali, 104 cases, all section 34, Police Act.

Mr. Ardeshirji, 100 cases, all section 34, Police Act.

27. None of the above Magistrates have power to dispose summarily of section 34 cases, and it will be seen from the above figures how much of the time of the Police must be taken up in attending hearings of petty nuisance cases.

28. I enclose the following statements :—

No. 1. Return of Crime.

No. 2. Return of persons arrested and convicted.

No. 3. Return of property stolen and recovered.

No. 1.

RETURN OF COGNIZABLE CRIME FOR THE YEAR 1898-99.

Part III.—Return of Cases reported at a Police Station or taken up by the Police in the year 1898-99.

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Offence.	Cases (originally reported at a Police station or taken up on suspicion by the Police) pending under Police investigation from 1897.	Reported during the year. Investigated by the Police. Upon the report.	Reported during the year. Investigated by the Police. Under Magistrate's order after investigation has been refused by the Police.	Reported during the year. Not investigated.	Reported during the year. Total.	Percentage of cases investigated at once on report (column 5) to total.	Cases taken up by Station officer otherwise than upon report.	Total of cases investigated by the Police (i.e., of columns 4, 5, 6 and 10).	Not sent to Magistrate (b) accused if any released under section 169, Criminal Procedure Code. In which the Magistrate ordered case to be struck off as false, mistaken or non-cognizable.	Not sent to Magistrate. In which no such order was passed, but the case was not tried by Magistrate.	In which Magistrate sent for the accused and tried the case. Convicted.	In which Magistrate sent for the accused and tried the case. Not convicted.	In which Magistrate sent for the accused and tried the case. Pending at close of year.	Cases other than those in columns 12 to 16 in which the offender was not detected or apprehended.	Cases still under investigation by the Police at the end of the year.	Cases sent before the Magistrate.	Cases pending in Court at beginning of year.	Total of cases before the Court.	Number ending in discharge or acquittal.	Number ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to total of columns 22 and 23.	Number declared by Court after trial never to have occurred or to be mistaken, of law or fact.	Number in which the Court held after trial that a non-cognizable offence only was committed.	Number still under trial at close of the year.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
		QUETTA-PISHIN DISTRICT.																									
		CLASS I.—OFFENCES AGAINST THE STATE, PUBLIC TRANQUILITY, SAFETY AND JUSTICE.																									
1	Sections 239 and 241, I. P. C.	Offences against coin	...	2	...	...	2	100	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	1	100	...	...	1	
2	Sections 212, I. P. C.	Harbouring an offender	...	1	...	...	1	100	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	
3	" 224 "	Other offences against public justice.	...	4	...	...	4	100	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	1	1	2	...	2	100	...	...	...	
4	" 147 "	Rioting	...	2	...	...	2	100	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	4	...	...	...	2	1	1	*The accused died and the case filed.
5	" 170 "	Personating a public servant	1	1	...	...	1	100	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	1*	100	...	...	...	
		TOTAL	1	10	...	...	10	100	...	11	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	8	3	11	...	4	100	3	1	2	
		CLASS II.—SERIOUS OFFENCES AGAINST PERSONS.																									
6	Sections 302, 396, I. P. C.	Murder	3	9	...	...	9	100	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	6	1	5	1	6	1	2	66	2	...	1	
7	Section 307, I. P. C.	Attempt at murder	1	6	...	...	6	100	...	7	4	...	...	1	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	1	1	
8	" 376 "	Rape	...	3	...	...	3	100	...	3	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	
9	" 377 "	Unnatural offence	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	
10	" 309 "	Suicide	...	2	...	...	2	100	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	
11	" 333 "	Grievous hurt to deter public servant from his duty.	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	100	...	...	...	
12	Sections 325, 326 and 335, I. P. C.	Grievous hurt	1	12	...	...	12	100	...	13	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	2	11	2	8	80	...	1	...	
		Carried over	6	32	...	...	32	100	...	38	10	...	1	1	...	6	1	19	4	23	3	11	...	4	2	3	

Part III.—Return of Cases reported at a Police Station or taken up by the Police in the year 1898-99—continued.

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Offence.	Cases (originally reported at a Police station or taken up on suspicion by the Police) pending under Police investigation from 1897.	Reported during the year. Investigated by the Police. Upon the report.	Reported during the year. Investigated by the Police. Under Magistrate's order after investigation has been refused by the Police.	Reported during the year. Not investigated.	Reported during the year. Total.	Percentage of cases investigated at once on report (column 5) to total.	Cases taken up by Station officer otherwise than upon report.	Total of cases investigated by the Police (i.e., of columns 4, 5, 6 and 10).	Not sent to Magistrate (b) accused if any released under section 169, Criminal Procedure Code. In which the Magistrate ordered case to be struck off as false, mistaken or non-cognizable.	Not sent to Magistrate. In which no such order was passed, but the case was not tried by Magistrate.	In which Magistrate sent for the accused and tried the case. Convicted.	In which Magistrate sent for the accused and tried the case. Not convicted.	In which Magistrate sent for the accused and tried the case. Pending at close of year.	Cases other than those in columns 12 to 16 in which the offender was not detected or apprehended.	Cases still under investigation by the Police at the end of the year.	Cases sent before the Magistrate.	Cases pending in Court at beginning of year.	Total of cases before the Court.	Number ending in discharge or acquittal.	Number ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to total of columns 22 and 23.	Number declared by Court after trial never to have occurred or to be mistaken, of law or fact.	Number in which the court held after trial that a non-cognizable offence only was committed.	Number still under trial at close of the year.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
		Brought forward .	6	32	...	...	32	100	...	38	10	...	1	1	...	6	1	19	4	23	3	11	...	4	2	3	
		Class II.—Serious offences against persons—*concld.*																									
13	Section 324, I. P. C.	Voluntarily causing hurt by dangerous weapons.	1	1	...	...	1	100	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	2	100	...	...	...	
14	„ 373 „	Habitual dealing in slaves .	...	1	...	...	1	100	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Case transferred to Rawal Pindi.
15	„ 353 „	Criminal force to public servant	...	1	...	...	1	100	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	100	...	...	...	
16	„ 304A „	Causing death by rash or negligent act.	...	1	...	...	1	100	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	100	...	...	...	
17	„ 498 „	Enticing or taking away with criminal intent a married woman.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Case transferred to non-cognizable.
		Total .	7	36	...	...	36	100	...	43	11	...	1	1	...	6	1	23	4	27	3	15	83	4	2	3	
		Class III.—Offences against persons and property or property only.																									
8	Sections 395, 397, I. P. C.	Dacoity	...	5	...	...	5	100	..	5	...	...	...	1	...	2	1	1	1	2	1	...	...	1	...	...	
9	Section 394, I. P. C.	Robbery with hurt . .	1	4	...	...	4	100	...	5	1	...	...	...	...	3	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	
0	„ 392, „	Robbery	1	11	...	...	11	100	...	12	3	...	...	...	...	6	1	2	...	2	...	2	100	...	...	...	
1	Sections 430, 435 and 436, I. P. C.	Mischief by fire . . .	...	14	...	...	14	100	...	14	2	...	1	...	...	7	1	3	...	3	1	2	66	...	...	...	
2	Sections 4-8 and 429, I. P. C.	Mischief by killing or poisoning animals.	...	3	...	...	3	100	...	3	...		...	...	...	2	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	
3	Sections 454, 457 and 458, I. P. C.	Lurking house-trespass or house breaking.	16	124	...	...	124	100	...	140	14	4	...	...	...	100	9	13	4	17	4	13	76	...	...	...	
		Total .	18	161	—	...	161	100	...	179	20	4	1	1	...	120	12	21	5	26	7	17	70	1	...	1	
		Class IV.—Minor offences against persons.																									
24	Section 342, I. P. C.	Wrongfully confining any person	...	1	...	...	1	100	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total .	...	1	...	...	1	100	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	

		CLASS V.—MINOR OFFENCES AGAINST PROPERTY.																								
25	Sections 456 to 511 I. P. C.	Lurking house-trespass	...	14	...	...	14	100	...	14	...	...	...	...	...	11	1	2	...	2	...	2	100	...	...	...
26	" 379 to 382 I. P. C.	Theft	23	176	...	...	176	100	...	199	14	3	...	1	...	83	8	89	2	91	5	83	94	1	1	1
27	" 406 to 409 I. P. C.	Criminal breach of trust	...	4	...		4	100	...	4	...	...	...	...	1	2	...	1	...	1	...	1	100	...	...	...
28	Section 411, I. C. P.	Receiving stolen property	5	39	...	...	39	100	...	44	2	1	...	...	...	2	2	37	...	37	4	30	88	2	...	1
		TOTAL	28	233	...	...	233	100	...	261	16	4	...	1	1	98	11	129	2	131	9	116	93	3	1	2
		TOTAL OF 5 CLASSES	51	441	..	...	441	100	...	495	47	8	2	3	1	227	24	182	14	196	20	152	88	11	4	8
		CLASS VI.—OTHER OFFENCES NOT SPECIFIED ABOVE.																								
29	Section 110, C. P. C.	Security for good behaviour	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	2	...
30	" 13, Act 3 of 1867.	Gambling	...	2	...	...	2	100	...	2	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	2	1	3	...	2	100	...	1	...
31	" 39, 41, 48 of Act 22 of 1881.	Excise Act	...	3	...	...	3	100	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	1	2	66	...	...	...
32	" 9, Act 1 of 1878, and 109, I. P. C.	Opium Act	...	2	...	...	2	100	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	2	100	...	...	...
33	" 126, Act 9 of 1890.	Railway Act	...	4	...	...	4	100	...	4	1	...	..	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	...	3	100	...	...	...
34	" 279, I. P. C.	Driving or riding on a public way.	...	1	...	...	1	100	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	100	...	...	...
35	" 34, Act 5 of 1861.	Public or local nuisances	...	339	...	...	339	100	...	339	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	339	1	340	8	332	98	...	..	...
36	" 13, Act 13 of 1889.	Cantonment	...	1	...	...	1	100	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	1	...	1	...	1	100	...	...	...
		TOTAL	...	352	...	...	352	100	...	352	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	351	4	255	9	343	97	...	3	...
		GRAND TOTAL	54	793	...	...	793	100	...	847	48	8	2	3	1	227	42	533	18	551	29	495	94	11	7	8
		RAILWAY, QUETTA, AND RAILWAY, MACH.																								
		CLASS II.—SERIOUS OFFENCES AGAINST PERSONS.																								
1	Section 307, I.P.C.	Attempt at murder	...	1	...	...	1	100	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	" 309 "	Suicide	...	1	...	...	1	100	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...
		TOTAL	...	2	...	...	2	100	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	..	...
		CLASS III.—OFFENCES AGAINST PERSONS AND PROPERTY OR PROPERTY ONLY.																								
3	Section 392 I. P. C.	Robbery	...	1	...	...	1	100	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		TOTAL	...	1	...	...	1	100	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Carried over	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Part III.—Return of Cases reported at a Police Station or taken up by the Police in the year 1898-99—continued.

Serial number.	Law under which punishable.	Offence.	Cases (originally reported at a Police station or taken up on suspicion by the Police) pending under Police investigation from 1897.	Reported during the year. Investigated by the Police. Upon the report.	Reported during the year. Investigated by the Police. Under Magistrate's order after investigation has been refused by the Police.	Reported during the year. Not investigated.	Reported during the year. Total.	Reported during the year. Percentage of cases investigated at once on report (column 5) to total.	Cases taken up by Station officer otherwise than upon report.	Total of cases investigated by the Police (*i.e.*, of columns 4, 5, 6 and 10).	Not sent to Magistrate (*b*) accused if any released under section 169, Criminal Procedure Code. In which the Magistrate ordered case to be struck off as false, mistaken or non-cognizable.	Not sent to Magistrate. In which no such order was passed but the case was not tried by Magistrate.	Not sent to Magistrate. In which Magistrate sent for the accused and tried the case. Convicted.	Not sent to Magistrate. In which Magistrate sent for the accused and tried the case. Not convicted.	Not sent to Magistrate. In which Magistrate sent for the accused and tried the case. Pending at close of year.	Cases other than those in columns 12 to 16 in which the offender was not detected or apprehended.	Cases still under investigation by the Police at the end of the year.	Cases sent before the Magistrate.	Cases pending in Court at beginning of year.	Total of cases before the Court.	Number ending in discharge or acquital.	Number ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to total of columns 22 and 23.	Number declared by Court after trial never to have occurred or to be mistaken of law or fact.	Number which the Court held after trial that a non-cognizable offence only was committed.	Number still under trial at close of the year.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
		Brought forward	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		CLASS V.—MINOR OFFENCES AGAINST PROPERTY.																									
4	Sections 379 and 380, I.P.C.	Theft	3	27	...	...	27	100	...	30	2	...	...	1	...	15	5	7	...	7	2	5	71	...	...	...	
5	Section 411, I.P.C.	Receiving stolen property	...	11	...	...	11	100	...	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	...	11	2	9	82	...	...	...	
		TOTAL	3	38	...	...	38	100	...	41	2	...	...	1	...	15	5	18	...	18	4	14	77	...	...	...	
		TOTAL OF 5 CLASSES	3	41	...	...	41	100	...	44	4	...	...	1	...	15	5	19	...	19	4	14	77	...	...	...	
		CLASS VI.—OTHER OFFENCES NOT SPECIFIED ABOVE.																									
	Section 126, Act of 1890.	Railway Act	...	4	...	...	4	100	...	4	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	...	3	100	...	...	...	
	" 34, Act 5 of 1861.	Public and local nuisances	...	30	...	...	30	100	...	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	30	...	30	2	28	93	...	...	...	
		TOTAL	...	34	...	...	34	100	...	34	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	33	...	33	2	31	94	...	...	...	
		GRAND TOTAL	3	75	...	...	75	100	...	78	5	...	...	1	...	15	5	52	...	52	6	45	88	1	...	...	
		DISTRICT MACH, BOLAN.																									
		CLASS I.—OFFENCES AGAINST STATE, PUBLIC TRANQUILITY, SAFETY AND JUSTICE.																									
1	Section 224, I.P.C.	Escape from custody	...	1	...	...	1	100	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

		TOTAL	...	1	...	...	1	100	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	--	...	...
		CLASS II.—SERIOUS OFFENCES AGAINST PERSONS.																								
2	Section 302, I.P.C.	Murder	...	1	...	...	1	100	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	" 307, "	Attempt at murder	...	1	...	...	1	100	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	" 325, "	Grevious hurt	...	1	...	...	1	100	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	100	...	...	...
		TOTAL	...	3	...	...	3	100	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	1	100	...	...	...
		CLASS III.—OFFENCES AGAINST PERSONS AND PROPERTY OR PROPERTY ONLY.																								
5	Section 397, I. P. C.	Dacoity	...	1	...	...	1	100	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...
6	" 394, "	Robbery with hurt	1	1	...	...	1	100	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1
7	Sections 454, 457 I. P. C.	House-breaking by night	3	5	...	...	5	100	...	8	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	1	...	1	100	...	...	...
		TOTAL	4	7	...	...	7	100	...	11	2	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	...	3	...	1	100	1	...	1
		CLASS IV.—SERIOUS OFFENCES AGAINST PERSONS.																								
8	Section 342, I. P. C.	Wrongfully confining any person.	...	1	...	...	1	100	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
		TOTAL	...	1	...	...	1	100	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
		CLASS V.—MINOR OFFENCES AGAINST PROPERTY.																								
9	Section 456, I. P. C.	House-breaking	...	2	...	...	2	100	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	Sections 379 and 38, I. P. C.	Theft	3	8	...	...	8	100	...	11	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	8	...	8	...	7	100	...	1	...
11	Section 411, I. P. C.	Receiving stolen property	1	2	...	...	2	100	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	...	2	...	2	100	...	...	...
		TOTAL	4	12	...	...	12	100	...	16	...	...	...	...	...	3	3	10	...	10	...	9	100	...	1	...
		TOTAL OF 5 CLASSES	8	24	...	...	24	100	...	32	3	...	...	...	...	8	3	15	...	15	1	11	92	1	1	1
		CLASS VI.—OTHER OFFENCES NOT SPECIFIED ABOVE.																								
12	Section 110, C P.C.	Security for good behaviour	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...
13	" 48, Act 22 of 1896.	Excise Act	...	1	...	...	1	100	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	100	...	...	...
		TOTAL	...	1	...	...	1	100	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	2	...	1	100	...	1	...
		GRAND TOTAL	8	25	...	...	25	100	...	33	3	...	...	...	...	8	3	16	1	17	1	12	92	1	2	1

Part III.—Return of Cases reported at a Police Station or taken up by the Police in the year 1898-99—concluded.

Law under which punishable.	Offence.	Cases (originally reported at a Police station or taken up on suspicion by the Police) pending under Police investigation from 1897.	Reported during the year. Investigated by the Police. Upon the report.	Reported during the year. Investigated by the Police. Under Magistrate's order after investigation has been refused by the Police.	Reported during the year. Not investigated.	Reported during the year. Total.	Percentage of cases investigated at once on report (column 5) to total.	Cases taken up by Station officer otherwise than upon report.	Total of cases investigated by the Police (*i.e.*, of columns 4, 5, 6 and 10).	Not sent to Magistrate (b) accused if any released under section 169, Criminal Procedure Code. In which the Magistrate ordered case to be struck off as false, mistaken or non-cognizable.	In which no such order was passed, but the case was not tried by Magistrate.	In which Magistrate sent for the accused and tried the case. Convicted.	Not convicted.	Pending at close of year.	Cases other than those in columns 12 to 16 in which the offender was not detected or apprehended.	Cases still under investigation by the Police at the end of the year.	Cases sent before the Magistrate.	Cases pending in Court at beginning of year.	Total of cases before the Court.	Number ending in discharge or acquittal.	Number ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to total of columns 22 and 23.	Number declared by Court after trial never to have occurred or to be mistaken of law or fact.	Number which the Court held after trial that a non-cognizable offence only was committed.	Number still under trial at close of the year.	Remarks.
2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	NON-COGNIZABLE CRIMES.																									
Section 182	Giving false information	...	8	...	...	8	100	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	...	8	1	6	88	...	...	1	
" 223	Allowing a prisoner to escape	...	2	...	...	2	100	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	2	100	...	...	...	
" 323	Voluntarily causing hurt	...	3	...	...	3	100	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	1	2	66	...	...	...	
" 403	Misappropriation	...	2	...	...	2	100	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	2	100	...	...	...	
Sections 109 and 110, C.P.C.	Security for good behaviour	...	5	...	...	5	100	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	2	5	1	1	50	3	...	...	
Sections 3, 4 and 15, Act 3 of 1867.	Gambling	...	9	...	...	9	100	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	...	9	...	8	100	1	...	...	
Section 370, I.P.C.	Buying any person as slave	...	1	...	...	1	100	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	..	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	
" 498 "	Enticing or taking away a married woman.	...	2	...	...	2	100	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	2	100	...	...	...	
	TOTAL	...	32	...	...	32	100	...	32	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	32	2	32	4	23	85	4	...	1	

No. 2.

RETURN OF COGNIZABLE CRIME FOR THE YEAR 1898-99.

Part IV.—Return of Persons concerned in cases reported at the Police Station or in cases taken up by the Police.

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Offence.	Persons in Police custody or on bail under section 170, Criminal Procedure Code, at beginning of year as concerned in cases reported to or in cases taken up by the Police.	Persons arrested by the Police. Upon the report of other information.	Persons arrested by the Police. Under Magistrate's orders after investigation has been refused by the Police or the Police has reported the charge to be false.	Persons not arrested because absconded in cases occurring during the year.	Persons released by the Station Officer under section 169 and not required to appear by Magistrate.	Percentage of column 8 to column 5.	Persons released by Magistrate's order before trial (A).	Persons on bail or still in Police custody at close of year.	Persons appearing under order of the Magistrate.	Persons whose cases were under trial before the Court at beginning of the year.	Total number of persons tried.	Number of discharged or acquitted (B).	Number convicted including those ordered to give security for good behaviour (C).	Percentage of number convicted on total of columns 15 and 16.	Number of persons convicted who had been arrested by the Police on report or information (column 5).	Number under trial at close of the year.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
		QUETTA-PISHIN DISTRICT.																	
		CLASS I.—OFFENCES AGAINST STATE, PUBLIC TRANQUILITY, SAFTTY AND JUSTICE.																	
1	Sections 239 and 241, I. P. C.	Offences against coin	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	100	1	1	
2	Section 244, I. P. C.	Escape from custody	...	3	...	3	...	...	1	...	...	1	3	...	3	100	2	...	
3	" 212 "	Harbouring an offender	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	
4	" 147 "	Rioting	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	22	...	...	...	...	5	
5	" 170 "	Personating a public servant	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	100	1	...	
		TOTAL	...	20	...	3	...	...	1	...	...	16	29	...	5	100	4	6	
		CLASS II.—SERIOUS OFFENCES AGAINST PERSONS.																	
6	Sections 302 and 396, I. P. C.	Murder	3	16	...	7	...	...	4	5	4	2	8	1	3	75	2	3	
7	Section 307, I. P. C.	Attempt at murder	2	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	2	1	...	...	...	1	
8	" 376 "	Rape	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	100	1	1	
9	" 377 "	Unnatural offences	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
10	" 309 "	Suicide	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	
11	" 333 "	Voluntarily causing grievous hurt to deter public servant from his duty.	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	100	2	...	
12	Sections 325, 326 and 335, I. P. C.	Grievous hurt	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	15	3	11	78	8	...	
13	Section 324, I. P. C.	Hurt by dangerous weapon	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	4	100	4	...	
14	" 373 "	Buying a minor for the purpose of prostitution.	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
15	" 353 "	Criminal force to deter public servant from his duty.	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	100	1	...	
16	" 304A "	Murder by negligent act	...	2	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	100	1	...	
17	" 498 "	Enticing or taking away a married woman	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		TOTAL	7	44	...	7	...	...	5	5	6		35	5	23	82	19	5	
		Carried over	7	64	...	10	...	...	6	5	6		64	5	28		23	11	

Serial number.	Law under which punishable.	Offence.	Persons in Police custody or on bail under section 170, Criminal Procedure Code, at beginning of year as concerned in cases reported to or in cases taken up by the Police.	Persons arrested by the Police. Upon the report or other information.	Persons arrested by the Police. Under Magistrate's orders after investigation has been refused by the Police or the Police has reported the charge to be false.	Persons not arrested because absconded in cases occurring during the year.	Persons released by the Station Officer under section 169 and not required to appear by Magistrate.	Percentage of column 8 to column 5.	Persons released by Magistrate's order before trial (A).	Persons on bail or still in Police custody at close of year.	Persons appearing under order of the Magistrate.	Persons whose cases were under trial before the Court at beginning of the year.	Total number of persons tried.	Number of discharged or acquitted (B).	Number convicted including those ordered to give security for good behaviour (C).	Percentage of number convicted or total of columns 15 and 16.	Number of persons convicted who had been arrested by the Police on report or information (column 5).	Number under trial at close of the year.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
		Brought forward	7	64	...	10	...	...	6	5	6	22	64	5	28		23	11	
		Class III.—Offences against persons and property or property only.																	
18	Sections 395, 397, I. P. C.	Dacoity	...	5	...	7	...	...	2	...	...	2	5	2	...	...	...	...	
19	Section 394, I. P. C.	Robbery with hurt	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	—	2	
20	" 392, "	Robbery	2	2	...	3	...	...	...	1	...	..	3	...	3	100	1	...	
21	Sections 430, 435 and 436, I. P. C.	Mischief by fire	...	39	...	...	...	...	16	...	2	1	24	2	22	92	22	...	
22	Sections 428, 429, I. P. C.	Killing or poisoning animals	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	
23	Sections 454 to 458, I. P. C.	House-trespass and house-breaking	1	22	...	4	5	23	...	1	...	5	22	7	15	68	11	...	
		Total	3	71	...	16	5	23	18	2	2	8	55	12	40	77	34	2	
		Class IV.—Minor offences against persons.																	
4	Section 342, I. P. C.	Wrongfully confining any person	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	4	...	...	...	...	
		Total	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	4	...	...	...	...	
		Class V.—Minor offences against property.																	
5	Sections 456, 511, I. P. C.	House-breaking	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	2	66	2	...	
6	Sections 379 to 382, I. P. C.	Theft	5	130	...	18	5	3	6	3	3	8	118	8	109	93	105	3	
7	Sections 406 to 409, I. P. C.	Criminal breach of trust	...	3	...	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	1	100	1	2	
8	Sections 411 to 414, I. P. C.	Receiving stolen property	1	54	...	...	1	2	...	3	...	...	47	15	32	68	31	1	
		Total	6	190	...	20	6	3	6	6	5	8	169	24	144	86	139	6	
		Total of 5 Classes	16	329	...	46	11	3	30	13	13	33	292	45	212	82	196	19	

		Class VI.—Other offences not specified above.																
29	Section 110, C. P. C.	Security for good behaviour	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
30	„ 13, Act 3 of 1867.	Gambling	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	15	1	11	92	11	...
31	Sections 39, 41, Act 22 of 1881.	Excise	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	2	66	2	...
32	Section 9, Act 1 of 1878, Section 109, I. P. C.	Opium	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	1	6	86	6	...
33	Section 126, Act 9 of 1890.	Railway Act	...	6	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	5	...	5	100	5	...
34	Section 279, I. P. C.	Driving or riding on public way	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	100	2	...
35	„ 34, Act 5 of 1867.	Public and local nuisances	...	342	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	343	25	318	92	317	...
36	Section 18, Act 13 of 1889.	Cantonment	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	100	1	...
		Total	...	373	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	6	376	28	345	92	344	...
		GRAND TOTAL	16	702	...	46	11	2	31	13	13	39	668	73	557	88	540	19
		RAILWAY, QUETTA, AND RAILWAY, MACH.																
		Class II.—Serious offences against persons.																
1	Section 309, I. P. C.	Suicide	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
		Class V.—Minor offences against property.																
2	Sections 379 to 382, I. P. C.	Theft	3	15	...	...	...	...	3	1	...	...	14	5	9	64	9	...
3	Section 411, I. P. C.	Receiving stolen property	...	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	6	9	60	9	...
		Total	3	30	...	...	...	...	3	1	...	...	29	11	18	62	18	...
		Total of 5 Classes	3	31	...	...	...	...	3	1	...	...	30	11	18	62	18	...
		Class VI.—Other offences not specified above.																
4	Section 126, Act 9 of 1890.	Railway Act	...	6	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	5	...	5	100	5	...
5	Section 34, Act 5 of 1861.	Public and local nuisances	...	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	30	2	28	93	28	...
		Total	...	36	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	35	2	33	94	33	...
		GRAND TOTAL	3	67	...	...	...	...	4	1	...	...	65	13	51	80	51	...

Part IV.—Return of Persons concerned in cases reported at the Police Station or in cases taken up by the Police—concluded.

Serial number.	Law under which punishable.	Offence.	Persons in Police custody or on bail under section 170, Criminal Procedure Code, at beginning of year as concerned in cases reported to or in cases taken up by the Police.	Persons arrested by the Police. Upon the report or other information.	Persons arrested by the Police. Under Magistrates' orders after investigation has been refused by the Police or the Police has reported the charge to be false.	Persons not arrested because absconded in cases occurring during the year.	Persons released by the Station Officer under section 169 and not required to appear by Magistrate.	Percentage of column 8 to column 5.	Person released by Magistrate's order before trial (A).	Persons on bail or still in Police custody at close of year.	Persons appearing under order of the Magistrate.	Persons whose cases were under trial before the Court at beginning of the year.	Total number of persons tried.	Number of discharged or acquitted (B).	Number convicted including those ordered to give security for good behaviour (C).	Percentage of number convicted on total of columns 15 and 16.	Number of persons convicted who had been arrested by the Police on report or information (column 5).	Number under trial at close of the year.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
		DISTRICT MACH.																	
		Class I.—Offences against State, public tranquility, safety and justice.																	
1	Section 224, I. P. C.	Escape from custody	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Class II.—Serious offences against persons.																	
2	Section 325, I. P. C.	Grievous hurt	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	100	2	...	
		Total	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	100	2	...	
		Class III.—Serious offences against persons and property or property only.																	
3	Section 397, I. P. C.	Dacoity	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	
4	" 394, "	Robbery with hurt	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	
5	Sections 454 to 457, I. P. C.	House-breaking	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	—	1	100	1	...	
		Total	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	1	100	1	2	
		Class IV.—Minor offences against persons.																	
6	Section 342, I. P. C.	Wrongfully confining any person	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	4	...	...	...	...	
		Total	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	4	...	...	...	...	

		CLASS V.—MINOR OFFENCES AGAINST PROPERTY.																
7	Sections 397 and 380, I. P. C.	Theft	1	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16	...	15	100	14	...
8	Section 411, I. P. C.	Receiving stolen property	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	2	...	2	100	1	...
		TOTAL	2	17	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	18	...	17	100	15	...
		TOTAL OF 5 CLASSES	2	29	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	28	4	20	83	18	2
		CLASS VI.—OTHER OFFENCES NOT SPECIFIED ABOVE.																
9	Section 110, C. P. C.	Security for good behaviour	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
10	" 48, Act 12 of 1896.	Excise	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	100	1	...
		TOTAL	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	...	1	100	1	...
		GRAND TOTAL	2	30	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	30	4	21	84	19	2
		NON-COGNIZABLE.																
1	Section 182, I. P. C.	Giving false information	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	2	6	75	...	1
2	" 223, "	Causing hurt	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	2	66	...	...
3	" 323, "	Allowing prisoner to escape	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	7	2	22	...	...
4	" 403, "	Misappropriation	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	100	...	...
5	Sections 109, 110, C. P. C.	Security for good behaviour	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	1	1	50	...	...
6	Sections 3, 4 and 15, Act No. 3 of 1867.	Gambling	...	71	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	71	1	66	99	...	...
7	Section 370, Act No. 3 of 1867.	Buying a person as slave	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...
8	Section 498, Act No. 3 of 1867.	Enticing or taking away a married woman.	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	100	...	...
		TOTAL	...	103	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	102	14	81	85	...	1

No. 3.

Property stolen and recovered.

Offences.	Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was stolen.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property stolen.	Remarks.
QUETTA-PISHIN DISTRICT.							
A.—Cognizable.				R a. p.	R a. p.		
1. Theft. (a) In conjunction with lurking house trespass or house breaking.	101	55	54	7,473 7 4	2,145 3 1	29	
(b) In conjunction with receiving of stolen property	22	33	100	695 13 0	773 0 9	100	
(c) Other thefts	152	98	65	7,912 8 6	4,157 2 9	53	
2. Robbery (a) Dacoity	4	2	50	4,082 11 0	3,610 0 0	88	
(b) Other robbery	11	6	55	2,272 10 0	1,750 5 0	78	
3. Criminal breach of trust	4	2	50	501 8 0	49 8 0	9	
4. Sections 302 and 396, Murder	5	4	80	4,627 6 0	927 1 6	20	
B.—Non-cognizable.							
5. Extortion 6. Criminal misappropriation 7. Criminal breach of trust by public servants or by a banker, merchant or agent.	*Nil*	*Nil*	*Nil*	*Nil*	*Nil*	*Nil*	
TOTAL	299	200	67	27,565 15 0	13,412 5 1	49	
Railway, Quetta, and Railway, Mach.							
Theft	21	10	48	217 11 0	38 7 0	17	
Receiving stolen property	2	10	100	6 6 0	19 4 0	100	
TOTAL	23	20	86	224 1 0	57 11 0	26	
District Mach, Bolan.							
Robbery	1	...	...	40 0 0	...	...	
House breaking	2	1	50	72 3 6	9 8 0	11	
Theft	7	5	71	90 7 0	49 5 3	54	
Receiving stolen property	...	2	...	..	80 0 0	...	
TOTAL	10	8	80	202 10 6	138 13 3	68	

S. WALLACE,
District Superintendent of Police, Quetta.

APPENDIX III.

Administration Report of the Thal-Chotiali Agency for the year 1898-99.

1. There was no change in the limits of the Agency during the year under report.

ADMINISTRATION STAFF.

2. Lieutenant C. B. Winter, I.S.C., held charge of the office of the Deputy Commissioner, Thal-Chotiali, and Political Agent, Sinjawi and Railway District, in addition to his own duties until the forenoon of the 9th April 1898, when he was relieved by Captain M. A. Tighe, I.S.C, who held charge of the office until he was, in turn, relieved by Captain C. Archer, I.S.C., on his return from furlough, on the forenoon of the 15th March 1899.

3. The office of Assistant Commissioner, Thal-Chotiali, and Assistant Political Agent, Sinjawi and Railway District, was held by Lieutenant C. B. Winter, I.S.C., up to 30th September 1898, when he proceeded on three months' privilege leave, and on his return was posted Assistant Political Agent in Upper Zhob. Thus his post remained vacant till 15th March 1899, when it was taken up by Capatin M. A. Tighe, I.S.C., who held it to the close of the year.

4. The post of the Extra-Assistant Commissioner, Sibi, was held by Diwan Ganpat Rai, C.I.E., throughout the year, with the exception of a period from 18th April to 17th May 1898, during which he was on privilege leave, and Lala Bhag Mall, Native Assistant, Bolan, held charge of the office.

5. The post of the Extra-Assistant Commissioner, Duki, was held by Diwan Uttam Chand throughout the year.

IMPERIAL REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE.

6 Appendix A shows the receipts and expenditure under the head "Imperial". The actual receipts amounted to R889-3-10 as against an estimate of R200, thus showing an increase of R689-3-10. The whole income represents the interest recovered on advances given under the Land Improvement and Agriculturists' Loans Act. The increase over estimate is due to under-estimation.

7. The actual expenditure amounted to R32,819-10-3 as against a budget estimate of R34,227, showing a saving of R1,407-5-9, which is chiefly due to the post of Assistant Political Agent having remained vacant for a short time.

PROVINCIAL REVENUES.

8. Appendix B shows the revised estimates under all heads of revenue and the actual collected during the year. The total revenue was estimated at R2,98,755, whereas the actuals amounted to R2,79,510-9-9, thus representing a decrease of R19,244-6-3, which is explained below:—

I.—Land Revenue.

9. The revised estimate under this head was for R2,54,690, but the actual revenue collected during the year amounted to R2,38,010-11-3, as against R3,09,545-14-2 in the last year. There was thus a decrease of R16,679-4-9 as compared with the estimates and that of R71,535-2-11 as compared with the actuals of the preceding year.

The following table shows the actuals of 1897-98 and 1898-99 of each tehsil:—

Name of Tahsil.	Actual land revenue receipts for 1897-98.			Actual land revenue receipts for 1898-99.			Increase.			Decrease.		
	R	a.	p.	R	a.	p.	R	a.	p.	R	a.	p.
Sibi	1,43,798	2	7	86,899	1	4	......			56899	1	3
Shahrig	30,632	0	8	34,839	8	1	4,207	7	5	......		
Duki	79,597	12	2	58,700	15	4	......			20,896	12	10
Barkhan	28,305	12	7	21,939	9	3	......			6,366	3	4
Kohlu	8,050	14	0	13,924	8	7	5,873	10	7	......		
Sinjawi	19,161	4	2	21,707	0	8	2,545	12	6	......		
Total	3,09,545	14	2	2,38,010	11	3	12,626	14	6	84,162	1	5
Net decrease										71,535	2	11

The increases in the Shahrig, Kohlu and Sinjawi Tahsils are due to the following facts:—

(1) Shahrig—partly due to the arrears of the last year having been recovered and credited during the year under report, and partly to the annexation of the Pur Valley to this tahsil and to certain muafis having been resumed owing to the deaths of the muafidars.

(2) Kohlu—due to the fact of a certain amount of muafis having been confiscated owing to emigration of certain Marris to Afghanistan.

(3) Sinjawi—partly due to the increased cultivation of Khushkaba lands, and partly to the grazing tax having been recovered at full rates instead of ½ rate as was done in the previous year.

The decreases under the remaining tahsils are accounted for by—

(a) Want of timely rains owing to which certain Khushkaba lands remained uncultivated.

(b) Unfavourable winds which caused much damage to the standing rabi crops.

(c) Fall in prices of grain.

(d) Depredation of locusts and insects called "Kira."

10. The decrease under grazing tax, *vide* Appendix B, is due to the fact that some of the nomads, who it was expected would be taxed in this district, were taxed in other districts, *viz.*, Zhob and Quetta.

III.—Salt.

11. The actual collections under this head came to R3,001-8-3 against an estimate of R1,885. The increase of R1,116-8-3 over the estimate is due to under-estimation.

IV.—Stamps.

12. The estimate under this head was for R12,710. The actuals amounted to R10,900-15. There was thus a decrease of R1,809-1, which is partly attributable to decrease in population of the town of Sibi owing to completion of railway works, and partly to certain disputes existing between Hindus and Muhammadans in Barkhan having been enquired into and settled politically instead of judicially.

V.—Excise.

13. The total receipts under this head amounted to R14,410-13-9 against an estimate of R14,370. The small increase under this head is under "Fines and confiscations," which calls for no remarks.

VIII.—Assessed Taxes.

14. An income of R1,790 was estimated under this head. The actuals amounted to R1,792-1-5. The increase being trifling requires no explanation.

X.—Registration.

15. The receipts under this head were expected to amount to R210, but the actual income came to R227-8. The increase is due to the people of the country realising the benefit of registration of documents.

XVIA.—Law and Justice—Courts of Law.

16. The total receipts under this head were estimated at R12,115; the actuals, however, amounted to R9,814-10-11. Thus there was a falling off of R2,300-5-1, which is due to an over estimate, the figures having been based on the actual receipts of the first six months of the year 1898-99. The decrease is chiefly under "General fees, fines and forfeitures." The income under this head is also variable and estimates can therefore scarcely be expected to approach approximation.

XVIB.—Law and Justice—Jails.

17. No income was expected under this head, but the actuals have amounted to R13-5, which calls for no special remarks.

XXV.—Miscellaneous.

18. The receipts under this head were estimated at R20. The actuals amounted to R132-4-2. The increase is due to the old furniture of the Deputy Commissioner's office having been sold during the year. This sale was not anticipated when the Budgets were prepared.

XXXII.—Civil Works.

19. The receipts under this head (*viz.*, staging bungalows) amounted to R1,206-12 against an estimate of R965. The increase of R241-12 is mainly due to larger number of

visitors than in the preceding year having occupied the dâk bungalow at Ziarat during the year under report.

EXPENDITURE.

20. The total expenditure (*vide* Appendix B) amounted to R3,48,167-10-10 as against a Budget estimate of R3,66,530, showing a net decrease of R18,362-5-2, which is due chiefly to the savings in the pay of the levies, etc., and partly to the savings under various minor heads of contingencies. The savings on account of pay of district and postal levies amounted to R7,727-11-9 owing to stoppage of pay of those who fled to Afghanistan. A small proportion of this amount represents fines, etc. The savings under "Contingent allotments" are due to estimates having been based on the average of preceding three years.

21. Appendix C shows assessment of the land revenue in cash and kind during the year. The total assessment, it will be seen, amounted to R2,62,396-15-3. Of this, R11,801-7-5 was paid on account of jagir allowances, R12,384-12-7 on account of lambardari, etc., allowances, R200 remained outstanding at the close of the year on account of grazing tax, and the balance, R2,38,010-11-3, was credited into the Treasury.

22. Almost all the irrigated lands in the Sinjawi and Shahrig tahsils were, as in the preceding year, under summary cash assessment, and revenue due on them in respect of rabi and kharif crops were consequently recovered in cash during the year under report. On the unirrigated lands in the above tahsils the revenue was partly recovered by batai, and partly by appraisement of crops (tashkhis). In the remaining tahsils both irrigated and unirrigated lands were assessed as usual by batai and tashkhis.

The Government of India have recently sanctioned the extension of settlement operations to the Shahrig and Sinjawi Tahsils. The operations in the Shahrig Tahsil are now in progress, and the question will further be dealt with in the next year's report.

23. The rabi and kharif crops of some of the villages in the Sinjawi Tahsil suffered from ravages of locusts and for want of rains, and consequently a sum of R272-1-4 was remitted out of the fixed land revenue. In the Shahrig Tahsil a remission of R5-8-6 was made owing to a similar calamity. With the above exception no other remissions were made during the year under report.

24. A vast area is lying waste in the district, and measures are being taken to bring them under cultivation. A considerable area has been brought under plough during the year under review in the Sibi sub-division.

25. A sum of R10,000 was advanced to the Leghari Nawab as a takavi loan free of interest for the improvement of the Leghari Barkhan lands. The Legharis are sinking wells and improving springs in Leghari Barkhan, and in some cases these measures have already proved successful. The revenue derived from the Leghari Barkhan circle amounted to R6,624-8-3, and the share given to the Legharis amounted to R2,200-2-5.

JUDICIAL.

26. Statement D shows the number of civil, criminal and miscellaneous cases decided by each Court in the district during the year. Two thousand eight hundred and eighteen cases in all were settled as against 2,718 in 1897-98, as per details below :—

	Civil suits.	Criminal cases.	Miscellaneous cases.
1897-98	1,522	497	699
1898-99	1,465	595	758

27. Statement E shows the receipts and expenditure of standard paper in the district. The value realised from sale of paper amounted to R242-13. The expenditure on account of commission to licensed vendors amounts to R12-2 against an estimated amount of R15.

JIRGA.

28. In Statement F is shown the number and classification of political cases tried by jirgas during the year under report. The total number of cases decided during the year was 292 against 374 in the previous year, *viz.*, a decrease of 82 cases.

TRIBAL LEVIES.

29. No change was made in the strength and cost of district levies and postal levies during the year under report. The monthly cost stands the same, *viz.* :—

	R	a.	P.
District Levies	18,613	1	5
Postal Service	1,155	8	0

PUBLIC WORKS.

30. The following new works were constructed in the district during the year under report by the Public Works Department :—

(1) Munsiff's Court at Sibi.
(2) Additional wing to the Extra-Assistant Commissioner's Court at Duki.
(3) Two stables and one quarter for two syces of Residency, Sibi.
(4) Bridges on Sibi-Khajak Road.
(5) Improving Kohlu-Barkhan Road.
(6) Providing a verandah for the sentry to the building used as a havalat by the Civil Department at Sinjawi Fort.
(7) Improvement to the Kahan dâk bungalow.
(8) Additions and alterations to the tahsil and thana at Kohlu.
(9) Patwar-Khana at Kahan.
(10) Adding two rooms to the Kahan dâk bungalow.

45.—Civil Works.

31. It was the first year during which an allotment of R11,080, which was subsequently increased to R12,033, was placed at the disposal of Civil Officers in this district for the purpose of carrying out new works and repairs to such buildings and roads as are situated at remote and isolated places in the district. The following new works were executed by the Civil Officers during the year under report:—

1. Levy post at Chaudia.
2. Levy post at Talli.
3. Improvement to roads :—
   (a) Quat-Mundai Road.
   (b) Gulushahr Road.
   (c) Warikha-Pur Road.
   (d) Chachamat-Baghao Road.
   (e) Vitakri-Kohlu Road.
   (f) Sinjawi-Kharashang Road.

The total amount expended on this account amounted to R12,035.

DÂK BUNGALOW AND REST-HOUSES.

32. The cost of maintenance of the dâk bungalows and rest houses amounted to R3,772-11-3 during the year under report against an estimate of R4,747. The savings effected were chiefly due to the establishments of some of the dâk bungalows having not been employed for the full period of the year as provided for in the estimate.

HORSE-BREEDING OPERATIONS.

33. There were eight horse and one donkey stallions in the district during the year. The number of mares covered by them during the year was 336 against 337 in the previous year. The total expenditure on account of their feed amounted to R523-11-3.

The number of horses, etc., castrated during the year was 165 against 154 last year.

FAIRS.

35. There have been no other fairs in the district except the Sibi Horse Show, which was held on the 20th February and three following days. The total number of animals exhibited was 1,204 against 1,023 exhibited in 1898. One hundred and sixty-three animals were sold, as against 75 in the previous year, as under :—

Remount Department / Native Cavalry	15 horses.
Private individuals	26 "
	57 "
Commissariat Department	49 bullocks. 16 camels.
Total	163

The total expenditure on the Show was R4,227-3-1, of which R1,400 were paid from Imperial Revenues and the balance from Local Funds and private subscriptions. The fair was

a success and a full report on it was submitted to the Agent to the Governor General with this office letter No. 9-S., dated 26th April 1899.

SIBI JAIL.

36. The number of prisoners in the Sibi Jail on 31st March 1898 was 56, as under:—

Convicted	28
Under-trial prisoners	28
	56

During the year under report 168 convicts, 348 under-trial and 3 civil prisoners wer admitted in the jail, and 118 convicts, 347 under-trial and 2 civil prisoners were released. The number of prisoners transferred to the Shikarpur and Quetta Jails was 38 and 1 respectively. Thus there were in all 69 prisoners in the jail on the 31st March 1899. The details are given in Appendix G. The prisoners entered in the Sibi jail by the direct admission and by transfer from other jails will be found in Appendix H.

The total expenditure on account of maintaining and guarding the prisoners in the jail amounted to R5,366-5-7 and the total cost per head on the average amounted to R140-13-6, *vide* details in Appendix I.

Similar information with regard to—

(1) Shahrig, (3) Duki,
(2) Harnai, (4) Sinjawi, and
(5) Barkhan,

which have been declared to be Subsidiary Jails under the Agent to the Governor General's notifications Nos. 8580 and 8581, dated 13th December 1898, cannot be furnished as no regular registers were maintained by the Moharirs in charge of the Jails. Instructions have however been issued for the maintenance in future of the registers prescribed in the Punjab Jail Manual.

LOCAL FUNDS.

SIBI MUNICIPAL FUND.

37. The opening balance at the credit of this fund on the 1st April 1898 was R7,986-14-6 and the total receipts during the year amounted to R27,994-2-1, thus making a grand total of R35,981-0-7.

The total expenditure during the year amounted to R31,266-12-9, thus leaving a balance of R4,714-3-10 at the credit of the Fund on the 31st March 1899. A statement showing the details of the receipts and expenditure under each head of account is attached as Appendix J. The liabilities of the fund were on 31st March 1899 R176-15-6, while a sum of R9,501-12-2 was outstanding in recoverable advances.

SHAHRIG BAZAR FUND.

38. The receipts and expenditure of the Shahrig Bazar Fund are shown in Appendix K. The receipts, including the opening balance (*viz.*, R11,434-11) of the year 1898-99 amounted to R21,005-5-6 and the expenditure amounted to R8,480-12-11, thus leaving a balance of R12,524-8-7 at the credit of the fund on the 31st March 1899.

39. The total income, expenditure and balance of all Excluded Local Funds in the district are shown in Appendix L.

The total balance at the close of the year amounted to R17,238-12-5.

The Ziarat Improvement Fund has now been formally declared to be an Excluded Local Fund to be incorporated in the Shahrig Bazar Fund. A statement showing the receipts and expenditure of this fund for the year 1898-99 was submitted to the Revenue Commissioner. The fund was in debt to the extent of R300 at the close of the year. It is hoped that by the recent arrangement sanctioned by the Government of India it will be possible to keep its expenditure within the receipts.

PUBLIC HEALTH.

40. The health of the people of the district was generally good. There were, however, a few cases of small-pox in the Sibi Sub-division. A vaccinator was sent out and the disease was checked. Vaccination was performed with good results.

The district remained free from other epidemics.

Special precautions were taken against the importation into Baluchistan of the bubonic plague raging in Sind and other parts of India. A segregation camp was again started a Shahrig on the 7th May 1898, and subsequently removed during the cold weather to Sibi where it remained up to the close of the year. The total number of passengers detained for disinfection was 16,145, and those detained for medical observation was 5,497.

The charge of the camp was first held by Captain Ricketts, I.M.S., and then by Lieutenant Lincoln, I.M.S., up to the close of the year. The measures adopted have proved quite effective and successful, and this fact reflects credit on the executive officers, no plague case having occurred.

41. With a view to ward off the danger of plague being imported to Europe and other countries, an observation camp was opened at Sibi under the orders from the Government of India for the reception of all persons in Baluchistan and those entering therein from beyond the border for the purpose of going on pilgrimage to the Hedjaz. The camp was opened on the 19th December 1898, and closed on the 1st March 1899. No pilgrim was detained in the camp or despatched to the provincial camp between the above dates. The Medical Officer in charge of the plague segregation camp was put in charge of this camp. He was assisted by the Munsiff of Sibi. The services of a Hospital Assistant were also placed at his disposal. The expenditure incurred during the year in connection with these camps amounted to R7,947-12-8, as follows :—

	R	a.	p.
Plague camp	7,944	5	2
Pilgrims camp	3	7	6

The amount has at present been advanced from the Sibi Municipal Fund, but it is recoverable from the several local funds in Baluchistan in proportion to their income.

FOREST.

42. Under the Agent to the Governor General's notification No. 8530, dated 10th December 1898, the Gadibar forest was declared as a State forest, with effect from the 1st January 1899. With the exceptoin of the above, no other forest was reserved during the year under report.

TAKAVI ADVANCES.

43. A sum of R14,770, as detailed in Statement M, was advanced to cultivators of land during the year under report. Of this R14,020 were given under the Land Improvement Loans Act and R750 under the Agriculturists' Loans Act.

Statement N shows that a sum of R14,444 was recovered on account of principal and R889-2-10 on account of interest on takavi loans during the year. The balance outstanding on 31st March 1899 amounted to R34,605-1-3, besides a sum of R15,717-15-9, being the balance from loans on which no recoveries have been made during the year under report. The total amount outstanding is, therefore, R50,323-1-0.

EDUCATION.

44. Statement O shows the number of schools in the district, the number of pupils in each of them on the 31st March 1899, and the income and expenditure of each school during the year 1898-99. The number of boys in the Sibi School was 95 as against 78 on the 31st March 1898, most of them are Hindus. The number of local boys was 21 against 13 in the preceding year. This shows that the people of the country have been gradually appreciating the advantage of education.

The existing building of the boys' school at Sibi being unsuitable, a sum of R5,855 was raised by private subscription for constructing a new building and for scholarships to the boys The above amount, together with R1,410 contributed from the Provincial revenues, was utilized as under :—

	R
1. New building	3,315
2. Books, furniture, science apparatus, etc.	1,000
3. Invested in Scholarship Fund	2,950
TOTAL	7,265

The building was completed and opened by Mr. H. S. Barnes, C.S.I., I.C.S., on the 24 February 1899, and he allowed the school to be called after his name.

The teaching staff of the school was revised. It was for the first time during this year that a grant-in-aid was made from Provincial revenues towards educational expenses in this district, and the appointment of a Head Master on R70—4—99 was sanctioned from Provincial revenues, with effect from 1st November 1898.

The Shahrig Primary School was converted into a Zemindari school. The number of local boys was 4 on the 31st March 1899. The number of local boys in the Kowas School was 12.

The number of girls in the Sibi School was 35.

The number of pupils in all the schools on the 31st March 1899 was 164; of these 37 are children of the natives of Baluchistan. The income from all sources was R10,014-3-4, and the expenditure R9,999-13-10.

45. There is only one library in this district which is located at Sibi, and is called "Gaisford Library" after the name of the late Colonel Gaisford. It worked satisfactorily during the year. The total receipts duing the year amounted to R533-15-6 and the expenditure to R534-2-7: the deficit was met from the previous balance to the credit of the fund. The number of subscribers is about 40.

The library is chiefly supported by private subscriptions, the Municipal grant being only R15 per mensem.

REGISTRATION OF DOCUMENTS.

46. Eighty-six documents were registered in the district as against 103 in the previous year The total receipts amounted to R227-8-0 as compared with R243 during the year 1897-98. The remuneration paid to Sub-Registrars and copyists amounted to R112-4-0.

No expenditure was incurred on account of contingencies during the year under report.

REGISTRATION OF BIRTHS, DEATHS AND MARRIAGES.

47. No birth, death or marriage was registered during the year.

COAL.

48. The outturn of coal from the collieries at Shahrig and Khost during the year under report was as under:—

KHOST.

	Tons.	Cwt.	Qr.
Steam coal	6,535	17	2
Nut coal	771	14	0
Dust coal	3,871	18	1
TOTAL	11,179	9	3

SHAHRIG.

	Tons.	Cwt.	Qr.
Dust coal	5	0	0

SERIOUS CASES.

49. There have occurred two cases of murderous outrages in the district during the year under report:—

(1)—One Neaz Muhammad Barohi of Sariab made a murderous attack upon Captain and Mrs. Spence at Sibi on the evening of 11th February 1899, but owing to the latter's courageous conduct he failed to gain his object, and then attempted to escape. He succeeded in inflicting a slight wound on a sweeper but was finally killed by a Police Daffadar and others in a vacant Railway quarter near the station.

(2)—One Dada Silachi of Tali ran amock also in Sibi on the morning of 8th March 1899. He wounded five men, two of whom subsequently died of injuries received. The man was pursued by the Levies and Police and was finally bayonetted to death by the latter. One Pevara, his companion, was also arrested and tried by the Sessions Court. He was convicted of abetment and sentenced to transportation for life.

Certain Waziris after the murder of Subedar Muhammad Hanif at Quetta had effected their escape. The Police went in pursuit and encountered them near Choter. The local Levies came to the assistance of the Police. A fight ensued in which one Shah Beg Wanechi lost his life.

Including the above the number of murders reported came to 21 during the year under report against 12 in the previous year.

Seven were committed out of British Baluchistan, and 14 were taken up by the Police.

In six cases the murderers are unknown, and four cases are still pending. The remaining eight cases have been disposed of as under :—

Two have been tried by the Sessions Judge, Thal-Chotiali, and the offenders sentenced to transportation for life.

Six have been tried by Jirgas, and the offenders have been punished according to local custom.

POLITICAL.

50. The political events worthy of note which have occurred during the year under report are the following :—

I.—Emigration to Afghanistan.

In last year's report it was noted that there existed a dispute between Nawab Shahbaz Khan, the Bugti Chief, and his son-in-law, Miran Khan, Raheja Bugti. Their case was decided by the Agent to the Governor General himself while at Ziarat, and both parties agreed to the decision arrived at. But, despite this, Miran Khan went to Kandahar and several discontented Bugtis and Marris joined him. Among these was one Ali Muhammad Massor, Bugti, the headman of his section, and two Ghazni Marris, by name Gulbeg and Malguzar. Ali Muhammad accompanied by some Marris and Bugtis returned from Kandahar in order to induce others to follow his example and leave British territory. He was so far successful that during the year under report Khan Bahadur Mir Khair Bakhsh, son of the Marri Chief, accompanied by the headmen of several sections of the Marris left their homes and went to Kabul. Their example was followed by the Dumar Chiefs, the Khetrans and others, and also by a few men of the Dera Ghazi Khan district living on the border, such as the Gurchanis and the Legharis.

By assuming this attitude the Marris had fostered a hope that they would be enabled to force our hands, that we would recall them and as a result grant them additional muafis, rewards and remissions of the grazing tax. Being, however, disappointed in these hopes they returned quietly to their country and began to make advances for the restoration of their service, etc. Ali Muhammad surrendered unconditionally. The following men only are still at Kabul :—

(1) Miran Khan Raheja, Bugti, son-in-law of Nawab Shahbaz Khan, Bugti.

(2) Misri Khan, brother of the Khetran Chief.

(3) Gulu Khan, Nodhani, lumbardar of Gulu Shahr.

II.—Marri Gurchani Feud.

The facts of the case are as follows :—

Muhammad Ali, Lori Kash Marri, was forced to fly from his own tribe in consequence of a woman case, and took refuge with the Lishari section of the Gurchani tribe. He was murdered by these Gurchanis in 1896, and on the 24th September 1897 the joint jirgas settled the case by awarding R600 compensation to the Marris. This decision was accepted by the Marris. In spite of this, however, Rehan, cousin of Muhammad Ali, killed Dahi, Zaneroni Gurchani. Reprisals followed reprisals in quick succession, finally resulting in three more Marris and four Gurchanis being killed. A joint jirga was convened for settlement of this case by Captain Powney Thompson, Deputy Commissioner of the Dera Ghazi Khan district, and Diwan Ganpat Rai, C.I.E., the Extra-Assistant Commissioner of Sibi.

The jirga assessed compensation for each murder at R600, and recommended that Rehan should be sentenced to a term of rigorous imprisonment. The jirga also suggested that for the future maintenance of peace between the parties it should be ruled that any person who should break the peace in future should be sentenced to seven years' transportation and a fine of R500 in addition to the payment of R600 compensation. Both these officers accepted the recommendation of the jirga, and sentenced Rehan to undergo four years' rigorous imprisonment. Hostages were also taken from the parties to keep the peace for one year.

III.—Dispute between the Marri Chief Nawab Mehr-Ulla Khan and his Wazir Mir Hazar Khan, Ressaldar Ghazni Marri.

In the beginning of the year under report it was found that a considerable portion of the Marris were dissatisfied with the Nawab owing to certain seizures of land which he had made and on account of his want of energy in not settling certain cases. Another ground for dissatisfaction was his alleged negligence in not carrying out settlements arrived at by the higher authorities. They were determined to go to Afghanistan to avail themselves of the handsome allowances and large tracts of lands which Ali Muhammad and others had held out as inducements to them. It was feared that if Mir Hazar, the Wazir of the Marri tribe, did not work in harmony with Marri Nawab and his son Khan Bahadur Khair Bakhsh Khan in

the management of the tribe, the welfare of the tribe would seriously suffer. An agreement was arrived at between Khan Bahadur Mir Khair Bakhsh Khan (as representative of the Marri Chief) and Mir Hazar Khan on the 5th April 1898. One of the conditions of this agreement was that no order of the Marri Chief was to hold good unless Mir Hazar's seal was also affixed to it. This condition of the agreement was not agreeable to the Marri Nawab. He objected to it and was also much displeased with his son for accepting it. He summoned all the headmen of his tribe to Kahan, the capital of the Marri country, with the result that his son Khan Bahadur Khair Bakhsh and many other leading men of the tribe went off to Afghanistan.

The Agent to the Governor General summoned both the Nawab and Mir Hazar Khan to Ziarat, and a reconciliation was effected between them on the 20th June last on terms which were embodied in a written agreement. The chief of these terms was that Mir Hazar Khan was to continue as the Nawab's Wazir for the purpose of conducting the affairs of the Marri tribe. Within six months, however, from the date of this agreement the feud between the Nawab and the Wazir reopened with more vigour than ever. In August last, the Nawab's second son, Sohrab Khan, died at Quat Mundai. The Marri Nawab accused Mir Hazar of causing his son's death by poison, and demanded Mir Hazar's expulsion from the country. Mir Hazar denied the charge *in toto*, and declared that the accusation was trumped up by his enemies as an excuse for breaking the agreement of the previous June. Though nothing was proved against Mir Hazar Khan, yet out of consideration for the Chief, and because it was manifestly unreasonable that he should be forced to work with a Wazir he disliked, it was ordered that Mir Hazar should be removed from the post of Wazir and for the future not interfere in any way in the administration of the Marri tribe. It was also agreed that he be employed outside the Marri country wherever the Political Agent thought best.

IV.—Kurks and Murgazanis.

In this case a fight occurred between the Kurks and Margazanis near Sibi on the 31st March last, in which 1 Margazani was killed and 14 wounded. Of the Kurks 8 were wounded. A woman is said to be at the bottom of this case.

The case was laid before the Quetta jirga who recommended as follows.—

1st.—Compensation for the murder to be given to the Margazani in the form of—

(*a*) Two girls.

(*b*) One sword and one gun.

(*c*) Rupees 200 in cash.

2nd.—With regard to the compensation to be awarded to the wounded, the Kurks to pay R103 and the Margazanis R56.

3rd.—The parties to be fined R200 each and bound over in securities to the extent of R5,000 each to keep the peace for three years.

The award was duly approved of and confirmed by the Political Agent.

V.—Khosas and Mochis.

In June last the Khosas and Mochis fell out over the grazing of cattle and began retaliations by impounding each other's animals. This led to a regular attack by the Mochis on a Khosa village. About 30 Mochis took part in this assault, and they killed 2 Khosas and wounded 14 others, 6 of themselves being wounded at the same time. The case was referred to a jirga for settlement. Their award is as follows:—

1st.—That two girls and R1,000 be given as compensation for the two men killed.

2nd.—Rupees 271 to be given to the Khosas and R32 to the Mochis on account of the men wounded on either side.

3rd.—That Wazir and Hazru Mochis being the ringleaders and murderers of the Khosas be fined R200 each, and be sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment.

4th.—That both parties be bound over in securities of R2,000 each to keep the peace.

The award was accepted and confirmed by the Political Agent.

R. A. E. BENN, *Captain*,
Deputy Commissioner, Thal-Chotiali.

A

Annual account of Imperial Revenue and Expenditure for the year 1898-99.

Head of Receipts.	Revised Budget Estimate for 1898-99.	Actuals for 1898-99.	Increase.	Decrease.	Heads of Expenditure.	Revised Budget Estimate for 1898-99.	Actuals for 1898-99.	Increase.	Decrease.
	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.		R	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.
XII.—Interest—					23.—Ecclesiastical Cemetery Establishment.—				
Interest on advances to cultivators under the Land Improvement Act.	200 0 0	889 3 10	689 3 10	......	Caretakers in charge of cemeteries	144	144 0 0	...	......
					Compensation for dearness of provision.	18	3 0 0	...	15 0 0
					Total	162	147 0 0	...	15 0 0
					25.—Political.— *Salaries of—*				
					(a) Political Agent	11,800	11,926 15 10	126 15 10	...
					(b) Assistant Political Agent	7,000	5,600 0 0	...	1,400 0 0
					(c) Extra Assistant Commissioner, Sibi.	10,400	6,200 0 0	...	...
					(d) Ditto ditto, Duki		4,200 0 0		
					Exchange compensation allowance	1,265	1,145 10 5	...	119 5 7
					Local allowance	3,600	3,600 0 0	...	...
					Total	4,065	32,672 10 3	126 15 10	1,519 5 7
GRAND TOTAL	200 0 0	889 3 10	689 3 10	......	GRAND TOTAL	34,227	32,819 10 3	126 15 10	1,534 5 7

Net decrease R1,407-5-9.

Account of Provincial Revenue receipts and expenditure for the year 1898-99.

Heads of Receipt.	Revised Budget Estimate for 1898-99.	Actuals for 1898-99.	Increase.	Decrease.
	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R. a. p.
I.—Land Revenue—				
Ordinary Revenue—				
Fixed Collections . . .	36,280 0 0	36,579 14 4	}	} 14,996 7 7
Fluctuating Collections . .	1,84,040 0 0	1,68,743 10 1		
Miscellaneous (Record Room receipt)	30 0 0	......	......	30 0 0
Grazing Fees	34,340 0 0	32,685 4 7	......	1,654 11 5
Royalty on Coal	......	1 14 3	1 14 3	......
Total .	2,54,690 0 0	2,38,010 11 3	1 14 3	16,681 3 0
III.—Salt—				
Excise Duty on Salt . . .	1,885 0 0	3,001 8 3	1,116 8 3	......
IV.—Stamps—				
Sale of General Stamps . .	2,650 0 0	2,131 5 0	......	518 11 1
Sale of Court Fee Stamps .	9,650 0 0	8,378 1 0	......	1,271 15 0
Sale of plain paper to be used with Court Fee Stamps.	260 0 0	242 13 0	......	17 3 0
Fines and Penalties . . .	150 0 0	148 12 0	......	1 4 0
Total .	12,710 0 0	10,900 15 0	......	1,809 1 0
V.—Excise—				
License and Distillery Fees and Duties for the sale of Liquors and Drugs.	......	......	......	......

Heads of Expenditure.	Revised Budget for 1898-99.	Actuals for 1898-99.	Increase.	Decrease.
	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.
1.—Refunds and Drawbacks—				
Revenue Refunds . . .	920 0 0	891 10 2	......	28 5 10
2.—Assignments and Compensations—				
Compensation to the ruling family of Khetran.	1,695 0 0	1,553 12 0	......	141 4 0
Quit-rent to His Highness the Khan of Kalat.	......	......	......	......
Compensation to His Highness the Khan of Kalat.	......	......	......	......
Compensation to Zagar Mingal Sardar.	......	......	......	......
Total .	1,695 0 0	1,553 12 0	......	141 4 0
3.—Land Revenue—				
Charges of District Administration—				
General Establishment (*i.e.*, Pay and Travelling Allowances and Contingencies of Revenue Commissioner's Establishment).	1,445 0 0	1,194 2 5	......	250 13 7
Contingencies . . .	26,046 0 0	26,033 13 8	......	12 2 4
Sub-Divisional Establishment (*i.e.*, Pay, and Travelling Allowances.)	2,280 0 0	1,355 13 0	......	924 3 0
Contingencies . . .	420 0 0	420 0 0	......	......
Charges on account of Land Revenue Collections (*i.e.*, Pay of Karawas and Munshriffe, Lambardari Allowances and Carriage of Revenue Grain) and other Miscellaneous charges.	1,170 0 0	701 4 2	......	468 11 10
Compensation for dearness of Provisions.	504 0 0	86 2 8	......	417 13 4

Account of Provincial Revenue receipts and expenditure for the year 1898-99—continued.

Heads of Receipt.	Revised Budget Estimate for 1898-99.	Actuals for 1898-99.	Increase.	Decrease.
	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.
V.—Excise—*contd.*				
Foreign Liquors . . .	455 0 0	454 0 0	......	1 0 0
Liquors and Spirits made in India after European Method (Rum).	240 0 0	240 10 8	0 10 8	......
Country Spirits	10,195 0 0	10,186 12 0	......	8 4 0
Opium and its Preparations . .	1,292 0 0	1,295 2 8	3 2 8	......
Other Drugs, Ganja, Bhang, etc. .	2,165 0 0	2,169 6 8	4 6 8	......
Fines, Confiscations and Miscellaneous.	23 0 0	64 13 9	41 13 9	......
Total .	14,370 0 0	14,410 13 9	50 1 9	9 4 0
VIII.—Assessed Taxes—				
Deductions from Salaries and Pensions.	1,770 0 0	1,778 4 9	8 4 9	......
Ordinary Collections . . .	20 0 0	13 12 8	......	6 3 4
Deductions from interest on Government Securities.	......	......	......	......
Total .	1,790 0 0	1,792 1 5	8 4 9	6 3 4
IX.—Forests—				
X.—Registration—				
Fees for Registering Documents .	160 0 0	179 0 0	19 0 0	......
Fees for Copies of Registered Documents.	50 0 0	43 8 0	......	6 8 0
Miscellaneous	......	5 0 0	5 0 0	......
Total .	210 0 0	227 8 0	24 0 0	6 8 0
XVIA.—Law and Justice—Courts of Law—				
Sale proceeds of Unclaimed and Escheated property.	500 0 0	206 7 6	......	293 8 6
Court Fees realized in Cash . .	400 0 0	938 14 6	538 14 6	......
General Fees, Fines and Forfeitures	11,100 0 0	8,663 4 11	......	2,436 11 1
Miscellaneous	115 0 0	6 0 0	......	109 0 0
Total .	12,115 0 0	9,814 10 11	538 14 6	2,839 3 7

Heads of Expenditure.	Revised Budget for 1898-99.	Actuals for 1898-99.	Increase.	Decrease.
	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p	R a. p.
3.—Land Revenue—*contd.*				
Survey Settlement (*i.e.*, Pay of Clerks and other Charges for Survey and Settlement Work, including Travelling Allowance).	200 0 0	167 15 0	......	32 1 0
Land Records and Agriculture (*i.e.*, Pay of Kanungoes and Patwaris).	8,580 0 0	8,178 6 6	......	401 9 6
Total .	40,645 0 0	38,137 9 5	......	2,507 6 7
6.—Stamps—				
Charges for the Sale of General Stamps (Discount).	80 0 0	63 13 0	......	16 3 0
Charges for the sale of Court Fee Stamps (Discount).	150 0 0	117 10 6	......	32 5 6
Discount on plain paper . .	15 0 0	12 2 0	......	2 14 0
Total .	245 0 0	193 9 6	......	51 6 6
11.—Forests—				
12.—Registration—				
District Charges . . .	140 0 0	112 4 0	......	27 12 0
15.—Post Office—				
District Post Charges . .	13,420 0 0	12,178 0 9	......	1,241 15 3
19A.—Law and Justice—Courts of Law—				
Civil and Sessions Court—				
Salaries (Munsiff's) . .	1,500 0 0	1,380 0 0	......	120 0 0
Establishment (Clerks and Servants).	1,200 0 0	1,223 1 3	23 1 3	......
Allowances	810 0 0	697 1 9	......	112 14 3
Contingencies	100 0 0	90 1 2	......	9 14 10
Process-serving Establishment .	......	......	......	......

XVIB.—Law and Justice—Jails—				
Miscellaneous	......	13 5 0	13 5 0	......
XVII.—Police—				
Police supplied to Railways	......	......	......	......
Police supplied to Municipal, Cantonment and Town Funds.	......	......	......	......
Cash Receipts under the Arms Act	......	......	......	......
Fees, Fines and Forfeitures	......	......	......	......
Cattle Pound Receipts	......	......	......	......
Superannuation Receipts	......	......	......	......
Miscellaneous	......	......	......	......
Total	......	......	......	......
XX.—Medical—				
Contribution from Sibi Municipality towards the cost of Civil Dispensary, Baluchistan.	......	......	......	......
XXII.—Superannuation, etc.—				
Contributions for pensions and gratuities.	......	......	......	......
XXIII.—Stationery and Printing—				
Stationery receipts	......	......	......	......
Other Press receipts	......	......	......	......
Total	......	......	......	......
XXV.—Miscellaneous—				
Sale proceeds of Darbar Presents	......	......	......	......
Sale of old stores and materials	20 0 0	128 2 9	108 2 9	......

Criminal Courts—				
Salaries	......	......	......	......
Establishment	......	......	......	......
Allowances	......	......	......	......
Contingencies	310 0 0	180 8 11	......	129 7 1
Refunds	2,070 0 0	1,904 1 9	......	165 14 3
Total	5,990 0 0	5,474 14 10	23 1 3	538 2 5
19B.—Law and Justice—Jails—				
District Jails				
1. Establishment	3,530 0 0	3,391 5 3	......	198 10 9
2. Dietary Charges	1,600 0 0	1,094 13 5	......	505 2 7
3. Hospital Charges	200 0 0	146 2 11	......	53 13 1
4. Clothing and Bedding of Prisoners.	348 0 0	344 4 9	......	3 11 3
5. Sanitation Charges	60 0 0	59 13 5	......	0 2 7
6. Charges for moving Prisoners	1,040 0 0	790 4 6	......	249 11 6
7. Miscellaneous Supplies and Services.	190 0 0	277 7 4	87 7 4	......
8. Allowances	340 0 0	66 4 4	......	273 11 8
9. Contingent Charges	220 0 0	135 12 8	......	84 3 4
10. Extraordinary Charges for Live-Stock and Tools and Plant.	60 0 0	11 4 6	......	48 11 6
Charges for Police Custody	......	......	......	......
11. Lock-ups	1,650 0 0	1,374 2 4	......	275 13 8
12. Jail Manufacture	......	......	......	......
Total	9,238 0 0	7,691 11 5	87 7 4	1,633 11 11
20.—Police—				
District Executive Force—				
District Police—				
Salaries (Pay of District and Assistant District Superintendent).	......	......	......	......
Police Force (Pay of Honorary Assistant District Superintendent, Inspectors, Deputy Inspectors, Sergeants, Constables, etc.).	......	......	......	......
Establishment (Clerks and servants.)	......	......	......	......
Hospital Establishment	......	......	......	......
Allowances—				
Compensation for dearness of provision.	......	......	......	......
Travelling allowances and expenses.	......	......	......	......

Account of Provincial Revenue receipts and expenditure for the year 1898-99—contd.

Heads of Receipt.	Revised Budget Estimate for 1898-99.	Actuals for 1898-99.	Increase.	Decrease.
	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.
XXV.—Miscellaneous—*contd.*				
Premium on bills . . .	......	4 1 5	4 1 5	......
Miscellaneous	......	......	......	......
Total .	20 0 0	132 4 2	112 4 2	......
XXX.—Minor Works and Navigation—				
In charge of Civil officers . .	......	......	......	......
In charge of Public Works officers	......	......	......	......
Total .	......	......	......	......
XXXII.—Civil Works—				
In charge of Civil officers . .	......	......	......	......
Miscellaneous	......	......	......	......
Receipts from Staging Bungalows	965 0 0	1,206 12 0	241 12 0	......
In charge of Public Work officers	......	......	......	......
Total .	965 0 0	1,206 12 0	241 12 0	......

Heads of Expenditure.	Revised Budget for 1898-99.	Actuals for 1898-99.	Increase.	Decrease.
	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.
20.—Police—*contd.*				
District Executive Force—contd.				
Good conduct stripe allowances and local allowances.	......	......	......	......
Supplies and Services—				
Clothing and equipment . .	......	......	......	......
Other charges (includes Arms and Accoutrements, Hospital supplies, purchase and repair of tents, rewards and purchase of hand-cuffs, etc.)	......	......	......	......
Contingencies	......	......	......	......
Total .	......	......	......	......
22.—Education—				
Grants-in-aid	280 0 0	280 0 0	......	......
24.—Medical—				
Medical Establishments—				
Salaries . . .	......	......	......	......
Travelling expenses . .	......	......	......	......
Hospitals and Dispensaries—				
Reserve Medical Subordinates—				
Salaries . . .	......	......	......	......
Establishment . . .	......	......	......	......
Allowances (*i.e.*, Travelling and Pashtu and Dearness allowances).	......	......	......	......
Supplies and Services (Cost of medicines and instruments) and dieting charges.	......	......	......	......
Contingencies . .	......	......	......	......
Sanitation and vaccination (Pay and travelling allowance of vaccinator).	......	......	......	......
Deduct on account of fixed contribution payable by the North-Western Railway on account of Dispensary of Sibi.	......	......	......	......
Total .	......	......	......	......

25.—POLITICAL— *Political Agents—*				
Establishment . . .	26,880 0 0	27,481 14 5	601 14 5	......
Charges on account of Gwadar Agency.	......	......	......	......
Allowances (Travelling and Pashtu allowances).	11,290 0 0	10,265 6 3	......	1,024 9 9
Compensation for dearness of provisions.	260 0 0	90 13 8	......	169 2 4
Supplies and Services (purchase and repair of tents, rations, clothing and bedding of prisoners).	1,312 0 0	744 12 5	......	567 3 7
Contingencies . . .	10,845 0 0	8,116 12 8	......	2,728 3 4
Charges on North-West Frontier, Levies.	......	......	......	......
Services under the Political Agent, Thal Chotiali.	2,23,360 0 0	2,16,874 3 6	......	6,485 12 6
Services under the Political Assistant, Chagai.	......	......	......	......
Services under the Political Agent, Quetta-Pishin.	......	......	......	......
Services under the Agent to the Governor General in Baluchistan.	......	......	......	......
Services under the Political Agent, Kalat.	......	......	......	......
Services under the Political Agent, South Eastern Baluchistan (Las Beyla Frontier, Kej Mekran and Punjgur Levies.)	......	......	......	......
Services under the Political Agent, Zhob, Zhob Levy Corps.	......	......	......	......
Entertainment of Envoys and Chiefs.	700 0 0	281 4 9	......	418 11 3
Darbar Presents . . .	600 0 0	600 0 0	......	......
Miscellaneous . . .	600 0 0	397 0 0	......	203 0 0
TOTAL .	2,75,847 0 0	2,64,852 3 8	601 14 5	11,596 10 9
26.—SCIENTIFIC AND OTHER MINOR DEPARTMENTS—				
Provincial Statistics . .	......	......	......	......
29.—SUPERANNUATION ALLOWANCES AND PENSIONS—				
32.—MISCELLANEOUS—				
Donations for Charitable purposes.	120 0 0	84 14 5	......	35 1 7

Account of Provincial Revenue receipts and expenditure for the year 1899 99—concld.

Heads of Receipt.	Revised Budget Estimate for 1898-99.	Actuals for 1898-99.	Increase.	Decrease.
TOTAL RECEIPTS .	2,98,755 0 0	2,79,510 9 9	2,107 0 8	21,351 6 11

Heads of Expenditure.	Revised Budget for 1898-99.	Actuals for 1898-99.	Increase.	Decrease.
	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.
32.—Miscellaneous—*contd.*				
Charges on account of European Vagrants.	40 0 0	10 0 0	......	30 0 0
Charges for remittance of treasure.	......	......	......	......
Reward for destruction of wild animals.	50 0 0	4 0 0	......	46 0 0
Petty Establishment . .	......	......	......	......
Miscellaneous and unforeseen charges.	200 0 0	84 1 4	......	115 14 8
Miscellaneous refunds .	......	......	......	......
Travelling allowance of officers to attend examinations.	......	15 6 0	15 6 0	......
Total .	410 0 0	198 5 9	15 6 0	227 0 3
43.—Minor Works and Navigation—		......	......	......
In charge of Civil officers	......	......	......	......
In charge of P. W. Officers .	......			
45.—Civil Works—				
In charge of Civil Officers—				
Civil buildings . . .	6,090 0 0	6,092 0 0	2 0 0	......
Communications . .	5,343 0 0	5,372 9 0	29 9 0	......
Miscellaneous public improvements.	......	......	......	......
Establishment (including contingencies and travelling allowances).	920 0 0	795 14 1	......	124 1 11
Miscellaneous—				
Road side arboriculture (establishment travelling allowances and contingencies).	......	......	......	......
Tools and Plant . . .	600 0 0	570 7 0	......	29 9 0
Staging Bungalows and encamping grounds.	4,747 0 0	3,772 11 3	......	974 4 9
Total .	17,700 0 0	16,603 9 4	31 9 0	1,127 15 8
TOTAL EXPENDITURE .	3,66,530 0 0	3,48,167 10 10	759 6 0	19,121 11 2

C

Return of Land Revenue Collections in kind and in cash in the Thal-Chotiali District for the year 1898-99.

Description.	Maunds collected.	Average rate per maund.	Cash realized.	Total.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	
	M. s. c.	R a. p	R a. p.	R a. p.	
I.—Collection in Kind—					
Wheat	57,866 18 8	2 3 2	1,27,369 5 0		
Barley	6,310 7 2	1 5 6	8,485 10 8		
Bhoosa	63,047 16 4	0 3 1	12,355 8 1		
Jowari	18,396 17 4	1 2 9	21,623 12 8		
Kirbi	18,808 25 1	0 0 10	995 2 4		
Mustard	1,225 6 12	2 5 0	2,833 2 10		
Moong	1,867 12 12	2 0 6	3,795 10 6		
Maccai	331 5 0	1 9 6	528 4 1		
Moth	35 14 4	1 3 6	43 0 11		
Bajri	158 14 0	1 7 3	230 4 2		
Til	14 29 3	4 12 0	69 13 5		
Dhania	0 25 8	6 seers per rupee.	4 4 0		
Shati	1,680 20 0	0 14 10	1,560 15 8		
Cotton	38 12 14	1 8 0	57 7 8		
China	206 1 12	1 0 3	209 15 11		
Tobacco	21 21 8	5 12 0	123 11 5	1,80,286 1 4	
II.—Collection in Cash—					
Crops, cut green	...	...	3,913 4 8		
Palezat	...	...	1,736 6 1		
Miscellaneous	...	...	1,222 12 3		
Fixed assessment	...	...	36,078 10 6		
Water mills	...	...	1,867 4 4		
Royalty on coal	...	...	1 14 3	44,820 4 1	
III.—Grazing-tax—					
Grazing-tax	...	...	34,298 5 6	34,298 5 6	
IV.—Arrears of previous years recovered during the year under review.	...	...	2,992 4 4	2,992 4 4	
Total	...	...	......	2,62,396 15 3	

Details by Tahsils.

No.	Description.	Sibi.	Shahrig.	Duki.	Barkhan.	Sanjawi.	Kohlu.	Total.	Total collection in cash.	Expenditure.	Net amount credited to Government.
		R a. p	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p
I	Collection in kind.	89,174 14 5	4,631 10 4	53,214 14 2	19,270 12 8	2,601 5 4	11,392 8 5	1,80,286 1 4	...	...	...
II	Do. in cash.	2,772 0 10	22,568 0 11	3,441 11 3	1,242 2 6	14,424 11 3	371 9 4	44,820 4 1	...	...	...
III	Grazing tax.	5,529 7 0	8,280 13 0	7,175 3 0	4,566 4 0	5,724 5 6	3,022 6 0	34,298 5 6	...	...	...
IV	Arrears	...	1,095 12 0	...	1,703 14 4	192 10 0	...	2,992 4 4	2,62,396 15 3	24,186* 4 0	2,38,010 0 3
										Remained outstanding.	200 0 0
	Total.	97,476 6 3	36,576 4 3	63,831 11 5	26,783 1 6	22,943 0 1	14,786 7 9	2,62,396 15 3			

	R a. p.
(a) Jagir allowance	11,801 7 5
(b) Lumbardari allowance	12,280 6 5
(c) Legbari Nawab's Share for Palezat and Sabzkhurda.	104 6 2
Total.	24,186 4 0

D

Statement of the Judicial work of the various Courts in Thal-Chotiali District for 1898-99.

Officers.	Civil suits disposed of. Original.	Appeals.	Cases of execution of decree.	Total.	Criminal trials disposed of. Original.	Appeals.	Total.	Miscellaneous revenue cases.	Grand total.
1. Political Agent and Deputy Commissioner, Thal Chotiali	27	1	1	29	6	11	17	39	85
2. Assistant Political Agent and Assistant Commissioner, Thal Chotiali	...	...	1	1	1	...	1	...	2
3. Extra Assistant Commissioner, Sibi	17	9	8	34	81	4	85	187	306
4. Ditto ditto, Duki	2	...	...	2	31	...	31	367	400
5. Munsiff, Sibi	634	...	410	1,044	89	...	89	...	1,133
6. Tahsildar, Sibi	9	...	8	17	139	...	139	84	240
7. Ditto, Shahrig	14	...	10	24	51	...	51	76	151
8. Ditto, Duki	13	...	6	19	21	...	21	...	40
9. Ditto, Barkhan	24	...	7	31	27	...	27	...	58
10. Naib Tahsildar, Sibi	8	...	3	11	23	...	23	1	35
11. Ditto, Shahrig	48	...	16	64	15	...	15	4	83
12. Ditto, Duki	42	...	20	62	14	...	14	...	76
13. Ditto, Barkhan	21	...	2	23	19	...	19	...	42
14. Ditto, Sinjawi	44	...	18	62	49	...	49	...	111
15. Ditto, Kohlu	38	...	4	42	14	...	14	...	56
Total	941	10	514	1,465	580	15	595	758	2,818

E

Statement showing the receipt and consumption of petition paper during the year and the financial result of the year 1898-99 in Thal Chotiali District.

Amount received.	R.	Q.	S.	Amount expended.	R.	Q.	S.
Paper in store on 1st April 1898	73	10	12	Papers sold during the year 1898-99	32	7	12
Paper received during the year	...			Paper used for copies supplied free of charge	...		
				Papers in store on 31st March 1899	41	3	0
Total	73	10	12	Total	73	10	12
Receipts.	R	a.	p.	**Expenditure.**	R	a.	p.
Papers sold to licensed vendors at R7-8 a ream	242	13	0	Commission paid to licensed vendors	12	2	0
				Other expenses	...		
Total	242	13	0	Total	12	2	0

F

Statement showing the number and classification of political cases in the Thal-Chotiali District tried by Jirgas during 1898-99.

Name of Jirga sitting.	Local Cases.									Interprovincial cases between Baluchistan, Sindh and Punjab.			Grand Total.	Remarks.
	Murder.	Robbery.	Adultery.	Adultery with Murder.	Land revenue.	Betrothal and other cases connected with marriage.	Cattle lifting.	Miscellaneous.	Total.	With Sindh.	With Punjab.	Total.		
Local Jirgas	7	7	8	...	7	7	28	17	81	...	2	2	83	
Fort Munro	...	1	...	...	...	...	4	1	6	...	71	71	77	
Sibi	5	10	10	2	25	13	14	27	106	...	...	...	106	
Quetta	5	1	2	...	7	3	1	7	26	...	...	...	26	
Total	17	19	20	2	39	23	47	52	219	...	73	73	292	

G

GENERAL SUMMARY.—Distribution of the Prisoners of all classes (convicted, under trial, and civil) confined in the Sibi Jail of British Baluchistan during the year 1898-99.

Province.	Place of Confinement.			Prisoners in Jail at the commencement of the year.			Received during the year.		
	Central Jails.	District Jails.	Subordinate Jails and Lock-ups.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Convicted.									
Baluchistan (Thal Chotiali District	...	Sibi.	...	25	3	28	166	2	168
Under-trial									
				27	1	28	337	11	348
Civil.									
				...	...	...	3	...	3
Total	...	...	...	52	4	56	506	13	519

Province.	Total.			Discharged from all causes.			Remaining at the end of the year.			Total daily average number of Prisoners.			Province.
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
Convicted.													
Baluchistan (Thal Chotiali District	191	5	196	152	5	*157	39	...	39	29·21	·63	29 84	
Under-trial													
	364	12	376	336	11	347	28	1	29	29·32	·70	30·02	
Civil.													
	3	...	3	2	...	2	1	...	1	·22	...	·22	
Total	558	17	575	490	16	506	68	1	69	...	...	...	

* 118 Discharged.
38 Transferred to Shikarpoor Jail.
1 Do to Quetta Jail.
157

H

Statement showing the prisoners entered in the Sibi Jail during 1898-99.

Direct admission.					By transfer from other Jails.				
Convicts, male.	Convicts, female.	Civil prisoners.	Political prisoners.	Under-trial prisoners not convicted.	Convicts, male.	Convicts, female.	Civil prisoners.	Political prisoners.	Under-trial prisoners not convicted.
136	2	3	90	241	30	...	...	12	5

I

Expenditure (in rupees) in guarding and maintaining the prisoners in the Sibi Jail of British Baluchistan during the year 1898-99 (excluding the cost of building new Jails, of additions, alterations, or repairs).

Province.	Daily average number of prisoners. Convicts.	Under-trial.	Civil.	Total.	Establishment. Permanent.	Temporary.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.	Dieting charges. Rations.	Miscellaneous dieting charges, including diet of prisoners in hajats and camps.	Garden and agricultural expenses.	Proportion of daily expenses.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength, excluding civil prisoners.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
					R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R	R	R a. p.	R a. p.
Baluchistan (Thal Chotiali District).	29·84	30·02	·22	60·08	3,280 9 6	110 11 9	3,391 5 3	56 7 1	924 0 6	138 12 5	...	...	1,062 12 11	18 10 1

Province.	Hospital charges. Sick diet and extras for patients.	Extras or special diet for weakly prisoners not in hospital.	Medicines, hospital bedding, clothing, etc.	Proportion of daily expenses.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.	Cost per head of average number sick.	Clothing and bedding of prisoners. Total cost.	Cost per head of average strengths, excluding civil prisoners.	Sanitation charges. Charges in conservancy, cleansing and purifying.	Charges for water-supply.	Extraordinary charges.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.	Charges for moving prisoners. Transfer charges and road subsistence of convicts and under-trial prisoners.	Transportation charges.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.
1	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33
	R a. p.	R	R a. p.	R	R a. p.	R	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R	R a. p.	R a. p.
Baluchistan (Thal Chotiali District).	146 2 11	...	1 8 6	...	147 11 5	*	51 10 4	206 4 9	3 7 2	98 7 0	13 3 0	...	111 10 0	1 13 9	158 5 0	...	158 5 0†	4 0 11

* 2·86 average of sick prisoners.

† This is on account of transfer charges of only those prisoners who were sent from this jail to Shikarpur. Besides this, a sum of R432-13-3 was expended during the year under report on account of railway fare and road expenses, etc., of the prisoners who were sent to and from the Sibi Jail or other lock-ups in the sub-division.

Expenditure (in rupees) in guarding and maintaining the prisoners in the Sibi Jail of British Baluchistan during the year 1898-99 (excluding the cost of building new Jails, of additions, alterations, or repairs)—contd.

Province.	Charges for other miscellaneous services and supplies.								Travelling allowances.		Contingencies.								
	For lighting.	Disciplinary charges.	Annual expenses for uniform and accoutrements of warders.	Money payments as reward for recaptures and services.	Execution charges.	Other miscellaneous charges.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.	Rents, rates and taxes.	Service postage.	Telegraphic and telephone charges.	Current office expenses (including country stationery).	Office furniture.	Charges for registers and stationery (Stationery Department charges).	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.
1	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51
	R a. p	R	R	R	R	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R	R a. p.	R	R a. p	R a. p	R	R a. p.	R a. p.
Baluchistan (Thal-Chotiali District).	22 6 1	...	170	...	...	38 4 0	230 10 1	3 13 3	11 0 9	0 2 11	...	1 0 0	...	3 10 9	30 1 2	...	34 11 11	0 9 1

Province.	Extraordinary charges for live stock and tools and plant likely to last for three years and upwards.												Grand total of expenditure.	Total cost per head of average strength.
	Conservancy and water-supply dead stock.	Dietary dead stock.	Hospital dead-stock.	Garden and agricultural plant.	Lighting dead stock.	Disciplinary dead stock.	Arms and accoutrements (original cost).	Dairy live stock and plant (excluding maintenance).	Draught cattle (excluding keep).	Other miscellaneous dead stock.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.		
1	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65
	R	R a. p.	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	
Baluchistan (Thal-Chotiali District).	...	11 13 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11 13 6	0 2 11	5,366 5 7	140 13 6

J

Account of Receipts and Expenditure of the Sibi Municipal Fund for the year ending 31st March 1899.

Heads of Receipts.	Sanctioned Budget Estimate.	Total Receipts.
REVENUE.	R a. p.	R a. p.
A.—Municipal Rates and Taxes—		
1. Octroi	13,950 0 0	13,950 0 0
2. Tax on Houses and Lands	......	......
3. Tax on Animals and Vehicles	35 0 0	39 0 0
4 Tax on Professions and Trades	......	......
5. Tolls (on Roads and Ferries)	......	......
6. Water rate	......	......
7. Lighting rate	......	......
8. Conservancy (including Scavenging and Latrine rate)	......	......
9. Others (to be specified in detail, e. g., Servants' Tax, Pilgrim Tax, etc.)	......	......
B.—Realisations under Special Acts—		
1. Pounds	......	......
2. Hackney-carriage	......	......
3. Licenses for sale of Spirits and Drugs	......	......
4. Others (to be specified in detail)	......	......
N. B.—Judicial Fines under Special Acts should be credited under "Fines" below.		
C.—Revenue derived from Municipal property and powers apart from taxation—		
1. Rents of lands, houses, serais, dâk bungalows	1,481 0 0	1,556 5 5
2. Sale-proceeds of lands and produce of lands, etc.	3,825 0 0	4,900 5 11
3. Conservancy Receipts (other than taxes and rates)	2,000 0 0	1,873 12 0
4. Fees and Revenue from Educational Institutions	125 0 0	154 15 9
5. Fees and Revenue from Medical Institutions	......	......
6. Fees and Revenue from Markets and Slaughter-houses	......	......
7. Fees and Revenue from Tramways	......	......
8. Other fees (to be specified)	......	......
9. Fines under Municipal and other Acts	5 0 0	3 4 0
10. Interest on Investments *	......	......
11. Premium on Loans	......	......
D.—Grants and Contribution (for general and special purposes)—		
1. From Government *	......	......
2. From Local Funds *	......	......
3. Other *	......	......

Heads of Disbursements.	Sanctioned Budget Estimate.	Total Expenditure.
EXPENDITURE.	R a. p.	R a. p.
A.—General Administration and Collection Charges—		
1. General administration (*a*) Office Establishment. Inspection, Honorary Magistrates' Establishment, etc.	1,174 6 3	1,101 12 10
2. Collection of taxes, including Bonded Warehouses (Establishment, purchase of account books and paper, money boxes, repairs to outposts, etc.)	24 0 0	22 0 0
3. Collection of tools on roads and ferries	......	......
4. Survey of land	349 0 0	294 15 8
5. Refunds	......	0 12 0
6. Pensions and gratuities	......	......
B.—Public Safety—		
1. Fire (Establishment, purchase of fire-engines, buckets, repairs, etc)	......	......
2. Lighting (Establishment, purchase of lamps and oil, repairs, etc.)	680 0 0	676 13 6
3. Police (Establishment, purchase of clothing, lanterns, etc., repairs to outposts, etc)	3,712 0 0	3,670 0 10
4. Rewards for destruction of wild animals and snakes	10 0 0	5 0 6
C.—Public Health and Convenience—		
1. Water-supply . { Capital outlay	......	......
{ Establishment, etc.	......	......
2. Drainage . { Capital outlay	......	......
{ Establishment, repairs, etc.	......	......
3. Conservancy (including road cleaning and watering) and latrines	5,521 0 0	5,385 11 3
4. Hospitals and Dispensaries	1,680 0 0	1,680 0 0
5. Vaccination	200 0 0	187 10 0
6. Markets and slaughter-houses	250 0 0	248 3 7
7. Pounds	......	......
8. Dâk bungalows and serais	......	......
9. Arboriculture, Public Gardens and Experimental Cultivation	2,500 0 0	2,457 9 5
10. Registration of Births and Deaths	......	......
11. Public Works (*a*)	......	......
(*i*) Establishment (*b*)	420 0 0	425 0 0
(*ii*) Buildings (*c*)	500 0 0	483 0 2
(*iii*) Roads	615 0 0	612 15 1
(*iv*) Stores (*c*)	......	......
D.—Public Instruction—		
1. Schools and Colleges	1,260 0 0	1,147 14 6
2. Contributions	640 0 0	630 5 2
3. Libraries, Museums, Magazines, etc.	350 0 0	180 0 0

E.—Miscellaneous—		
1. Recoveries on account of services rendered to private individuals—Workshop	800 0 0	504 3 3
2 Other items—Miscellaneous	......	405 15 9
F.—Extraordinary and Debt—		
1. Sale-proceeds of Government Securities and withdrawal from Savings Bank	......	......
2. Loans from Government	......	......
„ raised in the market from private individuals	......	......
3. Realisations of Sinking Fund for repayment of loans	......	......
4. Advance—(*a*) Permanent	......	19 4 0
(*b*) Other—Plague	4,926 0 0	3,752 0 0
5. Deposits—Horse Show	......	835 0 0
Total receipts	27,147 0 0	27,994 2 1
Opening balance	7,986 14 6	7,986 14 6
GRAND TOTAL	35,133 14 6	35,981 0 7

E.—Contributions—		
[for general purposes (*d*)]	1,540 0 0	1,539 8 0
	60 0 0	48 13 9
F.—Miscellaneous—		
1. Interest on loans { Previous years	......	......
{ Current year	......	......
2. Discount	800 0 0	402 11 9
3. Actual cost of works done for private individuals—Workshop	......	......
4. Other items (to be specified)	50 0 0	50
G.—Extraordinary and Debt—		
1. Investments—		
(*a*) In securities (other than for Sinking Fund)	......	......
(*b*) In Savings Bank	......	......
2. Payment to the Sinking Fund	......	......
3. Repayment of Loans	......	......
4. Advances—		
Observation camp	......	3 7 6
(*a*) Permanent	......	19 4 0
(*b*) Plague	7,000 0 0	8,394 1 9
5. Deposits—Horse Show	948 0 0	1,599 1 6
Total expenditure	30,113 6 3	31,266 12 9
Closing balance	5,020 8 3	4,714 3 10
GRAND TOTAL	35,133 14 6	35,981 0 7

Memorandum of Liabilities and Claims.

Liabilities—	
Balance of Loans	......
Less balance of Sinking Funds	......
Net balances of Loans	......
Deposits	176 15 6
Total	176 15 6
Claims—	
Advances recoverable	9,501 12 2
Net amount of debt	......

* Against each of those heads show separately receipts for: (*a*) General. (*b*) Educational. (*c*) Medical purposes.

(*a*) It must be clearly understood that under these heads only such general charges are to be shown as cannot be properly shown under any of the other heads. Wherever establishment is employed and works are constructed for a particular purpose only, the charge should be shown under the head to which that purpose belongs and not under these heads.

(*b*) If the Public Works Establishment be employed partly upon works connected with any of the other heads, the share of the charges debitable to those heads should be shown under those heads, and not under this head.

(*c*) Cost of buildings erected or stores used for special work, *e.g.*, for water-works, should be charged to those works; cost of such buildings or stores only will be shown here as property cannot be shown under any of the other heads.

(*d*) Contributions should be classified according to the object for which they are made, *e.g.*, for schools under D—Public Instructions, etc., contribution not made for any particular purpose or for a purpose for which no separate head is provided should be charged under this head.

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Account of Shahrigh Bazar Excluded Local Funds for the year ending 31st March 1899.

Heads of Receipts.	Sanctioned Budget Estimate. R a. p.	Total receipts. R a. p.
Land Revenue—		
Income from land the property of the Fund	85 0 0	96 7 0
Stamps—		
Sale of Stamps	...	...
Excise—		
License, Fees and Duties	...	...
Provincial Rates—		
Rates and Cesses on lands	...	...
Miscellaneous	...	...
Assessed Taxes—		
Taxes upon Houses	...	...
Licenses upon Trades and Professions	...	...
Chaukidari	700 0 0	796 8 0
Octroi	5,065 0 0	5,065 0 0
Miscellaneous (including Taxes on Houses and Carriages)	...	...
Registration—		
Fees and Miscellaneous	...	2 0 0
Police—		
Fees, Fines and Forfeitures	...	...
Unclaimed Property	...	...
Miscellaneous (including Cattle Pound Receipts)	...	...
Marine—		
Hire of Vessels	...	...
Sale-proceeds of Vessels and Stores	...	...
Pilotage Receipts	...	...
Other Fees and Dues	...	...
Education—		
School-fees	12 0 0	14 5 6
Miscellaneous (Subscription)	...	...
Medical—		
Hospital Receipts (including Sale of Medicine)	...	...
Agriculture—		
Public Gardens	785 0 0	752 5 7
Public Exhibitions and Fairs	...	...

Heads of Disbursements.	Sanctioned Budget Estimate. R a. p.	Total Expenditure. R a. p.
Interest—		
Interest upon Debt	...	...
Refunds—		
Refunds of Taxes	...	...
Miscellaneous Refunds	...	...
Charge of Collection of Revenue	...	...
Excise of Establishment	...	...
Rate and Cess-collecting Establishment	...	...
Other Collecting Establishment	...	...
General Administration—		
Establishment engaged in General Management and Accounts	385 0 0	363 2 5
Contributions towards establishment in Government Office	...	...
Law and Justice—		
Criminal Courts	...	...
Jails	...	...
Police—		
Executive Force	1,432 0 0	1,424 8 6
Miscellaneous	160 0 0	104 11 11
Marine—		
Dock-yards and Port Establishment	...	...
Pilotage Establishment	...	...
Ship and Boat Establishment	...	...
Light-houses and Light-ships	...	...
Miscellaneous	...	...
Education—		
Inspection	663 0 0	641 10 5
Colleges and Schools	...	...
Scholarships and Prizes	...	...
Grants-in-aid	...	...
Medical—		
Professional Establishment	364 0 0	313 3 11
Hospitals and Dispensaries	...	...
Vaccination	300 0 0	276 0 0
Medical School	...	...
Minor Department—		
Public Gardens (Establishment and other Charges)	642 0 0	600 7 0
Cemeteries (Establishments and other Charges)	...	...

Scientific—		
Museum	...	...
Sanitation—		
Conservancy Tax and Fees	322 0 0	323 0 0
Sale of Manure, etc.	...	...
Water Supply—		
Sale of Water	...	...
Other Receipts	...	...
Interest—		
Interest on Government Securities and other Investments	...	...
Superannuations—		
Contributions towards Pensions, etc.	...	...
Miscellaneous—		
Sale of old Materials	...	
Sale of Land and Houses	...	...
Contributions (including Grants-in-aid from Government)	...	...
Rents of Houses	180 0 0	196 10 2
Sales of Fruit, Grass, etc.	...	...
Miscellaneous	...	97 15 4
Levy Chanda	850 0 0	911 0 11
Public Works—		
Tolls and Ferries	...	...
Miscellaneous	...	...
Deposits and Advances—		
Ziarat Improvement Fund	1,500 0 0	1,200 0 0
Loans from Government	...	...
Loans by subscription	...	...
Sale-proceeds of investments	...	...
Stock Account	...	...
Other Deposits and Advances	...	...
Plague	1,308 3 8	...
Others	...	116 6 0
Total Receipts	10,807 3 8	9,570 10 6
Opening Balance	11,434 11 0	11,434 11 0
GRAND TOTAL	22,241 14 8	21,005 5 6

Public Fairs and Exhibitions	...	...
Conservancy (Establishment and other Charges and Feed of Bullocks)	2,627 0 0	2,455 2 8
Water-supply (Establishment and other Charges)	...	...
Statistical Establishment	...	...
Superannuations—		
Pensions and Gratuities	...	...
Miscellaneous—		
Rents, Rates and Taxes	...	...
Petty Establishments	...	...
Miscellaneous	40 0 0	14 15 0
Other Repairs to Stables	50 0 0	50 0 0
Public Works—		
Supervising Establishment	285 0 0	272 0 9
Tools and Plant	...	...
Stock not chargeable to any particular work	...	...
Original Works—		
Buildings	300 0 0	198 15 9
Roads	...	...
Port Appliances	...	...
Other Works	...	...
Petty Construction and Repairs	325 0 0	55 1 3
Deposits and Advances—		
Repayment of Loans from Government	...	...
Repayment of Loans from the Public Investment in Government Securities or otherwise	...	...
Stock Account	...	...
Other Deposits and Advances	...	...
Ziarat Improvement Fund	1,455 3 0	1,455 3 0
Levy Chanda	850 0 0	255 10 4
Total Disbursement	9,378 3 0	8,480 12 11
Closing balance	12,863 11 8	12,524 8 7
GRAND TOTAL	22,241 14 8	21,005 5 6

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Statement showing Receipts and Expenditure of Local Funds for 1898-99.

Name of Fund.	Opening balance.	Receipts.	Expenditure.	Closing balance.
	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.
1. Sibi Municipal Fund . .	7,986 14 6	27,994 2 1	31,266 12 9	4,714 3 10
2. Shahrig Bazar Fund . .	11,434 11 0	9,570 10 6	8,480 12 11	12,524 8 7
Total .	19,421 9 6	37.564 12 7	39,747 9 8	17,238 12 5

M

Statement of Takavi Advances made under the Land Improvement Loans Act during the year ending 31st March 1899.

District.	Names.	Amount.	Interest, if any, payable.	Total.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Under Land Improvement Act.				
		R	R a. p.	R a. p.	
Thal-Chotiali.	Lal Bux	300	36 6 3	336 6 3	
	Hasil Khan Safi . . .	500	88 5 11	588 5 11	
	Alif Shah	300	23 8 6	323 8 6	
	Amir Muhammad Shadozai .	600	128 11 5	728 11 5	
	Alif, son of Baikar . .	300	29 11 3	329 11 3	
	Muhammad Arif . . .	500	...	500 0 0	
	Mitha Khan . . .	600	140 1 0	740 1 0	
	Malik Muradi . . .	100	8 6 3	108 6 3	
	Halim Khan . . .	700	161 11 10	861 11 10	
	Malik Shakur and Balach .	120	11 14 5	131 14 5	
	Sardar Tagia Khan . .	10,000	...	10,000 0 0	
	Total . .	14,020	628 12 10	14,648 12 10	
	Under Agricultural Loans Act.				
	Allahdad Dumar . . .	150	6 13 8	156 13 8	
	Gul Muhammad . . .	400	51 6 3	451 6 3	
	Wali Hamzazai . . .	100	7 10 5	107 10 5	
	Shadi Khan Shadozai . .	100	9 15 5	109 15 5	
	Total . .	750	75 13 9	825 13 9	
	Grand Total .	14,770	704 10 7	15,474 10 7	

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Statement of Recoveries made on account of Takavi Advances during the year ending 31st March 1899.

District.	Names.	Amount payable.	Repayments during the year under report.		Balance.	Remarks.
			Principal.	Interest.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	
	Under Land Improvement Act.					
		R a. p.	R	R a. p.	R a. p.	
Thal-Chotiali.	Nurkhan Shamozai	600 0 0	100	......	500 0 0	
	Khalifa Yakub	500 0 0	100	......	400 0 0	
	Rahimali Khan	250 0 0	100	......	150 0 0	
	Mitha Khan	100 0 0	100	......	......	
	Azad Khan	100 0 0	100	......	......	
	Sher Muhammad	800 0 0	100	......	700 0 0	
	Allahdad	600 0 0	100	......	500 0 0	
	Walhari Khan	2,100 0 0	200	......	1,900 0 0	
	Murad Bux Marri	800 0 0	100	......	700 0 0	
	Mubarak Khan	300 0 0	100	......	200 0 0	
	Sultan Machhi	300 0 0	100	......	200 0 0	
	Nabi Bux	593 15 9	50	23 10 9	520 5 0	
	Piara, son of Lal Bux	336 6 3	50	12 15 3	273 7 0	
	Hasil Khan	588 5 11	50	18 0 11	520 5 0	
	Khudadad and others	400 0 0	100	......	300 0 0	
	Hashim and Kalu Khan	268 0 0	66	......	202 0 0	
	Momin	228 9 4	50	12 2 10	166 6 6	
	Nasir Khan Tarin of Chotiali	150 0 0	100	......	50 0 0	
	Amir Muhammad	500 0 0	300	......	200 0 0	
	Azim Khan	1,600 0 0	400	......	1,200 0 0	
	Nasir Khan Ustrana	475 0 0	150	......	325 0 0	
	Jangi Khan	687 8 0	125	......	562 8 0	
	Alan Khan	2,000 0 0	400	......	1,600 0 0	
	Bagat Luni	300 0 0	200	......	100 0 0	
	Dowran Khan	600 0 0	400	......	200 0 0	
	Matiamal	2,750 0 0	500	......	2,250 0 0	
	Murad Khan	750 0 0	125	......	625 0 0	
	Gaman Khan	100 0 0	100			
	Ghani	202 0 0	134	......	68 0 0	
	Jalal Khan	150 0 0	100	......	50 0 0	
	Isa Khan	400 0 0	100	......	300 0 0	
	Malik Wazir and others	500 0 0	200	......	300 0 0	
	Rasad Zarkun	272 14 11	100	14 1 8	158 13 3	
	Nasir Khan of Chotiali	325 12 7	50	16 3 9	259 8 10	
	Jangi Khan Shadozai	579 5 5	100	23 5 5	456 0 0	
	Amir Muhammad Shadozai	728 11 5	50	25 6 0	653 5 5	
	Babul Isani	100 0 0	100	......	......	
	Syed Ismail Shah	244 1 8	50	27 10 7	166 7 1	
	Lalhan Umarzai	85 3 1	54	5 6 7	25 12 6	
	Chargul Khirzai	543 6 8	200	27 2 3	316 4 5	
	Azad Khan Zarkhun	100 0 0	100	......	......	
	Mirzihan Khan Bijrani Marri	360 0 0	60	......	300 0 0	
	Rahimtan, etc.	218 0 11	50	8 11 2	159 5 9	
	Shera Rabani	218 0 11	50	8 11 2	159 5 9	
	Sher Khan Jehanani	174 7 1	40	6 15 4	127 7 9	
	Jana and other Isianis	552 14 0	100	21 10 7	431 3 5	
	Mir Wagha	174 7 11	40	7 0 2	127 7 9	
	Nur Khan Jehanani	152 9 2	35	6 0 3	111 8 11	
	Gamon and others	436 5 11	100	17 8 7	318 13 4	
	Dadan Mab	174 7 11	40	7 0 2	127 7 9	
	Sheran and others	552 11 3	100	21 7 10	431 3 5	
	Meharali Lala	130 12 4	30	5 2 6	95 9 10	
	Rahim Khan and others	217 15 3	50	8 9 6	159 5 9	
	Lashkar Mat	218 0 6	50	8 10 9	159 5 9	
	Jehan Khan Chacha	261 12 5	60	10 8 9	191 3 8	
	Dadu Khan Rotar	108 15 3	25	4 4 6	79 10 9	
	Muhammad Khan Salaroni	152 8 3	35	5 15 6	111 8 9	
	Ahmad Khan Mohana	326 14 6	75	12 13 11	239 0 7	
	Mitha Kalwani	87 1 10	20	3 5 11	63 11 11	
	Haiuat	326 10 8	75	12 10 2	239 0 6	
	Alif Shah Sheikh	323 8 0	100	7 14 0	2.5 10 0	
	Hakim Khan and others	2,500 0 0	500	......	2,000 0 0	
	Umarshah	800 0 0	100	......	700 0 0	
	Pir Muhammad	1,000 0 0	200	......	800 0 0	
	Malik Dowran of Zargi	2,000 0 0	250	......	1,750 0 0	
	Total	34,477 9 1	7,889	391 2 9	26,197 6 4	

Statement of Recoveries made on account of Takavi Advances during the year ending 31st March 1899.

District.	Names.	Amount payable.			Repayments during the year under report.				Balance.			Remarks.
					Principal.	Interest.						
1	2	3			4	5			6			7
	Under Agricultural Loans Act.											
		R	a.	p.	R	R	a.	p.	R	a.	p.	
Thal-Chotiali.	Mitha Khan	450	0	0	100	......			350	0	0	
	Adam Khan	260	0	0	80	......			180	0	0	
	Lal Bux	650	0	0	100	......			550	0	0	
	Alarakhia	275	0	0	50	......			225	0	0	
	Sultan	275	0	0	50	......			225	0	0	
	Hakim Khan	450	0	0	100	......			350	0	0	
	Alisher	450	0	0	100	......			350	0	0	
	Pir Bux	175	0	0	50	......			125	0	0	
	Karam Khan	275	0	0	50	......			225	0	0	
	Mubarak	1,100	0	0	200	......			900	0	0	
	Hasil Khan	329	11	0	100	14	1	0	215	10	0	
	Gul Muhammad	407	15	4	400	7	1	4	......			
	Rahman Tarin	216	10	8	100	8	10	1	108	0	7	
	Ghazi Khan Tarin	159	4	9	100	7	13	0	51	7	9	
	Paind Khan Tarin	159	4	8	100	7	13	0	51	7	9	
	Misri Khan Shadozai	159	6	7	100	7	13	7	51	9	0	
	Tor Khan Marpani	104	11	5	100	4	11	5	......			
	Ali Muhammad Lasiani	79	11	4	50	3	4	10	25	12	6	
	Jan Muhammad Marpani	79	11	4	50	3	14	10	25	12	6	
	Ata Muhammad Lasiani	79	11	4	50	3	14	10	25	12	6	
	Mir Khan Luni	274	3	1	100	14	13	5	159	5	8	
	Mehra Hasni	159	6	0	100	7	13	0	51	9	0	
	Miran Tarin	104	14	7	50	1	12	7	53	2	0	
	Tawakal	107	3	8	50	4	1	8	53	2	0	
	Allahdad Sultanzai	156	13	8	100	5	4	11	51	8	9	
	Kamal Khan Lasiani	107	3	8	50	4	1	8	53	2	0	
	Baloch Khan	161	3	11	75	6	8	11	79	11	0	
	Halim Malikzai	171	11	10	80	7	15	9	83	12	1	
	Saifal and other Marris	85	13	11	40	3	15	10	41	14	1	
	Kaka Zarkun	171	11	10	80	7	15	9	83	12	1	
	Nabu and others	85	13	9	40	3	15	8	41	14	1	
	Nasir Jehanani	214	14	9	100	10	3	7	104	11	2	
	Jabar Jehanani	107	7	4	50	5	1	9	52	5	7	
	Imam Bux Mazarani	429	13	6	200	20	7	2	209	6	4	
	Farez Khan and others	317	11	2	200	14	8	11	103	2	3	
	Amiran and others	322	6	0	150	15	5	4	157	0	8	
	Brahim Khan Kasmani	317	11	2	200	14	8	11	103	2	3	
	Mir Khan Hesani	171	14	11	80	8	2	10	83	12	1	
	Shado Phadal	322	6	0	150	15	5	4	157	0	8	
	Lalhan Kasmani	150	6	8	70	7	2	1	73	4	7	
	Sher Muhammad Sheikh	171	14	6	80	8	2	5	83	12	1	
	Tal Khan	107	7	1	50	5	1	6	52	5	7	
	Muhammad Khan and others	322	5	6	100	12	15	11	209	5	7	
	Saru Kasmani	85	15	3	40	4	1	2	41	14	1	
	Khanan and others	537	3	5	250	25	7	6	261	11	11	
	Rahim Khan Sadkani	322	5	3	150	15	4	6	157	0	9	
	Walidad Choti	214	14	2	100	10	3	0	104	11	2	
	Gala Lohma	214	14	2	100	10	3	0	104	11	2	
	Dalu Dadwani	279	5	7	130	13	3	11	136	1	8	
	Mir Khan Sadrani	107	7	1	50	5	1	6	52	5	7	
	Kamal Khan Zakriani	150	6	8	70	7	2	1	73	4	7	
	Lala Sadikani	214	14	2	100	10	3	0	104	11	2	
	Bahar Khan Badiani	214	14	2	100	10	3	0	104	11	2	
	Haji and others	322	3	9	150	15	3	0	157	0	9	
	Wazir Jehanani	214	13	5	100	10	2	3	104	11	2	
	Mir Zakriani	107	6	7	50	5	1	0	52	5	7	
	Paind Khan Hakmani	107	6	7	50	5	1	0	52	5	7	
	Alan and others	537	0	11	250	25	5	0	261	11	11	
	Fazil Khan Banarani	171	13	7	80	8	1	6	83	12	1	
	Karu	216	4	1	110	11	1	6	115	2	7	
	Pandhi	536	5	8	250	24	9	10	261	11	10	
	Muhammad Khan	51	9	2	50	1	9	2	......			
	Ali Khan	51	9	0	50	1	9	0	......			
	Ali Gul	51	9	2	50	1	9	2	......			
	Yar Muhammad	51	9	2	50	1	9	2	......			
	TOTAL	15,460	12	0	6,555	498	1	1	8,407	10	11	
	GRAND TOTAL	49,938	5	1	14,444	889	3	10	34,605	1	3	

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Return of Schools and Education in the Thal-Chotiali District for the year 1898-99.

Serial No.	Name and place of School.	Class of School.	Number of Pupils in the School at the close of the year.								Income of Schools.				Cost of Schools.
			Christians	Hindus (Natives of India).	Indian Muhammadans	Local Hindu boys.	Baluch Barohis.	Sikhs.	Parsi.	Total.	Contribution by Local Fund.	Grant-in-aid from Provincial Revenue.	Realised by fees or subscription	Total.	
											R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.
1	Barnes School, Sibi .	Secondary Anglo-Vernacular School.	...	40	24	3	18	9	1	95	1,147 14 6*	1,690 0 0†	6,009 15 9‡	8,847 14 3	* Pay of establishment. 945 2 0 Contingencies . 202 12 6 Total . 1,147 14 6 † For new school buildings. 1,410 0 0 Pay of Head Master. 280 0 0 Total . 1,690 0 0 ‡ Private subscription for school building, scholarship, etc. 5,855 0 0 Fees . . . 154 15 9 Total . 6,009 15 9
2	Shahrig School .	Primary Zamindari.	...	9	9	...	4 Pathans.	...	...	22	371 10 5§	......	14 5 6	385 15 11	§ Pay of establishment. 351 4 7 Contingencies . 20 5 10 Total . 371 10 5
3	Kowas School . .	Primary Zamindari.	...	...	...	...	12 Pathans.	...	...	12	270 0 0‖	......	......	270 0 0	‖ Pay of establishment. 240 0 0 Contingencies . 30 0 0 Total . 270 0 0
4	Girl School, Sibi . .	Vernacular, Primary, Urdu, Hindi and Gurmukhi.	...	30	3	...	...	2	...	35	510 5 2¶	......	......	510 5 2	¶ Pay of establishment. 439 5 2 Contingencies . 71 0 0 Total . 510 5 2
	Total .	...	...	79	36	3	34	11	1	164	2,299 14 1	1,690 0 0	6,024 5 3	10,014 3 4	

Note.—A sum of R120 was also spent from the Sibi Municipal Fund on account of contributions towards St. Joseph School, Sibi.

POLICE.

51. The office of the District Superintendent of Police in Thal-Chotiali was held by Mr. S. E. Wallace.

Statistics of Police operations in the detection and prosecution of crime are shown in appendices attached to the report received from the District Superintendent of Police which is enclosed in original.

The number of cognizable cases of all kinds which occurred during the year was 418 against 417 in 1897-98.

The percentage of cases in which convictions were obtained to those admitted is—

1897-98	25
1898-99	37

Percentage of persons convicted to arrested is—

1897-98	31
1898-99	47

Percentage of property recovered to stolen is—

1897-98	36
1898-99	54

The above figures show satisfactory results as compared with the figures of the last year.

There were 11 cases of murder during the year. Of the above, seven were committed by Pathans of the district, two by Marris, one by a Gurchani and one by a Silachi Baluch. None of the above cases presented any peculiar feature except that of the murder of one Forest Munshi at Sibi, and this has been fully explained by the District Superintendent of Police in his report.

W. M. CUBITT,

Deputy Commissioner, Thal-Chotiali.

No. 698, dated the 16th June 1899.

From—S. E. WALLACE, Esq., District Superintendent of Police, Quetta-Pishin and Thal-Chotiali,
To—The District Magistrate, Thal-Chotiali.

I have the honour to forward, for perusal and transmission to the Inspector General of Police, with such remarks, if any, as you may have occasion to make, the Annual Administration Report, Part I, of the Thal-Chotiali Police for the year 1898-99.

The returns include the working of the Police on the Railway line from Kach to Jhatpat, of which a return has also been made out separately.

PART I.—Crime and Criminals.

1. The number of cognizable cases of all kinds (Classes I to VI of Statement A) which occurred during the year was 418 against 417 in 1897-98: increase 1.

2. Eliminating Class VI, the number of cases was 398 against 397 during the preceding year: increase 1.

3. Every case included in these returns was investigated by the Police. None were dealt with direct by Magistrates.

4. Crime was not disproportionately distributed over the district. Sibi, Duki and Barkhan as usual head the list with 119, 75 and 61 cases, respectively. There were 55 cases on the line of railway.

5. There is no marked difference between the two years in the number of cases in any of the classes.

6. The number of burglaries was 76 against 77 in 1897-98.

7. The *modus operandi* in burglaries was as follows :—

(1) By breaking or picking locks	28	cases.
(2) By making holes through walls	16	"
(3) By opening doors or windows	4	"
(4) By entry through roofs, etc.	4	"
(5) By breaking open doors or windows	20	"
(6) By other methods	4	"
TOTAL	76	cases.

8. These figures do not call for comment.

9. There were 11 cases of murder during the year. They were distributed as follows:—

Sibi	3	cases.
Barkhan	2	"
Duki	4	"
Kohlu	1	case.
Sinjavi	1	"
TOTAL	11	cases.

10. Of the above, seven were committed by Pathans of the district, two by Marris, one by a Gurchani, and one by a Silachi Baluchis.

11. The motives actuating to murder were as follows:—

(1) Arising out of the relations of the sexes	5	cases.
(2) Land dispute	1	case.
(3) Feud	3	cases.
(4) Fanaticism	1	case.
(5) Other motives	1	"
TOTAL	11	cases.

12. The number of persons murdered was 13, nine of whom were adult males and four adult females.

13. The only case that presented any peculiar features was that of the Silachi, Dada, who ran amok at Sibi on the 9th March. This was a case of fanaticism. Dada killed a Hindu in the Forest Officer's quarters, and then armed with a sword ran through the Sibi bazar, where he attacked and wounded three other persons. He was then met by a police sowar also armed with a sword, and an encounter took place in which both men were wounded. Dada then turned and fled, but was met by an armed constable who bayonetted him. The sowar and constable behaved with great courage and have been suitably rewarded.

Working and measures of detection.

14. The number of cognizable cases of all kinds—Classes I to VI of Statement A—which occurred during the years 1897-98 and 1898-99, the number convicted and the percentage the latter bear to the former are given below, with information regarding the number of persons arrested and convicted and the value of property stolen and recovered:—

Cases.

YEAR.	Reported.	Convicted.	Percentage.
1897-98	417	103	25
1898-99	418	156	37

Persons.

YEAR.	Arrested.	Convicted.	Percentage.
1897-98	564	179	31
1898-99	795	366	47

Property.

YEAR.	Stolen.	Recovered.	Percentage.
1897-98	16,601	5,984	36
1898-99	22,965	12,430	54

15. It will be seen from the above figures that while crime remained stationary there was a marked improvement in the working of the police. Thirty-seven per cent. of convictions in cases is fairly good, considering the circumstances of the Thal-Chotiali district and the difficulties the police have to contend with—*vide* paragraphs 17 and 18 of my report for last year.

16. The increase in the number of persons arrested is partly due to several riot cases having occurred. The percentage of convicted to arrested, though considerably better than last year, still remains unsatisfactory. I pointed out in paragraph 17 of my report for last year how jirga cases affected police returns, and I would note here that the unavoidable delay in the settlement of these cases has a good deal to say to the low percentage of persons convicted. Cases are sometimes pending before jirgas for as long as a couple of years; and whatever the ultimate result, the persons arrested have meantime to be shown in the returns without convictions.

17. The percentage of stolen property recovered, *viz.*, 56, is very good.

18. The police were gradually relieved during the year of a good deal of miscellaneous civil work which they had formerly to perform, and to this and better supervision and instruction. I attribute the improvement in working.

19. Crime was best detected on the railway with 51 per cent. of convictions. Duki was as usual worst with 23 per cent.

20. Police working would be better if there were more thanas; one for Duki and one for Barkhan are insufficient; and Ziarat where a number of cases occurred last year, should have a police station in the summer; but until such time as more police can be provided it is unnecessary to discuss this question.

21. I enclose Statements A, B, and C relating to cases, persons, and property respectively.

PART I.

Statement A.

Serial No.	Law under which punishable.	Offence.	Cases originally reported at a Police Station or taken up on suspicion by the Police pending under Police investigation from 1897-98.	Reported during the year. Investigated by the Police. Upon the Report.	Reported during the year. Investigated by the Police. Under Magistrate's order after investigation had been refused by the Police.	Reported during the year. Not investigated.	Reported during the year. Total.	Percentage of cases investigated at once on report, column 5 to total.	Cases taken up by Station Officer otherwise than upon report.	Total of cases investigated by the Police, i.e., of columns 4, 5, 6, 10.	Not sent to Magistrate, accused if any released under section 169, C. P. Code. In which the Magistrate ordered case to be struck off as false, mistake or non-cognizable.	Not sent to Magistrate. In which no such order was passed, but the case was not tried by Magistrate.	In which Magistrate sent for the accused and tried the case. Convicted.	In which Magistrate sent for the accused and tried the case. Not convicted.	In which Magistrate sent for the accused and tried the case. Pending at close of year.	Cases other than those in columns 12 to 16 in which the offender was not detected or apprehended.	Cases still under investigation by the Police at the end of the year.	Cases sent before the Magistrate.	Cases pending in Courts at beginning of year.	Total of cases before the Courts.	Number ending in discharge or acquittal.	Number ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to total of columns 22 and 23.	Number declared by Court after trial never to have occurred or to be mistake of law or fact.	Number in which the Court held after trial that a non-cognizable offence only was committed.	Number still under trial at close of the year.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	0	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	CLASS I.—OFFENCES AGAINST THE STATE, PUBLIC TRANQUILLITY, SAFETY AND JUSTICE.																										
1	Indian Penal Code	249	...	1	...	...	1	100	...	1	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	100	..	...	...	
2	Ditto	224	5	9	—		9	100	...	14	1	...	...	...	..	3	3	7	1	8	...	5	100	1	...	1	
3	Ditto	147 and 143	3	27	...		27	100	...	30	4	..	..	...	..	1	...	25	12	37	2	16	88	6	...	13	One case pending in the Court has been filed owing to the accused having escaped.
	TOTAL	......	8	37	..	...	37	100	...	45	5	...	...	...	...	4	8	33	13	46	2	22	91	7	...	14	
	CLASS II. SERIOUS OFFENCES AGAINST THE PERSON.																										
4	Indian Penal Code	302	9	12	...	...	12	100	...	21	1	1	...	...	...	3	8	8	1	9	2	4	66	...	...	3	One case under section 302 pending in the Court last year transferred to section 304 A.
5	Ditto	307	1	3	...	...	3	100	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	4	5	1	2	66	1	...	1	
6	Ditto	376	...	1	...	...	1	100	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	..	..	...	...	1	
7	Ditto	377	...	1	...	...	1	100	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	2	...	2	100	...	...	..	
8	Ditto	309	...	2	...	...	2	100	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	3	...	2	100	...	...	1	
9	Ditto	325 and 326	3	8	...	...	8	100	...	11	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	9	4	13	3	6	66	1	1	2	
10	Ditto	332	...	1	...	...	1	100		1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	100	...	...	...	
11	Ditto	324	1	6	...	...	6	100	...	7	...	...	...	..	...	2	...	5	1	6	3	2	40	...	...	1	
12	Ditto	363	...	2	...	...	2	100	..	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	..	...	...	1	
13	Ditto	354	...	4	...	...	4	100	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	4	...	2	100	1	...	1	
14	Ditto	304A	...	4	...	...	4	100	...	4	...	...		...	...	...	1	3	1	4	...	4	100	...	...	...	One case under section 302 pending in the Court last year transferred to section 304 A.
	TOTAL	......	14	44	...	...	44	100	...	58	2	2	...	..	...	5	13	36	13	49	9	25	73	3	1	11	
	CLASS III.—SERIOUS OFFENCES AGAINST PERSON AND PROPERTY OR AGAINST PROPERTY ONLY.																										
15	Indian Penal Code	395	3	3	...	...	3	100	...	6	2	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	...	1		1	100	...	...	...	
16	Ditto	3 4	8	6	...	...	6	100	...	14	...	...	...	...	...	5	9	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	
17	Ditto	392	5	14	...	...	14	100	...	19	4	...	...	...	...	4	6	5	2	7	...	2	100	3	...	2	
18	Ditto	436	1	7	...	...	7	100	...	8	1	1	...	...	...	2	2	2	...	2	..	1	100	...	...	1	
19	Ditto	42[illegible]	2	5	...	...	5	100	...	7	3	...	...	...	...	1	1	2	3	5	1	3	75	...	...	1	
20	Ditto	454, 457 and 458	54	86	...	.	86	100	...	140	14	3	...	...	...	60	39	24	5	29	4	19	82	2	...	3	One case pending in the Court has been filed owing to the accused having escaped.
	TOTAL	.. ...	73	121	...	..	121	100	...	194	24	4	...	...	...	72	60	34	10	44	5	26	83	5	...	7	

PART I.

Statement A.—contd.

Law under which punishable.	Offence.	Case (originally reported at a Police Station or taken up on suspicion by the Police) pending under Police investigation from 1897-98.	Reported during the year. Investigated by the Police. Upon the report.	Under Magistrate's order after investigation had been refused by the Police.	Not investigated.	Total.	Percentage of cases investigated at once on report, columns 5 to total.	Cases taken up by Station Officer otherwise than upon report.	Total of cases investigated by the Police, i.e., of columns 4, 5, 6, 10.	Not sent to Magistrate, accused if any released under Section 169, C. P. Code. In which the Magistrate ordered case to be struck off as false, mistaken or non-cognizable.	In which no such order was passed, but the case was not tried by Magistrate.	In which Magistrate sent for the accused and tried the case. Convicted.	Not Convicted.	Pending at close of year.	Cases other than those in columns 12 to 16 in which the offender was not detected or apprehended.	Cases still under investigation by the Police at the end of the year.	Cases sent before the Magistrate.	Cases pending in Courts at beginning of year.	Total of cases before the Courts.	Number ending in discharge or acquittal.	Number ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to total of columns 22 and 23.	Number declared by Court after trial never to have occurred or to be mistake of law or fact.	Number in which the Court held after trial that a non-cognizable offence only was committed.	Number still under trial at close of the year.	Remarks.
2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
Class IV.—Minor offences against the person.																										
Indian Penal Code	337	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	1	100	...	...	...	
Class V.—Minor offences against the property.																										
Indian Penal Code	456	..	2	...	...	2	100	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	1	1	50	...	...	...	
Ditto	379 to 382	95	199	...	...	199	100	...	294	20	7	...	...	...	100	68	98	19	117	14	78	84	7	2	15	One person escaped from Police custody. The case filed and one case pending in the Court has been filed owing to the accused having escaped.
Ditto	406 and 408	4	10	...	...	10	100	...	14	1	...	...	...	...	1	1	11	...	11	...	11	100	...	...	..	
Ditto	411	5	36	...	...	36	100	...	41	5	1	...	...	..	...	6	29	4	33	1	22	95	3	1	6	
Ditto	447	...	1		...	1	100	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	2	...	2	100	...	...	...	
Total	......	104	248	...	...	248	100	...	352	26	8	...	...	...	101	75	141	24	165	16	114	87	10	3	21	
Total of 5 Classes	......	199	450	...	...	450	100	...	649	57	14	...	...	...	182	151	244	61	305	32	188	85	25	4	53	
Class VI.—Other offences not specified above																										
Act No. 7 of 1890. Forest Act.	7	...	1	...	...	1	100	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	100	...	...	...	
Gambling Act, No. 3 of 1867.	13	...	5	...	...	5	100	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	5	...	4	100	1	...	...	
Railway Act, No. 9 of 1890.	126 and 127	1	3	...	...	3	100	...	4	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	2	...	2	...	2	100	...	...	...	
Telegraph Act, No. 13 of 1885.	25	11	7	...	...	7	100	...	18	..	...	...	...	...	14	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Indian Penal Code	285	1	1	...	...	1	100	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	1	...	...	1	...	...	
Abkari Act, No. 22 of 1881.	39 and 41	...	5	...	...	5	100	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	4	...	4	...	4	100	...	...	...	
Act No. 11 of 1878 Arms Act.	19A	...	1	...	...	1	100	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	100	...	...	...	
Total	......	13	23	...	...	23	100	...	36	...	1	...	...	...	15	5	15	...	15	1	12	62	2	...	...	
Total of VI Classes	......	212	473	...	...	473	100	...	685	57	15	...	...	...	197	156	[illegible]	61	320	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	27	4	[illegible]	

	NON-COGNIZABLE CASES.																									
1	Act No. 1 of 1871, Cattle Trespass Act.	24	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...		...	...	...	2	1	3	...	3	100	...	...	...
2	Act No. 5 of 1861, Police Act.	29	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	1	...	1	:00	...	...	...
3	Indian Penal Code	202	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	...	3	:00	...	..	...
4	Ditto .	182	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	2	12	1	9	90	1	...	1
5	Indian Penal Code	223	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	4	...	3	100	1	...	...
6	Gambling Act, No. 3 of 1867.	3 and 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	9	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	9	...	9	...	7	100	1	...	1
7	Indian Penal Code	426	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...
8	Ditto . .	403	1	...	...	...	1	...	8	8	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	7	...	7	...	6	100	...	...	1
9	Ditto . .	323	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	2	1	33	...	...	..
10	Ditto . .	352	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	..	3	2	1	33	...	...	...
11	Ditto . .	161 and 163	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	100	...	...	..
12	Ditto . .	160	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1
13	Ditto . .	195	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1
14	Ditto . .	193	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	:00	...	...	...
15	Ditto . .	188	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	4	...	3	100	...	...	1
16	Ditto . .	370	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	..	...	..	1
17	Ditto . .	273	...	...	..	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	—	2	...	2	100	...	...	...
18	Ditto . .	424	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	..	1	...	1	100	...	...	...
19	Ditto . .	498	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	.	...		...	...	1
20	Ditto . .	497	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	..	...	...	1
21	Ditto . .	298	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1
22	Act No. IX of 1894, Prison Act.	42	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	100	...	...	...
	TOTAL .	......	2	...	...	...	2	...	59	59	...	1	...	...	...	1	2	57	4	61	5	43	89	3	...	10

A

PART I.

Statement of Railway cases.

Serial No.	Law under which punishable.	Offence.	Cases (originally reported at Police station or taken up on suspicion by the Police) pending under Police investigation from 1-97-98.	Reported during the year. Investigated by the Police. Upon the report.	Under Magistrate's order after investigation had been refused by the Police.	Not investigated.	Total.	Percentage of cases investigated at once on report, column 5 to total.	Cases taken up by Station Officer otherwise than upon report.	Total of cases investigated by the Police, i.e., of columns 4, 5, 6 and 10.	Not sent to Magistrate, accused if any released under Section 169, Criminal Procedure Code. In which the Magistrate ordered case to be struck off as false, mistake non-cognizable.	In which no such order was passed, but the case was not tried by Magistrate.	In which the Magistrate sent for the accused and tried the case. Convicted.	Not convicted.	Pending at close of year.	Cases other than those in columns 12 to 16 in which the offender was not detected or apprehended.	Cases still under investigation by the Police at the end of the year.	Cases sent before the Magistrate.	Cases pending in Court at beginning of year.	Total of cases before the Court.	Number ending in discharge or acquittal.	Number ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to total of columns 22 and 23.	Number declared by Court after trial never to have occurred or to be mistake of law or fact.	Number in which the Court held after trial that a non-cognizable offence only was committed.	Number still under trial at close of the year.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	Class I.—Offences against the State, public tranquility, safety and justice.																										
1	Indian Penal Code . . .	224	1	1	...	...	1	100	..	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	2	...	1	100	...	...	...	One case pending in the Court filed owing to prisoner having escaped.
	Class II.—Serious offences against the person.																										
2	Indian Penal Code . . .	309	...	1	...	...	1	100	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	
3	Ditto . . .	326	...	1	...	...	1	100	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	The case has been transferred to Section 323, I. P. C.
4	Ditto . . .	324	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total .		...	2	...	...	2	100	..	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	3	1	...	...	...	1	1	
	Class III.—Serious offences against persons, property or against property only.																										
5	Indian Penal Code . . .	395	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
6	Ditto . . .	394	5	2	...	...	2	100	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	2	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
7	Ditto . . .	392	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
8	Ditto . . .	429	...	2	...	...	2	100	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	
9	Ditto . . .	454 and 459	14	17	...	...	17	100	...	31	6	...	...	...	...	13	12	1	..	1	...	1	100	...	...	...	
	Total .		21	21	...	...	21	100	...	42	7	...	...	...	...	15	18	2	...	2	...	1	100	...	...	1	
	Class IV.—Minor offences against the person.																										
	Class V.—Minor offences against the property.											Nil.															
10	Indian Penal Code . . .	456	...	1	...	...	1	100	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	100	...	...	...	
11	Ditto . . .	379 to 382	30	25	...	...	25	100	...	55	2	1	...	...	...	29	11	11	3	14	2	11	84	...	...	1	

10	Indian Penal Code . . .	456	...	1	...	...	1	100	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	100	...	...	...	
11	Ditto . . .	379 to 382	30	25	...	...	25	100	...	55	2	1	...	...	...	29	11	11	3	14	2	11	84	...	...	1	
12	Ditto . . .	406 and 408	1	2	...	...	2	100	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	2	...	2	...	2	100	...	...	...	
13	Ditto . . .	411 and 414	...	8	...	...	8	100	...	8	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	6	1	7	1	5	83	...	...	1	One case pending in the Police was filed owing to prisoner having escaped.
	Total .		31	86	...	...	86	100	...	67	3	1	...	...	...	30	12	20	4	24	3	19	86	...	...	2	
	Total of 5 Classes.		53	60	...	...	60	100	...	113	10	1	...	...	...	45	30	25	6	31	4	21	84	...	1	4	
	Class VI.—Other offences not specified above.																										
14	Act No. 9, Ry. Act . . .	126 and 127	1	3	...	...	3	100	...	4	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	2	...	2	...	2	100	...	...	...	
15	Abkari Act, No. 22 of 1881 .	41	...	2	...	...	2	100	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	1	...	1	100	...	...	...	
	Total .		1	5	...	...	5	100	...	6	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	3	...	3	...	3	100	...	...	...	
	Total of 6 Classes.		54	65	...	...	65	100	...	119	10	2	...	...	...	46	31	28	6	34	4	24	85	...	1	4	
	Non-cognizable cases.																										
1	Indian Penal Code . .	182	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	2	100	...	...	...	
2	Gambling Act, No. 3 of 1867 .	3 and 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	100	...	...	...	
3	Indian Penal Code. . . .	403	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	1	100	...	...	1	
4	Ditto . . .	323	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	
5	Ditto . . .	188	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	...	2	100	...	...	1	
	Total .		...	...	...	...	...	...	9	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	...	9	1	6	85	...	...	2	

B

PART II.

Returns of persons concerned in cases reported at a Police Station or in cases taken up by the Police.

Serial No.	Law under which punishable.	Offence.	Persons in police custody or on bail under section 170, Criminal Procedure Code, at beginning of year as concerned in cases reported to or in cases taken up by the Police.	Persons arrested by the Police. Upon the report or other information.	Persons arrested by the Police. Under Magistrate's orders after investigation had been refused by the Police or Police had reported the charge to be	Persons not arrested because absconded (in cases occurring during the year).	Persons released by the Station Officer under section 169, and not required to appear by Magistrate.	Percentage of column VIII to column V.	Persons released by Magistrate's order before trial.	Persons on trial or still in Police custody at close of year.	Persons appearing under order of the Magistrate.	Persons whose cases were under trial before the Courts at beginning of year.	Total number of persons tried.	Number discharged or acquitted.	Number convicted (including those ordered to give security for good behaviour).	Percentage of number convicted on total of column 15 and 16.	Number of persons convicted who had been arrested by Police on report or information (column V).	Number under trial at close of the year.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	Class I.—Offences against the State, public tranquility, safety and justice.																		
1	Indian Penal Code	249	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	2	1	33	1	...	
2	Ditto	224	1	8	...	1	1	12	...	...	...	1	6	1	5	83	5	2	One person pending in the Court escaped.
3	Ditto	147 and 148	...	337	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	190	386	111	275	71	112	141	
	Total		1	348	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	191	395	114	281	71	118	143	
	Class II.—Serious offences against the person.																		
4	Indian Penal Code	302	8	24	...	1	8	33	...	6	...	1	16	2	14	87	14	3	One person pending in the Court has been transferred to section 304A.
5	Ditto	307	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	6	6	2	4	66	...	1	
6	Ditto	376	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
7	Ditto	377	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	...	2	100	1	...	
8	Ditto	309	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	...	2	100	1	1	
9	Ditto	325	2	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	16	7	9	56	4	5	One person pending in the Court has been transferred to section 323, Indian Penal Code, non-cognizable cases.
10	Ditto	332	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	100	2	...	
11	Ditto	324	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	7	3	4	57	4	1	
12	Ditto	363	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
13	Ditto	354	...	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	5	7	58	7	1	
14	Ditto	304A	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	6	...	6	100	5	...	This has come from section 302, Indian Penal Code.
	Total		10	75	...	1	8	10	...	10	...	17	69	19	50	72	38	14	
	Class III.—Serious offences against person and property or against property only.																		
15	Indian Penal Code	395	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	1	...	1	100	...	...	
16	Ditto	394	4	3	...	...	...	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
17	Ditto	392	5	6	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	2	5	3	2	40	...	3	
18	Ditto	436	...	4	...	1	1	25	...	1	...	...	1	...	1	100	1	1	
19	Ditto	428	...	5	...	...	3	60	...		...	8	4	1	3	75	3	1	
20	Ditto	457	20	43	...	...	12	27	...	15	...	8	38	10	28	73	22	5	One person pending in the Court escaped.
	Total		32	61	...	1	16	26	...	30	...	13	49	14	35	71	26	10	
	Class IV.—Minor offences against the person.																		
21	Indian Penal Code	337	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	1	100	...	...	
	Total		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	1	100	...	...	

	CLASS V.—MINOR OFFENCES AGAINST THE PROPERTY.																		
22	Indian Penal Code	456	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	1	50	1	...	
23	Ditto	379 to 382	11	190	...	1	17	8	...	8	...	26	163	42	121	74	109	85	One person pending in the Police escaped, one person pending in the Court escaped, two persons pending in the Court have been transferred to section 403, Indian Penal Code.
24	Ditto	406 and 408	...	15	...	...	1	6	...	...	...	...	14	1	13	92	13	...	
25	Ditto	411 and 414	6	58	...	...	10	17	...	4	...	6	46	13	33	71	28	9	One person has been transferred to section 403, Indian Penal Code.
26	Ditto	447	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	3	..	3	100	1	...	
		TOTAL	17	266	...	1	28	10	...	12	...	34	228	57	171	75	152	44	
		TOTAL OF 5 CLASSES	60	750	...	4	53	7	...	52	...	256	742	204	538	72	334	211	
	CLASS VI.—OTHER OFFENCES NOT SPECIFIED ABOVE.																		
27	Indian Penal Code	285	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	4	...	...	...	...	
28	Act No. 7 of 1890, Forest Act	7	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	100	2	...	
29	Act No. 3 of 1867, Gambling Act	13	...	27	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27	8	19	70	19	...	
30	Act No. 9 of 1890, Railway Act	126,127, 113 and 118	...	8	...	..	6	75	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	100	2	...	
31	Telegraph Act	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
32	Act No. 11 of 1878, Arms Act	19 A	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	100	1	...	
33	Act No. 22 of 1881, Abkari Act	39 and 41	..	6	...	...	..	...	...	2	...	...	4	...	4	100	4	...	
		TOTAL	3	45	...	...	6	13	...	2	...	..	40	12	28	70	28	...	
		TOTAL OF VI CLASSES	63	795	...	4	59	7	...	54	...	256	782	216	566	72	362	211	
	NON-COGNIZABLE CASES.																		
34	Act No. 1 of 1871, Cattle Trespass Act	24	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	4	...	4	100	2	...	
35	Act No. 5 of 1861, Police Act	29	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	1	100	...	...	
36	Indian Penal Code	202	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	5	100	5	...	
37	Ditto	182	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	13	2	11	84	11	1	
38	Ditto	223	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	5	1	4	80	4	...	
39	Act No. 3 of 1867, Gambling Act	3 and 4	...	51	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	45	10	35	77	35	6	
40	Indian Penal Code	246	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
41	Ditto	403	1	8	...	...	1	12	...	1	...	...	6	...	6	100	6	1	
42	Ditto	323	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	3	2	40	2	...	
43	Ditto	352	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	4	1	20	1	...	
44	Ditto	161 and 163	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	2	66	2	...	
45	Ditto	160	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	
46	Ditto	195	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
47	Ditto	193	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	..	4	100	4	...	
48	Ditto	188	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	100	3	3	
49	Ditto	273	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	2	66	2	...	
50	Ditto	424	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	100	1	...	
51	Ditto	421	...	2	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	
52	Ditto	497	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
53	Ditto	298	...	1	...	...	...	..			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
54	Act No. 9 of 1894, Prison Act	42	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	100	1	...	
55	Indian Penal Code	370	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
		TOTAL	1	122	...	...	1	...	...	2	..	5	104	22	82	78	79	21	

PART II.

STATEMENT OF RAILWAY CASES B.

Return of persons.

Serial No.	Law under which punishable.	Offence.	Persons in Police custody or on trial under section 170, Civil Procedure Code, at beginning of year as concerned in cases reported to or in cases taken up by the Police.	Persons arrested by the Police. Upon the report or other information.	Persons arrested by the Police. Under Magistrate's order after investigation had been refused by the Police or the Police had reported the charge to be false.	Persons not arrested because absconded (in cases occurring during the year).	Persons released by the Station Officer under section 169, and not required to appear by Magistrate.	Percentage of columns VIII to V.	Persons released by Magistrate's order before trial.	Persons on bail or still in Police custody at close of year.	Persons appearing under order of the Magistrate.	Persons whose cases were under trial before the Courts at beginning of year.	Total number of persons tried.	Number discharged or acquitted.	Number convicted (including those ordered to give security for good behaviour).	Percentage of number convicted on total of columns 15 and 16.	Number of persons convicted who had been arrested by Police on report or information, column V.	Number under trial at close of year.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	CLASS I.—OFFENCES AGAINST THE STATE, PUBLIC TRANQUILITY, SAFETY AND JUSTICE.																		
1	Indian Penal Code	224	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	1	100	1	...	One person pending in the Court escaped.
	CLASS II.—SERIOUS OFFENCES AGAINST THE PERSON.																		
2	Indian Penal Code	309	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	Transferred to non-cognizable cases.
3	Ditto	325 and 326	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
4	Ditto	324	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		TOTAL	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	1	
	CLASS III.—SERIOUS OFFENCES AGAINST PERSON AND PROPERTY OR AGAINST PROPERTY ONLY.																		
5	Indian Penal Code	395	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
6	Ditto	394	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	
7	Ditto	392	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	100	1	...	
8	Ditto	429	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
9	Ditto	454 and 459	5	2	...	...	6	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		TOTAL	11	5	...	...	6	...	...	7	...	...	1	...	1	100	1	2	

	CLASS IV.—MINOR OFFENCES AGAINST THE PERSON. *Nil.*																		
	CLASS V.—MINOR OFFENCES AGAINST THE PROPERTY.																		
10	Indian Penal Code	456	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	100	1	...	
11	Ditto	379 to 382	2	13	...	...	2	15	...	...	...	3	14	2	12	85	9	1	One person escaped from custody.
12	Ditto	406 and 408	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	2	66	2	...	
13	Ditto	411	...	15	...	...	2	13	..	2	...	2	12	3	9	75	9	1	
		TOTAL	2	32	...	...	4	12	...	2	...	5	30	6	24	80	21	2	
		TOTAL OF V CLASSES.	13	40	...	...	10	25	...	9	...	7	33	7	26	78	23	5	
	CLASS VI.—OTHER OFFENCES NOT SPECIFIED ABOVE.																		
14	Act No. 9 of 1890, Railway Act.	126 and 127	...	8	...	...	6	75	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	100	2	...	
15	Act No. 22 of 1881, Abkari Act.	41	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	1	...	1	100	1	...	
		TOTAL	...	11	...	...	6	54	...	2	...	...	3	...	3	100	3	...	
		TOTAL OF VI CLASSES.	13	51	...	...	16	31	...	11	...	7	36	7	29	80	26	5	
	NON-COGNIZABLE CASES.																		
	Indian Penal Code	182	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	100	2	...	
	Gambling Act	3 and 4	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	6	100	6	...	
1	Indian Penal Code	403	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	100	1	1	
2	Ditto	323	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	
3	Ditto	188	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	100	...	3	
4																			
5																			
		TOTAL	...	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	1	11	91	9	4	

C

Property stolen and recovered.

Offence (*a*).		Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was stolen.	Amount of property stolen.			Amount of property recovered.			Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property stolen.		
					R	a.	p.	R	a.	p.	R	a.	p.
A.—Cognizable.													
1. Theft	(*a*) In conjunction with lurking house-trespass or house-breaking, 454, 456, 457 and 458, I. P. C.	76	33	43	5,012	9	4	1,753	3	7	34	15	7
	(*b*) In conjunction with receiving of stolen proverty (411, I. P. C.)	31	35	100	1,905	15	6	2,472	3	6	100	0	0
	(*c*) Other thefts, 379 to 382, I. P. C.	193	116	60	11,454	8	10	6,083	4	1	53	1	8
	Section 7 of Act 7 of 1890.	1	1	100	1	0	0	1	0	0	100	0	0
2 Robbery.	(*a*) Dacoity, 395, I. P. C.	2	1	50	750	0	0	196	0	0	26	2	1
	(*b*) Other robbery, 392, I. P. C.	13	7	53	2,964	5	0	2,577	2	0	86	15	0
	394, I. P. C. . .	6	...	...	969	10	3	...			...		
3. Criminal breach of trust, 406 and 408, I. P. C.		9	5	55	278	5	0	131	11	0	47	5	1
	Total . .	331	198	59	23,336	5	11	13,214	8	2	56	10	0
Non-Cognizable.													
4. 403, I. P. C.		8	8	100	101	4	0	101	4	0	100	0	0

Of Railway cases.

Property stolen and recovered.

Offence (*a*).		Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was stolen.	Amount of property stolen.			Amount of property recovered.			Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property stolen.		
					R	a.	p.	R	a.	p.	R	a.	p.
A.—Cognizable.													
1. Theft	(*a*) In conjunction with lurking house-trespass or house-breaking, 454, 456, 457 and 458, I. P. C.	14	2	14	765	7	9	380	8	0	49	11	3
	(*b*) In conjunction with receiving of stolen property, 411 I. P. C.	7	8	100	22	8	0	102	0	0	100	0	0
	(*c*) other thefts, 379 to 382, I. P. C.	26	16	61	459	12	9	402	14	9	87	10	1
2. Robbery, 394, I. P. C. . .		2	...	...	64	2	3	...			...		
3. Criminal breach of trust, 406 and 408, I. P. C. . . .		2	1	50	13	11	0	3	11	0	26	15	0
	Total .	51	27	52	1,325	1	9	889	1	9	67	1	1
Non-cognizable.													
4. 403, I. P. C. . . .		2	2	100	11	8	0	11	8	0	100	0	0

S. E. WALLACE,
District Superintendent, Police,
Thal-Chotiali.

APPENDIX IV.

Administration Report of the Zhob Agency for the year 1898-99.

PERSONNEL.

The office of Political Agent in Zhob was held by Captain F. Macdonald, I.S.C., throughout the year with the exception of 1 month and 18 days, *i.e.*, from 18th September to 5th November 1898, when he was on privilege leave, and Captain H. L. Showers, I.S.C., officiated for him.

2. There were unfortunately again several changes in the charge of the office of Assistant Political Agent, Upper Zhob, during the year under report.

From 1st April to the 22nd May it was held by Khan Sahib Sheikh Abdul Rahman.

From 23rd May to the 2nd September the appointment was held by Lieutenant A. L. Jacob, who then went on six months' leave on medical certificate.

From 3rd September to 9th January 1899 the work was again carried on by Khan Sahib Sheikh Abdul Rahman.

From 10th January up to the close of the year, the post was held by Lieutenant C. B. Winter.

3. The office of Assistant Political Agent, Lower Zhob, and District Superintendent of Police in Zhob was held by Lieutenant A. L. Jacob up to 17th May, when he was transferred to Loralai and made over charge to Lieutenant V. Hunt. When the year closed Lieutenant Hunt was still in charge of this appointment.

4. The posts of Extra Assistant Commissioner in Upper and Lower Zhob were held by Khan Sahib Sheikh Abdul Rahman and Khan Sahib Kazi Muzaffar Khan, respectively, throughout the year.

5. The charge of the Upper Zhob Tahsil was held by Hafiz Saifulla Khan from 1st to 18th April, by Naib Tahsildar Majjoo Ram from 19th April to 16th May, and by Munshi Syed Hussein during the remaining portion of the year.

6. The charge of the Bori Tahsil was held by Lala Gela Ram up to the 26th December 1898, when he was transferred to Lower Zhob, and made over charge to Lala Des Raj, Naib Tahsildar.

Munshi Amar Singh took over charge on 19th January, and was relieved in turn by Hafiz Saifulla Khan on the 20th March 1899.

7. The charge of the Fort Sandeman Tahsil was held by Munshi Ahmad Khan from 1st April to 16th June, and by Munshi Amar Singh from 17th June up to the 8th January 1899, when he was transferred to Bori. When the year closed the charge of the tahsil had devolved on Lala Gela Ram.

8. The charge of the Musakhel Tahsil was held during the year by the following officers :—

(i) 1st April to 6th May 1898 by Munshi Syed Hussein;

(ii) 7th May to 4th December 1898 by Hafiz Saifulla Khan;

(iii) From 5th December 1898 to 26th December by Lala Bhola Nath ; and

(iv) the remaining period of the year by Munshi Ahmad Khan.

REVENUE.

9. The actual revenue collected during the year under report amounted to R2,27,596-9-0 as against R2,54,709-14-0 in the last year and the revised estimate of R2,29,530. Thus there was a decrease of R27,113-5-0 over actuals of last year and of R1,933-7-0 over the revised budget estimates.

10. The total expenditure amounted to R5,85,699-3-3 against the revised estimate of R6,15,104 and the actuals of last year R5,90,611-7-4. The increases and decreases under the several sub-heads are explained below :—

A.—Receipts.

I.—Land Revenue.

11. The total receipts amounted to R1,91,039-10-11 against an estimate of R1,94,330, showing a decrease of R3,290-5-1. This is made up as follows :—

	R	a.	p.
Total decrease under ordinary revenue	9,605	14	9
Total increase under grazing tax	6,315	9	8
	3,290	5	1

The large decrease of R9,605-14-9 under ordinary revenue consists of the following sums according to tahsils :—

	R	a.	p.
Lower Zhob	2,645	10	9
Musakhel	1,127	13	3
Bori	349	1	1
Upper Zhob	5,483	5	8

In the Lower Zhob, Bori, and Upper Zhob Tahsils, the decrease is attributed to the low rates at which the revenue grain was sold to the Zemindars. In many parts too the rainfall was insufficient. In the Musakhel Tahsil, owing to want of timely rain, a smaller area of land than usual was cultivated, while from the same cause the springs did not hold their full supply of water and the crops were in consequence insufficiently irrigated. Further, the *kharif* crops in parts of this Tahsil (Musakhel) were attacked by a parasite called by the natives "Luram".

12. In the Bori Tahsil a remission of R125-3-1 was granted to Akhundzada Mulla Abdul-Sitar owing to damage done to his karez by floods. A sum of R540-8-0 on account of the half revenue of the Loralai Municipal lands was for the first time credited to the Provincial Revenues during the year under report.

13. The increase under grazing tax occurred chiefly in the Lower and Upper Zhob Tahsils. The increase in Lower Zhob is due mainly to tirni having been levied from the Suleimankhels who visit Zhob during the winter, while that in Upper Zhob is due to the fact that a good number of Powindahs remained in the Tahsil without passing on to other districts.

II.—Stamps.

14. The receipts under this head during the year under report came to R6,887-2-0 against an estimate of R6,440. Thus there was an increase of R447-2-0.

III.—Excise.

15. The actual receipts under this head amounted to R17,414-15-4 against the revised estimate of R17,410. The trifling increase of R4-15-4 calls for no comment.

IV.—Assessed Taxes.

16. The receipts under this head were estimated at R2,590. The actual receipts, however, amounted to R2,486-7-7, thus showing a decrease of R103-8-5. This is due to the income tax on the salaries of the Hospital Assistants and Civil Surgeons, etc., serving in the Zhob district having been credited to a separate (Head-quarters) account kept by the Treasury Officer, Quetta.

V.—Registration.

17. The receipts under this head amounted to R100-8-0 against an estimate of R110. Thus there was a decrease of R9-8-0.

VI.—Law and Justice—Courts of Law.

18. The total receipts under this head came to R8,511, against the revised estimate of R7,550, and the actuals of last year R5,029. The large increase over the receipts of last year is chiefly due to the recovery of a fine of R1,878 imposed on the inhabitants of Yar Karez in connection with the murder of Lieutenant-Colonel G. Gaisford.

VII.—Police.

19. The receipts under this head were R488-7-9 against the revised estimate of R610, showing a decrease of R121-8-3, which is mainly under the sub-head "Cattle pound receipts."

VIII.—Miscellaneous.

20. These receipts amounted to R186-14-9 against the revised estimate of R170 and the actuals of last year R958-1-3. The income under the sub-head Premium on Supply Bills was credited by the Treasury Officer during the year under report to the Head-quarters account.

IX.—Civil Works.

21. The receipts under this head amounted to R480-0-8 against an estimate of R320. Thus there was an increase of R160-0-8, which is due to larger takings at the Dâk-Bungalow used by the travelling public.

B.—EXPENDITURE.

I.—Refunds and Drawbacks.

22. There was only an expenditure of R3-0-8, against an estimate of R100.

II.—Land Revenue.

23. The estimate under this head was R44,335, while the actual expenditure came to R44,513-5-9, thus showing an increase of R178-5-9. This is due to some of the Tahsildars serving in this district having been promoted to higher grades.

III.—Stamps.

24. The total expenditure under this head came to R114-4-9, against an estimate of R180; thus there was a decrease of R65-11-3.

IV.—Registration.

25. The expenditure under this head amounted to R36, against an estimate of R100, or R64 below the estimate.

V.—Post Office.

26. The estimated expenditure under this head was R5,830, while the actual expenditure came to R5,828-4-0. Thus there was a decrease of R1-12-0.

VI.—Law and Justice—Courts of Law.

27. The expenditure under this head amounted to R55-11-0, against an estimate of R300, or R244-5-0 below the estimate. The actual expenditure was R155-11-0, but as a sum of R100 drawn in the year 1897-98 for payment of *Sharmana* in a murder case was refunded during the year under report, the Comptroller, India Treasuries, reduced the expenditure by this amount.

VII.—Law and Justice—Jails.

28. The expenditure under this head was estimated at R5,240, while it actually amounted to R5,125-14-2, or R114-1-10 below the estimate.

VIII.—20—Police.

29. The expenditure under this head amounted to R58,298-12-8, against an estimate of R59,215, or R916-3-4 below the estimate.

IX.—Education.

30. The expenditure under this head amounted to R1,004, against an estimate of R1,064. The difference of R60 is due to the fact that a scholarship sanctioned by the Revenue Commissioner was not availed of by the grantee.

X.—Medical.

31. A sum of R1,290 was estimated for for expenditure under this head. It amounted, however, only to R1,135-4-2, or R154-11-10 below the estimate. During the year under report the pay and allowances, etc., of the Medical Establishments was debited to the Head-quarters account: hence a large decrease in the actuals of the year, as compared with those of 1897-98.

XI.—Political.

32. The total expenditure under this head amounted to R1,45,169-4-4, against an estimate of R1,65,775-0-0, or R20,605-11-8 below the estimate. The decrease is chiefly due to the Zhob Levy Corps having been under strength.

XIA.—Scientific and Minor Department.

32 A. The expenditure under this head amounted to R388-14-2, against an estimate of R400, thus leaving a balance of R11-1-10.

XII.—Miscellaneous.

33. The expenditure under this head was estimated to be R40 only, while it amounted to R115-8-0, or R75-8-0 over the estimate. This amount represents the travelling allowance paid to Lieutenant A. L. Jacob for his journey to Quetta and back in order to appear before an examination board.

XIII.—Civil Works.

34. The total expenditure under this head amounted to ₨23,910-15-7, against an estimate of ₨31,235, or ₨7,324-0-5 below the estimate. This is due to the Political Agent not being able to construct several works sanctioned by the Revenue Commissioner.

35. The statement attached to the report as Appendix A shows—

(i) the actuals of the year 1897-98;

(ii) the actuals of the year 1898-99;

(iii) the revised estimates of the year 1898-99; and

(iv) the increase and decrease between the revised estimated figures and the actuals of the year under report.

36. Statement B shows the land revenue in cash and kind collected during the year in the district. The details of collections made and the lambardari allowance disbursed in each tahsil are also given.

JUDICIAL.

37. Statement C attached to the report shows the regular judicial work done by the several Courts in the district during the year 1898-99.

POLITICAL CASES.

38. A statement showing the number and classification of the cases tried and settled according to the custom of the country (arbitration, jirga, etc.) during the year under report is marked as Appendix D. This statement contains all the cases in which both the parties concerned belonged to this district, as well as those in which one of the parties belonged to this district and the other to an adjoining district of Baluchistan or to the Derajat in the Punjab.

POLICE.

39. Lieutenant A. L. Jacob, I.S.C., held charge of the office of the District Superintendent of Police, Zhob, up to the 17th May 1898, when he proceeded to Loralai on transfer, making over charge to Lieutenant Vere-de-Vere Hunt, I.S.C., who held it up to the end of the year.

No change has occurred among the subordinate officers during the year under report.

40. The total cost of the police force during the year under review, which was charged against the "Special Revenues," was ₨58,298-12-8. This amount is made up of the following items:—

	R	a.	p.
Pay and allowances	50,251	8	6
Travelling allowances	2,869	6	9
Contingencies	2,709	13	5
Cost of clothing and equipment	2,468	0	0
TOTAL	58,298	12	8

This expenditure does not include the salary of the District Superintendent of Police who is Assistant Political Agent, Lower Zhob, and *ex-officio* District Superintendent of Police).

41. The proportion of police of all grades (including clerks and servants) to the population during the year 1898-99 was the same as shown in the last year's report, as no change has occurred in the strength of police during the year.

COGNIZABLE CASES.

42. The total number of cognizable cases for the period under review which are admitted to have occurred is 233, against 196 admitted last year, showing an increase of 37.

43. There has been a decrease of 4, 11 and 19 cases under the heads "Offences against the State, public tranquility, safety and justice," "Offences against persons and property or against property only," and "Minor offences against property," respectively, and an increase of 11 and 60 under the heads "Offences against person" and "Other offences not specified above," respectively, as compared with the last year's figures.

44. A statement showing the working of the police and the details of these cases is attached herewith and marked Appendix E.

45. The percentage of cases in which convictions were obtained to those admitted is—

1897-98	49·3
1898-99	56·7

Percentage of persons convicted to arrested is—

1897-98	61·54
1898-99	79 62

Percentage of property recovered to stolen is—

1897-98	31·97
1898-99	51·6

SERIOUS OFFENCES.

46. There have been 14 cases of murder, one of attempt at murder and two of culpable homicide during the year under report, all of which have been traced, except three of the murder cases which could not be traced.

STRENGTH, PAY AND DISTRIBUTION OF THE POLICE.

47. There has been no change in the strength of the police during the year.

48. Statement F attached to the report shows the distribution of the Zhob Police on the 31st March 1899. Out of a total strength of 239 men, 119 men were employed in offices, thanas and out-posts, 48 on miscellaneous guards and duties, 6 were sick in hospital, 21 on leave and 45 were in the lines.

CASTE RETURN.

49. A statement showing the distribution of the police force according to caste is attached and marked G.

CONDUCT OF POLICE.

50. The general conduct of the force has been satisfactory during the year.

BUILDINGS.

51. The police store-room which did not afford sufficient accommodation for the stores has been enlarged during the year.

52. Two bhoosa godowns for the use of the Police sowars and a combined guard-room and cell have also been constructed in the lines, previous to this the magazine guard had to make shift in the verandah of the magazine and store-room.

JAILS.

53. In December 1898, the Agent to the Governor-General issued rules under section 60 of the Prisons Act (IX of 1894) and appointed the Fort Sandeman and Loralai lock-ups to be subsidiary jails. The posts of Superintendent, Medical Officer and Jailor are held *ex-officio* by the Extra Assistant Commissioners, Hospital Assistants and Police Moharrir Sergeants of Fort Sandeman and Loralai, respectively. Proposals for the entertainment of a small establishment for the Fort Sandeman Subsidiary Jail were under the consideration of the Revenue Commissioner when the year closed.

54. Separate accommodation for sick prisoners in the Fort Sandeman Subsidiary Jail has been provided in the compound of the Civil Dispensary, and as regards Loralai the Executive Engineer, Loralai Division, is arranging to build a room for the same purpose in the thana building.

55. Appendix H shows the distribution of the prisoners of all classes confined in the subsidiary jails and lock-ups in the Zhob district during the year 1898-99.

56. The number of prisoners in jails and lock-ups on 31st March 1899 was 73. During the year 1898-99, 687 male and 75 female prisoners were admitted and 642 male and 71 female prisoners discharged. When the year closed the number of prisoners in detention was 122, of which 108 were males and 14 females.

57. Appendix I shows the expenditure incurred in guarding and maintaining the prisoners in the subsidiary jails and lock-ups in this district during the year 1898-99.

58. The total cost on account of feed, etc., of the prisoners was R5,125-14-2, against R3,836-2-10 during the last year The increase in expenditure is due to the increased number of prisoners received during the year.

59. The average daily number of prisoners in jails in 1898-99 was 55·87 against 63 in 1897-98, and the cost of maintenance per head per annum was R59-11-1 against R60-14-3 in the year 1897-98.

60. A statement showing the details of prisoners received during the year is attached as Appendix J.

Thirteen convicts (male), 706 political prisoners and 43 under-trial prisoners not convicted were admitted direct.

61. No prisoners were received by transfer from other jails during the year.

62. During the year four prisoners were sent to Shikarpur Jail to undergo their sentences there.

63. A sum of annas eight was realised from jail labour during the year under report.

LEVIES.

64. During the year under report the Political Agent again represented the necessity of a further increase in the levy service. The Revenue Commissioner in Baluchistan was pleased to concur with Captain Macdonald in this respect, and recommended the Governor-General's Agent to allow an increase of R137 per mensem. The sanction of the Local Government was, however, not received when the year closed.

65. A statement showing the strength of the levies in this district on the 31st March 1899 is attached as Appendix K.

EXCLUDED LOCAL FUNDS.

I.—Bazar Fund.

A.—Fort Sandeman Bazar Fund.

66. The opening balance at the credit of this fund on the 1st April 1898 was R2,601-9-2 and the total receipts during the year amounted to R33,233-6-10, thus making a grand total of R35,835-0-0.

67. The total expenditure during the year amounted to R33,968-4-4, thus leaving a closing balance of R1,866-11-8.

Statement marked L and attached to the report gives the details of the receipts and expenditure under each head of account.

B—Loralai Town Fund.

68. The year opened with a balance of R1,311-4-11. The receipts during the year amounted to R10,094-13-0, thus making a grand total of R11,406-1-11.

69. The expenditure during the year amounted to R9,869-8-7, thus leaving a closing balance of R1,536-9-4 on the 31st March 1899.

70. A statement showing the details of the receipts and expenditure under each head of the account of the fund is attached to the report and marked M.

II.—Police and Zhob Levy Corps Funds.

A.—Police Fund.

71. The opening balance at the credit of the Police Fund on the 1st April 1898 was R4,536-6-11. The total receipts during the year came to R8,089-11-2, thus making a grand total of R12,626-2-1.

72. The total expenditure during the same period amounted to R6,306-11-1 and the year closed with a balance of R6,319-7-0. The statement marked N shows the details of the receipts and expenditure of the fund during the year under report.

B.—Zhob Levy Corps Fund.

73. The year opened with a balance of R15,340-6-6 in hand on the 1st April 1898. The total receipts during the year both on account of Government and Private Funds which constitute the fund as a whole amounted to R1,89,148-2-7, thus making a grand total of R2,04, 488-9-1.

74. The total expenditure during the year under all the sub-heads both on account of Government and Private Funds amounted to R1,82,186-0-5, the closing balance on the 31st March 1899 was therefore R22,302-8-8, which was made up as follows :—

	R	a	p
Government Fund	832	6	1
Private or Regimental Fund	21,470	2	7
	22,302	8	8

Details of receipts and expenditure under each head of the account of the fund are given in Appendix O attached to the report.

75. A statement which shews—

(i) the opening balance,

(ii) the receipts during the year,

(iii) the expenditure during the year; and

(iv) the closing balance at the close of the year,

for all the four Excluded Local Funds in the district is attached to the report and marked P.

TACCAVI ADVANCES.

76. During the year under report a sum of R14,395 was advanced under the Land Improvement Loans Act and a sum of R391 under the Agriculturists Loans Act. With two exceptions all the advances were granted free of interest. The details of these advances will be found in Appendix marked Q.

77. The amount of past advances outstanding on the 1st April 1898 was R18,706-8-7, and this, together with the sum advanced during the year, brought the total amount due to Government up to R33,492 8-7.

Of this, R5,058 on account of principal and R13-1-11 on account of interest were recovered during the year, and the balance outstanding (including interest) on the 31st March 1899 was R28,434-4-8.

78. A statement showing the names, etc., of the persons from whom the sum of R5,071-1-11 was recovered, as well as the names of those from whom the balance outstanding is due, is attached to the report and marked Appendix R.

EDUCATION.

79. Under the orders of the Agent to the Governor-General the charges on account of the pay of the teacher and contingencies of the schools at Hindubagh and Killa-Saifulla, which had hitherto been met from the Loralai Town Fund, were debited during the year under report to the Provincial Revenues. Miscellaneous expenses, such as cost of firewood issued during the winter, scholarships, and treats given to the pupils, were, however, defrayed from the Loralai Town Fund.

80. The grant-in-aid from the Provincial Revenues sanctioned for the schools in Zhob was at the same time reduced from R400 to R200, of which R100 is for the Loralai Boys' School and the other R100 for the Fort Sandeman Boys' School.

81. The Agent to the Governor-General was also pleased to sanction the grant of a scholarship of R5 per month to Sher Khan, son of Hakim Khan, Tumandar Zamarais, but as the boy did not join the Fort Sandeman School as intended, nothing was paid to him.

82. In September 1898 a committee, under the presidency of the Assistant Political Agent in Lower Zhob, was appointed to look after the management of the Fort Sandeman Boys' School, and owing to their exertions the school and its affairs are now in a satisfactory condition.

83. A statement showing the number of schools in the district, the number of pupils in each school on the 31st March 1899, and the income and expenditure of each school during the year 1898-99, is attached to the report and marked Appendix S.

PUBLIC HEALTH.

84. The general health of the district during the year under report was on the whole good.

85. In the last quarter of the year measles broke out in several localities. Some three or four deaths resulted from the disease.

86. A few cases of small-pox were also reported from villages in the Lower Zhob and Musakhel tahsils. Owing to the prevalence of plague in Sind, the sanitation of the big towns and posts in the district received, as in last year, special attention. The two vaccinators belonging to the district did useful work.

87. Cattle disease also prevailed in parts of the Lower Zhob Sub-division and the people were put to some loss in consequence. Forty-six animals (bullocks and cows) were reported to have died of the disease, and there were probably some other cases besides.

DISPENSARIES.

88. Owing to the temporary Hospital Assistant, Munshi Ram, having resigned his post in order to take up an appointment in the Kashmir State and no other Hospital Assistant being available to replace him, the Musakhel Dispensary was closed on the 7th May 1898. Musakhel being an unhealthy place there was great sickness among the tahsil officials as well as among the men of the Military detachment stationed there. The matter was brought to the notice of the Governor General's Agent with a view to arrangements being made for sending a Hospital Assistant to Musakhel. Through the courtesy of the Principal Medical Officer, Quetta, the Military Hospital Assistant at Khan Muhammad Kot was sent to Musakhel on several occasions to look after the sick.

89. It was not until the 15th September 1898 that a new Hospital Assistant arrived at Musakhel and reopened the dispensary.

90. From some time past the want of a Zenana Dispensary at Fort Sandeman was greatly felt by the people of the district. Captain Macdonald, the Political Agent, took the matter in hand, and was finally successful in persuading the Central Committee of the Countess of Dufferin Fund to establish a branch Dispensary at the Head-Quarters of this Agency. As a result of certain correspondence between the Honorary Secretary of the above Fund and the Government of India, the latter have been pleased to sanction the grant of R100 per mensem from Provincial Revenues and R25 from the Fort Sandeman Bazar Excluded Local Fund. It is also expected that a sum of R25 at least will be realized monthly by local subscriptions. The remaining expenditure of the dispensary will be borne by the Countess of Dufferin Fund.

FORESTS.

91. Early last year in accordance with certain proposals made by Lieutenant-Colonel W. Spratt, R.E., Superintending Engineer, Military Works Department, Baluchistan Circle, and with a view to checking, if possible, the overgrazing and consequent falling-off in the grass-supply that is taking place, the Agent to the Governor General sanctioned, as an experiment, the closing against all grazing, for a period of three years, of three blocks of land in the Bori Tahsil. The people of the country were not at first at all willing to see any portions of their coveted grazing grounds closed to them, but eventually their consent to the arrangement was obtained, and three blocks were selected and marked out by the Assistant Political Agent, Loralai—one between Spirra Ragha and Chinjan, the second between Chinjan and Chinali, and the third near Chinali. The total area of the three blocks is estimated at 10,460 acres. Boundary pillars at a cost of R60 were erected round the blocks, and three chowkidars were entertained for their protection. It will be interesting to watch the results of the experiment.

92. In December 1898 a large area of that portion of the Gadibar forest which lies in the Zhob District was declared by the Agent to the Governor General to be a State forest and placed under the Deputy Conservator of Forests in Baluchistan. The large Hamzazai tribe who live in the neighbourhood of Gadibar had strenuously resisted the closing of any part of this forest as it constitutes one of their richest grazing grounds. Their consent to the arrangement, however, was eventually secured by their being promised that the forest guards to be appointed should be members of their tribe. The preservation of this forest is a matter of great importance as the time is fast approaching when it will become the chief source of supply of firewood for the Loralai Cantonment, some 25 to 35 miles distant. Several smaller forests lying nearer Loralai have in the 12 years of the existence of the Cantonment become almost entirely denuded of timber. The other unclassed forests in the district were, as usual, managed during the year under report by the Political Agent. Certain rules for the strict enforcement of the conditions of the permits granted to cut wood for Government purposes from the unclassed forests were under the consideration of the Political Agent when the year closed.

POLITICAL.

I.—Waziris.

93. As explained in last year's report the Waziris gave trouble in the early part of the year under report; but owing to the re-establishment of the Kuchbina post they afterwards kept quiet.

94. On the 15th November 1898, a joint jirga for the settlement of cases pending against the Waziris was held at Tank under the presidency of the Political Agent in Zhob

and the Political Officer, Wana. Out of the 20 cases against the Waziris, 18 were enquired into by the jirga. In ten cases the offences were brought home to the Waziris, and compensation was awarded, while in eight cases the jirga recommended that further enquiries should be made.

95. The remaining two cases were not laid before the jirga as the Political Officer, Wana, wished to submit a special report about them to the Commissioner, Derajat. One of these, *i.e.*, encounter of the 15th May 1898, between the Zhob Levy Corps and the Waziris, has since been decided by imposing a fine of R200 on the Abdul Rahman Khels, and enquiries were being made in the second case when the year closed. A special report on the proceedings at Tank was duly submitted to Government.

II.—Ex-Khan of Kalat.

96. Mir Azim Jan, son of the Ex-Khan, was ordered to remain on duty with the Political Agent in Zhob.

97. The Civil Surgeon, Loralai, reports that the health of the Ex-Khan has considerably improved during the last nine months. The debility and anæmia have disappeared, and now, considering his age, he is in an extremely healthy condition. It would seem that the release of Mir Azim Jan has reacted favourably on his spirits.

No other change was made in regard to the charge of the Ex-Khan and his establishment at Loralai. The conduct of the Detenus was satisfactory during the year.

III.—Largha-Shiranis.

98. The state of affairs on the Punjab side of the Dhana Pass was worse than it has ever been before. The Larghawals openly levied toll from all travellers and in many cases looted their property also. On one occasion they did not hesitate to lay hands on and steal the property of two British Officers and a lady travelling through the pass accompanied by a guard of Regular Cavalry, and it was only owing to the tact displayed by the party that the results were not serious. Owing to the very frequent complaints received during the summer of 1898, of annoyance caused to travellers through the Dhana Pass, several references were made to the Deputy Commissioner, Dera Ismail Khan, asking him to state whether a stop could not be put to this state of things. Reports on this subject were also submitted to the Agent to the Governor General in Baluchistan.

99. On the 10th July the Political Munshi at Dhana Sar reported that the Public Works Department had engaged 70 Larghawals for work on the Chuhar-Khel Dhana road; that these men were all armed to the teeth and that the Bargha Shiranis objected to their presence in Zhob, saying that the Larghawals were their enemies and that they feared the presence of so many armed men near their homes. The Barghawals (Zhobis) also petitioned that the work on the road in Zhob might be given to them and not to Shiranis outside Zhob.

100. The Executive Engineer was then asked by the Political Agent whether it could not be arranged that the Largha-Shiranis should be made to work in the Dhana Pass *itself* and Zhobis employed for that part of the road which lies on the Zhob side of the entrance to the pass. Such an arrangement as this would effectually prevent any collision between Larghawals and Zhobis as a Military Guard of 20 rifles was stationed at the Dhana Sar Bungalow.

101. On the 14th July information was received by the Political Agent that the Larghawal coolies had carried off into Largha three of the Public Works Department sub contractors, that a serious collision had only just been averted, and that the Naib-Tahsildar of Fort Sandeman had proceeded to Dhana Sar to enquire into the case. Without waiting for a reply to his letter to the Executive Engineer, who was absent from head-quarters on a tour towards Hindubagh, Captain Macdonald at once sent orders that no Larghawals should be allowed to do any work on the Zhob side of entrance to the Dhana Pass. The Guard at Dhana Sar had meanwhile been increased to 50 rifles. On the morning of the 15th the Officer Commanding and Adjutant, Zhob Levy Corps, proceeded to Dhana Sar. Enquiry showed that the Public Works contractor had let out work to three sub-contractors whom he had duly paid. These sub-contractors, however, had not paid the workmen engaged by them and when asked for money referred the men to the head contractor. He in turn referred them back again to the sub-contractors. Hence the disturbance and the kidnapping of these three men. On representations made to them, the Larghawals brought in their prisoners, and the head contractor paid up the whole sum due to the workmen, it being arranged that he should

settle his case afterwards with his sub-contractors. Meanwhile, profiting by this disturbance, a band of Larghawals under one Manga, Khidderzai, raided some cattle in the charge of Janu Benzai of Loara in Zhob. News was carried to Dhana Sar and the Officer Commanding and Adjutant, Zhob Levy Corps, proceeded to the spot and succeeded in effecting a temporary settlement. A telegram briefly describing this occurrence was sent to the Deputy Commissioner, Dehra Ismail Khan, and he was asked to restrain the Larghawals, but no notice of it was taken for some time.

102. It would seem that some time in July 1898 when the Larghawals were working on the Dhana Road, one of them named Gulai, Sohal Khel, lent to one of the sub-contractors called Said Mir a sum of ₨109, to bear interest at the rate of one rupee per diem. Some time after Gulai asked for the money due him on account of this loan and for his and his brother's wages. The total sum claimed by Gulai was ₨195-8. As Said Mir did not at once meet the demand, Gulai went to his village, and on the 23rd August reappeared at Dhana Sar accompanied by some fifty armed men and once more demanded payment. The money not being forthcoming, Gulai and his band seized Said Mir and endeavoured to carry him off. This happened not far from the Dhana Sar Thana, and news of the occurrence soon reached the Public Works Department Overseer. Information was at once given to the Military Guard; the Larghawals were at once pursued by seven men of the 16th Bombay Infantry, the Political Munshi and some fifteen Levy Sowars. The Larghawals were overtaken and after some resistance they released Said Mir. The troops and levies then retired, but as they did so the Laghawals first stoned them and afterwards fired on them with the result that a cooly named Sarwar, who accompanied the troops, was killed. The troops returned the fire and wounded a Larghawal named Mashai. They and the levies then surrounded the Larghawals and succeeded in capturing 19 of their number, including the wounded man. The rest effected their escape. The prisoners were marched to Fort Sandeman and confined in the lock-up.

103. During the absence of the Political Agent the Officiating Political Agent, Captain H. L. Showers, arranged with the Deputy Commissioner, Dehra Ismail Khan, that the case should be settled at Fort Sandeman by a joint jirga composed of three Punjab and three Baluchistan Sardars. Pending the settlement of the case and in accordance with the request of the Deputy Commissioner, Dera Ismail Khan, endeavours were made to arrange for the release of the prisoners on security, but no one would go bail for them.

104. The recommendations of the jirga were to the following effect :—

(i) That all money due to Gulai by Said Mir (*viz.*, ₨195-8) should be forfeited and credited to Government as a fine, he (Gulai) being the originator of all the mischief.

(ii) That a fine of ₨75 be imposed on Bukhtiar, who, being in receipt of a Government *muafi* and being a motibar of the village of Parwara, should have endeavoured to prevent the affray instead of joining in it as he did.

(iii) That no further punishment should be inflicted on Mashai who was wounded and had thus paid a sufficient penalty for his offence.

(iv) That the remaining 17 men should be fined a sum of ₨450 between them and that ₨400 of this sum should be paid to the heirs of the deceased Sarwar.

(v) The accused to remain in custody until they had paid the fine imposed.

(vi) That Said Mir having acknowledged his liability for ₨195-8, the amount should be recovered from him and credited to Government.

105. Captain Showers approved of the recommendations made by the jirga, and having confirmed them, reported the matter to the Agent to the Governor General on the 4th November 1898.

On the 6th the Political Agent returned from leave, and the Larghawals having paid their fines were released on 15th November. The sum of ₨195-8 due from Said Mir as a portion of the fine imposed on the Larghawals has not been recovered. The Executive Engineer in Zhob reported that the man was penniless, and that no money was owed to him by the Public Works Department. It is believed that he owed a considerable sum to the head contractor. The man has since died leaving no effects.

106. On 26th July 1898 certain Larghawals had the insolence to march as far as Toi Sir in Musakhel, break into a house, ill-treat the owner and his wife and abduct the daughter. A rescue party of 20 armed and infuriated Musakhels pursued the abductors, but were stopped at the Dhana Pass by the Zhob Political Munshi there.

107. In consequence of representations made by the Political Agent in Zhob, the girl, Said Bibi by name, was placed by the Deputy Commissioner, Dera Ismail Khan, in the charge of the Nawab of Tank. When the Political Agent in Zhob went to Tank for the settlement of certain cases against the Waziris, Said Bibi and her mother (who had journeyed from

Musakhel for the express purpose of seeing Captain Macdonald) made the most urgent appeals that the girl should be sent back to her home until the case should be settled. Applications were made by the Political Agent to the Deputy Commissioner, Dera Ismail Khan, but were refused. Subsequently, however, one of the chief actors in this case of abduction was found in Zhob and was kept under surveillance. He then requested that the case be decided in Zhob, whereupon the Political Agent asked the Deputy Commissioner, Dera Ismail Khan, to send the girl and other accused to Zhob. He at first refused to do so, but afterwards, on finding that the Chuharkhel Maliks had no objection to make, he agreed to the proposal. Said Bibi and Rassad to whom the abductors wanted to marry the girl were sent under escort to Musakhel. The settlement is in progress.

108. On 14th August 1898 twenty-five Larghawal Khidderzais attemped to carry off from the village of Dewal Gad (near Shinghar, which is only 33 miles from Fort Sandeman) a widow and child. Fortunately they were prevented from doing so, the villagers turning out with guns to assist the woman and child.

109. Altogether the behaviour of the Larghawals has been very bad during the year under review.

IV.—Murder of Naib-Tahsildar Gela-Ram.

110. The Political Agent was unable to meet the Deputy Commissioner, Dera Ghazi Khan, at Fort Munro in September 1898, for the discussion of this case. The latter officer, however, made some confidential enquiries and was able to find a clue to the actual murderer of Lala Gela Ram. On return from privilege leave Captain Macdonald discussed the case with the Deputy Commissioner, Dera Ghazi Khan, at Dera Ghazi Khan on the 7th and the 8th November 1898, and it was decided that the case should be tried by a council of elders on the occasion of the Sibi Horse Fair of 1899.

111. Captain Thompson, Deputy Commissioner, Dera Ghazi Khan, accordingly met the Political Agent at Sibi on the 22nd February 1899, and the case was transferred to a council of elders under section 13, Punjab Frontier Crimes Regulation. On the 24th the council of elders brought in a verdict of guilty against the accused, Nasir, son of Muhammad, Bozdar. He was sentenced under section 14, Punjab Frontier Crimes Regulation, to seven years' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of R300, or in default of payment, to a further term of rigorous imprisonment for one year and nine months.

112. The punitive post at Nili was withdrawn on the 2nd March 1899.

V.—Local Tribes.

113. On the 6th February 1899, a fight took place at Bernima, a village situated 17 miles from Loralai between the Mallezais and Mangezais, sub-sections of the Alizai tribe. The dispute arose over the construction of a water mill. Two men were killed and several wounded. The case was still under enquiry when the year closed.

114. In June 1898 a serious offence occurred at Loralai. This was the murder of two men in the compound of the Assistant Political Agent. Enquiry into the case still continues. Suspicion rests on certain men of the Utmankhel tribe, but satisfactory evidence has not so far been found against them.

115. There have also been a few other cases—riots, affrays, etc., of minor importance, but the tribes of the district were on the whole well behaved during the year under report.

116. Gul Bahram, Jogezai, referred to in paragraph 78 of last year's report, returned from Afghanistan with his family in October 1898.

117. The question of exempting the whole Jogezai tribe from grazing tax was under the consideration of the Political Agent during the year.

VI.—Suleiman Khels.

Satisfactory Tirni arrangements.

118. On the return of the Political Agent from the Tank Jirgas the Extra Assistant Commissioner, Lower Zob, and Akbar Khan, a cousin of Malik Shahabuddin, Khoidadkhel, met him at Moghalkot and accompanied him on his tour round the country inhabited by the Suleiman Khels. Akbar Khan was anxious to farm the Zhob-Suleiman Khel *tirni* and offered R1,200 for the privilege of doing so. This offer the Political Agent was at first disposed to

accept, but in consequence of certain correspondence with the Agent to the Governor General, it was subsequently arranged that the tax should be collected by Government officials. Accordingly Khan Sahib Kazi Muzaffer Khan was directed to proceed to Gul Kach and arrange to collect the tax. The Political Agent, who had by this time returned to Fort Sandeman, also set out for Mir Ali Khel as circumstances rendered it desirable that he should be as near as possible to the scene of operations. Reports, had been received that Mir Hazar Kamrani, Sultankhel of Zarmelan, had been stirring up the Mir Khan and Mahmudkhel sub-sections (off-shoots of the Sultankhel) to disobedience, and it was feared that they might give trouble. The Extra Assistant Commissioner was therefore directed to take *tirni* from these sections *first*, in order to make it clear that *every one* had to pay.

119. Before reaching Gul Kach, Kazi Muzaffar Khan received from Mir Hazar two letters couched in somewhat insolent terms and addressed to the Political Agent and to himself on the subjet of the *Sharmana* due to the Sultankhel for the murder in December 1897 at Gul Kach of a Hamsaya of the tribe by a Zhob Levy Corps sowar. Muhammad Akram Khan, the late Chief of the Zarmelan Malik, being dead and his son Sher Ali Khan, being a young man, Mir Hazar evidently took it upon himself to act as a spokesman in this matter. Captain Macdonald directed the Extra Assistant Commissioner to take no notice of these letters beyond informing Mir Hazar that the money was not paid last year because Muhammad Akram, Yayhakhel Sultankhel, was extremely insolent to the Political Agent and refused to take it, but that if he (Mir Hazar) came and asked for it in a respectful way that he might probably get it.

120. The Extra Assistant Commissioner having arrived at Gul Kach immediately began his collections, and as cash was not always forthcoming, considerable numbers of sheep and goats were seized as security for payment. On hearing of this, Mir Hazar crossed the Gumal river, and interviewed the Extra Assistant Commissioner. He was at first inclined to bluster somewhat largely, but eventually he calmed down, and in the course of a day or two, Mir Hazar having taken the side of the Extra Assistant Commissioner, matters were settled with the Mir Khan and Mahmudkhels, each of whom offered to pay a lump sum as *tirni* for the year, if given till the 28th January 1899 in which to collect the money. The sum offered was probably below the amount which these sections would have to pay had enumeration been strictly carried out, but having regard to the facts that the year was a bad one; that cash was scarce among the tribesmen; that the seizure of sheep and goats in lieu of cash would not be an advantage inasmuch as it would be practically impossible to sell them; and that this was the first year of the collection of the tax, it seemed to the Political Agent advisable to close with these offers, and he accordingly did so Matters having been satisfactorily arranged with the Mir Khan and Mahmudkhels, the Extra Assistant Commissioner despatched his baggage from Gul Kach and had himself come out of the post to start for Girdao, when Kattai Khan, Dinarkhel Sultankhel, a Zarmelan "Motibar", appeared on the scene. For some reason or other Kattai was very wroth about the arrangements which had been made; he was very insolent to the Extra Assistant Commissioner and did all in his power to make the Mir Khan and Mahmudkhels repudiate the contract which they had so lately concluded. Some of the heads of these sections actually did go over to him and refused to abide by the agreement. Others, however, were true to their word and openly cursed those who tried to make them break it.. For some little time the position was one of some anxiety, but the efforts of the Extra Assistant Commissioner who was aided very greatly and very loyally by Sher Ali and Mir Hazar and the Maudokhel Motibars, eventually settled matters satisfactorily.

121. As soon as it became known that Kattai Khan had been discomfited and that the Mir Khan and Mahmud Khels had submitted, the heads of the other sections of Zhob Suleiman Khels came to the Extra Assistant Commissioner and begged that they also might be allowed to pay lump sums on account of the *tirni* due by them, the money to be paid on the 28th January and the sheep and goats which had been seized to be returned to them. These Maliks joined the Extra Assistant Commissioner at different places between Gul Kach and Mir Ali Khel and were brought by him to the Political Agent. The sums offered by them as in the case of the Mir Khan and Mahmud Khels probably fell below the amount which "enumeration" would have given, but for the same reasons which guided Captain Macdonald in dealing with the sections first named, he decided to accept them. The formal agreements were then entered into with the headmen of the different sections, and these were testified to in the presence of the Political Agent on the 18th December 1898. The Maliks were then informed that on the payment by them of *tirni* they would be paid the allowances

sanctioned for them; the sheep and goats which had been seized werereturned and the people dismissed.

122. The headmen of the Zhob sections of the Suleiman Khels appeared before the Political Agent at Fort Sandeman on the 28th January 1899, and paid the sums due by their sections as per agreement on account of grazing tax. The total receipts amounted to R1,354-6-0. One-half of the allowances fixed for them by the Government of India were paid to them, and they were informed that, on condition that there were no complaints against them, the remaining half would be paid on the 15th of March 1899.

123. The Maliks again came to Fort Sandeman on the 18th March 1899, and the second-half of their allowances was paid to them.

In February 1899, two Suleiman Khels were arrested for stealing cattle. The case was a perfectly clear one; the stolen animals were returned to their owners, and the thieves duly sentenced. This, however, is not a complaint against the tribe.

124. Before the second week in April 1899 the whole of the Suleiman Khel had left Zhob, not a single complaint having been received against them.

Collision with Dotanis.

125. With reference to the notice in last year's Administration Report about the Dotanis, it should be noted that the Kirris from whom flocks were seized, sent a number of men to Fort Sandeman to interview the Political Agent. Others also interviewed him at Moghal Khot. The object of the Dotanis was to induce the Political Agent in Zhob to convene a "mixed jirga" with the Political Officer, Wana, to decide the question as to how the money recovered from the Dotanis last year should be divided among the tribesmen. The Dotanis affirmed that the men who actually paid *tirni* last year were not the men whose flocks grazed in Zhob. Captain Macdonald referred the Dotanis to the Political Officer, Wana, by whose orders the Dotani *tirni* had not been collected in the first place. It was suggested to them that if their statement was correct (and there was no proof of this, the assumption being that it was *not* correct), the proper person to apply to for the settlement of the difficulty was the Political Officer, Wana, in consequence of whose orders (given to a Zhob official) the mistake (if mistake there was) had been made. It is not known what action the Dotani Maliks took, but no sort of trouble or difficulty was experienced this year in collecting *tirni* from the tribe. The subject did not again come before the Political Agent, and all payments were made without question.

Malik Shahabuddin.

126. In accordance with orders received from the Government of India, Kazi Muzaffar Khan, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Lower Zhob, met Malik Shahabuddin on the 17th October 1898 at the Ziarat of Hussein Nika and there read and explained to him clause 1 of the Joint Baluch-Afghan Boundary Agreement executed on the 26th February 1895 by Captain McMahon and Sardar Gul Muhammad Khan. The letter, dated the 18th July 1 895 from His Highness the Amir which ratified the agreement was also read and explained to the Malik. As a result of the meeting Shahabuddin acknowledged that the land on which the Shinbaza Hussein Nika road was constructed was on the British side of the boundary. He, however, preferred a claim to certain lands in the vicinity of Chachobai, Shinbaza, Saratoi, Hussein Nika, Girdao and Khurma which, after the demarcation, came within the jurisdiction of the Baluchistan Agency, and expressed his willingness to settle any claims that might be made to these lands by any Minzai, Mando Khel or Sultan Khel. He further expressed his willingness to pay revenue on these lands and grazing tax to Government, should it be taken from other Suleiman Khels living within British territory. The result of the meeting was very satisfactory, and a separate report on this subject was submitted to Government.

VII.—The Afghan Frontier.

127. During 1897-98 and 1898-99 grazing tax was recovered without difficulty from such Afghans as brought their cattle and flocks to graze in Kakar Khurrassan.

128. Mulla Muhammad Aman of Babuchina, mentioned in paragraph 95 of last year's report as having emigrated to Afghanistan, has not returned to Zhob. A reconciliation has not yet been effected between him and his relatives.

129. Early in the year the Political Munshi at Kamaruddin Karez reported that the men of the Afghan post at Taraki Tirwa had erected a building in which to cool water on the British side of the boundary. He also complained of the attitude maintained by the men of the post towards British subjects.

130. In the beginning of August 1898, Captain Macdonald, the Political Agent, while on tour in Kakar Khurrassan, visited Kamaruddin Karez and inspected Taraki Tirwa. He found the Afghan post in charge of two or three Khassadars. The "Mirza" and the "Dahbashi" of the post had been summoned to Wazi Khowa by the Hakim of that place. On inspection Captain Macdonald found—(*a*) That the men of the Afghan post had dug a small tank on the British side of the water channel which here forms the boundary. This tank is immediately opposite to the post and as reported by the Munshi it was at first used as a place for cooling water, a roof having been built over it to keep the sun off. But since the receipt of the first report a second storey had been added to the building, and the upper storey was used by men of the Afghan post as a living house. The Khassadar to whom Captain Macdonald spoke acknowledged that the building was in British territory. The effects of the Afghans were at once removed. The "Mirza" of the post had expressed his willingness to the Political Munshi at Kamaruddin Karez to demolish the building if the Political Agent wished it to be demolished, and as there were no appliances by the help of which it could be then and there demolished, Captain Macdonald was forced to leave it standing.

(*b*) The Lowana headmen (British subjects) also complained to the Political Agent that the men of the Afghan post would not allow them to cultivate their land on the British side of the boundary. The Khassadar acknowledged that the cultivation had been stopped, and stated that the ground on the British side of the boundary was only British for a space of seven yards and that beyond that it was Afghan. As it was useless to continue any discussion with a person who could make such a statement as this and who had no sort of authority in the post, nothing could be done.

131. Captain Macdonald also sent a *murasla* to Sardar Gul Mahomed Khan, asking him to order his men to demolish the building which they have erected in British territory, and also to warn them against preventing the Lowanas from cultivating or moving over the lands in future. At the Political Agent's direction the Extra Assistant Commissioner, Upper Zhob, sent a similar *murasla* to the Mirza of the Afghan post. No reply to either of these *muraslas* has yet been received.

CIVIL VETERINARY DEPARTMENT.

132. Of the three horse stallions received in the district about the end of last year, Quebic was quartered at Loralai, Quick Silver at Hindubagh, and Ratter at Killa Saifulla. The first named two stallions served 50 and 43 mares respectively, while Ratter served 11 mares only. It is reported that Ratter was not popular with the people of the country on account of his slowness in covering.

133. Last year the total number of mares covered by the three stallions at the places mentioned was 86, and there was thus an increase of 18 in the number of mares served during the year under report. The stallions were sent back to Sibi in November 1898.

134. There not being sufficient work at Fott Sandeman for the donkey stallion Khyber, the stand was abolished and the stallion sent to Sibi on the 29th October 1898. The donkey stallion covered only five mares during seven months.

135. The cost of feed and keep of all the stallions in this district during the year was

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POSTAL DEPARTMENT.

136. Three new combined post and telegraph offices were opened in this district during the year, *viz.*, at Gul Kach, Girdao and Killa Saifulla.

137. The mails were as usual carried by district levies. There were some few complaints regarding the late arrival of mails at Loralai, Kingri and Fort Sandeman. On enquiry the delays were found to be due in some cases to the intense cold that often prevails during winter and in others to the weak state to which the dâk horses were reduced owing to the scarcity of fodder. The delinquents when found to be in fault were fined and warned to be more regular in their work.

138. On the 6th June 1898, the parcel post despatched from Loralai for Fort Sandeman was robbed near Gidar Chah, about 8 miles from the former station. Every endeavour was made to discover the offenders, and a reward of R100 was offered for information regarding them, but all without avail. The loss is reported at about R124.

139. In May 1898, the Superintendent of Post Offices in Baluchistan and Upper Sindh brought to the Political Agent's notice that there was always a surplus of cash at the several branch post offices in this district, and as these are situated at some distance from a Sub-Treasury, he suggested that the money in question might be utilized in paying the salaries of local Civil Establishments, a cheque on a Sub-Treasury for the amount made over being given to the Branch Post Master in lieu. The proposal was agreed to by the Political Agent, and orders on the subject were issued to the subordinate officers concerned.

TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

140. During the year under report two new telegraph lines, *i.e.*, (*i*) from Mir Ali Khel to Gul Kach, and (*ii*) from Hindu Bagh to Killa Saifulla, were constructed, and, as stated in paragraph 139 above, three combined post and telegraph offices were opened at Gul Kach, Girdao and Killa Saifulla respectively. The Political Agent in Zhob also recommended that a telegraph line should be opened between Hindubagh and Loiband and another between Fort Sandeman and Kamardin Karez. The orders of Government on these proposals had not, however, been received when the year closed.

141. In the wire-cutting case between Mekhtar and Loralai, referred to in paragraph 100 of last year's report, the offenders have not been traced notwithstanding that great efforts to discover them were made.

142. In addition to this case there were six other cases of damage to the telegraph lines by the breaking of insulators, etc. In these too was there no trace found of the perpetrators of the mischief. The explanation of this is that the damage mostly occurs at a distance from villages and habitations and in the delay that unavoidably occurs in the reports of occurrences reaching the authorities. Where the damage occurs in the vicinity of a village a fine is imposed on the Maliks. Thus the village of Dirgi near Loralai was fined for the breakage of an insulator at a point adjacent to the village.

MILITARY.

143. The following changes took place in the troops stationed in the district during the year under report. In September 1898 the 16th Bombay Infantry was transferred from Fort Sandeman to Pishin, and its place was taken by the 17th Bombay Infantry from Quetta.

144. In December 1898, owing to the great scarcity of fodder at Musakhel, the Cavalry detachment there, as a temporary measure, was sent to Khan Muhammad Kot and the Infantry guard at Mani Khwah was sent in its place.

ZHOB LEVY CORPS.

ADMINISTRATIVE STAFF.

145. The office of the Commandant, Zhob Levy Corps, was held from 1st April 1898 to 20th January 1899 by Brevet-Major W. G. Alban, I.S.C., when he proceeded on 90 days' privilege leave. Lieutenant F. D. Henslowe, I.S.C., Adjutant and 2nd-in-Command of the Corps, held charge of the corps in addition to his own duties from the 21st January 1899 till 31st March 1899.

146. The post of Adjutant and 2nd-in-Command was held by Lieutenant F. D. Henslowe, I.S.C., throughout the year, except from 5th August 1898 to 2nd November 1898, when he was on privilege leave, and his work was carried on by Major W. G. Alban in addition to his own duties.

RECRUITING.

147. The cavalry, with the exception of the Brahui squadron, has been kept well up to strength during the year, there being a plentiful supply of Kakars and Ghilzais to replace vacancies in those squadrons. Recruits for the Brahui squadron are obtained with greater difficulty, and they also do not bring a cash deposit towards their *Assamis* on enlistment as do

the Kakars and Ghilzais. Some 25 men, nearly all Kakars, have been transferred under Army Regulations, India, Volume II, Discipline, to the cavalry from the 24th and 26th Bombay Infantry Regiments during the year.

148. With regard to the infantry, the Kakar and Ghilzai (1st and 2nd) companies have not kept up their strength, but this is owing to the fact that the Ghilzai company was practically disbanded at the beginning of 1898. It is, however, making up its strength and now numbers 88 men or only 17 short of its full strength. The Kakar company went down in numbers at the beginning of the year owing to the Subedar having been discharged and his place not having been filled up till November 1898. The present Native Officers of this company have both been transferred from the 24th Bombay Infantry together with 19 Kakars, and through their influence this company is rapidly filling up and now numbers 89 or only 16 under strength. The other two companies of the infantry, *viz.*, Brahui and Yusafzai company and mixed Pathan company, are both up to full strength.

149. The statement marked T attached herewith gives the strength of the corps on 31st March 1899.

NATIVE OFFICERS.

150. The following Native Officers have died during the year :—

Ressaidar Shahin Khan, Commanding the Zhob Kakar Squadron, who died at his home on the 4th February 1899.

Jemadar Bussarudin Sargarah, of the Pishin Kakar squadron, died at his home on the 27th February 1899.

Both these were excellent Native Officers and are a great loss to the corps, especially the former whose place will be very difficult to fill.

151. Several changes of Native Officers in the infantry have taken place during the year :—

Subedar-Major Nur Muhammad Khan was discharged, with effect from 31st April 1898, under Agent to the Governor General's order No. 3001 of 30th April 1898.

Subedar Futteh Muhammad, 2nd Company (Ghilzais), was discharged, with effect from 15th November 1898, under Governor General's Agent's order No. 3001 of 30th April 1898.

Havildar Qaim Khan was transferred from the 26th Bombay Infantry as Subedar to command the Ghilzai company.

Jemadar Mobin Khan was transferred from the 24th Bombay Infantry as Subedar of the Kakar company, *vice* Subedar Rashid Khan, discharged.

Havildar Nasurulla Khan was also transferred from the 24th Bombay Infantry as Jemadar of the Kakar Company, *vice* Jemadar Muhammad Gul, transferred to the 2nd Company to fill the vacancy caused by Jemadar Muhammad Rafeek who died at his home on 19th December 1897.

Havildar Rozi Muhammad was promoted Jemadar in the 4th Company (mixed Pathans) on 1st April 1898, *vice* Jemadar Khudaidad, discharged at his own request.

DESERTIONS.

152. The following desertions took place during the year :—

On the 21st June 1898 two Ghilzais deserted from Girdao post taking with them three rifles, two belts and bayonets and 73 rounds ammunition.

One Brahui sowar deserted in October 1898 while on his way to Head-quarters from Quetta taking with him his horse, saddlery, carbine, sword and 20 rounds ammunition.

A Duffedar of the Zhob Kakar Squadron deserted from Khuni Tower, on the Mir Ali Khel road, on the 13th January 1899 taking with him his horse (subsequently recovered), carbine and 20 rounds ammunition.

A havildar and four sepoys (Achakzais) deserted while on their way from Head-quarters to Tirkhawar post on or about the 10th March 1899, taking with them R1,100 in cash, five rifles, belts and bayonets and 100 rounds ammunition.

153. It is hoped that when the new proposals for granting increase of pay and good conduct pay are sanctioned, desertion will to a great extent be put down. At present a sowar

or sepoy who has no hopes of promotion, has nothing to look forward to, and no inducement to serve on, such as good conduct pay holds out. In the same way, as soon as a man is promoted to be a Havildar or Duffedar, there is no prospect of his pay being increased however long he serves. The grant of good conduct pay will be an inducement to him also to continue serving.

CRIME.

154. One case of serious crime occurred on the 21st June 1898, when a havildar of the Ghilzai Company was shot by a sepoy of his company while patrolling from Girdao post.

SERVICES.

155. A native officer with 15 sowars while searching for some Waziris who had two days previously attacked and killed a sowar and two horses of the corps, came upon 30 Waziris in the hills north of Mir Ali Khel. The party attacked and put to flight the Waziris, of whom one was killed, and recovered six camels which the marauders had stolen.

The Agent to the Governor General in Baluchistan in his letter No. 4901, dated 16th July 1898, was pleased to express his appreciation of this action on the part of the native officer and men concerned.

CASUALTIES.

156. On 13th May 1898 two sowars of the corps, while riding through the Gardani Pass on their way to the Girdao post, were fired upon by a party of Waziris with the following result :—

One sowar killed.
One sowar wounded.
Both horses killed.

DISTRIBUTION.

157. The statement marked U which is attached shows the distribution of the corps on 31st March 1899.

MISCELLANEOUS.

GRAZING TAX ON POWINDAHS.

158. From the last year's report it will be seen that, owing to the Punjab not raising the rates of *tirni* in the Dera Ismail Khan District, the arrangement for the collection of *tirni* from Powindahs passing through the Zao, Chuharkhel Dhana and Vihowa Pass to the Punjab had to be discontinued. However, on the 21st September 1898, the Deputy Commissioner, Dera Ismail Khan, informed the Political Agent in Zhob that the Punjab Government has sanctioned the levy of *tirni* at Zhob rates on all cattle, sheep, goats, etc., belonging to Powindahs entering the Dera Ismail Khan District, and he enquired whether the Political Agent had any objection to resume the work stopped by him in October 1897.

159. Captain H. L. Showers, the Officiating Political Agent, replied that he had no objection to the proposal, and on receipt of a further telegram from the Deputy Commissioner, Dera Ismail Khan, that the arrangement might accordingly be resumed, he directed the Extra Assistant Commissioner, Lower Zhob, to at once begin the collection of *tirni*. The Deputy Commissioner was at the same time requested to issue instructions to his collectors to carefully compare the receipts given by the collectors of the Zhob Agency with the flocks, etc., that reached the Punjab, anything found in excess being taxed, and two-fifths of such collections, if any, being credited to Baluchistan. No intimation has been received so far from the Deputy Commissioner, Dera Ismail Khan, as to whether any receipts on this account were collected by his subordinates or not.

160. Large numbers of Powindahs proceeded to the Punjab *viâ* the Gomal Pass avoiding the Zao, Chuharkhel and Vehowa Passes, their idea doubtless being that the old and lower rates levied in the Punjab were still in force. The collections in Zhob therefore were far below what they would otherwise have been. The thing was inevitable, but now that the Powindahs have learnt by experience that there is no difference between the rates of the two Provinces, the traffic may be expected to resume its normal course. Consequently the total receipts under this head during the year under report amounted to R3,176-8-0. Out of this R138-4-8

was paid on account of *Haq-i-malkana* and a sum of R152-15-2 was incurred on account of the pay of the collecting establishment and their contingencies. The balance of R2,885-4-2, out of which three-fifths goes to the Punjab Government, was credited into the treasury.

161. It should be mentioned that as the loss to Baluchistan revenues in 1897-98, owing to the diversion of traffic from the three Southern passes to the Gomal, was due to the failure of the Punjab to carry out the arrangement under which they were to raise their rates of *tirni* to those in force in Zhob, it was represented by Captain Macdonald that the three-fifths' share of the collections made (R1,721-11-3) could not rightly be claimed by the Punjab Government. The justice of this was recognized by the Agent to the Governor General, but as the amount at stake was trifling it was not considered worth while to raise the question.

H. L. SHOWERS, *Captain,*
Political Agent in Zhob.

A.

Annual Report of Provincial Revenue and Expenditure of the Zhob District for the year 1898-99.

Heads of Revenue.	Actuals of 1897-98.	Actuals of 1898-99.	Revised Budget Estimate of 1898-99.	Increase.	Decrease.
	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.
I.—Land Revenue—					
Ordinary Revenue—					
1. Fixed collections . .	12,397 14 10	13,974 8 1	18,500 0 0	......	......
2. Fluctuating collections .	1,44,983 15 9	1,16,439 9 2	1,21,520 0 0	......	......
Miscellaneous grazing fees.	......	57,740 5 6	} 54,310 0 0		
3. Tirni collected from Powindahs, passing through Zas, Chuhar Khel, Dhana and Vehowa Passes.	64,282 14 10	2,885 4 2		......	......
Total .	2,21,664 13 5	1,91,039 10 11	1,94,330 0 0	......	3,290 5 1
IV.—Stamps—					
1. Sale of general stamps .	1,717 4 0	1,634 8 0	1,540 0 0	......	......
2. Sale of Court-fee stamps .	5,649 10 0	5,003 14 0	4,620 0 0	......	......
3. Sale of plain paper to be used with Court-fee stamps.	270 0 0	243 12 0	260 0 0	......	......
4. Fines and penalties .	32 4 0	5 0 0	20 0 0	......	......
Total	7,669 2 0	6,887 2 0	6,440 0 0	447 2 0	......

Heads of Expenditure.	Actuals of 1897-98.	Actuals of 1898-99.	Revised Budget Estimate of 1898-99.	Increase.	Decrease.
	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.
1.—Refunds and Drawbacks—					
Revenue refunds	......	3 0 8	100 0 0	......	
Total .	......	3 0 8	100 0 0	......	96 15 4
2.—Assignments and Compensations—					
Miscellaneous compensations.	......	......	......	......	......
Total .	......	......	......	......	......
3.—Land Revenue—					
Charges of District Administrations—					
1. General Establishment (*i.e.*, pay and travelling allowances and contingencies of Revenue Commissioner's Establishments.)	......	......	......	......	......
2. Sub-Divisional Establishment (*i.e.*, pay of Tahsildars and Naib-Tahsildars, etc).	25,635 11 0	27,039 11 5	26,560 0 0	......	......
3. Travelling allowances .	715 4 0	1,077 3 3	1,096 0 0	......	......
4. Contingencies . . .	1,337 8 0	1,350 0 0	1,350 0 0	......	......
5. Compensation for dearness of provisions.	313 10 7	106 8 4	110 0 0	......	......
6. Charges on account of Land Revenue collections (*i.e.*, pay of Karawas and Mushriffs Lambardari allowance. Carriage of Revenue grain and miscellaneous.) .	4,370 14 0	4,020 13 2	4,165 0 0		
7. Allowances to the Suleiman Khel tribes for *tirni*.	......	1,620 0 0	1,620 0 0	......	......
8. Survey and Settlement (*i.e.*, pay of clerks and other charges for survey and settlement works including travelling allowances).	......	......	......	......	......
9. Land Records and Agriculture (*i.e.*, pay of Kanungoes and Patwaris) . .	9,127 11 1	9,299 1 7	9,434 0 0	......	......
Total .	41,500 11 6	44,513 5 9	44,335 0 0	178 5 9	......

Annual Report of Provincial Revenue and Expenditure of the Zhob District for the year 1898-99—continued.

HEADS OF REVENUE.	Actuals of 1897-98.	Actuals of 1898-99.	Revised Budget Estimate of 1898-99.	Increase.	Decrease.
	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.
V.—EXCISE—					
License and distillery fees and duties for the sale of liquors and drugs—					
1. Foreign Liquors . .	601 0 0	603 0 0	600 0 0	......	......
2. Liquors and Spirits made in India after European method.	1,750 0 0	1,650 0 0	1,650 0 0	......	......
3. Country Spirits . .	8,700 0 0	10,110 0 0	10,110 0 0	......	......
4. Opium and its preparations.	1,440 0 0	1,560 0 0	1,560 0 0	......	......
5. Other drugs, ganja, bhang, etc.	3,100 0 0	3,490 0 0	3,490 0 0	......	......
6. Fines, confiscations and miscellaneous.	......	1 15 4	......	......	......
TOTAL .	15,591 0 0	17,414 15 4	17,410 0 0	4 15 4	......
VIII.—ASSESSED TAXES—					
1. Deductions from Salaries and Pensions.	2,768 3 4	2,408 9 9	2,500 0 0	......	......
2. Deductions from interest on Government securities.	......	......	......	......	......
3. Ordinary collections .	56 10 3	77 13 10	90 0 0	......	......
TOTAL .	2,824 13 7	2,486 7 7	2,590 0 0	......	103 8 5
X.—REGISTRATION—					
1. Fees for registering documents.	70 8 0	78 0 0	85 0 0	......	......
2. Fees for copies of registered documents.	22 8 0	21 8 0	25 0 0	......	......
3. Miscellaneous . .	......	1 0 0	......	......	......
TOTAL .	93 0 0	100 8 0	110 0 0	......	9 8 0

HEADS OF EXPENDITURE.	Actuals of 1897-98.	Actuals of 1898-99.	Revised Budget Estimate of 1898-99.	Increase.	Decrease.
	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.
6.—STAMPS—					
1. Charges for the sale of general stamp (Discount).	47 8 6	43 13 6	60 0 0	......	......
2. Charges for the Court-fee stamps (Discount).	78 11 9	61 1 3	100 0 0	......	......
3. Discount on plain paper .	12 14 0	9 6 0	20 0 0	......	......
TOTAL .	139 2 3	114 4 9	180 0 0	......	65 11 3
12.—REGISTRATION— District charges . . .	45 0 0	36 0 0	100 0 0	......	64 0 0
15.—POST OFFICE— District Post charges .	5,831 8 0	5,828 4 0	5,830 0 0	......	1 12 0
19A.—LAW AND JUSTICE—COURTS OF LAW—					
Civil and Sessions Courts—					
1. Salaries (Munsiff's) . .	......	......	......	......	......
2. Establishment (clerks and servants).	......	......	......	......	......
3. Allowances . . .	......	......	......	......	......
4. Contingencies . . .	......	......	......	......	......
5. Process-serving Establishment.	......	......	......	......	......
Criminal Courts—					
6. Salaries	......	......	......	......	......
7. Establishment . . .	......	......	......	......	......
8. Allowances . . .	......	......	......	......	......
9. Contingencies . . .	414 8 0	33 3 0	200 0 0	......	......
10. Refunds	183 0 0	22 8 0	100 0 0	......	......
TOTAL .	597 8 0	55 11 0	300 0 0	......	244 5 0
19B.—LAW AND JUSTICE—JAILS—					
District Jails—					
1. Establishment . . .	......	......	......	......	......
2. Dietary charges . .	869 10 8	569 6 0	650 0 0	......	......
3. Hospital " .	49 12 11	72 13 9	75 0 0	......	......
4. Clothing and bedding of prisoners . . .	190 10 6	533 12 0	535 0 0	......	......
5. Sanitation charges . .	49 1 9	43 8 0	50 0 0	......	......
6. Charges for moving prisoners . . .	105 2 1	159 15 0	160 0 0	......	......
7. Miscellaneous supplies and services	165 11 10	146 14 7	160 0 0	......	......
8. Allowances . . .	......	......	......	......	......
9. Contingent charges . .	36 0 0	55 14 0	60 0 0	......	......
10. Extraordinary charges for Live-stock and Tools and Plant	21 5 9	......	......	......	......

XVI.—A LAW AND JUSTICE—COURTS OF LAW—					
1. Sale-proceeds of unclaimed a· l escheated property.	821 10 0	341 2 5	470 0 0	......	......
2. Court-fees realised in cash.	43 3 6	78 14 0	50 6 0	......	......
3. General fees, fines and forfeitures.	4,664 3 3	8,088 13 7	7,020 0 0	......	......
4. Miscellaneous . .	......	3 0 0	10 0 0	......	......
TOTAL .	5,029 0 9	8,511 14 0	7,550 0 0	961 14 0	......
XVI.—B LAW AND JUSTICE—JAILS—					
Hire of convicts . . .	......	0 8 0	......	......	......
TOTAL .	......	0 8 0	......	0 8 0	......
XVII.—POLICE—					
1. Police supplied to Railways.	......	......	......	......	......
2. Police supplied to Municipal Cantonment and Town Funds.	......	......	......	......	......
3. Cash receipts under Arms Act.	8 0 0	7 12 0	10 0 0	......	......
4. Fees, fines and forfeitures	2 0 0	......	......	......	......
Cattle-pound receipts .	550 3 0	480 11 9	600 0 0	......	......
Superannuation receipts .	......	......	......	......	......
7. Miscellaneous . .	......	......	......	......	......
TOTAL .	560 3 0	488 7	610 0 0	......	121 8 3

Charges for Police custody— 11. Lock-ups	2,348 11 4	3,543 10 10	3,550 0 0	......	......
TOTAL .	3,836 2 10	5,125 14 2	5,240 0 0	......	114 1 10
20.—POLICE—DISTRICT EXECUTIVE FORCE—					
District Police—					
1. Salaries (Pay of District Superintendent of Police and Assistant District Superintendent Police.)	......	......	......	......	......
2. Police Force (Pay of Inspectors, Deputy Inspectors, Sergeants, and Constables, etc) . .	41,869 12 10	46,680 9 10	47,300 0 0	......	......
3. Establishment (clerks and servants)	2,085 1 10	2,054 3 1	2,020 0 0	......	......
4. Hospital Establishment .	......	120 0 0	120 0 0	......	......
Allowances—					
1. Travelling allowances .	1,053 8 6	2,869 6 9	3,000 0 0	......	......
2. Good-conduct stripe and local allowances . .	507 0 0	491 0 0	610 0 0	......	......
3. Compensation for dearness of provisions . . .	1,853 10 3	905 11 7	910 0 0	......	......
Supplies and Services—					
4. Clothing and Equipment .	2,248 0 0	2,463 0 0	2,470 0 0	......	......
5. Other charges (includes arms and accoutrements, Hospital supplies, purchase and repair of tents, rewards and purchase of hand-cuffs, etc.) . .	3,118 3 0	433 7 10	466 0 0	......	......
6. Contingencies . . .	2,399 0 10	2,276 5 7	2,319 0 0	......	......
TOTAL .	55,134 5 3	58,298 12 8	59,215 0 0	......	916 3 4
22. EDUCATION— Grants-in-aid . . .	400 0 0	1,004 0 0	1,064 0 0	......	60 0 0
24.—MEDICAL—HOSPITALS AND DISPENSARIES—					
1. Salaries	2,187 1 7	......	......	......	......
2. Establishment . . .	5,270 0 6	180 0 0	240 0 0	......	......
3. Allowances (*i.e.*, travelling and Pushtu allowances and dearness allowances) .	1,115 11 7	75 6 0	150 0 0	......	......
4. Supplies and Services (cost of medicines and instruments and dieting charges).	1,922 8 9	879 14 2	900 0 0	......	......

Annual Report of Provincial Revenue and Expenditure of the Zhob District for the year 1898-99—concluded.

HEADS OF REVENUE.	Actuals of 1897-98.	Actuals of 1898-99.	Revised Budget Estimate of 1898-99.	Increase.	Decrease.
	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.
XXIII.—STATIONERY AND PRINTING—					
1. Stationery receipts .	2 4 3	......	......	......	......
2. Other Press receipts .	......	......	......	......	......
TOTAL .	2 4 3	......	......	......	......
XXV.—MISCELLANEOUS—					
1. Sale of old stores and materials.	29 9 3	186 14 9	170 0 0	......	......
3. Premium on supply bills.	928 8 0	......	......	......	......
3. Miscellaneous . .	......	......	......	......	......
TOTAL .	958 1 3	186 14 9	170 0 0	16 14 9	......
XXXII.—CIVIL WORKS—IN CHARGE OF CIVIL OFFICERS—					
Miscellaneous . .	......	......	......	......	......

HEADS OF EXPENDITURE.	Actuals of 1897-98.	Actuals of 1898-99.	Revised Budget Estimate of 1898-99.	Increase.	Decrease.
	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.
24.—MEDICAL—HOSPITALS AND DISPENSARIES—*contd.*					
5. Contingencies . . .	1,903 6 11	......	......	......	......
6. Sanitation and Vaccination (pay and travelling allowance of Vaccinator) .	1,055 7 9	......	......	......	......
TOTAL .	13,454 5 1	1,135 4 2	1,290 0 0	......	154 11 10
25.—POLITICAL—POLITICAL AGENTS—					
1. Salaries	......	......	......	......	......
2. Establishment . . .	26,575 3 0	28,127 0 9	27,045 0 0	......	......
3. Allowances (*i.e.*, travelling and Pushtu allowances) .	15,931 14 0	12,512 13 10	12,445 0 0	......	......
4. Compensation for dearness of provisions . . .	362 3 1	134 15 0	140 0 0	......	......
5. Supplies and services (purchase and repair of tents, rations, clothing, and bedding of prisoners) .	370 13 2	1,507 13 10	1,550 0 0	......	......
6. Contingencies . . .	16,042 12 3	14,223 6 9	15,705 0 0	......	......
7. Charges on North-Western Frontier Levies:—					
Services under the Political Agent in Zhob.	1,29,239 5 9	1,41,976 9 11	1,43,410 0 0	......	......
Zhob Levy Corps . .	2,47,364 10 0	2,42,596 11 10	2,60,780 0 0	......	......
Entertainment of Envoys and Chiefs.	3,439 9 5	3,689 12 5	4,300 0 0	......	......
Darbar presents . .	......	400 0 0	400 0 0	......	......
TOTAL .	4,39,326 6 8	4,45,169 4 4	4,65,775 0 0	......	20,605 11 8
26.—SCIENTIFIC AND OTHER MINOR DEPARTMENTS—PROVINCIAL STATISTICS—					
Contingencies . . .	379 11 4	388 14 2	400 0 0	......	11 1 10
29.—SUPERANNUATION ALLOWANCES AND PENSIONS—					
Pensions	......	......	......	......	......
Gratuities	348 0 0	......	......	......	......
TOTAL .	348 0 0	......	......	......	......
32.—MISCELLANEOUS—					
1. Donation for charitable purposes.	11 2 6	40 0 0	40 0 0	......	......
2. Charges on account of European Vagrants.	......	......	......	......	......
3. Miscellaneous Refunds .	23 9 9	......	......	......	......
4. Travelling allowance to officers attending examinations	......	75 8 0	......	......	......
TOTAL .	34 12 3	115 8 0	40 0 0	75 8 0	......

Miscellaneous	......	......	......	......	......	TOTAL	34 12 3	115 8 0	40 0 0	75 8 0	......
Receipts from staging bungalows.	317 7 9	480 0 8	320 0 0	......	......	43.—MINOR WORKS AND NAVIGATION—					
						In charge of Civil Officers	......	......	......	......	......
						,, ,, Public Works Officers.	......	......	......	......	......
TOTAL	317 7 9	480 0 8	320 0 0	160 0 8	......	TOTAL	......	......	......	......	......
						45.—CIVIL WORKS—IN CHARGE OF CIVIL OFFICERS—					
						1. Civil Buildings	20,492 2 3	10,291 15 3	15,709 0 0	......	......
						2. Communications	5,274 9 0	10,164 11 2	10,500 0 0	......	......
						3. Miscellaneous Public Improvements	849 8 9	558 11 3	1,650 0 0	......	......
						4. Establishment (including Contingencies and travelling allowances)	1,166 8 2	1,423 2 0	1,486 0 0	......	......
						5. Miscellaneous (Roadside Arboriculture, Establishment travelling allowances and Contingencies)	499 12 9	699 12 10	700 0 0	......	......
						6. Tools and Plant	38 15 2	25 8 0	30 0 0	......	......
						7. Staging bungalows and encamping grounds	1,262 6 1	747 3 1	1,160 0 0	......	......
						TOTAL	29,583 14 2	23,910 15 7	31,235 0 0	......	7,324 0 5
TOTAL RECEIPTS	2,54,709 14 0	2,27,596 9 0	2,29,530 0 0	1,591 6 9	3,524 13 9	TOTAL EXPENDITURE	5,90,611 7 4	5,85,699 3 3	6,15,104 0 0	253 13 9	29,658 10 6

H. L. SHOWERS, *Captain,*

Political Agent in Zhob.

B

Statement showing Land Revenue Collections in kind and in cash in the Zhob District in the year 1898-99.

	Maunds collected.	Rate at which sold per maund.	Cash realized.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
	Mds. s. ch.	*R a. p.*	*R a. p.*	*R a. p.*	
I.—COLLECTIONS IN KIND—					
Wheat	26 755 39 14	2 7 1	65,395 8 1		
Barley	1,509 10 12	2 7 8	3,746 9 6		
Bhusa	33,981 35 4	0 7 9	16,448 5 11		
Makai	6,362 31 11	2 5 1	14,733 10 5		
Jawari	178 9 9	2 5 10	421 13 8		
China	804 27 15	1 12 6	1,434 4 5		
Shali	1,517 13 0	2 0 6	3,079 3 2		
Kangani	40 0 0	1 4 0	50 0 0		
Karbi	3,544 34 10	0 7 8	1,705 7 8		
Moong	159 26 2	3 2 8	505 12 6		
Potatoes	72 7 0	3 0 8	219 8 3		
Tabacco	20 26 1	9 2 8	189 5 7		
Bhusa moong	159 26 2	0 7 0	70 2 8		
Bajra	27 16 4	2 4 0	61 11 0		
				1,08,061 6 10	
II.—COLLECTIONS IN CASH—					
Lucerne	......	......			
Sabzkhurda	......	......	124 12 4		
Palezat	......	......	2,144 0 10		
Land Revenue fine	......	......	1,420 7 9		
Water mills	......	......	462 12 6		
Onions	......	......	859 6 0		
Carrot	......	......	159 3 9		
Vegetables	......	......	95 13 8		
Royalty on wood	......	......	1 5 3		
Fixed cash assessment	......	......	5,235 14 0		
Miscellaneous	......	......	14,612 12 7		
Half of the income of the Loralai Municipal lands.	......	......	...... 540 8 0		
				25,657 0 8	
III.—GRAZING-TAX	......	......	63,271 2 9	63,271 2 9	
IV.—ARREARS OF PREVIOUS YEARS RECOVERED DURING THE YEAR.					
Grazing-tax of Musakhel Tahsil for 1897-98.	......	......	415 0 0		
Wheat of Bori Tahsil of 1897-98 sold at Fort Sandeman.	......	......	2,692 7 9		
Wheat of Upper Zhob Tahsil	......	......	1,202 4 9		
				4,309 12 6	
				2,01,299 6 9	

Detail of Tahsils.

	Bori.	Upper Zhob.	Lower Zhob.	Musakhel.	TOTAL.
	R a. p.	*R a. p.*	*R a. p.*	*R a. p.*	*R a. p.*
I.—Collections in kind.	44,253 4 3	20,326 4 4	34,497 0 4	8,985 13 11	1,08,061 6 10
II.—Collections in cash	6,404 8 2	743 5 4	3,771 10 1	124 12 6	11,044 4 1
II (a).—Fixed assessment in cash	689 12 7	11,840 0 0	2,083 0 0	...	14,612 12 7
III.—Grazing-tax	8,669 6 0	17,911 11 0	22,467 13	14,22[illegible] 4 0	63,271 2 9
IV.—Arrears of previous years collected during the year.	2,692 7 9	1,362 4 9	...	415 0	4,309 12 6
TOTAL	62,708 6 9	52,023 9 5	62,819 8 2	23,747 14 5	2,01,299 6 9

Detail of net revenue collected.

Total collections as in column 5.	Lambadari allowance paid.	Net revenue credited into Treasury.
R a. p.	*R a. p.*	*R a. p.*
2,01,299 6 9	10,259 11 10	1,91,039 10 11

H L. SHOWERS, *Captain,*

Political Agent in Zhob.

C

Statement shewing the judicial work done by the several Courts in the Zhob District during the year 1898-99.

Officers.	Civil Suits disposed of. Original.	Civil Suits disposed of. Appeal.	Execution of decree cases.	Total.	Criminal trials disposed of. Original.	Criminal trials disposed of. Appeal.	Total.	Miscellaneous Revenue cases.	Grand total.
Political Agent in Zhob	...	4	2	6	1	...	1	759	766
Assistant Political Agent, Upper Zhob	1	...	...	1	2	...	2	35	38
Ditto Lower Zhob	1	2	1	4	12	...	12	...	16
Extra Assistant Commissioner, Upper Zhob	20	...	10	30	22	...	22	23	75
Ditto Lower Zhob	9	...	4	13	6	...	6	16	35
Tahsildar, Upper Zhob	2	...	...	2	1	...	1	...	3
Ditto, Lower Zhob	43	...	29	72	25	...	25	42	139
Ditto, Bori	53	...	9	62	34	...	34	...	96
Ditto, Musakhel	4	...	...	4	3	...	3	...	7
First Naib Tahsildar, Upper Zhob	3	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	3
Second ditto ditto	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
First ditto, Lower Zhob	33	...	10	43	6	...	6	...	49
Second ditto ditto	51	...	17	68	2	...	2	...	70
Naib Tahsildar, Bori	79	...	13	92	4	...	4	...	96
Ditto, Musakhel	4	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	4
TOTAL	303	6	95	404	118	...	118	875	1,397

H. L. SHOWERS, *Captain*,
Political Agent in Zhob.

D

Statement showing the number and classification of Political cases in the Zhob District tried by arbitration and Jirga during the year 1898-99.

Place of Jirga sittings.	Local Cases.									Inter-provincial cases between Baluchistan, Sind and Punjab.			Grand total.	Remarks.
	Murder.	Robbery.	Adultery.	Adultery with murder.	Land and Revenue.	Betrothal and other cases connected with marriages.	Cattle-lifting.	Miscellaneous.	Total.	With Punjab.	With Sind.	Total.		
Fort Sandeman	6	16	11	...	18	...	25	259	335	2	...	2	337	
Musakhel	2	9	6	1	8	8	10	150	194	...	...	...	194	
Loralai	3	10	14	...	14	5	10	228	284	...	...	...	284	
Hindubagh	5	14	22	1	21	10	15	375	463	...	...	...	463	
Sibi	1	4	4	1	2	...	...	13	25	...	...	...	25	
Fort Munro	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25	...	25	25	
Tank	2	20	...	...	...	...	...	8	30	...	...	...	30	
Quetta	5	2	1	...	...	...	...	6	14	...	...	...	14	
Total	24	75	58	3	63	23	60	1,039	1,345	27	...	27	1,372	

H. L. SHOWERS, *Captain,*

Political Agent in Zhob.

E

Return of Cognizable Crime and Result of Police working in the Zhob District for the year ending 31st March 1899.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
			Cases.										Persons.									Property.			
Serial No.	Law under which punishable.	Class or description of Crime.	Number of cases reported during the year by charge register and received by transfer less struck off as false in law or fact and transferred.	Number of cases reported in preceding year remaining under investigation at commencement of this year.	Number of cases pending in courts at end of preceding year.	Total number of cases (sum of columns 4, 5 and 6).	Number of cases not enquired in to under section, 157 proviso (b), Criminal Procedure Code.	Number of cases sent for trial in present quarter.	Number of cases in which convictions were obtained (including columns 6 and 9).	Percentage of cases convicted to total cases (column 10 on 7).	Number of cases reported in this quarter remaining under investigation at the end of the quarter.	Number of cases pending in courts at the end of the quarter.	Pending from last quarter.	Arrested and received by transfer this quarter.	Total persons.	Died or transferred.	Discharged before trial.	Convicted.	Acquitted and discharged.	Pending.	Percentage of persons convicted to arrested (columns 16 less 17 and 21).	Stolen.	Recovered.	Percentage of recoveries.	Remarks.
	Sections.	Class I.—Offences against the State, public tranquillity, safety and justice.																				R a. p.	R a. p.		
1	224, I. P. C.	Resistance or obstruction by a person to his lawful apprehension.	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..		...	...	...	
2	143 to 153 ,,	Rioting or unlawful assembly . .	2	...	3	5	...	2	1	20	...	4	38	12	50	...	...	8	..	42	1[illegible]	...	...	...	
		Total . .	3	...	3	6	...	2	1	16·66	1	4	38	12	50	...	...	8	...	42	100	...	...	...	
		Class II.—Offences against the person.																							
	302, I. P. C.	Murder	14	3	3	(a) 20	...	10	5	25	5	7	8	25	33	...	...	10	1	22	90·9	298 0 0	...	...	
4	307, ,,	Attempt at murder	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	
5	304, ,,	Culpable homicide	2	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	14	14	...	...	...	...	14	...	...	...	...	
6	325, 326 and 335, I. P. C.	Grievous hurt	8	...	1	(b) 9	...	8	5	55·55	...	1	1	15	16	...	...	8	6	2	57·14	...	...	...	
7	324, I. P. C.	Hurt by dangerous weapon . . .	1	...	1	(c) 2	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	..	...	1	...	...	...	...	
8	353, 354, 356 and 357, I. P. C.	Criminal force to public servant, or woman or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine.	2	...	...	2	...	2	2	100	...	..	...	2	2	...	...	2	..	...	100	...	...	...	
		Total . .	28	3	5	36	..	22	12	33·33	6	11	10	56	66	...	...	20	7	39	74·07	298 0 0	...	...	

(a) Two cases remained untraced and one case was filed for want of proof.

(b) In two cases deeds of compromise were filed by the parties concerned and one case was filed by the Court for want of proof.

(c) One case abandoned as hopeless.

Return of Cognizable Crime of Result of Police working in the Zhob District for the year ending 31st March 1899—concluded.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
			Cases.										Persons.									Property.			
Serial No.	Law under which punishable.	Class or Description of Crime.	Number of cases reported during the year by charge register and received by transfer less struck off as false in law or fact and transferred.	Number of cases reported in preceding year remaining under investigation at commencement of this year.	Number of cases pending in courts at end of preceding year.	Total number of cases (sum of columns 4, 5 and 6).	Number of cases not enquired into under section 157 proviso (b) Criminal Procedure Code.	Number of cases sent for trial in present quarter.	Number of cases in which convictions were obtained (including columns 6 and 9).	Percentage of cases convicted to total of cases (column 10 on 7).	Number of cases reported in this quarter remaining under investigation at the end of the quarter.	Number of cases pending in courts at the end of the quarter.	Pending from last quarter.	Arrested and received by transfer this quarter.	Total persons.	Died or transferred.	Discharged before trial.	Convicted.	Acquitted and discharged.	Pending.	Percentage of persons convicted to arrested (columns 16 less 17 and 21).	Stolen.	Recovered.	Percentage of recoveries.	Remarks.
	Sections.																					R a. p.	R a. p.		
		Class III.—Serious offences against person and property or against property only.																							
9	392, I. P. C.	Robbery on the highway between sunset and sunrise.	2	...	...	(a) 2	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	2	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	59 0 0	...	...	
10	432, "	Serious mischief and cognate offences	1	...	...	(b) 1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	
11	454, 455, 457 to 460, I. P. C.	Lurking house trespass or house breaking with intent to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt.	18	7	1	(c) 26	3	9	3	11·53	3	1	1	12	13	...	2	4	6	1	33·33	1,072 5 10	489 6 10	45·64	
12	449 to 452, I. P. C.	House trespass with view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt.	1	...	...	(d) 1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total	22	7	1	30	3	11	3	33·33	4	1	1	16	17	...	4	4	8	1	25	1,131 5 10	489 6 10	43·26	
		Class IV.—Minor offences against the person.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Class V.—Minor offences against property.																							
13	379 to 382, I. P. C.	Theft	38	7	2	(e) 47	1	16	14	29·78	11	2	4	21	25	...	...	19	4	2	82·6	2,337 5 0	1,401 3 2	59·94	
14	406 to [illegible], "	Criminal breach of trust	[illegible]	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

[illegible]	411, "	Receiving stolen property	5	...	...	(f) 5	...	4	3	60	...	1	...	5	5	...	1	3	...	1	75	213 8 0	163 8 0	76·53
		Total	44	7	2	58	2	20	17	82·07	11	3	4	26	30	...	1	22	4	3	81·48	2,550 13 0	1,564 11 2	61·34
		Total of the above five classes	97	17	11	125	5	55	33	26·4	22	19	53	110	163	...	5	54	19	85	69·23	3,980 2 10	2,054 2 0	51·6
		Class VI.—Other offences not specified above.																						
16	Section 13 of Act III, 1867.	Cognizable offences against gambling	1	...	...	1	...	1	1	100	...	...	...	4	4	...	...	4	...	...	100	...	...	...
17	269, I. P. C. and Section 34, Act V, 1861.	Obstructions and nuisances in roads	135	...	...	(g) 135	...	135	114	84·44	...	1	...	135	135		...	114	20	1	85·07	...	...	...
		Total	136	...	...	136	...	136	115	84·55	...	1	...	139	139	...	...	118	20	1	85·5	...	...	...
		GRAND TOTAL	233	17	11	261	5	191	148	56·7	22	20	53	249	302	...	5	172	39	86	79·62	3,980 2 10	2,054 2 0	51·6

(a) One case remained untraced.
(b) This case was filed by the Court for want of proof.
(c) Ten cases abandoned as hopeless and six cases were filed by the Court for want of proof.
(d) In this case a deed of compromise was filed by the parties concerned.
(e) Seventeen cases remained untraced and two cases were filed by the Court for want of proof.
(f) One case remained untraced.
(g) Twenty cases were filed by the Court for want of proof.

H. L. SHOWERS, *Captain*,
Political Agent in Zhob.

F

Distribution of the Zhob District Police Force on the 31st March 1899.

No.	Name of Post.	District Superintendent of Police.	Inspector.	Deputy Inspectors			Sergeants.			Constables.			Duffedars on R37.	Sowars.		Clerks and Servants.						Total.	Remarks.
				On R80.	On R60.	On R40.	On R27.	On R17.	On R14.	On R12.	On R11.	On R10.		On R31.	On R28.	Clerks.	Peons. On R13-8.	Peons. On R12.	Mochi.	Bhishti.	Sweeper.		
1	District Superintendent, of Police's office	1	...	...	2	...	2	1	...	4	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	16	
2	Fort Sandeman Thana	...	...	...	...	1	1	3	3	5	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	26	
3	Bori Thana	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	3	3	13	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	25	
4	Hindubagh Thana	...	...	...	1	...	...	3	1	3	9	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	17	
5	Musakhel Thana	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	2	2	12	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	20	
6	Saifulla Killa Chowki	...	.	...	...	...	1	2	1	2	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	
7	Mirali Khel Thana	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	
8	Mughal Kot	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
9	Present in lines	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	11	3	5	2	7	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	45	
10	Magazine guard	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	5	
11	Political Agent's office guard	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	
12	Political Agent's house guard	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	
13	Assistant Political Agent's house guard	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	–	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
14	Extra Assistant Commissioner, Lower Zhob's Guard	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
15	Assistant Political Agent, Upper Zhob's Camp Guard.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	3	...	1	4	4	...	...	...	..	...	...	15	
16	Orderlies	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	2	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	
17	Line duties	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	..	...	–	...	1	...	2	6	
18	Drill Masters	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	
19	Sick in Hospital	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	..	–	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	
20	On privilege leave	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	2	3	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	9	
21	On furlough	...	...	...	..	...	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	
22	Sick leave	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	5	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	
23	Casual leave	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
24	Police Training School, Phillour	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	
	TOTAL	1	1	1	3	2	7	16	21	40	80	15	3	16	20	1	1	1	1	2	7	239	

H. L. SHOWERS, *Captain,*
Political Agent in Zhob.

G.

Caste Return of the Police in the Zhob District for the year 1898-99.

Religion or caste.	Inspector and Deputy Inspectors.	Non-Commissioned Officers, rank and file.		Total.	Remarks.
		Sowars.	Footmen.		
Christians	...	...	...	...	
Hindus	1	...	40	41	
Sikhs	2	5	38	45	
Indian Mahomedans	2	4	90	96	
Punjab Frontier Pathans	2	12	12	26	
Local Pathans	...	5	4	9	
Baluchis	...	13	1	14	
Sweepers	...	...	7	7	
TOTAL	7	39	192	238	

H. L. SHOWERS, *Captain,*
Political Agent in Zhob.

H

GENERAL SUMMARY.—Distribution of the Prisoners of all classes (convicted, under-trial, and civil) confined in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of British Baluchistan during the calendar year 1898-99.

District.	Place of Confinement.			Prisoners in Jail at the commencement of the year.			Received during the year.			Total.			Discharged from all causes.			Remaining at the end of the year.			Total daily average number of Prisoners.			Province.
	Central Jails.	District Jails.	Subordinate Jails and Lock-ups.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
Zhob	...	...	Fort Sandeman	30	1	31	180	12	192	210	13	223	173	11	184	37	2	39	23·36	14·4	37·76	*The difference in this and the total daily average number of prisoners shown in Statement I, page 169, is due to the fact that this statement shows the actual number of prisoners received during the year and in that statement the prisoners in Jails during February and March 1899 are not included because the bills for those months will be adjusted during the current year.
	...	...	Loralai	15	4	19	217	31	248	232	35	267	200	28	228	32	7	39	21·5	2·9	24·4	
	...	...	Hindubagh	5	2	7	52	6	58	57	8	65	43	5	48	14	3	17	9·93	·68	10·61	
	...	...	Killa Saifulla	7	3	10	72	18	90	79	21	100	69	20	89	10	1	11	7·38	2·72	10·1	
	...	...	Musakhel	6	...	6	166	8	174	172	8	180	157	7	164	15	1	16	9·54	·86	10·4	
TOTAL	...	...	...	63	10	73	687	75	762	750	85	835	642	71	713	108	14	122	71·71	21·56	93·27*	

H. L. SHOWERS, *Captain,*
Political Agent in Zhob.

I

Expenditure in Guarding and Maintaining the prisoners in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of British Baluchistan during the calendar year 1898-99 (excluding the cost of building new Jails, of additions, alterations, or repairs).

District.	Daily average number of prisoners. Convicts.	Under-trial.	Civil.	Total.	Establishment. Permanent.	Temporary.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.	Dieting Charges. Rations.	Miscellaneous dieting charges, including diet of prisoners in bajats and camps.	Gardens and agricultural expenses.	Proportion of dairy expenses.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength, excluding civil prisoners.	Hospital Charges. Sick diet and extras for patients.	Extras or special diet for weakly prisoners not in hospital.	Medicines, hospital bedding, clothing, etc.	Proportion of dairy expenses.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.	Cost per head of average number sick.
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
									R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.
Zhob	13·85	72·02	...	85·37	...	...	...	...	569 6 0	2,896 4 10	...	...	3,465 10 10	40 5 9	318 5 11	...	...	...	318 5 11	3 11 4	105 1 2

District.	Clothing and bedding of prisoners. Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength excluding civil prisoners.	Sanitation charges. Charges for conservancy, cleansing and purifying.	Charges for water supply.	Extraordinary charges.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.	Charges for moving prisoners. Transfer charges and road subsistence of convicts and under-trial prisoners.	Transportation charges.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.	Charges for other miscellaneous services and supplies. For lighting.	Disciplinary charges.	Annual expenses for uniform and accoutrements of warders.	Money payments as reward for recaptures and services.	Execution charges.	Other miscellaneous charges.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.	Travelling Allowance. Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43
	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.
Zhob	533 12 0	6 3 5	259 13 10	...	...	259 13 10	3 0 5	192 8 8	...	192 8 8	2 3 11	161 13 2	...	...	...	10 0 0	127 15 9	299 12 11	3 7 10	...	...

District.	Contingencies. Rents, rates, and taxes.	Service postage.	Telegram and telephone charges.	Current office expenses (including country stationery).	Office furniture.	Charges for registers and stationery (Stationery Department charges).	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.	Extraordinary charges for live stock and tools and plant likely to last for three years and upwards. Conservancy and water-supply dead-stock.	Dietary dead-stock.	Hospital dead-stock.	Garden and agricultural plant.	Lighting dead-stock.	Disciplinary dead-stock.	Arms and accoutrements (original cost.)	Dairy live stock and plant (excluding maintenance).	Draught cattle (excluding keep).	Other miscellaneous dead-stock.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average stock.	Grand total of expenditure.	Total cost per head of average strength.
	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65
	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.
Zhob	...	...	...	55 14 0	...	...	55 14 0	0 10 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5125 14 2	59 11 1

H. L. SHOWERS, *Captain,*
Political Agent in Zhob.

J

Statement showing the details of prisoners received in the Jails and Lock-ups in the Zhob District during the year 1898-99.

Direct Admission.					By transfer from other jails.				
Convicts, male.	Convicts, female.	Civil prisoners.	Political prisoners.	Under-trial prisoners not convicted.	Convicts, male.	Convicts female.	Civil prisoners.	Political prisoners	Under-trial prisoners not convicted.
13	...	...	706	43	...	...	...	...	...

K

Statement of sanctioned Levies in the Zhob District by totals of posts.

Establishments.	Cost.	Remarks.
	R a. p.	
15.—Post Office—Postal Service.		
Loralai to Kingri	241 0 0	
Musakhel Postal Service	165 0 0	
Murgha Hindubagh Postal line	80 0 0	
	486 0 0	
25.—Political—Charges on N. W.-Frontier.		
Zhob Kakars	1,150 0 0	
Frontier Road Levies	1,110 0 0	
Telegraph Service	160 0 0	
Ghilzai Service	580 0 0	
Bargha Sherani Service	940 0 0	
Mandokhel Service	2,041 5 4	
Central and Upper Zhob Levies	2,270 5 4	
Bori Levies	1,075 0 0	
New Khetrans	889 0 0	
Drug Levies	565 0 0	
Giranis	310 0 0	
Lowanas	200 0 0	
Mirzais	185 0 0	
Jalalzais	165 0 0	
Mardanzais	310 0 0	
Total	12,436 10 8	

H. L. SHOWERS, *Captain*,

Political Agent in Zhob.

L

Account of the Fort Sandeman Bazar Excluded Local Fund for the year 1898-99.

Heads of Receipts.	Amount.	Heads of Expenditure.	Amount.
	R a. p.		R a. p.
Land Revenue	1,182 0 6	Interest	...
Stamps	...	Refunds	...
Excise	...	Charges of collection of revenue	989 12 8
Provincial rates	...	General administration	197 0 0
Assessed taxes	10,927 10 0	Law and Justice	...
Registration	...	Police	1,975 0 0
Police	42 0 0	Marine	...
Marine	...	Education	574 14 7
Education	100 0 0	Medical	120 0 0
Medical	...	Minor Department	3,952 0 4
Minor Department	1,324 11 9	Superannuations	...
Interest	...	Miscellaneous	5,036 6 7
Superannuations	...	Public Works	2,357 0 6
Miscellaneous	1,090 2 7	Deposits	850 8 2
Public Works	...	Advances	17,915 9 6
Deposits	1,044 2 4		
Advances	17,522 11 8		
Total Receipts	33,233 6 10	Total Payments	33,968 4 4
Opening Balance	2,601 9 2	Closing Balance	1,866 11 8
GRAND TOTAL	35,835 0 0	GRAND TOTAL	35,835 0 0

M

Account of the Loralai Town Fund for the year 1898-99 (Zhob District).

Heads of Receipts.	Amount.	Heads of Expenditure.	Amount.	Remarks.
	R a. p.		R a. p.	
Land Revenue	...	Interest	...	
Stamps	...	Refunds	...	
Excise	...	Charges of collection of revenue	...	
Provincial rates	...	General administration	...	
Assessed taxes	6,645 0 0	Law and Justice	...	
Registration	...	Police	1,350 6 10	
Police	45 15 0	Marine	...	
Marine	...	Education	1,205 14 4	
Education	915 10 0	Medical	600 0 0	
Medical	...	Minor Department	2,865 1 10	
Minor Departments	853 1 6	Superannuations	...	
Interest	...	Miscellaneous	2,524 13 5	
Superannuations	...	Public Works	483 4 2	
Miscellaneous	398 10 6	Deposits	640 0 0	
Public Works	...	Advances	200 0 0	
Deposits	840 0 0			
Advances	396 8 0			
Total Receipts	10,094 13 0	Total Payments	9,869 8 7	
Opening balance	1,311 4 11	Closing balance	1,536 9 4	
GRAND TOTAL	11,406 1 11	GRAND TOTAL	11,406 1 11	

H. L. SHOWERS, *Captain,*
Political Agent in Zhob.

N

Actual account of Receipts and Expenditure of the Zhob Police Fund for the year 1898-99.

HEADS OF RECEIPTS.	Amount. R a. p	HEADS OF EXPENDITURE.	Amount. R a. p.
Chanda Fund	4,001 5 0	Chanda Fund	3,163 8 10
Clothing Fund	3,163 10 0	Clothing Fund	2,372 12 1
Equipment Fund	708 5 0	Equipment Fund	566 3 0
Estate of Deceased Officers' Fund	216 7 2	Estate of Deceased Officers' Fund	204 8 2
TOTAL RECEIPTS	8,089 11 2	TOTAL EXPENDITURE	6,306 11 1
Opening balance	4,536 6 11	Closing balance	6,319 7 0
GRAND TOTAL	12,626 2 1	GRAND TOTAL	12,626 2 1

O

Statement showing the details of the Receipts and Expenditure of the Zhob Levy Corps Excluded Local Fund for the year 1898-99.

HEADS OF RECEIPTS.	Amount. R a. p.	REMARKS.	HEADS OF PAYMENT.	Amount. R a. p.	REMARKS.
Government Fund.			*Government Fund.*		
Fines	...		Fines	...	
Estate of Deceased Officers	429 10 5		Estate of Deceased Officers	326 14 10	
TOTAL GOVERNMENT FUND	429 10 5		TOTAL GOVERNMENT FUND	326 14 10	
Private Fund.			*Private Fund.*		
Amanat Khata	5.483 0 0	Discontinued under Agent to the Governor General's, No. 3007, dated 1st May 1898.	Amanat Khata	3,994 0 0	Discontinued under Agent to the Governor-General's, No. 3007, dated the 1st May 1898.
Chunda	12,179 2 8		Chunda	16,800 6 0	
Surety	603 0 0		Surety	9,977 0 0	
Forage	31,568 8 10		Forage	25,912 0 2	
Musketry	448 13 0		Musketry	125 11 0	
Hospital	407 11 0		Hospital	705 14 10	
Clothing and Equipment	22.238 2 0		Clothing and Equipment	20,757 2 3	
Store	34 065 3 0		Store	34,901 14 1	
Transport Chunds	8,[illegible]10 13 10		Transport Chunda	4,343 4 6	
Regimental	8,719 3 10		Regimental	6,493 4 3	
Treasury Deposit	121 8 0		Treasury Deposit	215 12 0	
Advance	64,073 6 0		Advance	57,632 12 6	
TOTAL PRIVATE FUND	1,88,718 8 2		TOTAL PRIVATE FUND	1,81,859 1 7	
TOTAL RECEIPTS	1,89.148 2 7		TOTAL PAYMENTS	1,82,186 0 5	
Opening Balance	15,340 6 6		Closing Balance	22,302 8 8	
GRAND TOTAL	2,04,488 9 1		GRAND TOTAL	2,04,488 9 1	

H. L. SHOWERS, *Captain,*

Political Agent in Zhob.

P

Abstract showing total Income, Expenditure and Balance of all the Excluded Local Funds in the Zhob District for the year 1898-99.

Name of Fund.	Opening balance of year.	Income of year.	Expenditure of year.	Closing balance.
	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.
Fort Sandeman Bazar Fund	2,601 9 2	33 233 6 10	33,968 4 4	1,866 11 8
Loralai Town Fund	1,311 4 11	10,094 13 0	9,869 8 7	1,536 9 4
Zhob Police Fund	4,536 6 11	8,089 11 2	6 306 11 1	6,319 7 0
Zhob Levy Corps Fund	15,340 6 6	1,89,148 2 7	1,82,186 0 5	22,302 8 8
TOTAL	23,789 11 6	2,40,566 1 7	2,32,330 8 5	32,025 4 8

Q

Statement of Takavi Advances made during the year ending 31st March 1899.

District.	Name.	Amount.	Interest, if any payable.	Total.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6
	LAND IMPROVEMENT LOANS ACT.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	
Zhob	S. B. Bangal Khan	260 0 0	...	260 0 0	
	Syed Mehr Shah Kharsin	2,000 0 0	...	2,000 0 0	
	Aziz Kuderzai	400 0 0	...	400 0 0	
	Abdul Razak Mehtarzai	150 0 0	...	150 0 0	
	Murghai Kibzai	100 0 0	...	100 0 0	
	Mulla Abdul Satar	800 0 0	...	800 0 0	
	Baran and Haji Khan Kudezais	600 0 0	...	600 0 0	
	Sukhu Satija	400 0 0	...	400 0 0	
	Gharib Ali Khanzai	60 0 0	...	60 0 0	
	Dad Gul Mehtarzai	100 0 0	6 14 7	106 14 7	
	Tori Adorizai	300 0 0	...	300 0 0	
	Dalai	60 0 0	5 15 0	65 15 0	
	Saifuddin Kudezai	150 0 0	...	150 0 0	
	Jullundhur Maher Zai	60 0 0	...	60 0 0	
	Hakim Khan Kudezai	200 0 0	...	200 0 0	
	Janu Benzai Babar	600 0 0	...	600 0 0	
	Azim Naskhel	100 0 0	...	100 0 0	
	Ali Khan Abdullazai	45 0 0	...	45 0 0	
	Nasar Hossan Khel	150 0 0	...	150 0 0	
	S. B. Muhammad Akbar	6,000 0 0	...	6,000 0 0	
	Mulla Nasim Jalalzai	100 0 0	...	100 0 0	
	Jalaly Mahomed Mazbore and Sanzar Mandokhels	400 0 0	...	400 0 0	
	Garekhan Lowana	100 0 0	...	100 0 0	
	Janga Khan and Mulla Shahun Ordinarzais.	800 0 0	...	800 0 0	
	Tran Khan Sargarrah	200 0 0	...	200 0 0	
	Nurulla Mandokhel	200 0 0	...	200 0 0	
	Dost Mohammad Mahrezai-Hamzazai	60 0 0	...	60 0 0	
	TOTAL	14,395 0 0	12 13 7	14,407 13 7	
	AGRICULTURISTS' LOANS ACT.				
	Lalu Khoidadzai	100 0 0	...	100 0 0	
	Pai Gul, Khordadzai	100 0 0	...	100 0 0	
	Daurani Khan, Adinazai	100 0 0	...	100 0 0	
	Yasin, Hamzazai	60 0 0	...	60 0 0	
	Murghai, Mandokhel	31 0 0	...	31 0 0	
	TOTAL	391 0 0	...	391 0 0	
	GRAND TOTAL	14,786 0 0	12 13 7	14,798 13 7	

H. L. SHOWERS, *Captain,*
Political Agent in Zhob.

R

Statement of Recoveries made on account of Takavi Advances during the year ending 31st March 1899.

District.	Names.	Amount repayable.	Repayments made during the year. Principal.	Interest.	Balance due on the 1st April 1899.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	LAND IMPROVEMENT LOANS ACT.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	
	Ghulam Haider Khan	1,127 5 4	300 0 0	......	827 5 4	
	Haider, Akhterzai	350 0 0	100 0 0	......	250 0 0	
	Ismail Alozai	200 0 0	100 0 0	......	100 0 0	
	Baz Mahomed Khan, Ghilzai	2,125 0 0	550 0 0	......	1,575 0 0	
	Nazar Kuderzai	600 0 0	200 0 0	......	400 0 0	
	Sheik Mahomod Babar	150 0 0	50 0 0	......	100 0 0	
	Bulanda Shaborzai	75 0 0	50 0 0	......	25 0 0	
	Ghazni Mandokhel	37 8 0	25 0 0	......	12 8 0	
	S. B. Mahomed, Akbar Khan Jogizai	550 0 0	550 0 0	......	......	
	Baz Gul and Nazir Appozais	300 0 0	100 0 0	......	200 0 0	
	Futteh Khan, Akozai	180 0 0	60 0 0	......	120 0 0	
	Khan Mahomed, Abdullazai	75 0 0	50 0 0	......	25 0 0	
	Samand Khan, Kibzai Haiderzai	300 0 0	100 0 0	......	200 0 0	
	Mano Khan, Karmazai	14 0 0	14 0 0	......	......	
	Tobran Safi	250 0 0	100 0 0	......	150 0 0	
	Dewa Khan, Hamzazai	750 0 0	250 0 0	......	500 0 0	
	Shamir Pazhezai	125 0 0	50 0 0	......	75 0 0	
	Malko Kamalzai	900 0 0	200 0 0	......	700 0 0	
	Mullakasim Jalalzai	300 0 0	50 0 0	......	250 0 0	
	Malikdad, Musukhel	60 0 0	30 0 0	......	30 0 0	
	Sadik and Hazar Fakirzai	600 0 0	100 0 0	......	500 0 0	
	Salim Khan and Sher Babars	150 0 0	50 0 0	......	100 0 0	
	Sher Ali Lowana	300 0 0	50 0 0	......	250 0 0	
	Haji Mehrban and Abdul Rohman, Mandokhels	1,000 0 0	125 0 0	......	875 0 0	
	Tori, Aduinzai	600 0 0	120 0 0	......	480 0 0	
	Ishak Khan, Pakhezai	60 0 0	24 0 0	......	36 0 0	
	Murtaza Khan, Abdullazai	100 0 0	40 0 0	......	60 0 0	
	Bulahir Nasir	500 0 0	100 0 0	......	400 0 0	
	Badai Shirani	100 0 0	20 0 0	......	800 0 0	
	Murad, Khansafe	600 0 0	100 0 0	......	500 0 0	
	Dinak Khan, Mirzai	237 11 3	150 0 0	10 5 9	77 5 6	
	Sheikh Yakub, Ismailzai	200 0 0	100 0 0	......	100 0 0	
	Azim Khan Alozai	200 0 0	50 0 0	......	150 0 0	
	Suba Khan, Hamzazai	1,500 0 0	250 0 0	......	1,250 0 0	
	S. B. Bangal Khan, Jogezai	4,000 0 0	......	......	4,000 0 0	
	Mir Baz, etc.	100 0 0	20 0 0	......	80 0 0	
Zhob	Shahmurad, Mehtarzai	300 0 0	50 0 0	......	250 0 0	
	Abdul Razak	150 0 0	50 0 0	......	100 0 0	
	Aziz Kudezai	400 0 0	200 0 0	......	200 0 0	
	Mulla Abdul Satar	800 0 0	......	......	800 0 0	
	Syed Mehr Shah Kharsin	2,000 0 0	......	......	2,000 0 0	
	Murghai Kibzai	100 0 0	20 0 0	......	80 0 0	
	Baran Khan and Haji Khan, Kudezais	600 0 0	100 0 0	......	500 0 0	
	Sukhu Satija	400 0 0	......	......	400 0 0	
	Gharib Ali, Khanzai	60 0 0	......	......	60 0 0	
	Dad Gul, Mebarzai	106 14 7	25 0 0	2 12 2	79 2 5	
	Dalai, Sultanzai	65 15 0	......	......	65 15 0	
	Saifuddin Kudezai	150 0 0	......	......	150 0 0	
	Jullundhur Mahuzai	60 0 0	......	......	60 0 0	
	Hakim Khan, Kudezai	200 0 0	......	......	200 0 0	
	Janu Benzai Babar	600 0 0	......	......	600 0 0	
	Azim Khan Naskhel	100 0 0	25 0 0	......	75 0 0	
	Alikhan Abdullazai	45 0 0	......	......	45 0 0	
	Nasar Hassankhel	150 0 0	......	......	150 0 0	
	S. B. Mahomed Akbar, Khan, Jogizai	6,000 0 0	......	......	6,000 0 0	
	Jalal Mahomed Makhor and Sanzar, Mandokhels	400 0 0	......	......	400 0 0	
	Gare Khan, Lowana	100 0 0	20 0 0	......	80 0 0	
	Jauga Khan and Mulla Shahun, Adinazais	800 0 0	......	......	800 0 0	
	Iran Khan, Sargarah	200 0 0	......	......	200 0 0	
	Nurulla, Mandokhel	200 0 0	......	......	200 0 0	
	Dost Mahomed, Mahrezai	60 0 0	......	......	60 0 0	
	TOTAL	32,764 6 2	4,718 0 0	13 1 11	28,033 4 3	
	AGRICULTURISTS' LOANS ACT.					
	Sarbadal Sargarah	100 0 0	50 0 0	......	50 0 0	
	Malik Yasin, Zakhpel	75 0 0	37 8 0	......	37 8 0	
	Do. Sangin do.	175 0 0	87 8 0	......	87 8 0	
	Yasin, Hamzazai	60 0 0	15 0 0	......	45 0 0	
	Zain, Khordadzai	100 0 0	50 0 0	......	50 0 0	
	Pai Gul, Khordadzai	100 0 0	50 0 0	......	50 0 0	
	Daurani Khan, Adinazai	100 0 0	50 0 0	......	50 0 0	
	Murghai, Mondokhel	31 0 0	......	......	31 0 0	
	TOTAL	741 0 0	340 0 0	......	401 0 0	
	GRAND TOTAL	33,505 6 2	5,058 0 0	13 1 11	28,434 4 3	

H. L. SHOWERS, *Captain,*
Political Agent in Zhob.

8

Return of Schools and Education in the Zhob District for the year 1898-99.

Name and lace of School.	Class of School.	Number of pupils in the School at the close of the year.								Income of School.				Cost of School.
		Christians.	Sikhs.	Hindus.	Indian Muhammadans.	Local Pathans.	Baluchis.	Afghans.	Total.	Contribution by Local Funds.	Grant-in-aid from Provincial Revenues.	Realized by fees and subscriptions.	Total.	
										R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.
Fort Sandeman	Upper Primary Anglo-Vernacular School.	...	...	9	20	1	2	...	32	229 14 7	100 0 0	......	329 14 7	329 14 7
Loralai	Primary . . .	...	...	7	2	6	...	4	19	265 0 0	100 0 0	9 10 0	374 10 0	374 10 0
Hindubagh	Do. . . .	...	...	2	...	5	...	1	8	24 0 4	372 0 0	......	396 0 4	396 0 4
Killa Saifulla	Do. . . .	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	3	3 4 0	432 0 0	......	435 4 0	435 4 0
Girls' School, Fort Sandeman .	Upper Primary . .	...	4	9	...	...	...	...	13	250 0 0	......	241 0 7	491 11 6	471 1 1 6

H. L. SHOWERS, *Captain,*

Political Agent in Zhob.

T

Statement showing the total strength, Establishment excess and deficient of the Zhob Levy Cavalry and Infantry on 31st March 1899.

Cavalry.

Particulars.	Ressaldar-Major.	Ressaldar.	Ressaldars.	Jemadars, 1st and 2nd class.	Kota Duffedars.	Duffedars, 1st and 2nd class.	Sowars.		Salutri.	Total.
							Lance Duffedars.	Sowars.		
1st Squadron . . .	1	...	...	2	1	8	8	81	...	101
2nd Ditto . . .	...	...	1	2	1	8	8	82	1	103
3rd Ditto . . .	...	...	1	2	1	7	4	72	1	88
4th Ditto . . .	...	1	...	1	1	8	9	86	...	106
Total strength . .	1	1	2	7	4	31	29	321	2	398
Total Establishment .	1	1	3	8	4	32	32	340	2	423
Excess . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Deficient . . .	...	...	1	1	...	1	3	19	...	25

Infantry.

Particulars.	Subedar-Major.	Subedars.	Jemadars.	Kote Havildars.	Havildars.	Naiks.	Sepoys.		Total.
							Lance naiks.	Sepoys.	
1st Company . . .	...	1	1	1	3	3	8	75	92
2nd Ditto . . .	...	1	1	1	2	2	6	70	83
3rd Ditto . . .	...	1	1	1	4	5	7	91	110
4th Ditto . . .	...	1	1	1	4	5	6	96	114
Total Strength . .	...	4	4	4	13	15	27	332	399
Total Establishment .	1	4	4	4	16	20	32	340	421
Excess . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Deficient . . .	1	...	...	...	3	5	5	8	22

H. L. SHOWERS, *Captain,*
Political Agent in Zhob.

U

Statement showing the distribution of the Zhob Levy Corps on 31st March 1899.

Posts, etc.	Native Officers.	Mounted.	Foot.	Total.	Remarks.
Fort Sandeman	13	203	138	354	
Gul Kach	1	35	...	36	
Girdao	...	13	...	13	
Chachobai	...	5	19	24	
Husse in Nika	...	5	42	47	
Moghal Kot	...	31	...	31	
Safi Towers	...	14	...	14	
Kamaruddin Karez	1	...	28	29	
Tirkhawar	1	1	25	27	
Keshatu	...	...	21	21	
Gustoi	1	5	29	35	
Loi Band	...	...	20	20	
Hindu Bagh	1	...	33	34	
Kuchbina	...	15	...	15	
Discharged	...	1	7	8	
Corps escort duty	...	9	2	11	
On furlough and leave	1	47	25	73	
Absent without leave	...	3	2	5	
TOTAL STRENGTH ON 31ST MARCH 1899	19	387	391	797	

H. L. SHOWERS, *Captain,*
Political Agent in Zhob.

APPENDIX V.

Administration Report of the Kalat Agency for the year 1898-99.

I.—ADMINISTRATION STAFF.

Lieutenant S. G. Knox held the charge of the Political Agency, Kalat, throughout the year.

Captain R. A. E. Benn, Military Adviser to His Highness the Khan of Kalat, held his appointment up to the 15th March 1899, after which date his post was abolished owing to the disbandment of the Kalat State troops.

K. S. Mir Shams Shah, Political Adviser to His Highness the Khan of Kalat, held the charge of his appointment throughout the year.

The post of Native Assistant to the Agent to the Governor-General in the Bolan Pass was held by Lala Bhag Mal from the 1st to 17th April 1898, when he was relieved by Kazi Fakir Ahmad, Mir Munshi in the office of the Agent to the Governor-General in Baluchistan, on his transfer to Sibi for one month as Extra Assistant Commissioner.

On the forenoon of the 18th May 1898, Lala Bagh Mall again took charge of the office and held the post up to the 10th January 1899, when he was again relieved by Kazi Fakir Ahmad on his transfer to Peshin as Officiating Extra Assistant Commissioner.

The latter remained in charge of the office up to the 14th February 1899 when Dewan Udho Dass took over charge from him and held the post till the close of the year.

Dewan Udho Dass, Nazim of Mekran, held the charge of his appointment up to the 15th February 1899, after which he was posted to Bolan as Native Assistant owing to tribal administration being established in Mekran where Mir Mehrulla Khan, Raisain, was appointed Nazim *vice* Dewan Udho Dass.

II.—CHANGES IN THE AGENCY.

There was no change in the Agency during the year under report.

III.—REVENUE.

Appendix A shows the budget estimate and the actual receipts and expenditure of the year 1898-99. The total receipts during the year according to the revised estimates were expected to amount to R13,923, but they actually amounted to R13,503-11-0, thus showing a a decrease of R419-5-0.

The total expenditure during the year was estimated at R1,31,704, but it amounted to R1,59,616-2-4 or R27,912-2-4 above the estimate.

The increase or decrease is explained below :—

A.—Receipts.

I.—Land Revenue.

The total income under this head was estimated at R2,130. The actuals amounted to R2,289-13-11. Thus there is an increase of R159-13-11 as compared with the estimates which is due to the larger amount of royalty on coal which was exported from Mach this year.

III.—Salt.

The estimate under this head was R15, but the actuals amounted to R7-9. The decrease of R7-7 is due to less Sindhi salt than usual being imported into the Bolan Pass.

IV.—Stamps.

The income was estimated at R591 but the actuals amounted to R554-12. The decrease of R36-4 is due to a diminution in the number of Civil suits in the Bolan Pass.

V.—Excise.

The actuals under this head amounted to R6,585-2-8 against an estimate of R6,682. The decrease of R96-13-4 is due to the fact that the contract of retail sale of drugs at Hirok was sold at first for R200, but on the representation of the contractor the contract was cancelled as the bid was considered to be high. A sum of R103-5-4 only was recovered.

VIII.—Assessed taxes.

An income of R450 was estimated under this head, but the actuals amounted to R442-5-3, thus showing a very small decrease of R7-10-9 which calls for no remark.

X.—Registration.

The receipts under this head were estimated at R10, but the actuals have amounted to R4. The decrease of R6 is due to the decrease in the number of documents registered.

XVI. A.—Law and Justice.

The receipts under this head were estimated at R330, but the actuals amounted to R395-9-8. The increase of R65-9-8 is due to the sale-proceeds of certain unclaimed property lying in the office of the Native Assistant, Bolan, having been credited under this head during the year.

XVII.—Police.

The receipts under this head were anticipated to amount to R140, but the actuals amounted to R189-10-6, thus showing an increase of R49-10-6 which is due to a larger number of cattle having been impounded during the year.

XXII.—Receipts in aid of Superannuation, etc.

The receipts under this head were expected to amount to R3,570, while the actuals amounted to R2,999. The decrease of R571 is due to the return of Dewan Udho Dass, Nazim of Mekran, from foreign service.

A sum of R100 less than was anticipated was paid by Captain R. A. E. Benn, Military Adviser to His Highness the Khan of Kalat.

XXV.—Miscellaneous.

The receipts under this head were estimated at R5, but the actuals have amounted to R35-12-0. The increase of R30-12-0 is due to certain old stores and condemned tents of this office having been sold during the year under report and their sale-proceeds credited under this head

B.—EXPENDITURE.

1.—Refunds and Drawbacks.

The expenditure of R66-10-8 under this head is on account of refund made to the Hirok drugs contractor for which no provision was made.

2.—Assignments and Compensations.

The estimate under this head was R30,000, while the actual expenditure has amounted to R55,000. The increase of R25,000 is due to the Quetta quit rent charge having been transferred under the Revenue Commissioner's order to the Kalat Agency accounts.

6.—Stamps.

The expenditure under this head was estimated at R11, while it actually amounted to R9-13. The small decrease of R1-3 calls for no remarks.

12.—Registration.

The expenditure under this head was estimated at R5 while the actual figures came to Re. 0-8-0, thus giving a saving of R4-8.

15.—Post Office.

There was no difference between the estimates and actuals under this head.

19 A.—Law and Justice—Courts of Law.

The total expenditure under this head amounted to R9,949-2-6 against an estimate of R9,830, thus showing an increase of R119-2-6 which is mainly due to increase under the head of allowances. The Native Assistant during the year was obliged, owing to Sardar Yar Muhammad's flight to Afghanistan, to tour more than usual in the Pass, and the travelling allowance bills for his office were larger than was anticipated.

19 B.—Law and Justice—Jails.

The expenditure under this head was estimated at R180, while it actually amounted to R68-11-10. The decrease of R111-4-2 is due to the fact that the actual allotment sanctioned under this head was R70, hence no further expenditure could be debited to this head.

25.—Political.

The expenditure under this head was estimated at R87,578, while the actual expenditure amounted to R89,101-11-6. The increase of R1,523-11-6 falls under the following sub-heads :—

	R	a.	p.
Pay of Establishment	48	2	9
Travelling Allowance of Political Agent and his Establishment	601	4	5
Supplies and Services	420	3	6
Contingencies	325	4	0
Entertainment of Envoys and Chiefs	335	2	0
	1,730	0	8
Deduct—Decrease under "Services under Political Agent, Kalat"	206	5	2
TOTAL	1,523	11	6

32.—Miscellaneous.

Provision of R100 was made under this head for unforeseen charges, but no expenditure was incurred.

45.—Civil Works.

A sum of R1,419-8-10 has been debited in the Kalat Agency accounts by the Examiner of Accounts, Military Works Department, under the sub-head "Civil Buildings" and "Staging Bungalows and Camping grounds," for which no provision was originally made in our Budgets.

Appendix B attached herewith shows the increase and decrese in the receipts and expenditure under each head compared with the figures of the last year.

Appendix C shows the land revenue collected both in cash and kind during the year under report.

Appedix D shows the account of Imperial expenditure during the year under report.

It amounted to R1,29,919-0-2 against an estimate of R1,37,133, or R7,213-15-10 under the estimates.

BOLAN BAZAR FUND.

The opening balance at the credit of this fund on the 1st April 1898 amountted to R9,140-1-10 and the total receipts during the year to R2,618-9-7.

The total expenditure during the year amounted to R7,098-15-1, leaving a closing balance of R4,659-12-4 at the credit of the fund on the 31st March 1899.

The detailed account is attached forming Appendix E, which will show that a sum of R4,480-5-6 has been spent over the receipts. It is mainly due to the sum of R4,400 having been debited to the Bazar Fund during the year on account of cost of the construction of the new levy thana and repairs to the old buildings at Mach.

For the future the collection of octroi in the Bolan which formed a greater part of the income in this fund has been abolished under the Revenue Commissioner's orders, with effect from the 1st April 1899, and in its place a shop and house-tax is to be substituted which is estimated to bring in R225 per annum.

The result of this new arrangement will be that a sum of R1,202, hitherto debited to the Bolan Bazar Fund, will be thrown on the Provincial Revenues, and only a sum of R666 per annum will be charged to the Bazar Fund.

It has also been arranged that after keeping about R2,500 of the closing balance the surplus should be credited to special revenues into the Quetta Treasury.

Among other reductions a clerk of Political Agent's office on R35 paid from this fund has also been brought under reduction.

JUDICIAL

Appendix F shows the judicial work done by the Courts in this district during the year under report.

JIRGAS.

Appendix G shows the number of political cases tried by *jirgas*. The total number of cases decided during the year was 672.

PUBLIC WORKS.

A new levy thana was constructed at Mach during the year under report.

The road between Quetta and Kalat was repaired and the cost paid by His Highness the Khan of Kalat.

HORSE-BREEDING OPERATIONS.

Six Government stallions and one donkey were located throughout the year in Jhal.

One horse and one donkey were located at Shoran for the whole year and one horse for a period of about four months.

Seven horses were kept at Mastung and two at Rindle for a period of six months.

A sum of R5,275-14-7 was spent during the year on the feed and keep of the above stallions.

A sum of R400 was paid during the year from the Bolan Bazar Fund as contribution towards the Sibi and Quetta Horse Shows.

POLICE.

The control of the Police force in the Bolan Pass was, as heretofore, held by the District Superintendent of Police, Quetta and Pishin.

HOSPITAL.

No new dispensary was opened during the year under report.

FORESTS.

There are no reserved forests in the Kalat Agency.

EDUCATION.

There is no school supported by Government in this Agency.

POST OFFICE.

No new post office was opened during the year in this Agency.

TELEGRAPH.

A new telegraph office was opened at Mastung on the 26th March 1898.

The telegraph line to Mastung was cut in four places on the 18th August 1898 and 5th February 1899.

Arrangements were made and a temporary thana was posted on the Surakh Bajoo Kalat between Mastung and Dusht for the protection of the telegraph wire. It was suspected that the wire was cut by one of the followers of the Kurd Sardar who had fled to Afghanistan.

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY.

No survey was made in this Agency during the year.

TRIBAL.

Three temporary thanas were established at Surkh Bajoo, Guru and Mungachar for the protection of telegraph wire and Kalat State Bungalow and other property at Mungachar for a certain period during the year.

PUBLIC HEALTH.

There was no epidemic disease in the Agency, and health was generally good throughout the year.

KALAT STATE TROOPS.

The Kalat State troops were disbanded on the 25th January 1899.

The Military Adviser himself relinquished charge of his duties on the 15th March 1899, proceeding on one month's privilege leave.

TAKAVI ADVANCES.

No takavi advances were made during the year, nor was there any balance outstanding to be recovered.

POLITICAL.

On the 7th July 1898, Sardar Yar Mohamad Khan, Kurd, accompanied by his three sons, his brother and the two sons of the latter and a few others of his tribesmen, absconded to Afghanistan owing to certain family disputes.

Immediately after his flight, the Sardar's family and household attendants were ordered to cross the border, as it was considered important to prevent Yar Mohamad's family and household from furnishing the Sardar with information and remaining as a refuge for malcontents that might thence commit outrages in the district.

The deportation of the Sardar's family had a most excellent effect, for the Sardar's sympathisers, if any, were frightened out of following him by the possibility that similar action might be taken in their case.

The only outrage that marked the Sardar's departure was the cutting of the telegraph wire at Surk Bajoo Kotal between Mastung and Dasht. A temporary thana was consequently placed at the Kotal for the protection of the telegraph line.

In Afghanistan the Sardar incurred the displeasure of the Amir by intriguing with the Baluch refugees and was consequently ejected and sent under a guard to Kandahar and put across the border.

On hearing that the Sardar had arrived at Shorarud, warning was sent to him that he would not be allowed to remain near the frontier. He should either cross the border and remain in Afghanistan or come to Quetta, otherwise troops would be sent to compel his obedience. At the same time, to give force to this order, a party of 5 sabres of native cavalry and 40 rifles were sent to Punjpai under command of Captain Jacob accompanied by the Political Agent, Quetta.

Sardar Yar Mohamad made no opposition and came to Kanak and promised submission.

On his return from Afghanistan, he, the Sardar, and the members of Sardar Khel family executed a bond to the effect that, should in future any fault be proved on the part of Sardar Yar Mohamad, or if he or his sons again deserted from Baluchistan, the Government and His Highness the Khan of Kalat are at liberty to appoint as Sardar of the Kurds any person they think proper.

On the night of 16th July 1898, Sardar Imam Buksh, Sarpara, owing to certain disputes with his subordinate "Sur Takrs," absconded to Afghanistan. He is still there and has not returned.

In June 1898, Kawda Mohamad Khan, Naib of Panjgur, rebelled and shut himself up in the Isai fort which was besieged by the Kardar of Panjgur with the assistance of a party of the Kalat State troops stationed in Mekran.

Some little fighting took place between the Naib and the Kardar which resulted in the former's escape at the end of August with the help of Mir Mohamad Umar and Shah Nawaz, Naushirwanis.

Mir Muhamad Wafa, cousin of late Mustafi Fakir Mohamad, was appointed as Mustafi to His Highness the Khan.

In November 1898, instructions were received from the Government of India regarding the new form of administration to be introduced into Mekran.

This was to be a form of tribal administration, and Mir Mehrulla Khan, Raisani, was to be appointed Nazim of Mekran, governing the country by means of levies and with the help of the men of the country.

The Political Agent, accompanied by Mir Mehrulla Khan, left for Mekran in December. The tour was on the whole successful. The Kalat State troops were withdrawn and disbanded on their arrival at Sibi.

The late refugees and rebels came and submitted to the Political Agent and the new Nazim.

The fines imposed last year were partly recovered.

In the Jhallawan country the only matter which calls for remark is the renewed disturbances in the Mengal tribe. The Sardar, Shakar Khan, is incompetent to manage the affairs of the tribe, inclined to disobey orders and continually engaged in quarrelling with his uncle Mir Ibrahim Khan, and his cousin, Mir Wali Mohamad.

For this general misconduct his pay for the past year has been confiscated, but it is to be feared that still stronger measures will have to be taken to bring this Sardar to his senses.

S. G. KNOX, *Lieutenant,*
Political Agent, Kalat.

A

Account of Special Revenue and Expenditure for the year 1898-99.

Heads of Receipt.	Actuals, 1898-99.	Revised Estimates for 1898-99.	Increase.	Decrease.
	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.
I.—Land Revenue—				
Ordinary Revenue—				
Fluctuating collections . . .	1,697 12 10	2,000 0 0	...	302 3 2
Miscellaneous	...	...	...	...
Royalty on coal	592 1 1	130 0 0	462 1 1	...
Total .	2,289 13 11	2,130 0 0	462 1 1	302 3 2
III.—Salt—				
Excise Duty on Salt . . .	7 9 0	15 0 0	...	7 7 0
IV.—Stamps—				
Sale of General Stamps . . .	50 0 0	50 0 0	...	...
Sale of Court-fee Stamps . .	473 8 0	500 0 0	...	26 8 0
Sale of plain paper to be used with Court-Fee Stamps.	15 0 0	30 0 0	...	15 0 0
Fines and Penalties . . .	16 4 0	11 0 0	5 4 0	...
Total .	554 12 0	591 0 0	5 4 0	41 8 0
V.—Excise—				
License and Distillery Fees and duties for the sale of Liquors and Drugs—				
Foreign Liquors	100 0 0	100 0 0	...	...
Liquors and Spirits made in India after European method.	600 0 0	600 0 0	...	...
Country Spirits . . .	3,000 0 0	3,000 0 0	...	...

Heads of Expenditure.	Actuals, 1898-99.	Revised Estimates for 1898-99.	Increase.	Decrease.
	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.
1.—Refunds and Drawbacks—				
Revenue Refunds . . .	66 10 8	...	66 10 8	...
2.—Assignments and Compensations—				
Miscellaneous Compensations—				
Quit-rent to His Highness the Khan of Kalat.	25,000 0 0	...	25,000 0 0	...
Compensation to His Highness the Khan of Kalat.	30,000 0 0	30,000 0 0	...	...
Total	55,000 0 0	30,000 0 0	25,000 0 0	...
3.—Land Revenue—				
Charges of District Administration—				
General Establishment (*i.e.*, Pay and Travelling Allowances and Contingencies of Revenue Commissioner's Establishment).	...	...	...	...
Sub-Divisional Establishment (*i.e.* Pay and Travelling Allowances of Tahsildars, Naib-Tahsildars, etc., and contingencies).	...	...	...	...
Charges on account of Land Revenue Collections (*i. e.*, Pay of Karawas and Munhsiffs, Lambardari Allowance and Carriage of Revenue grain).	...	...	...	...
Survey and Settlement (*i.e.*, Pay of Clerks and other Charges for Survey and Settlement Work, including Travelling Allowance).	...	...	...	...
Land Records and Agriculture (*i.e.*, Pay of Kanungoes and Patwaries).	...	...	...	...
Total .	...	...	...	...
6.—Stamps—				
Charges for the sale of General Stamps (Discount).	1 9 0	1 9 0	...	...
Charges for the sale of Court-fee Stamps (Discount).	7 6 0	7 11 0	...	0 5 0
Discount on plain paper . .	0 14 0	1 12 0	...	0 14 0
Total .	9 13 0	11 0 0	...	1 3 0

Opium and its Preparations	1,536 0 0	1,536 0 0	...	...
Other Drugs, Ganja, Bhang, etc.	1,349 2 8	1,446 0 0	...	96 13 4
Fines, Confiscations and Miscellaneous.	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	6,585 2 8	6,682 0 0	...	96 13 4
X.—REGISTRATION—				
Fees for Registering Documents	3 0 0	5 0 0	...	2 0 0
Fees for copies of Registered Documents.	1 0 0	5 0 0	...	4 0 0
Miscellaneous	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	4 0 0	10 0 0	...	6 0 0
XVIA.—LAW AND JUSTICE—COURTS OF LAW—				
Sale proceeds of Unclaimed and Escheated property.	158 10 9	100 0 0	58 10 9	...
Court-fees realized in cash	...	...	...	...
General Fees, Fines and Forfeitures	205 0 11	210 0 0	...	4 15 1
Miscellaneous	31 14 0	20 0 0	11 14 0	...
TOTAL	395 9 8	330 0 0	70 8 9	4 15 1
XVIB.—LAW AND JUSTICE—JAILS—				
Hire of Convicts	...	...	...	...
XVII.—POLICE—				
Police supplied to Railways	...	...	...	...
Police supplied to Municipal, Cantonment and Town Funds.	...	...	...	...
Cash Receipts under the Arms Act	1 0 0	...	1 0 0	...
Fees, Fines and Forfeitures	...	...	...	...

12.—REGISTRATION—				
District Charges	0 8 0	5 0 0	...	4 8 0
15.—POST OFFICE—				
District Post Charges	4,000 0 0	4,000 0 0	...	...
19A.—LAW AND JUSTICE—COURTS OF LAW—				
Civil and Sessions Court—				
Salaries (Munsiffs)	...	...	...	...
Establishment (clerks and servants)	...	...	...	...
Allowances	...	...	...	...
Contingencies	...	...	...	...
Process-serving Establishment	...	...	...	...
Criminal Courts—				
Salaries	3,485 8 3	3,455 0 0	30 8 3	...
Establishment	3,356 13 0	3,333 0 0	23 13 0	...
Allowances	1,742 0 8	1,592 0 0	150 0 8	...
Contingencies	1,348 0 7	1,450 0 0	...	101 15 5
Refunds	16 12 0	...	16 12 0	...
TOTAL	9,949 2 6	9,830 0 0	221 1 11	101 15 5
19B.—LAW AND JUSTICE—JAILS—				
District Jails—				
Establishment	...		...	
Dietary Charges	52 13 1	...	52 13 1	...
Hospital Charges	...	...	...	...
Clothing and Bedding of Prisoners	...	...	...	...
Sanitation Charges	...	...	...	...
Charges for moving Prisoners	...	...	...	...
Miscellaneous supplies and services	...	...	...	...
Travelling Allowances	...	...	...	...
Contingent Charges	...	...	...	...
Extraordinary Charges for Live-Stock and Tools and Plant.	...	...	...	...
Lock-ups	15 14 9	180 0 0	...	164 1 3
TOTAL	68 11 10	180 0 0	52 13 1	164 1 3
20.—POLICE—				
District Executive Force—				
District Police—				
Salaries (Pay of Assistant District Superintendent and Honorary Assistant Superintendents).	...	...	...	...
Police Force (Pay of Inspectors, Deputy Inspectors, Sergeants, Constables, etc.)	...	...	...	...
Establishment (clerks and servants)	...	...	...	...
Hospital Establishment	...	...	...	...

Account of Special Revenue and Expenditure for the year 1898-99—concluded.

HEADS OF RECEIPTS.	Actuals, 1898-99.	Revised Estimates for 1898-99.	Increase.	Decrease.
XVII.—POLICE—*contd.*	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.
Cattle Pound Receipts . . .	188 10 6	140 0 0	48 10 6	...
Superannuation Receipts . .	...	...	...	...
Miscellaneous	...	...	...	...
TOTAL .	189 10 6	140 0 0	49 10 6	...
XXV.—MISCELLANEOUS—				
Sale of old stores and materials .	35 12 0	5 0 0	30 12 0	...
Rents (receipts from Staging Bungalows.)	...	...	...	...
Miscellaneous	...	...	...	...
TOTAL .	35 12 0	5 0 0	30 12 0	...

HEADS OF EXPENDITURE.	Actuals, 1898-99.	Revised Estimates for 1898-99.	Increase.	Decrease.
20.—POLICE—*contd.*	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.
District Executive Force—contd.				
Allowances—	...	...	...	...
Travelling Allowances and Expenses	...	...	...	...
Good Conduct Stripe Allowances and Local Allowances.				
Supplies and Services—	...	...	...	...
Clothing and equipment . .	...	...	...	...
Other Charges (includes Arms and Accoutrements, Hospital Supplies, Purchase and Repair of Tents, Rewards and purchase of Handcuffs, etc.)	...	...	...	...
Contingencies (including compensation for dearness of provisions).				
TOTAL .	...	...	...	...
22.—EDUCATION—				
Grants-in-aid	...	...	...	...
24.—MEDICAL—				
Hospitals and Dispensaries—				
Salaries	...	...	...	...
Establishment	...	...	...	...
Allowances (*i. e.*, Travelling and Pashtu Allowances).	...	...	...	...
Supplies and Services (Cost of medicines and instruments).	...	...	...	...
Contingencies	...	...	...	...
Sanitation and Vaccination (Pay and Travelling Allowance of Vaccinator).	...	...	...	...
TOTAL .	...	...	...	...
25.—POLITICAL—				
Political Agents—				
Salaries	...	...	...	...
Establishment	5,746 2 9	5,698 0 0	48 2 9	...
Allowances (Travelling and Pashtu Allowances)	6,906 4 5	6,300 0 0	606 4 5	...
Compensation for dearness of Provisions.	15 0 0	20 0 0	...	5 0 6
Supplies and Services (Purchase and Repair of Tents, Rations, Clothing and Bedding of Prisoners).	1,000 3 6	580 0 0	420 3 6	...
Contingencies	6,105 4 0	5,780 0 0	325 4 0	...
Charges on North-West Frontier Levies	...	...	...	...

VIII.—Assessed Taxes—				
Deductions from salaries and pensions	442 5 3	450 0 0	...	7 10 9
XXII.—Superannuation, etc.—				
Contribution for pensions and gratuities.	2,999 0 0	3,570 0 0	...	571 0 0
TOTAL RECEIPTS .	13,503 11 0	13,923 0 0	618 4 4	1,037 9 4

Services under the Political Agent, Thal-Chotiali.	...	...	...	...
Services under the Political Agent, Quetta-Pishin.	...	...	...	...
Services under the Agent to the Governor General in Baluchistan.	...	...	...	...
Services under the Political Agent, Kalat.	66,493 10 10	66,700 0 0	...	206 5 2
Services under the Political Agent, South-Eastern Baluchistan (Las Beyla Frontier, Kej Mekran and Punjgur Levies.)	...	.	...	...
Services under the Political Agent, Zhob, Zhob Levy Corps.	...	...	...	...
Entertainment of Envoys and Chiefs	2,835 2 0	2,500 0 0	335 2 0	...
Total .	89,101 11 6	87,578 0 0	1,735 0 8	211 5 2
32.—Miscellaneous—				
Donations for Charitable purposes .	...	..	...	...
Charges on account of European Vagrants.	...	...	...	...
Petty Establishment . . .	...	...	...	...
Miscellaneous and Unforeseen Charges.	...	100 0 0	...	100 0 0
Total .	...	100 0 0	...	100 0 0
45.—Civil Works—				
In charge of Civil Officers—				
Civil Buildings . . .	689 13 4	...	689 13 4	...
Communications Miscellaneous Public Improvements.	...	...	...	...
Establishment (including Contingencies and Travelling Allowances).	...	...	...	...
Miscellaneous—				
Road side Arboriculture (Establishment, Travelling Allowances and Contingencies).	...	...	...	...
Tools and Plant	...	...	...	...
Staging Bungalows and encamping grounds.	729 11 6	...	729 11 6	...
Total .	1,419 8 10	...	1,419 8 10	...
TOTAL EXPENDITURE .	1,59,616 2 4	1,31,704 0 0	28,495 3 2	583 0 10

2 B 2

S. G. KNOX, *Lieutenant,*
Political Agent, Kalat.

B

Account of Special Revenue and Expenditure for the year 1898-99.

Heads of Receipt.	Actuals for 1898-99.	Actuals for 1897-98.	Increase.	Decrease.
	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.
I.—Land Revenue—				
Fluctuating Collections	1,697 12 10	4,156 8 11	...	2,458 12 1
Royalty on Coal	592 1 1	11 4 0	580 13 1	...
Total	2,289 13 11	4,167 12 11	580 13 1	2,458 12 1
III.—Salt—				
Excise duty on Salt	7 9 0	24 13 9	...	17 4 9
IV.—Stamps—				
Sale of General stamps	50 0 0	83 0 0	...	33 0 0
Sale of Court Fee Stamps	473 8 0	1,081 2 0	...	607 10 0
Sale of plain paper to be used with Court-fee stamps.	15 0 0	...	15 0 0	...
Fines and Penalties	16 4 0	5 4 0	11 0 0	
Total	554 12 0	1,169 6 0	26 0 0	640 10 0
V.—Excise—				
Licence and Distillery Fees and Duties for the Sale of Liquor and Drugs—				
Foreign Liquors	100 0 0	200 0 0	...	100 0 0
Liquors and Spirits made in India after European method.	600 0 0	300 0 0	300 0 0	...
Country Spirits	3,000 0 0	2,510 0 0	490 0 0	...
Opium and its Preparations	1,536 0 0	1,500 0 0	36 0 0	...
Other Drugs, Ganja, Bhang, etc.	1,349 2 8	1,141 0 0	208 2 8	...
Fines, Confiscations and Miscellaneous	...	5 8 0	...	5 8 0
Total	6,585 2 8	5,656 8 0	1,034 2 8	105 8 0

Heads of Expenditure.	Actuals for 1898-99.	Actuals for 1897-98.	Increase.	Decrease.
	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.
1.—Refunds and Drawbacks—				
Revenue Refunds	66 10 8	...	66 10 8	...
2.—Assignments and Compensations—				
Miscellaneous Compensations	...	...	...	...
Quit-rent to His Highness the Khan of Kalat.	25,000 0 0	...	25,000 0 0	...
Compensation to Khan of Kalat	30,000 0 0	30,000 0 0	...	...
Total	55,000 0 0	30,000 0 0	25,000 0 0	...
3.—Land Revenue—				
Charges of District Administration—				
General Establishment (*i.e.*, Pay and Travelling Allowances and Contingencies of Revenue Commissioner's Establishment).	...	...	...	...
Sub-Divisional Establishment (*i. e.*, Pay and Travelling Allowances of Tahsildars Naib-Tahsildars, etc., and contingencies.)	...	...	...	...
Charges on account of Land Revenue Collections (*i. e.*, Pay of Karawas and Mushriffs, Lambardari Allowance and Carriage of Revenue grain).	...	...	...	...
Survey and Settlement (*i. e.*, Pay of Clerks and other charges for Survey and Settlement Work, including Travelling Allowance).	...	...	...	...
Land Records and Agriculture (*i. e.*, Pay of Kanungoes and Patwaris).	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	...	...
6.—Stamps—				
Charges for the sale of general stamps (Discount).	1 9 0	2 9 6	...	1 0 6
Charges for the sale of Court-fee Stamps (Discount).	7 6 0	15 14 0	...	8 8 0
Discount on plain paper	0 14 0	...	0 14 0	...
Total	9 13 0	18 7 6	0 14 0	9 8 6
12.—Registration—				
District Charges	0 8 0	2 0 0	...	1 8 0

X.—Registration—				
Fees for Registering Documents	3 0 0	3 0 0	...	...
Fees for copies of Registered Documents	1 0 0	1 0 0	...	...
Miscellaneous	...	...	...	...
Total	4 0 0	4 0 0	...	...
XVIA.—Law and Justice—Courts of Law—				
Sale-proceeds of Unclaimed and Escheated property.	158 10 9	2,527 8 8	...	2,368 13 11
Court-fees realized in Cash	...	...	...	...
General Fees, Fines and Forfeitures	205 0 11	187 10 9	17 6 2	...
Miscellaneous	31 14 0	2 7 0	29 7 0	...
Total	395 9 8	2,717 10 5	46 13 2	2,368 13 11
XVIB.—Law and Justice—Jails—				
Hire of Convicts	...	...	...	...
XVII.—Police—				
Police supplied to Railways	...	...	...	...
Police supplied to Municipal, Cantonment and Town Funds.	...	...	...	...
Cash Receipts under the Arms Act	1 0 0	...	1 0 0	...
Fees, Fines, and Forfeitures	.	...	...	...
Cattle Pound Receipts	188 10 6	169 4 3	19 6 3	...
Superannuation Receipts	...	...	...	...
Miscellaneous	...	...	...	...
Total	189 10 6	169 4 3	20 6 3	...
XXV.—Miscellaneous—				
Sale of old stores and materials	35 12 0	7 15 0	27 13 0	...
Rents (Receipts from Staging Bungalows)	...	...	...	...
Miscellaneous	...	...	...	...
Total	35 12 0	7 15 0	27 13 0	...

18.—Post Office—				
District Post Charges	4,000 0 0	3,916 0 0	84 0 0	...
19A.—Law and Justice—Courts of Law—				
Civil and Sessions Courts—				
Salaries (Munsiffs)	...	...	...	...
Establishment (clerks and servants)	...	...	...	...
Allowances	...	...	...	...
Contingencies	...	...	...	...
Process-serving Establishment	...	78 12 0	...	78 12 0
Criminal Courts—				
Salaries	3,485 8 3	4,773 7 9	...	1,287 15 6
Establishment	3,356 13 0	3,232 6 11	124 6 1	...
Allowances	1,742 0 8	1,326 14 4	415 2 4	...
Contingencies	1,348 0 7	1,139 13 11	208 2 8	...
Refunds	16 12 0	39 12 11	...	23 0 11
Total	9,949 2 6	10,591 3 10	747 11 1	1,389 12 5
19B.—Law and Justice—Jails—				
District Jails—				
Establishment	...	...	...	...
Dietary Charges	52 13 1	...	52 13 1	...
Hospital Charges	...	...	...	...
Clothing and Bedding of Prisoners	...	...	...	...
Sanitation Charges	...	...	...	...
Charges for moving Prisoners	...	...	...	...
Miscellaneous Supplies and Services	...	...	...	...
Travelling Allowances	...	...	...	...
Contingent Charges	...	...	...	...
Extraordinary Charges for Live-Stock and Tools and Plant.	...	...	...	...
Lock-ups	15 14 9	8 6 0	7 8 9	...
Total	68 11 10	8 6 0	60 5 10	...
20.—Police—				
District Executive Force—				
District Police—				
Salaries (Pay of Assistant District Superintendent and Honorary Assistant Superintendents).	...	...	...	...
Police Force (Pay of Inspectors, Deputy Inspectors, Sergeants, Constable, etc.)	...	...	...	...
Establishment (clerks and servants)	...	...	...	...
Hospital Establishment	...	...	...	...
Allowances—				
Travelling Allowances and Expenses	...	...	...	...
Good Conduct Stripe Allowances and Local Allowances.	...	...	...	...

Account of Special Revenue and Expenditure for the year 1898-99—concluded.

HEADS OF RECEIPT.	Actuals for 1898-99.	Actuals for 1897-98.	Increase.	Decrease.
	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.
VIII.—ASSESSED TAXES—				
Deductions from salaries and pensions .	442 5 3	...	442 5 3	...
XXII.—SUPERANNUATION, ETC.—				
Contribution for pensions and gratuities .	2,999 0 0	...	2,999 0 0	...

HEADS OF EXPENDITURE.	Actuals for 1898-99.	Actuals for 1897-98.	Increase.	Decrease.
	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.
20.—POLICE—*contd.*				
District Executive Force—contd.				
Supplies and Services—				
Clothing and Equipment . . .	...	...	...	...
Other Charges (includes Arms and Accoutrements; Hospital Supplies, Purchase and Repair of Tents, Rewards and Purchase of Hand-cuffs, etc.)	...	...	...	...
Contingencies (including Compensation for dearness of provisions).	...	...	...	...
TOTAL .	...	...	...	...
22.—EDUCATION—				
Grants-in-aid	...	...	...	
24.—MEDICAL—				
Hospitals and Dispensaries—				
Salaries				
Establishment	...	...	...	...
Allowances (*i. e.*, Travelling and Pashtu Allowances).	...	...	...	...
Supplies and Services (Cost of Medicines and Instruments).	...	...	...	...
Contingencies	...	...	...	...
Sanitation and Vaccination (Pay and Travelling Allowance of Vaccinator).	...	...	...	...
TOTAL .	...	...	...	...
25.—POLITICAL—				
Political Agents—				
Salaries	...	...	...	...
Establishment	5,746 2 9	4,935 1 8	811 1 1	...
Allowances (Travelling and Pashtu Allowances).	6,906 4 5	5,153 10 2	1,752 10 3	...
Compensation for dearness of provisions .	15 0 0	...	15 0 0	...
Supplies and Services (Purchase and Repair of Tents, Rations, Clothing and Bedding of Prisoners).	1,000 3 6	385 1 10	615 1 8	...
Contingencies	6,105 4 0	4,662 12 8	1,442 7 4	...
Charges on North-West Frontier Levies .	...	...	...	...
Services under the Political Agent, Thal-Chotiali.	...	...	...	...
Services under the Political Agent, Quetta, Pishin.	...	...	...	...
Services under the Agent to the Governor General in Baluchistan.	...	...	...	...

TOTAL RECEIPTS	13,503 11 0	13,917 6 4	5,177 5 5	5,591 0 9

Services under the Political Agent, Kalat	66,493 10 10	63,214 12 7	3,278 14 3	...
" " " South-Eastern Baluchistan (Las Beyla Frontier, Kej Mekran and Punjgur Levies).	...	...	...	...
Services under the Political Agent, Zhob, Zhob Levy Corps.	...	...	...	...
Entertainment of Envoys and Chiefs	2,835 2 0	3,522 4 0	...	687 2 0
TOTAL	89,101 11 6	81,873 10 11	7,915 2 7	687 2 0
32.—MISCELLANEOUS—				
Donations for Charitable Purposes	...	...	...	...
Charges on account of European Vagrants	...	...	...	...
Petty Establishment	...	...	...	...
Miscellaneous and Unforeseen Charges	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	...	...	...	...
45.—CIVIL WORKS—				
In charge of Civil Officers—				
Civil Buildings	689 13 4	...	689 13 4	...
Communications	...	...	...	...
Miscellaneous Public Improvements	...	...	..	...
Establishment (including Contingencies and Travelling Allowances).	..	...	...	...
Miscellaneous—				
Roadside arboriculture (Establishment, Travelling Allowances and Contingencies)	...	...	...	...
Tools and Plant	...	...	...	...
Staging bungalows and encamping grounds	729 11 6	...	729 11 6	...
TOTAL	1,419 8 10	...	1,419 8 10	...
TOTAL EXPENDITURE	1,59,616 2 4	1,26,409 12 3	35,294 5 0	2,087 14 11

S. G. KNOX, *Lieutenant,*
Political Agent, Kalat.

C

Statement showing the Land Revenue Collections in Cash and Kind in the Kalat Agency during 1898-99.

No.	Articles, etc.	Quantity.	Rate at which sold.	Amount.	Total.
	Collection in Kind.	Md. s. ch.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p
1	Wheat	504 4 8	2 10 0	1,323 4 9	
2	Bhoosa	235 26 0	0 10 0	147 4 0	
	Ditto	26 35 8	1 0 0	26 14 3	
3	Rice (Shali)	17 15 0	1 1 0	18 0 0	
4	Tobacco	0 2 12	5 0 0	0 5 6	
5	Barley	0 6 0	2 8 0	0 6 0	
6	Jowari	189 13 0		Not yet sold.	
7	Til	0 24 0			
8	Karbi	66 0 0			1,516 2 6
	In Cash.				
9	Khasil	...	...	48 4 6	
10	Palezat	...	...	43 14 0	
11	Green Moth	...	...	5 12 0	
12	Vegetables	...	...	1 4 0	
13	Green Karbi	...	...	20 7 0	
14	Miscellaneous	...	...	61 4 10	180 14 4
	TOTAL	...	...	...	1,697 0 10

D

Account of the Imperial Expenditure of the Kalat Agency for the year 1898-99.

Major and Minor heads.	Actuals for 1898-99.	Revised Estimates for 1898-99.	Increase.	Decrease.	Remarks.
25.—Political.	R a. p.	R a. p.		R a. p.	
1. Salaries of Political Agents.	7,800 0 0	7,800 0 0	...	...	
2. Exchange Compensation Allowance to Political Agents.	519 0 2	533 0 0	...	13 15 10	
3. Political subsidies	1,00,000 0 0	1,00,000 0 0	...	...	
	1,08,319 0 2	1,08,333 0 0	...	13 15 10	
27.—Territorial and Political pensions.	21,600 0 0	28,800 0 0	...	7,200 0 0	
TOTAL	1,29,919 0 2	1,37,133 0 0	...	7,213 15 10	

S. G. KNOX, *Lieutenant,*

Political Agent, Kalat.

E.

Account of excluded Local Funds of Bolan for the year 1898-99.

Heads of Receipts.	Actuals of 1898-99. R a. p.
Land Revenue—	
Income from land the property of the Fund.	...
Stamps—	
Sale of Stamps	...
Excise—	
License Fees and Duties	...
Provincial Rates—	
Rates and Cesses on Lands	...
Miscellaneous	...
Assessed Taxes—	
Taxes upon Houses	...
Licenses on Trades and Professions	...
Chowkidari Tax	...
Octroi	1,860 0 0
Miscellaneous (including Taxes on Horses and Carriages).	...
Registration—	
Fees and Miscellaneous	...
Police—	
Fees, Fines and Forfeitures	...
Unclaimed Property	...
Miscellaneous (including Cattle Pound Receipts).	...
Marine—	
Hire of Vessels	...
Sale-proceeds of Vessels and Stores	...
Pilotage Receipts	...
Other Fees and Dues	...
Education—	
School Fees	...
Miscellaneous	...
Medical—	
Hospital Receipts (including Sale of Medicines).	...
Minor Departments—	
Agriculture—	
Public Gardens	183 15 8
Public Exhibitions and Fairs	...
Scientific—	
Museum	...
Sanitation—	
Conservancy Tax and Fees	328 10 0
Sales of Manure, etc.	...
Water-supply—	
Sale of Water	...
Other Receipts	...

Heads of Disbursements.	Actuals of 1898-99. R a. p.
Interest—	
Interest upon Debt	...
Refunds—	
Refunds of Taxes	...
Miscellaneous Refunds	...
Charges of Collection of Revenue—	
Excise Establishments	...
Rate and Cess Collecting Establishment.	95 10 3
Other Collecting Establishments	...
General Administration—	
Establishments engaged in General Management and Accounts.	436 15 0
Contributions towards Establishment in Government Offices.	...
Law and Justice—	
Criminal Courts	...
Jails	...
Police—	
Executive Force	113 0 0
Miscellaneous (including Cattle Pounds).	...
Marine—	
Dockyard and Port Establishments.	...
Pilotage Establishments	...
Ship and Boat Establishments	...
Light-houses and Light-ships	...
Building, Purchase and Repairs of Ships.	...
Miscellaneous	...
Education—	
Inspection	...
Colleges and Schools	...
Scholarships and Prizes	...
Grants-in-aid	...
Medical—	
Professional Establishment	60 0 0
Hospitals and Dispensaries	70 0 4
Vaccination	...
Medical Schools	...
Minor Departments—	
Public Gardens (Establishment and other Charges).	320 7 3
Cemeteries (Establishment and other Charges).	...
Public Fairs and Exhibitions	400 0 0
Conservancy (Establishment and other Charges).	729 8 0
Water-supply (Establishment and other Charges).	...
Statistical Establishments	...
Superannuations—	
Pensions and Gratuities	...
Miscellaneous—	
Rents, Rates and Taxes	6 0 0
Petty Establishments	...
Miscellaneous	298 11 7

Account of excluded Local Funds of Bolan for the year 1898-99—concluded.

Heads of Receipts.	Actuals of 1898-99.	Heads of Disbursements.	Actuals of 1898-99.
	R a. p.		R a. p.
		Public Works—	
Interest—		*Supervising Establishment, Tools and Plant.*	...
Interest on Government Securities and other Investments.	...	*Stock not chargeable to any particular work.*	...
Superannuations—			
Contributions towards Pensions, etc.	...	*Original Works*—	
		Buildings	4,400 0 0
		Roads	...
Miscellaneous—		Port Appliances	...
Sales of old Materials	...	Other Works	...
Sales of Land and Houses	...		
Contributions (including Grants-in-aid from Government).	...	*Maintenance and Repair*—	
Rents of Houses	50 13 5	Buildings	168 10 0
Sales of Fruit, Grass, etc.	...	Roads	...
Miscellaneous	195 2 6	Port Appliances	...
		Other Works	...
		Petty Construction and Repairs	...
Public Works—			
Tolls and Ferries	...	Deposits and Advances—	
Miscellaneous	...	Repayment of Loans from Government	...
Deposits and Advances—		Repayment of Loans from the public Investment in Government Securities or otherwise.	..
Loans from Government	...	Stock Account	...
Loans by Public Subscription	...	Other Deposits and Advances	...
Sale-proceeds of Investments	...		
Stock Account	...		
Other Deposits and Advances	...		
Total Receipts	2,618 9 7	Total Disbursements	7,098 15 1
Opening Balance	9,140 1 10	Closing Balance	4,659 12 4
GRAND TOTAL	11,758 11 5	GRAND TOTAL	11,758 11 5

S. G. KNOX, *Lieutenant,*
Political Agent, Kalat.

F.

Statement showing the Judicial work done in the Courts of Kalat and Bolan Districts during the year 1898-99.

Officer.	Civil suits disposed of.	Miscellaneous Civil suits disposed of.	Execution of decree cases.	Criminal trials disposed of.	Miscellaneous criminal cases disposed of.	Objection cases disposed of.	Total.	Remarks.
Sessions Judge and District Magistrate, Bolan.	...	...	...	3	...	...	3	
Native Assistant, Bolan	94	...	32	47	60	1	234	
Total	94	...	32	50	60	1	237	

S. G. KNOX, *Lieutenant,*
Political Agent, Kalat.

G.

Statement showing the number and classification of Political cases in the Kalat Agency tried by the Shahi and local Jirgas during 1898-99.

Place of Jirga sittings.	LOCAL CASES.									INTER-PROVINCIAL CASES BETWEEN BALUCHISTAN, SINDH AND PUNJAB.			GRAND TOTAL.
	Murder.	Robbery.	Adultery.	Land and Revenue.	Betrothal and other cases connected with marriage.	Cattle lifting.	Adultery with murder.	Miscellaneous.	Total.	With Punjab.	With Sindh.	Total.	
Quetta Shahi Jirga	1	5	...	2	...	...	...	6	14	...	...	...	14
Sibi Shahi Jirga .	1	....	...	3	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	4
Mach Local Jirga	3		...	24	4	5	...	50	90	...	...	...	90
Kalat and Khorasan Jirga .	11	36	8	79	1	13	1	173	322	1	...	1	323
Rindli and Kuchi Jirga . .	7	14	2	43	1	6	1	166	240	...	1	1	241
TOTAL .	23	59	10	151	6	24	2	395	670	1	1	2	672

S. G. KNOX, *Lieutenant,*
Political Agent, Kalat.

APPENDIX VI.

Administration Report of the Southern Baluchistan Agency for the year 1898-99.

I.—PERSONNEL.

The following officers were in charge of the Southern Baluchistan Agency during the year:—

Captain M. A. Tighe, I.S.C., on the 1st and 2nd April 1898, when he was transferred to the Thal-Chotiali District.

Captain H. L. Showers, I.S.C., from the 3rd April to the 7th July 1898, when he proceeded on privilege leave.

Captain R. A. E. Benn, I.S.C., from the 8th July to the 26th August 1898.

Captain H. L. Showers, I S C., from the 27th August to the 17th September 1898, when he proceeded to Zhob to assume charge of that Agency.

Captain R. A. E. Benn, I.S.C., from the 18th September to the 11th November 189*.

Captain H. L. Showers, I.S.C., from the 12th November 1898 to the close of the year.

II.—THE LIMITS OF THE AGENCY.

The charge of the Agency comprises, as in the past year:—

(*a*) The Las Bela State.

(*b*) The Las Bela Frontier Levies and the Levy Tracts.

(*c*) The Niabat and Tahsil of Nasirabad.

III.—MOVEMENTS OF THE POLITICAL AGENT.

1. On the 28th April 1898, Captain Showers proceeded to Naka Kharri and Sonmiani to inspect the arrangements made at those places to prevent the spread of plague to Las Bela territory and returned to head-quarters on the 1st May 1898.

2. On the 15th and 28th May 1898 he again proceeded to the Hab Chowki in connection with segregation arrangements.

3. In June 1898 he paid a short visit to Jacobabad in connection with affairs of the Khan's Lands Tahsil.

4. On the 8th October 1898 Captain Benn visited the Hab Chowki to inspect the segregation camp there and returned the same evening.

5. In November 1898 Captain Showers made a second tour in the Khan's Lands Tahsil, starting on the 12th of that month and returning on the 3rd December. The tour was divided into two parts, the first being in the north-west tract, and the second in the south-east. During the first portion of the tour he accompanied the Revenue Commissioner in Baluchistan, who was visiting the tahsil.

6. In December 1898 he made a tour in Las Bela, starting on the 10th and returning on the 22nd.

7. In January 1899 he paid a flying visit to Jacobabad and on return made a tour in the Levy Tract District, which lasted from the 11th to the 22nd idem.

8. In February he proceeded to Quetta and Sibi in connection with Jirgah cases, returning to head-quarters on the 6th March.

9. On the 14th March 1899 he again went on a tour in Las Bela in connection with the attitude of the Runjha tribe, who had made difficulties about paying the "Phor" Tax due to the Jam. He returned to head-quarters on the 31st March 1899.

IV.—LAS BELA STATE.

Khan Bahadur Haji Ahmad Yar Khan continued to be the Wazir throughout the year. The working of the affairs of the State was satisfactory in every branch under his direction.

2. The relations of the Jam and his Wazir were most cordial. The Jam has shown great wisdom in always supporting, and heartily co-operating with, the Wazir in the administration of the State. His attitude towards the British Government is loyal and his treatment of his subjects good.

3. The persons who went to Karachi last year to complain against the Jam's rule returned to Bela after hearing the advice given to them by Colonel H. Wylie, C.S.I., Officiating Agent to the Governor General, in a darbar held at Karachi on the 1st April 1898. They have since been living peaceably and behaving well.

4. The Jam's health has been on the whole good during the greater portion of the year. He proceeded to Delhi for treatment of a complaint by Hakim Abdul Majid Khan, with the permission of the Agent to the Governor General, with a following of 31 persons including the Wazir. Delhi, however, did not suit him, and he returned after a stay of 13 days there.

5. In the previous year's report, the renewal of attempts on the part of Mir Yakub Khan, son of Jam Mir Khan, to bring forward his claim to the Las Bela chiefship was mentioned as an event of political importance. It is satisfactory that a reconciliation took place at Karachi in November 1898 between the Jam and his uncle, Mir Yakub Khan. They had been on very unfriendly terms since the late Jam Ali Khan succeeded to the chiefship of Las Bela.

6. Jam Mir Khan's widow, Murteza Begum, continues to live in Karachi.

7. Mir Makbul Khan and Mir Ayub Khan, sons of Jam Mir Khan, have been studying at the Aitchison College, Lahore, while Mir Yakub Khan, their eldest brother, resides with his mother at Karachi. Negotiations for a marriage between Mir Yakub Khan and a daughter of Sirdar Sir Nowroz Khan of Kharan are proceeding.

8. The appointment of a Wakil to represent the Las Bela State at Karachi having been considered desirable, Haji Isahak, Runjha, was selected for the post.

9. The Las Bela Military Police Corps was maintained throughout the year at a strength of 150.

10. The number of judicial and revenue cases decided by the Wazir is given below :—

Civil cases	281
Criminal cases	268
Revenue cases	191
TOTAL	740

11. There were four murder cases as against six in the previous year. The murderers in all four cases were arrested.

12. The public health during the year has been generally good. There was, however, an outbreak of small pox at Ormara towards the end of the year under report.

13. In order to prevent the spread of bubonic plague to Las Bela, precautionary measures were taken and segregation camps were established at Hab Chowki and other stations. Th services of an extra Hospital Assistant were obtained, and he was placed in charge of the Hab segregation camp. There were 18 imported cases of plague in the State.

14. The financial condition of the State is satisfactory on the whole. The following figures are extracted from the Wazir's budget :—

(*a*) INCOME SIDE.

1898-99.

The estimated income for 1898-99 was R3,12,863, whereas the actual receipts up to the end of January 1899 and probable receipts for February and March amount to R2,38,103, showing a falling-off of R74,760. The chief part of this deficiency lies under the main sources of income, *viz.*, "Revenue" and "Sung" or octroi duty.

1899-1900.

As unfortunately the plague has again made its appearance in Karachi, and as, owing to the want of rain, the cultivated area of mustard seed is extremely small, the income for next

year has been estimated at ₨2,22,470 only. The experience of the unfavourable circumstances of the past year does not warrant a higher estimate, but if matters improve an increase in the figures may be looked for.

(b) EXPENDITURE SIDE.

1898-99.

The actual expenditure up to end of January 1899 and probable expenditure for February and March come to ₨1,84,684-0-3, against the estimated figure of ₨1,97,754, a saving of ₨13,069-15-9.

The Wazir had expected to have a still larger saving, but certain heavy items of expenditure, which were not anticipated at the time of the preparation of the year's Budget, exhausted the provision under sub-head "Miscellaneous": for instance, the Jam Saheb's visit to Delhi, which cost ₨3,300 approximately, expenses in connection with precautions against plague, fees amounting to about ₨1,000 for medical attendance on the Jam's family, ₨457-4-1 paid to the Telegraph Department on account of arrears in connection wth the opening of the Telegraph Office at Liari, and so forth.

1899-1900.

The expenditure for 1899-1900 has been estimated at ₨1,94,841-8 or ₨2,912-8-0 less than what was provided for the past year. The Wazir will do his best to curtail expenditure, as the revenue prospects for the ensuing year are discouraging.

According to the estimated figures there will be a saving of ₨27,628-8-0 at the end of 1899-1900, and a total balance of ₨3,00,406-14-1 to the credit of the State, as shown below :—

	₨	a.	p.	
Balance on 1st April 1898	86,771	7	2	Cash.
Receipts in 1898-99	2,38,103	0	0	
Loans and advances on 1st April 1898	55,931	4	5	
Government Promissory notes	50,000	0	0	
Revenue and fines of 1897-98	27,270	0	0	
TOTAL	4,58,075	11	7	
Expenditure in 1898-99	1,84,684	0	3	
Deposits to be paid	613	5	3	
Probable Balance on 1st April 1899	2,72,778	6	1	
Probable Receipts in 1899-1900	2,22,470	0	0	
TOTAL	4,95,248	6	1	
Probable expenditure in 1899-1900	1,94,841	8	0	
Probable Balance on 1st April 1900	3,00,406	14	1	

15. The boundary dispute between Las Bela and Mekran, mentioned in the last year's report, still remains unsettled.

16. The want of a house at Bela for the Political Agent having long been felt, the Baluchistan Military Works Department undertook the work, which was put in hand in December 1898. The house is now approaching completion; the estimated cost, ₨10,046, is to be met from the Baluchistan Provincial revenues.

17. A rest-house is also under construction at Hab Chowki, which is the first stage on the main road from Karachi to Bela. The cost which is estimated at ₨2,400 will be paid from the State revenues.

18. It has been proposed to construct a rest-house at each of the principal stages on the main road to Bela from the interest accruing from the State investments in Government promissory notes.

19. Lala Jhanji Ram continued to be Tahsildar in Las Bela throughout the year.

V.—THE LAS BELA FRONTIER LEVIES AND LEVY TRACTS.

In January 1899 Captain Showers made a tour through the levy tracts. The levy tracts begin at Kund, near where the Hab falls into the sea and some 10 miles south-west of the Hab Chowki, and terminates at Lak Phosi, the distance from south to north being 171 miles, while the breadth varies from 3 to 20 and 30 miles.

2. The Hab river runs throughout the levy tracts. All the Thanas are situated on or near the Hab, except those of Lohi and Lak Girah. The main stream always holds water, but the river is nowhere used for irrigation.

3. There are several smaller streams, Virab, Dinga, Hinidan, Dureji and Bahlor, which flow into the Hab.

4. The case pending between the Mengals and Chuttas regarding the Saruna valley, mentioned in last year's report, remains unsettled. It has been arranged to take it in hand next autumn.

5. Another case that awaits disposal is one in which Sirdar Shah Pasand Khan, Jhalawan Sirdar, has laid claim to the Chutta country. This will be taken up next cold season.

VI.—THE NIABAT AND TAHSIL AT NASIRABAD

1. Mulla Gous Baksh has been His Highness the Khan's Naib throughout the year.

2. The Niabat is still subject to the dual control noticed in last year's report.

3. The disadvantages of this system were pointed out to the Revenue Commissioner by Captain Showers during their joint tour, and the matter is understood to have received the Revenue Commissioner's attention.

4. There were no disputes or other troubles on this border. The Jamali tribe, which forms the bulk of the population, were kept well in hand by Sirdar Lashkar Khan, through whose good offices the dispute between the Jamali and Buledi tribes, reported last year, was amicably and satisfactorily settled.

5. The charge of the Tahsil was held by the following officers:—

Sheikh Taj Mahomad from the 1st April to the 19th August 1898, when he was transferred to the Barkhan Tahsil.

Munshi Ghulam Mahomad from the 20th August 1898 to the 10th March 1899.

Munshi Shah Nawaz from the 11th to 30th March 1899 and Munshi Amar Singh to the close of the year.

6. The area brought under cultivation during the year under report was :—

	1898-99.
	Acres.
Kharif	65,585
Rabi	15,389
TOTAL	80,974

The assessment on account of water tax and cess amounted to R83,504 as follows :—

	1898-99.
	Rupees.
Water tax at one rupee per acre	80,974
Water cess at ½ anna per acre	2,530
TOTAL	83,504

Compared with the past year it shows a decrease of 6,497 acres and of R6,700 respectively.

7. No remissions were granted on the rabi crops of 1897-98, while remissions to the extent of R183-10-0 were made on the kharif crops of 1898-99. The applications for remissions on the rabi crops of 1898-99 are under consideration.

8. There were several zamindars who were in arrears with their revenue. Captain Showers, while on tour, enquired into the circumstances of these zamindars and recommended the following remissions :—

	R	a.	p.
Ahmad Khan, Jakhrani	2,299	8	8
Hayat Khan, Khosa	500	0	0

These remissions were sanctioned by the Revenue Commissioner as a special case ; steps have been taken to recover the arrears from the other zamindars.

9. A project for the remodelling of the Desert Canal has gone through the Bombay Government, and is probably now under the consideration of the Government of India. It has been proposed to widen the main canal, and to open new branches, by two of which Kalat land will eventually be benefited.

10. Owing to the inconvenience felt by the absence of a residence at Jacobabad for the Political Agent, it has been proposed to purchase a house there to be used as a rest-house for Political Officers on tour in the Khan's Lands Tahsil. The house will be in charge of the Baluchistan Public Works Department, the cost, estimated at ₨1,500, being met from Baluchistan Provincial revenues.

VII.—MISCELLANEOUS.

In consequence of the recrudescence of plague in Karachi, the same precautionary measures as last year were taken, inspection and segregation camps having been established at the principal stages on the main road from Karachi to Bela, as well on the Sind-Kalat frontier. There were, however, several imported cases of plague reported from Las Bela. Trade was seriously affected by the plague in Karachi, with consequent loss of revenue to the Las Bela State.

KARACHI;
The 14th May 1899.

P. J. MELVILL, *Major*,
Political Agent in Southern Baluchistan.

APPENDIX VII.

Administration Report of the Chagai Political Assistancy for the year 1898-99.

I.—ADMINISTRATION STAFF.

1. Captain F. C. Webb-Ware held charge of the Chagai Political Assistancy throughout the year under report.

II.—REVENUE AND CROPS.

2. Chagai, under orders of the Government of India, has not hitherto been assessed to revenue: thus, with the exception of a small tax levied on asafœtida collected by trans-frontier Pathans and Zhob Babars, nothing in the form of revenue was taken from the country during the year under review. The value of the asafœtida tax, collected in kind, amounts to about R100. The smallness of this sum is accounted for by the fact that little or no rain fell during the winter on the Koh-i-Sutlan Hills, where most asafœtida is collected, and by the vicinity of the frontier offering trans-frontier collectors exceptional facilities for evading payment.

3. The rainfall was insufficient throughout the district and both camel-grazing fodder and crops suffered in consequence considerably. Inquiries show that upwards of two-thirds of the flocks, which the Chagai District supported, have perished during the past three years. In addition to want of rain, parts of the Nushki district suffered from an invasion of locusts. These insects came from the Kharan direction; Kharan also suffered severely from a similar visitation.

III.—LAW AND JUSTICE.

4. A list showing the number of political cases decided by the Quetta and Sibi, Shah Jirgas and the Local Jirgas, is attached and marked Appendix A.

5. The total number of cases decided during the year under report was 104, showing an increase of 76 cases over the cases decided last year.

IV.—TRIBAL.

6. The levy service of the Chagai Political Assistancy was reorganised on the 1st December 1898 and additions involving a net expenditure of R135 per mensem were made. These additions have added materially to the efficiency of the levy service.

7. A Chowki, consisting of one duffadar and four sowars, was established at Amirzai Bund for the protection of the Nushki-Shorawak frontier from parties of marauding Barech. This service was given to Chandankhan Terasizai, Mengal, a man of considerable local importance on that frontier.

V.—FORESTS.

8. There are no reserved forests in the Chagai Political Assistancy.

VI.—EDUCATION.

9. There is no school supported by Government in this Assistancy.

VII.—PUBLIC WORKS.

10. The Nushki Thana was finished and certain enlargements, comprising Thana offices and additional quarters for the Thana establishment, added.

11. A commodious sarai was built at Nushki and sarais were also erected along the caravan road at Baghak, Padag, Yadgar-Chah, Dalbandin, Chakal, Sotag, Merui, Chah Sandan, Manzil, Amir Chah, and Saindak. Additional sarais are under construction at Killa Robat, Kacha, Kirtaka, and Tratoh.

12. Extensive godown shops were erected at Mall, Padag, Dalbandin, Merui and Amir Chah.

13. The water-supply along the caravan route has received considerable attention, and the quantity of water available at the various stages has been increased by sinking additional

wells at Padag, Chakal, Sotag, Merui, Saindak and Kirtaka. The wells at Barnes Chah, Jujaki, Chah Sandan, Amir Chah, Bijar Chah, and Lashkri have been cleaned out and improved. A new well, 100 feet deep, has been sunk at Zeh, but the yield of water is poor both in quantity and quality. Another well is in hand near Sorreg, between Amir Chah and Manzil; this well is reported to have reached a depth of 80 feet and to be promising.

VIII.—POST OFFICE.

14. One additional post office only was opened within the Political Assistancy during year under review, *viz.*, at Dalbandin. Sanction, however, has been obtained for additional offices being opened along the caravan route, at Merui, Amir Chah and Robat.

15. The weekly .âk, which runs through Nushki and connects Quetta with the Persian frontier, has been maintained uninterrupted throughout the year. The speed of this dâk is now being accelerated from 24 days to 15. No case of a mail bag going astray has occurred. Captain M. Sykes inaugurated a dâk service to connect Killa Robat, the most western post in the Assistancy, with Nasratabad, the capital of Seistan, in January 1899, and the Mashad Agency on their side are running weekly dâks through Khurassan to Seistan; thus the Quetta dâk now runs right through to Mashad.

IX.—GEOLOGICAL SURVEY.

16. Mr. E. Vredenberg, of the Geological Survey Department of India, was deputed to accompany the Political Assistant on tour and report on the mineral resources of the Nushki and Chagai districts. Mr. Vredenberg's report is awaited.

X.—IRRIGATION.

17. Babu Atmaram, in charge of the Pishin Irrigation Sub-Division, at the Political Assistant's request, was deputed to inspect the Nushki dâk lands and report on the possibility of bringing them under cultivation by means of light bunds thrown across the Lora river. Babu Atmaram has forwarded an interesting report on this scheme, but the estimate he frames of the cost which would be incurred in giving effect to this scheme appears excessive. The Political Assistant at the close of the year had two light bunds thrown across the bed of the Lora. These cost very little to construct and served to bring many hundred acres of waste land under cultivation.

XI.—PUBLIC HEALTH.

18. The health of the district was generally good. Early in the year a slight epidemic of small-pox made its appearance in Nushki and thence worked its way down the dâk to Dalbandin and Merui where it slowly died out. The services of a vaccinator would be appreciated by the Nomads. Several cases have come under the Political Assistant's notice where Mullahs have endeavoured, ineffectually, to vaccinate children. Nushki trade has suffered severely from the recrudescence of plague in Karachi and in Sind.

XII.—POLITICAL.

The political events worthy of record that occurred during the year under report are as follows :—

19. The condition of the Nushki and of the Nushki-Shorawak frontier continued far from satisfactory. No less than twelve Barech raids into Nushki occurred during the year. These raids were the work not so much of large bodies of Barech as of bands of three or four men. His Highness the Khan's Naib proved quite incapable of coping with these disturbances, and towards the middle of the year the situation on the frontier became critical as the Mengals were much exasperated. Happily the Political Assistant was able to settle some of the more pressing cases, and the crisis was tided over. The more efficient administration of Nushki is a matter which demands attention. In connection with the repression of these raids a post manned by Kalat sepoys was, at the Political Assistant's suggestion, stationed at Chandan Khan Band. This post however proved of little practical use owing to the supineness of the sepoys in charge of it. It is hoped that the establishment of the new Amirzai Bund Levy post will have a salutary effect in checking similar outrages.

20. Sirdar Jam Beg and his brother Kaim, Khan Jamaldini Rakhshani—the cause, it will be remembered, of much trouble in 1897-98—were released from custody in November 1898, under the sanction of the Agent to the Governor General, and permitted to return to Nushki. A marked change for the better is now noticeable in their general bearing.

21. In October 1898 Naib Mulla Hussain, His Highness the Khan of Kalat's representative in Nushki, threw up his appointment as Naib and made his way to Quetta. The explanation he offered for this strange conduct was that he had received information that His Highness the Khan proposed to arrest him. Naib Mulla Hussain has been succeeded in his office of Naib by a Naib Fatehkhan, Shawani.

22. Not a little commotion was caused in Nushki by the murder in August 1898 of a Raisani sowar, one of the Nushki Thana establishment. This sowar rashly followed up alone and overtook a party of thieves. The thieves, perceiving that they were pursued by only one man, turned on their pursuer, murdered him, and taking the murdered man's carbine fled across the frontier into Shorawak. Inquiry showed the crime to be the work of two Sarparas, the followers of Sirdar Imam Buksh. The Agent to the Governor General has directed that blood compensation is to be paid to the murdered man's family out of Sirdar Imam Baksh Sarpara's sequestrated property.

23. The condition of the Kharan-Chagai frontier is still unsatisfactory. The Political Assistant, on his return to Quetta, off tour, discussed the question of this frontier with Sir Nowroz Khan, K.C.I.E., and the latter has agreed to depute a representative to Nushki next cold weather to meet the Political Assistant and proceed thence with him along the disputed boundary and draw up a rough boundary between the two districts. The alignment which this boundary is to follow has been mutually agreed on.

24. The Political Assistant left Quetta on 20th November 1898 on tour. He first visited Nushki, where he halted a short time to make arrangements for the supplies required for his large party. From Nushki he proceeded, by way of the caravan route, to Killa Robat and leaving his camp pitched there paid a flying visit to Captain M. Sykes in Seistan. From Killa Robat the Political Assistant marched down the Perso-Baluch frontier to Mushkel, and from Mushkel he returned to Nushki, making a detour by way of Merui and the Baluch-Afghan frontier. The distance covered by the tour amounted to 1,777 miles.

XIII.—TRADE.

25. Nushki trade returns for the year under review show that trade through Nushki increased in value to the extent of R1,38,152-15-3, an increase which cannot but be considered satisfactory when the unfavourable conditions against which trade has contended during the past year are considered. The conditions adverse to trade were (*a*) depreciation in the value of the Kabuli rupee and Persian *kran*; (*b*) recrudescence of plague in Karachi; (*c*) famine extending from Panjgur to Garmsel; and (*d*) local disturbances in Seistan. The actual trade returns are R7,28,082-7-3 as against R5,89,929-8-0 for the year 1897-98. The figures quoted represent trade not only with Seistan and Persia, but also with Shorawak, Registan and Garmsel—in fact all trade which passes through Nushki.

26. An analysis of the year's export and import trade is attached and marked Appendix B.

27. A batch of 62 remounts purchased in Mashad by some enterprising Pishin horse-dealers travelled by the Seistan-Nushki trade route to Quetta. The horses arrived in Quetta in excellent condition and the dealers experienced no difficulty in realizing good prices Encouraged by the success which has attended their first efforts the same dealers have returned to Mashad this year followed by other dealers.

28 The trade in live-stock is slowly but steadily on the increase. The practice which at present obtains is to export camels, chiefly female, to Khorassan and Mashad and to import sheep and goats for the Quetta market.

29. A large and thriving trading bazar has been built up at Nushki in the vicinity of the Thana. The bazar has been erected at a cost of half a lakh of rupees. It consists of 126 separate shops separated by broad streets, and in general arrangements the new bazar will compare favourably with any other bazar in Baluchistan.

30. Such trade returns of the current year as have come to hand show that trade continues to expand steadily.

F. WEBB WARE, *Captain*,
Political Assistant, Chagai.

A

Statement showing the number and classification of the Political cases in the Nushki, Chagai and Western Sinjerani districts tried by the Quetta and Sibi, Shahi Jirgas and Local Jirgas during the year 1898-99.

	Murder.	Robbery.	Adultery.	Marriage cases.	Cattle stealing.	Miscellaneous.	TOTAL.
Nushki.							
Political Assistant, Chagai	1	7	2	...	9	38	57
Chagai.							
Political Assistant, Chagai	...	3	...	1	13	7	24
Western Sinjerani.							
Political Assistant, Chagai	1	2	...	...	12	7	23
GRAND TOTAL	...	...	...	...	...	...,	104

B

Analysis of trade returns for the year 1898-99.

MONTH.	Imports through Nushki.			Exports through Nushki.			TOTAL.		
	R	a.	p.	R	a.	p.	R	a.	p.
April 1898	29,150	0	0	9,329	10	9			
May "	17,023	8	0	1,16,243	5	3			
June "	9,488	0	0	63,536	12	0			
July "	38,226	4	0	6,744	13	3			
August "	10,747	0	0	16,493	0	9			
September "	6,450	6	0	12,168	7	9			
October "	31,588	0	0	6,998	15	0			
November "	24,427	8	0	15,437	14	6			
December "	19,888	8	0	9,327	11	0			
January 1899	44,941	12	0	42,910	0	0			
February "	39,333	0	0	60,247	15	0			
March "	75,560	0	0	21,820	0	0			
TOTAL	3,46,823	14	0	3,81,258	9	3	7,28,082	7	3

F. WEBB WARE, *Captain,*

Political Assistant, Chagai.

APPENDIX VIII.

Administration Report of the Public Works Department in Baluchistan for the year 1898-99.

CIVIL WORKS.

The original grant for the year was R4,63,000, but this was subsequently increased by the addition of R15,500 received from the Government of India for the Sandeman Memorial Hall, making a total grant of R4,78,500, and the whole of this amount, with the exception of R2,000 surrendered, was expended.

CIVIL BUILDINGS.

During the year the following major works were put in hand and completed :—

Revenue Commissioner's Office, Quetta.
Ten new married quarters in Police lines, Quetta.
Additions and alterations to Tahsil and Thana, Kohlu.
Munsiff's Court at Sibi.
Additional wing to Extra Assistant Commissioner's Office at Duki.
Levy post at Vitakri.
Bungalow for Assistant Political Agent at Hindubagh.

Besides the above, huts for the Political Agent and Agent to the Governor General's Office at Ziarat were put in hand, but were unable to be completed owing to the shortness of the Ziarat season.

An inspection bungalow at Lus Bela for the Political Agent, South Eastern Baluchistan, was also put in hand and nearly completed. These two works will be completed during 1899-1900.

COMMUNICATIONS.

The following major works were completed during the year :—

Improvements to the Smallan-Chotair Road.
Portions of the camel road Kohlu to Barkhan.
Bridges on the Sibi-Khajak Road.
Rest House at Lahore (Loralai Division).
Six rest houses in the Zhob Division, three on the road between Fort Sandeman and Hindubagh, *viz.*, at Musafirpur (Gwal Ismail Zai), Akhtarzai and Nisai, filling up all the gaps in the chain of rest houses on this route. The other three were built on the road between Fort Sandeman and Musa Khel, *viz.*, at Atal Kach, Toi Sir and Musakhel.

The principal road undertaken during the year was the improvements to the Chuhar Khel Dhana road. The improvements are much appreciated, for the route is used now by immense numbers of Nasirs and Powindahs during the spring and autumn, and nearly all the supplies for Zhob are carried by it from Dera Ismail Khan.

Its value would, however, be largely increased if corresponding improvements were made on the Punjab side, and probably if this were done, a check would be given to the lawlessness and robbery which now prevails, and which renders the portion of the Shirani country beyond the Dhana Pass unsafe for small parties of travellers.

A bridle path was constructed from Hindubagh to the fertile and populous Rod Valley, which lies 28 miles to the north of it. There is a high range of hills behind the village of Ragha, and the old track over this was almost impracticable for laden camels, but the new road now crosses it with a minimum gradient of 1 in 12.

Another bridle path was also constructed to Musakhel, leaving the Fort Sandeman Dhana road beyond Kapip, from whence it is about 50 miles to Musakhel. The detachments at Musakhel, Khan Mahomed Kot, and Drug which are furnished from the garrison at Fort Sandeman, all use the road, besides other traffic.

Besides the above the following were put in hand and nearly completed. They will be completed during 1899-1900 :—

Camel road Gumbaz to Kohlu.
Rest House at Barkhan.

Among minor works of importance, an 18 foot road, 20 miles in length, was constructed between Killa Saifulla and Shinakora, reducing the distance between these places by nearly 4 miles. The old road follows the river, and is chiefly over "pat," which becomes impassable during rain. The new road, however, has the disadvantage of having no water along it, except at the rest house at Nisai where wells have been sunk.

MISCELLANEOUS PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS.

The original scheme for improvements to the water supply at Ziarat was completed during the course of the year.

A channel to bring water, for irrigation purposes, into Fort Sandeman was completed during the year. The old channel ran, in great part, along the bed of the river, and much water was lost by percolation. It is expected that the new channel will considerably increase the supply.

REPAIRS.

Special repairs to the pipe line which conveys the drinking water supply to Fort Sandeman were carried out with a view to prevent the breaking of the pipe during the summer floods, as had happened in previous years.

The alteration in the course of the river and the scouring away of its banks had exposed the pipe in many places, necessitating realignment.

The repairs to the buildings and roads, both ordinary and special, were maintained at a fair level and funds spent to the best advantage, but the annual grants are a good deal short of what is considered necessary to do full justice to both these services.

MINOR DEPARTMENTS.

Work on the Sandeman Memorial Hall at Quetta was completed including the metalling of the pathways in the compound and constructing a mud wall 6 feet high all round the garden. A few minor details only now remain to be done.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

CHURCHES.

The new Roman Catholic Church at Quetta was completed.

BURIAL GROUNDS.

The various burial grounds throughout the Province have been kept in repairs.

Under "Administration," "Law and Justice," "Jails" "Police," "Medical," "Miscellaneous," and other various heads minor improvements have been carried out in several instances.

IRRIGATION.

The original grant amounted to R27,000, but the whole of this amount could not be advantageously spent and a sum of R6,000 had to be surrendered towards the end of the official year.

The winter rains have been abundant, and with the closer supervision now being exercised over the Battai collections it is expected that next year's revenue will show improvement.

The approximate revenue anticipated in the year under review amounted to about R55,000 against the actual receipt of R55,928 for the year previous.

THE BARSHOR FEEDER CUT.

The project for widening the Barshor Feeder Cut to the Khushdil Khan Reservoir to pass 500 cusecs instead of 300 cusecs stands over for want of funds.

COLLIERIES.

The survey of the Sor Range showing the outcrop in it of the coal seam, was completed by the Survey Department for the Agency.

Ahmed Din, a mining subordinate of experience, was entertained to supervise the operations of four mining concessionists with a view to ensuring the economical extraction of coal and stop surface scratching. An experiment was also commenced under Government agency at one place to determine whether coal can be extracted from the lower depths of the seam and whether it is of any better quality. The experiment is in abeyance for want of funds.

The preparation of licenses for exploring and prospecting and a form of mining lease is still under consideration.

POSTAL.

It will be convenient to frame the report in the form of notes upon the following Appendices :—

A.—Statement showing the number of head, sub and branch offices.
B.—List of mail lines in existence.
C.—Combined post and telegraph offices and statistics thereof.
D.—Statistics of money orders issued and paid.
E.—Statistics of savings bank deposits and withdrawals.
F.—Enumeration of articles received for delivery in Baluchistan.
G.—List of postal buildings borne on the books of the Public Works Department.

APPENDIX A.

Dalbandin, Kohlu, Gulkach, Killa Saifulla, and Girdao.

The branch offices at Panir and Hirock were closed and five new branch offices were opened at the places noted in the margin to meet the convenience of the Political Department. A sixth office was opened at Kuchlak Station. An office was also opened at Pishi (Bolan), but it was subsequently closed. Mastung branch office was raised to the status of a sub-office. The total number of post offices of all classes existing on 31st March 1899 was 49 as against 45 in the previous year (1897-98). Arrangements were made to open offices at Amir Chah, Merui and Robat Killa on the road to Persia, but as an Inspector had to travel to each spot to instruct the new Postmaster it was not practicable to open the offices before the 31st March 1899.

APPENDIX B.

The aggregate length of the mail lines in Baluchistan rose from 1,371¾ to 1,529¾ during the year under report. The increase of 158 miles is due to the opening of the following new lines :—

	Miles.
Dalbandin-Nushki	130
Miralikhel-Gulkach	28
TOTAL	158

APPENDIX C.

The four new post offices opened at Gulkach, Kohlu, Killa Saifulla and Girdao were made "Combined offices", that is, they were made to perform telegraph as well as postal work to meet the convenience of the Political Department. The number of combined offices at present existing in Baluchistan is 22 as against 18 in the previous year (1897-98). The number of messages of all classes booked during the year under report was 52,129 as against 43,134 last year, and the revenue realized rose from R20,942 to R23,785.

APPENDIX D.

This appendix shows a satisfactory increase in money order transactions, as regards both issue and payments; the increase seems due to various minor causes.

APPENDIX E.

The savings bank transactions show a satisfactory increase in deposits and decrease in withdrawals; this is healthy progress. It is not unlikely that good crops in the Punjab (the home of most who serve in Baluchistan) have enabled men to save and bank more than formerly.

APPENDIX F.

The number of articles received daily for delivery at post offices in Baluchistan, calculated according to the result of enumerations taken in February and August is as follows :—

	1897-98.	1898-99.
Quetta head office	2,512	3,039
Sibi " "	423	445
Sub and branch offices	2,250	2,195
TOTAL	5,185	5,679

The increase under the Quetta head office is probably due to an increase in the number of inhabitants.

APPENDIX G.

Calls for no remarks.

Fortunately there were few thefts or losses during the year under review: the only cases to be recorded are mentioned below.

On the evening of the 6th June 1898 the parcel mail despatched from Loralai to Fort Sandeman was robbed at Torkhezai Tungi (Pass) 8 miles beyond Loralai. The camelman conveying the mail (under contract) was seized about 9 P. M. by two men (who, judging from their language, were Khurasani Pathans), who bound him with his own turban, blind-folded him with a cloth, and cut open the bags, decamping with 34 parcels. The next morning (the 7th June) the camelman having managed with difficulty to free himself returned to Loralai and reported the matter to the Police. The contents of nine parcels out of thirty-four were found scattered about and were collected and as far as possible delivered to the addressees. Enquiry was made by the Police, but all efforts to trace the robbers and to recover the stolen parcels have been unavailing.

On the 1st April 1898 a mail bag for the post office at Lindsay station was delivered to the pointsman for the Station Master, but it was mislaid by the pointsman and eventually lost or stolen. The mail was unimportant and consisted merely of a few paid letters for the station staff.

On the night of the 14th February 1899 a sum of Rs. 276 was stolen from the cash chest of the Gulkach post office by a local levy sowar. The matter was reported to the Political authorities by telegram, and owing to prompt measures they found the money upon the sowar from whom they recovered it.

TELEGRAPH.

A season office was opened at Ziarat during the stay there of the Agent to the Governor General, *viz.*, from 20th April 1898 to 30th September 1898.

Four new offices were opened during the year under review, *viz.*, Girdao, Gulkach, Killa Saifulla and Kohlu, and the following offices were open at the close of the year:—

Name of office.	REMARKS.
Departmental Offices.	
Quetta	......
Sibi	......
Combined Offices.	
Barkhan	......
Chaman	......
Duki	......
Fort Sandeman	......
Gambaz	......
Girdao	......
Gulkach	Opened on 20th February 1899.
Harnai	„ on 29th August 1898.
Hindubagh	......
Kalat	......
Killa Saifulla	......
Kohlu	Opened on 20th March 1899.
Loralai	„ on 27th January 1899.
Mastung	......
Mekhtar	......
Miralikhel	......
Moghalkot	......
Murgha	......
Musakhel	......
Pishin	......
Shahrig	......

A telegraph line 21 miles in length was constructed from Miralikhel to Gulkach in August 1898, and also a telegraph line from Hindubagh to Killa Saifulla, 36¾ miles in length, in March 1899.

The telegraphs have worked very satisfactorily during the year.

COLLIERIES.

The working of the Khost mines was continued throughout the year and an output of about 11,179 tons obtained consisting of :—

	Tons.	cwt.	qrs.	lbs.
Screened	6,535	17	2	0
Nut	771	14	0	0
Dust	3,871	8	1	4
TOTAL .	11,178	19	3	4

The contract for pressed fuel operations for the ensuing year has not been renewed for want of pitch, and also to enable the accumulation of old stocks of fuel to be worked off before any new contracts are let.

A few accidents to miners caused through their own neglect were reported during the year, necessitating detention in hospital for periods varying from a fortnight to one month.

No deaths were reported.

RAILWAYS.

Both the Sind-Peshin and Mushkaf-Bolan Railways have been worked regularly throughout the year.

No additions or alterations were made to either line of Railway, and the only event of any importance was the derailment of a mixed train in the Kuchali tunnel on the 23rd January, the cause of which has not been accurately determined. No one was, however, injured.

EDWARD GLENNIE, *Lieut.-Col., R.E.,*

Secy. to the Agent, Governor-General,

Baluchistan, P. W. Dept.

A

Statement showing the number of Post Offices in the Baluchistan Division.

Existing on 31st March 1898.				Opened during 1898-99.				Closed during 1898-99.				Existing on 31st March 1899.				Decrease and Increase.			
Head Offices.	Sub Offices.	Branch Offices.	Total.	Head Offices.	Sub Offices.	Branch Offices.	Total.	Head Offices	Sub Offices.	Branch Offices.	Total.	Head Offices.	Sub Offices.	Branch Offices.	Total.	Head Offices.	Sub Offices	Branch Offices.	Total.
2	10	33	45	...	1	7	8	...	...	4	4	2	11	36	49	...	+1	+3	+4

B

Statement showing the distance over which Mails were conveyed by Railway, Mail Cart, Horses, Camels, Runners, Boats and Steamers during the official year 1898-99, compared with the previous year.

Mode of conveyance.	Names of lines existing on 31st March 1898.			Names of lines existing on 31st March 1899.			Increase.	Decrease.	Remarks.
	From	To	Length in miles.	From	To	Length in miles.			
Railway	Sibi	Bostan	135	Sibi	Bostan	135			*Viâ* Hurnai.
	Nuttal	Chaman	235	Nuttal	Chaman	235			*Viâ* Bolan.
		TOTAL	370		TOTAL	370			
Mail Cart, Horses and Camels	Yaru Karez	Pishin	7	Yaru Karez	Pishin	7			
	Quetta	Kalat	94¼	Quetta	Kalat	94¼			
	Harnai	Loralai	56¼	Harnai	Loralai	56¼			Letter Mail.
	Loralai	Fort Sandeman	94	Loralai	Fort Sandeman	94			Ditto.
	Duki	Gambaz	28	Duki	Gambaz	28			
	Hindubagh	Khanai	46	Hindubagh	Khanai	46			
	Mangi	Ziarat	21	Mangi	Ziarat	21			Season Line.
	Loralai	Mekhtar	49½	Loralai	Mekhtar	49½			
	Mekhtar	Murgha	22	Mekhtar	Murgha	22			
	"	Kingri	33	"	Kingri	33			
	Fort Sandeman	Mir Alikhel	35	Fort Sandeman	Mir Alikhel	35			
	Gul Haiderzai	Hindubagh	73¾	Gul Haiderzai	Hindubagh	73¾			
	Musakhel	Fort Sandeman	58	Musakhel	Fort Sandeman	58			
	Harnai	Loralai	56¼	Harnai	Loralai	56¼			Parcel Mail.
	Mir Alikhel	Moghalkot	14½	Mir Alikhel	Moghalkot	14½			
	Musakhel	Kingri	44	Musakhel	Kingri	44			
	Duki	Sinjawi	21¼	Duki	Sinjawi	21¼			
	Loralai	Fort Sandeman	112½	Loralai	Fort Sandeman	112½			Parcel Mail.
	Mastung	Nushki	70½	Mastung	Nushki	70½			
	Gambaz	Barkhan	57	Gambaz	Barkhan	57			
				Dalbandin	Nuskhi	130	130		New Line.
				Mir Alikhel	Gulkach	28	28		Ditto
		TOTAL	993¾		TOTAL	1,151¾	158		
Runners and Boats	Rindli	Mushkaf	8	Rindli	Mushkaf	8			
		TOTAL	8		TOTAL	8			
		GRAND TOTAL	1,371¾		GRAND TOTAL	1,529¾	158		

2 D 2

C

Statistics of Combined Offices in Baluchistan for the year ending 31st March 1899.

Name of Combined Offices.	Date on which Office opened or transferred from Telegraph Department.	Traffic. Number of messages sent. Inland.	Foreign.	Number of messages received. Inland.	Foreign.	Number of messages in transit. Inland.	Foreign.	Total. Inland.	Foreign.	Revenue. Inland. R	a.	p.	Foreign. R	a.	p.
Barkhan	8th April 1897	487	...	546	...	...	...	1,033	...	479	14	0		......	
Chaman	1st January 1890	2,132	...	2,074	1	...	...	4,206	1	2,054	13	0		......	
Duki	1st April 1896	837	...	958	...	4	...	1,799	...	831	7	0		......	
Fort Sandeman	1st " 1891	5,785	3	5,750	6	6	...	11,541	9	6,598	2	0	50	10	0
Gambaz	25th March (afternoon) 1897	284	...	394	...	...	...	678	...	271	10	0		......	
Girdao	20th February 1899	19	...	13	...	...	...	32	...	16	0	0		......	
Gulkach	29th August (afternoon) 1898	157	...	191	...	...	...	348	...	201	11	0		......	
Harnai	10th April 1893	687	...	949	...	...	...	1,636	...	554	0	0		......	
Hindubagh	5th February 1896	646	...	694	...	...	..	1,310	...	813	3	0		......	
Kalat	2nd July 1884	593	...	981	1	...	...	1,574	1	931	5	0		......	
Killa Saifulla	20th March 1899	17	...	24	...	...	—	41	...	21	13	0		......	
Kohlu	27th January 1899	36	...	42	...	...	...	78	...	32	2	0		......	
Loralai	12th August 1886	3,850	5	3,799	8	4,640	...	12,289	13	4,560	10	0	120	0	0
Mekhtar	12th December 1889	170	...	351	...	400	...	921	...	200	10	0		......	
Mir Alikhel	6th " 1890	468	...	702	...	756	...	1,926	...	607	12	0		......	
Moghalkot	22nd November (afternoon) 1894	217	...	311	...	...	...	528	...	221	14	0		......	
Murgha	1st October 1890	354	...	500	2	1,888	...	2,742	2	315	9	0		......	
Musakhel	25th March 1897	455	...	482	...	...	...	937	...	487	5	0		......	
Mastung	26th " 1898	403	...	565	...	...	...	968	...	661	8	0		......	
Pishin	27th September 1886	1,470	...	1,698	3	...	...	3,168	3	1,410	12	0		......	
Shahrig	8th May 1886	377	...	922	...	...	...	1,299	...	362	13	0		......	
Ziarat	20th June 1890	1,377	2	1,667	...	...	...	3,044	2	1,898	9	0	81	0	0
TOTAL		20,791	10	23,613	21	7,694	...	52,098	31	23,533	6	0	251	10	0

D

Comparative statement showing the Money Order transactions of Post Offices in Baluchistan during 1897-98 and 1898-99.

	Quetta and its sub-offices.					Sibi and its sub-offices.					Total.				
	Issued.			Paid.		Issued.			Paid.		Issued.			Paid.	
	No.	Amount.	Commission.	No.	Amount.	No.	Amount.	Commission.	No.	Amount.	No.	Amount.	Commission.	No.	Amount.
		R a. p.	R a.		R a. p.		R a. p.	R a.		R a. p.		R a. p.	R a.		R a. p.
1897-98 . .	56,435	14,22,024 3 4	17,720 10	9,021	3,90,848 11 7	35,146	9.98,148 11 0	12,055 10	5,050	1,69,184 3 9	91,581	24,20,172 14 4	29,776 4	14,071	5,60,027 15 4
1898-99 . .	58,408	14,08,964 13 1	17,566 10	9,602	4,65,993 9 7	33,584	10,46,061 12 7	12,561 10	5,520	1,84,829 10 9	91,992	24,55,026 9 8	30,128 4	15,122	6,50,823 4 4

E

Statement showing Savings Bank transactions in Quetta and Sibi Head Offices including their Sub-Offices during the years 1897-98 and 1898-99.

Names of Head Offices.	Number of new accounts opened.	Number of accounts closed.	Deposits.		Withdrawals.	
			No.	Amount.	No.	Amount.
				R a. p.		R a. p.
1897-98.						
Quetta	1,009	827	5,300	2,21,215 0 3	3,112	2,06,482 4 9
Sibi	423	251	2,643	1,06,623 1 5	1,171	80,449 6 7
Total	1,432	1,078	7,943	3,27,838 1 8	4,283	2,86,931 11 4
1898-99.						
Quetta	1,231	709	5,811	2,51,957 7 5	3,158	2,04,080 7 4
Sibi	570	183	3,277	1,32,780 13 6	1,143	72,275 12 9
Total	1,801	892	9,088	3,84,738 4 11	4,301	2,76,356 4 1

F

Statement showing the number of articles received for delivery during seven days in August and seven days in February 1898-99 as compared with the number received for delivery during the same periods in 1897-98.

Offices.	Enumeration returns of August 1897 and February 1898.	Enumeration returns of August 1898 and February 1899.	Increase.	Decrease.	Remarks.
Quetta Head Office	35,176	42,551	7,375	...	It is the practice of the Department to estimate the gross annual delivery on the basis of actual figures recorded during the separate weeks in the year.
Sibi Head Office	5,929	6,235	306	...	
Sub and Branch Offices	31,494	30,734	...	760	
Total	72,599	79,520	6,921	760	

G

Statement of Postal buildings borne on the books of the Public Works Department in Baluchistan on 31st March 1899.

Superintendent's Division.	Name of Office.	Actual or approximate value.	Approximate monthly rate.	Date of occupation by the Postal Department.
		R a. p.	R a. p.	
Baluchistan Division	Quetta	30,363 0 0	180 0 0	2nd October 1892.
	Sibi	4,614 0 0	38 3 10	13th April 1880.
	Fort Sandeman	4,706 0 0	33 0 0	9th January 1891.
	Hurnai	707 0 0	6 0 0	1st March 1888.
	Loralai	4,405 0 0	36 0 0	5th May 1888.
	Shahrig	973 0 0	8 0 0	1st October 1884.
	Ziarat	1,292 0 0	7 0 0	September 1890.

H

Statement showing the total length of Road Communications existing in the various Districts of Baluchistan for the year 1898-99.

No.	Name of Roads.	Total length in miles.	Opened during the year.	Average cost per mile. Construction.	Average cost per mile. Maintenance.	Remarks.
				R	R	
	QUETTA DIVISION, MILITARY WORKS.					
	A. I.—Metalled Roads bridged and drained throughout.					
1	Quetta Cantonment Roads . . .	$23\frac{173}{3640}$	...	3,209	468	M.
2	Bolan Road and Bolan Link Road .	$86\frac{1}{4}$	"	24,930	194	M.
3	Siriab-Mastung Road . .	$10\frac{3}{4}$	...	5,161	91	Constructed and maintained by Kalat State.
	A. II.—Roads partially metalled bridged and drained.					
4	Quetta to Kach . . .	$28\frac{3}{4}$	...	8,120	164	C.
5	Kuch to Gurkai . . .	$12\frac{1}{2}$	...	3,000	39	C.
6	Sarantangi to Fuller's Camp .	9	...	4,000	34	M.
7	Link Road, Fuller's Camp . . .	1	...	...	34	M.
	TOTAL METALLED ROADS .	171·54	...	...	...	
	B.—Unmetalled Roads.					
8	Quetta Cantonment	$\frac{225}{328}$	...	380	25	M. Half of this road was metalled in 1896-97.
9	Phayre Road	13	...	...	21	M. 4 ft. Mily. roads in Kuch Sub-Division.
10	Link Road, Kuch	$1\frac{1}{4}$	...	...	21	M. 4 ft. Mily. roads in Kuch Sub-Division.
	TOTAL UNMETALLED ROADS .	14·92	...	...	...	
	C.—Serviceable fair weather and temporary roads.					
11	Quetta to Urak	14	...	...	...	Maintained by Civil Department.
12	Darwaza to Mastung . . .	20	...	100	...	Maintained by Civil Department.
13	Mile 73 Bolan Road to Pringabad .	14	...	800	...	Maintained by Civil Department.
	TOTAL SERVICEABLE FAIR WEATHER AND TEMPORARY ROADS . . .	48	...	...	...	
	D.—Bridle Paths.					
14	Nili and Salawat Passes paths .	7	...	...	21	Foot Paths.
15	Pathway leading from mile 16 Quetta Kach Road to 20th mile . . .	6	...	...	...	Foot Paths.
	TOTAL BRIDLE PATHS .	13	...	...	...	
	GRAND TOTAL QUETTA DIVISION MILITARY WORKS, CLASSES A, B, C, AND D	247·46	...	...	...	

NOTE.—The letters M. and C. against the respective roads indicate that they are maintained from Military and Imperial (Special Revenue) Funds respectively. The figures given as cost of maintenance of road include cost of remetalling but not cost of maintenance of accommodation for travellers.

Statement showing the total length of Road Communications existing in the various Districts of Baluchistan for the year 1898-99—continued.

No.	Name of Roads.	Total length in miles.	Opened during the year.	Average cost per mile. Construction.	Average cost per mile. Maintenance.	Remarks.
				R	R	
	Peshin Division, Military Works.					
	A. I.—Metalled roads, bridged and drained throughout.					
	Nil.					
	A. II.—Roads partially metalled, and bridged and drained.					
1	Quetta to Chaman direct	78	...	12,200	150	C.
2	Quetta to Regi	12	...	8.500	100	M.
3	Karingao Gulistan Argutai Road	58½	...	3,440	50	M. *Viá* Ghazaband and Gwaja pasess.
4	Spanguli to Baleli	2½	...	5.000	100	M.
5	Sher Killa to Baleli Mound	1½	...	8,050	100	M.
6	Baleli to Regi Mound	5	...	8,040	50	M.
7	Said Hamid, Gulistan, Killa Abdulla Road	21¼	...	8,600	50	M.
8	Pishin to Serinan	7¾	...	9,200	50	M.
9	Pishin to Yaru Karez	6⅛	...	7,230	200	C.
10	Gurkhai to Junction Peshin Dera Ghazi Road, section of Sibi Peshin Road	8⅛	...	2,560	50	C.
11	Baleli to Murghi Kotal and Gorge redoubt	4	...	8,130	100	M.
12	Pishin Chinjan, section of Peshin-Dera Ghazi Khan Road	57½	...	3 570	50	M.
13	Zaur Kaur to Khanai Gorge	4½	...	4,312	50	M.
14	Gun Road Juniper Kotal	1¼	...	2,400	50	M.
	Total Metalled Roads	268¾	...	...	...	
	B.—Unmetalled Roads.					
15	Khanai to Moorgha, section of Khanai Hindubagh Road	30½	...	3,570	50	C.
16	Kuchlak to Gurkhai	19	...	...	50	C.
17	Quetta to Murghi Kotal	8	...	150	100	M.
18	Brahmani Kotal Road	½	...	...	...	
	Total Unmetalled Roads	58	...	...	...	
	C.—Serviceable fair weather and temporary roads.					
19	Pishin to Khushdil Khan Bund	8½	...	50	50	C.
	Total serviceable fair weather and temporary roads	8½	...	...	...	
	D.—Bridle Paths.					
20	Mushalak Hill roads	10	...	3,700	20	M. (Defences.)
21	Murghi Hill roads	20	...	600	20	M. "
22	Said Hamid Defence roads	6	...	...	20	M. "
23	Gwaja to Khojak Crest road	39	...	1,101	20	M.
24	Psha Pass road	8	...	1,740	20	C.
25	Chaman to Bogra Pass	12	...	...	20	C.
26	Chiltan Hill roads	12	...	832	20	M. (Defenses.)
	Total Bridle Paths	107	...	...	...	
	Grand Total Peshin Division, Classes A, B, C, and D	441¼	...	...	...	

Statement showing the total length of road communications existing in the various Districts of Baluchistan for the year 1898-99—continued.

No.	Name of Roads.	Total length in miles.	Opened during the year.	Average cost per mile. Construction.	Average cost per mile. Maintenance.	Remarks.
				R	R	
	ZHOB DIVISION, MILITARY WORKS.					
	A. I.—Metalled roads, bridged and drained throughout.					
	Nil.					
	A. II.—Roads partially metalled, bridged and drained.					
	Nil.					
	B.—Unmetalled Roads.					
1	Murgha (Kibzai) to Kajuri Kach section of Murgha Gomal Road	124	...	2,344	17	C.
2	Fort Sandeman to Hindubagh	129	...	694	38	C.
3	Murgha (Mektarzai) to Hindubagh, section of Khanai-Hindubagh Road	14½	...	3,570		
4	Killa Saifulla to Shina Kora Chord Road	20	20	106	...	
5	Kapip to Warm Spring Chorkhel Dhana	39	...	3,975	15	C. The road branches off from the Fort Sandeman Murgha Road at about 8½ miles from Fort Sandeman.
	TOTAL UNMETALLED ROADS	326½	20	...	...	
	C.—Serviceable fair weather and temporary roads.					
	Nil.					
	D.—Bridle Paths.					
6	Hindubagh to Rod Valley	28	28	190	...	
7	Kapip to Musa Khel	50	50	63	...	
	TOTAL BRIDLE PATHS	78	78	...	...	
	GRAND TOTAL ZHOB DIVISION, CLASSES A, B, C, AND D	404½	98	...	...	
	LORALAI DIVISION, MILITARY WORKS.					
	A. I.—Metalled roads, bridged and drained throughout.					
1	Loralai Cantonment Roads	3	...	3,800	476	M.
	A. II.—Roads partially metalled, bridged and drained.					
2	Harnai to Loralai	56¼	...	10,600	289	M.
3	Spira Ragha-Rukhni section of Peshin Dera Ghazi Khan Road	178	...	3.570	47	M.
4	Kach to Ziarat	32½	...	2,152	110	C.
5	Sinjavi to Duki	20½	...	1,079	18	
	TOTAL METALLED ROADS	289¼	...	...	...	
	B.—Unmetalled Roads.					
6	Loralai Murgha section of Loralai Fort Sandeman road	45½	...	...	19	C. This road starts from mile 169 Peshin Dera Ghazi Khan road.
	TOTAL UNMETALLED ROADS	45½	...	...	...	

Statement showing the total length of road communications existing in the various Districts of Baluchistan for the year 1898-99—concluded.

No.	Name of Roads.	Total length in miles.	Opened during the year.	Average cost per mile. Construction.	Average cost per mile. Maintenance.	Remarks.
				R	R	
	Loralai Division, Military Works—*contd.*					
	C.—Serviceable fair weather and temporary roads.					
7	Kingri Khan Mohamed Kot	18	...	3,570	6	C.
8	Sibi to Kach	115¾	...	...	30	C.
9	Loralai to Gumbaz	48¼	...	...	23	C.
10	Sibi to Mull	14	...	...	53	C.
11	Sibi to Rindli	16½	...	...	49	C.
12	Sibi to Thullee	16	...	...	50	C.
13	Mekhtar to Murgha	20	...	...	12	C.
	Total serviceable fair weather and temporary roads	248½	...	...	...	
	D.—Bridle Paths.					
14	Mangi to Ziarat	21	...	178	66	C.
15	Zandra to Spira Ragha	16	...	25	15	C. 12 miles widened and
16	Khwas to Spira Ragha	13	...	...	5	C. partially bridged
17	Smallan to Ziarat	40¼	...	355	32	C. and drained, 96—98.
18	Gumbaz to Baladhaka	34	...	...	32	C } Native tracks re-
19	Baladhaka to Rakhni	50	...	...	10	C } paired.
20	Spintangi to Duki	55½	...	...	15	C.
21	Haber Kach to Gati Bridge	73¼	...	...	11	
22	Gumbaz to Kohlu	31	...	...	34	C. } Native tracts cleared and im-
23	Kohlu to Barkhan	22	...	...	9	C. } proved.
24	Barkhan to Vitakri	21	...	...	...	
25	Paza to Daberkot	14¼	...	...	...	
	Total Bridle Paths	391¼	...	...	...	
	Grand Total Loralai Division, Classes A, B, C, and D	941¾	...	...	...	

Abstract.

Division.	A.—Metalled Roads.	B.—Unmetalled Roads.	C.—Serviceable fairweather and temporary.	D.—Bridle paths.	Grand total, classes A, B, C, and D.	Opened during the year under review.
	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.
Quetta	171·54	14·92	48	13	247·46	...
Pishin	268·75	58·8	8·50	107	442·25	...
Zhob	...	326·50	...	78	404·50	98
Loralai	289·50	45·50	248·50	391·25	974·75	...
Grand Total British Baluchistan	729·79	444·92	305	589·25	2,068·96	98

Quetta;
The 10th May 1899.

EDWARD GLENNIE, *Lieut.-Col., R.E.,*
Secretary to Agent, Governor-General, Baluchistan, P. W. D.

APPENDIX IX.

Progress Report of Forest Administration in Baluchistan for 1897-98.

CHAPTER I.

EXTENSION AND CONSTITUTION OF STATE FORESTS.

I.—ALTERATION OF AREA.

1. The area stands at 170 square miles, no alterations having been effected.

2. Regarding the proposals 1 to 7 mentioned in para. 15 of last year's report, the following is the result:—

No. 1.—Areas of Batsirgi, Kumak and Gairgi.

3. The late Colonel Gaisford, Political Agent, had arranged to take up the whole question again and to visit the areas in company with the Deputy Conservator of Forests and the headman of the tribes concerned, but owing to his unfortunate decease the matter was not taken up.

No. 2.—Areas of Kachhotan and Kachraisan.

4. In consequence of a report received from the Extra Assistant Commissioner of Sibi the Political Agent decided that, under the circumstances explained, it would not be advisable to reserve the forests.

Nos. 3 and 4.—Areas of Taju Khurtur and Kup Mazar.

5. The matter was represented to the Agent to the Governor General by the Political Agent of Thal Chotiali, who decided that the question of reservation should be postponed until the Agent to the Governor General was able to visit the places himself, which was not done during the year under report.

6. No. 5.—*Vide* para. 18 of last year's report.

Nos. 6 and 7.—Areas of Mazar and a further portion of Central Zarghun.

7. It has been decided to create the areas, aggregating 3,149 acres, State forests under the following conditions:—

(*a*) Residents of Hannah to be allowed to cut and collect dead wood for their personal use for building purposes and for sale, subject to the existing royalties.

(*b*) To graze their flocks to a number to be communicated hereafter.

(*c*) To be allowed the use of a road which runs through the reserved area to Mazar.

This decision was only communicated to the Deputy Conservator of Forests after the close of the year. The areas will be duly notified as reserves during the current year.

8. With regard to Anambar-Gadibar forests, referred to in para. 19 of last year's report, it is quite decided to reserve the area, and the notification would have been published during the year under report, but for a difference of opinion between the Deputy Conservator of Forests and the Political Agent, which arose regarding the boundary separating the Zhob portion from that of Thal Chotiali.

9. The matter was referred to the Political Agents, Zhob and Thal Chotiali, by the Revenue Commissioner, yet the matter remained unsettled during the year.

II.—FOREST SETTLEMENT.

10. The zamindars of Bakhra Shahar Khan have been permitted to clear the ground to a width of five feet on either side of their water channel which passes through the Bakhra State forest in the Sibi Range, on the understanding that all timber cut by the zamindars within the area be handed over to the Forest Department.

III.—DEMARCATION.

11. *Quetta Range.*—In the Gwal State forest 62 stone pillars were repaired by the establishment.

12. In the Dhobi Ghat plantation 484 running feet of mud wall was rebuilt by the same agency.

13. *Sibi Range.*—In the Bakhra State forest 7,755 feet of boundary trench was destroyed by a flood of the Nari river, and also 13 of the boundary pillars marking the line of trench. After the flood had subsided, the whole of the boundary and pillars were reconstructed by the Forest establishment free of cost.

14. The remaining boundary pillars were inspected and found intact.

15. *Ziarat Range.*—One hundred and fifty-eight boundary pillars were repaired by the Forest establishment as follows :—

In the Zargat State forest	7
" Shaidan State forest	3
" Gohar State forest	5
" Kurbi Kach State forest	11
" Chauter State forest	4
" Wam Tangi State forest	47
" Pil State forest	12
" Tor Shor State forest	30
" Kachmangi State forest	20
" Surghund State forest	17
" Wam Kach State forest	2
TOTAL	158

IV.—SURVEYS.

16. Nothing was done under this head departmentally, but the village forests, contiguous with the State forests of Bakhra, Dahpal, Gulu Shahr and Abdul Kheli, were surveyed at the suggestion of the Deputy Conservator of Forests, under the orders of the Revenue Commissioner, to enable a decision to be arrived at as to whether it was necessary to extend the right of the villagers to building timber from the State forests. The case is still under consideration.

CHAPTER II.

MANAGEMENT OF STATE FORESTS.

I.—REGULATION OF MANAGEMENT.

(a) WORKING PLANS.

17. Nothing is as yet necessary under this head.

(b) ANNUAL PLAN OF OPERATIONS.

18. The plan was adhered to.

II.—WORKING OF THE YEAR.

(a) COMMUNICATIONS AND BUILDINGS.

19. *Quetta Range.*—One thousand nine hundred and eighty feet of new 6-feet broad inspection paths were constructed in the new extension of the Zangi Lora plantation, and 1,542 feet of old paths were repaired and cleared in Zangi Lora, Dhobi Ghat and cantonment nursery by the Forest establishment free of cost.

20. The Quetta depôt hut was repaired at a cost of R18-13.

The royalty huts at Chaman and Pishin were repaired at a cost of R4-1-6 and R3, respectively.

21. The Shal Tanji chowki was whitewashed at a cost of six annas.

22. *Ziarat Range.*—The roads in this range remained in good order and no repairs were necessary.

23. The Forest house at Ziarat was whitewashed and repaired at a cost of R8-10, and the Deputy Ranger's quarters at Shahrig were repaired at a cost of R14-6-5.

24. *Sibi Range.*—No repairs to roads were necessary.

The rest-house at Sibi was repaired and whitewashed at a cost of R31-0-1.

A large beam in one of the out houses having given way, it became necessary to remove the entire roof, hence the extra outlay.

25. The Deputy Ranger's quarters at Sibi were repaired at a cost of R17-5-3, and the Forest Guard's hut at Thalli for R6-4.

(*b*) Protection from injury.

(*1*) *General protection and breaches of Forest law.*

26. As usual, only petty offences were committed during the year, with the exception of one case, in which thieves carried off the cash chest of the Deputy Ranger of Sibi containing R16-3-10, and the total number is 177, against 280 last year.

27. There were 12 cases of cutting green wood of the reserved trees, against only four cases last year.

The usual punishment inflicted by the Courts for these offences is a small fine of from four to eight annas, which is considered insufficient to act as a deterrent. The Political Agent's attention was drawn to the matter, and it is hoped that in future the punishments will be more commensurable with the gravity of the offence.

28. Of the 42 cases settled by the Courts, only 29 resulted in convictions and punishment of the offenders.

29. In nine cases only the accused were acquitted for want of sufficient proof, and four were pending at the close of the year.

30. The Deputy Conservator of Forests disposed of 37 cases by composition for an aggregate sum of R10, and one case remained pending at close of the year. There were 105 cases of impounding cattle, against 183 last year.

31. In addition to the above, nine cases occurred in which the offenders were not detected. Of these, three were of firing single roadside trees, two of cutting green wood of reserved trees, one of c tting a load of fuel without a permit, one of theft of the Sibi Range cash chest, one of theft of a rail post from the Dhobi Ghat plantation and one of petty theft from the Quetta timber depôt.

32 The following table gives a classification of the new cases of the year under the various heads of offence :—

Range.	Cases taken into Court.				Compounded Cases.				Undetected Cases.				Total of each class of offence.				Grand Total of cases.
	Injury to forest by fire.	Unauthorised felling or appropriation of wood and minor forest produce.	Grazing without permission or in tracts in which grazing is prohibited.	Other offences.	Injury to forest by fire.	Unauthorised felling or appropriation of wood and minor forest produce.	Grazing without permission or in tracts in which grazing is prohibited.	Other offences.	Injury to forest by fire.	Unauthorised felling or appropriation of wood and minor forest produce.	Grazing without permission or in tracts in which grazing is prohibited.	Other offences.	Injury to forest by fire.	Unauthorized felling or appropriation of wood and minor forest produce.	Grazing without permission or in tracts in which grazing is prohibited.	Other offences.	
Sibi . . .	...	2	4	...	...	...	54	...	...	1	...	1	...	3	58	1	62
Ziarat . . .	1	1	4	2	...	...	47	1	2	...	...	...	3	1	51	3	58
Quetta . . .	1	18	...	2	...	35	4	1	1	2	...	2	2	55	4	5	66
Total .	2	21	8	4	...	35	105	2	3	3	...	3	5	59	113	9	186

N.B.—By an oversight cases of impounding cattle were omitted in last year's return.

(2) Protection from fire.

33. Only seven petty cases occurred during the year—four in State and three in Unclassed forests as detailed below :—

34. In the Quetta Range there were two cases in Unclassed foressts of Shalldora and Mazar—in each only single trees were fired.

In the former case the offender was taken before the Magistrate and fined R1, and in the latter the offender was not detected.

35. In the Ziarat Range there were five cases, two of which were caused by lightning, whereby 12 trees were destroyed in the State forests of Torshor and Shaidan.

Two cases, in which single roadside trees only were injured, happened in the State Forest of Kurbi-Kach, due to carelessness of travellers, offenders not being detected.

Another case occurred in the Unclassed forest of Khushnob, in which nine offenders were implicated. Ten juniper and three *Prunus aburnea* (zirg) trees were damaged. The offenders were each fined by the Court.

36. The following tabular statement shows the offences by fire :—

Range.	Details of cases of offences by fire.						Remarks.
	Serial number of fire.	Acres burnt.	Character of offence (whether by carelessness	Acquittal.	Section of law under which convicted.	Amount of punishment.	
Ziarat	1	...	Carelessness	...	...	...	In addition to these 3 cases, 2 more cases of fire occurred by lightning.
	2	...	Do.	...		...	
	3	...	Do.	...	Section 8 of the British Baluchistan Forest Regulation.	Fined R9	
Quetta	4	...	Do.	...	Do.	Fined R1	
	5	...	Do.	...	...	...	
TOTAL	5	...	...	...	...	Fined R10	

37. The following statement shows the causes of the fires which occurred during 1897-98 :—

Range.	(A) Fires caused by accident or through carelessness in burning fire lines.		(B) Fires entering the forests by crossing exterior fire-traces.		(C) Fires beginning inside the reserve or fire-traced area. Owing to carelessness or accident. By workmen employed in the forests, by purchasers of forest produce and by yah-cutters.		By villagers, travellers, etc., passing through the forest.		By railway engines.		By lightning, or by fire balloons.		By intentionaly firing. In order to obtain new grass.		In order to turn out game, or to reduce cover.		Maliciously fired.		Total.		Causes unknown.		Total A, B and C.	
	No. of fires.	Area burnt, in acres.	No. of fires.	Area burnt, in acres.	No. of fires.	Area burnt, in acres.	No. of fires.	Area burnt, in acres.	No. of fires.	Area burnt, in acres.	No. of fires.	Area burnt, in acres.	No. of fires.	Area burnt, in acres.	No. of fires.	Area burnt, in acres.	No. of fires.	Area burnt, in acres.	No. of fires.	Area burnt, in acres.	No. of fires.	Area burnt, in acres.	No. of fires.	Area burnt, in acres.
Ziarat	..	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	5	...
Quetta		...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	2	...
TOTAL	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	7	...

(3) *Regulation of grazing and protection from cattle.*

38. Out of the whole area of State forests (170 square miles), nine square miles, against ten square miles last year, were open to grazing of cows and buffalos only on payment of the usual fees in the Sibi Range, the decrease of one square mile being due to closing of the Gulu Shahr State forest.

39. The two square miles in the Popalzai State forest, which is the only area open to grazing by fees in the Quetta Range, were open as usual.

40. There has been considerable falling off in the grazing fees, amounting in all to R475.

In the Queta Range (Popalzai) the decrease amounted to R98, and in the Sibi Range to R377.

41. The former was due to an unusually light rainfall of 4·83 inches, against 9·89 inches last year, and in consequence the cattle were taken to the unclassed areas in the hills in search of better pasture.

42. The cause of the large falling off in the Sibi Range is due to very heavy mortality among the cattle in the district during the months of July and August 1897 from a disease called locally "Sarao."

43. In addition to the above, 43 square miles were open for the whole year to the grazing of right-holders' cattle, the number of which stands the same as last year, *viz.*, 17,628, of which 16,652 were sheep and goats.

44. The estimated value of the grazing fees mentioned in the above paragraph therefore remains the same as last year, R9,891.

45. The number of animals impounded during the year for illicit grazing in closed forests is shown in a comparative form in the following statement :—

Range.	1896-97.	1897-98.
Quetta	1,453	68
Ziarat	1,540	1,429
Sibi	1,129	703
Total	4,122	2,200

The falling off in the Quetta and Sibi Ranges is considerable, due, chiefly as regards Quetta, to the abandonment of the Shibu reserve, which had its own forest-pound.

Of the number of cattle impounded last year (1,453), 869 were sent to this pound from the Shibu Reserve.

46. In the Sibi Range the decrease is due partly to more vigilance on the part of the Forest establishment and also to the action of the Political Agent of Thal Chotiali (*vide* paragraph 53 of last year's report). Several cases were instituted against the habitual offenders and severe punishment inflicted by the Courts, which seems to have had a most salutary effect.

(c) Improvement of Forest growth.

(1) *Natural reproduction.*

47. This subject was dealt with at considerable length in last year's report (paragraphs 54 to 72), and there is little to add this year.

48. Reproduction in Baluchistan is very slow, but careful inspection of the State Forests shows that there is steady progress, especially in the case of the vast number of pollarded ash trees, which have now developed good crowns and have seeded profusely, entirely due to careful protection.

49. The coppicing of the stools of *Tamarix* in the Popalzai forest (paragraph 84) of those of the willow in Dhobi Ghat plantation (paragraph 84), and also of those referred to in paragraph 72 of last year's report, is most satisfactory.

(2) *Artificial Reproduction.*

50. *Quetta Plantations of Zangi Lora.*—In the area of 2½ acres new extension undertaken this year the following work was done by the Forest establishment without the employment of any paid labour :—

Holes for plants.	New bridges.	New trenches and water-channels.	New roads, 6′ broad.	Ground prepared for nurseries.	Old roads repaired.	Old trenches cleared and repaired.	Beds weeded.
3,052	20	12,349 running ft.	1,980	4,800 sq. ft.	1,542 running ft.	8,631 running ft.	1,446 sq. ft.

51. The following statement shows the plants and cuttings put down during the year :—

Name of plant or cutting.	Number put down.	Alive on 30th June 1898.	Remarks.
Mulberry	2,918	1,500	Local nursery.
Ash	29	29	Do.
Walnut	21	21	Do.
Pistas	6	3	Do.
Robinia	55	40	Cantonment nursery. Local plants not ready for planting.
Total	3,029	1,593	50 per cent. success.
Cuttings.			
Willow	2,750	1,220	Local nursery.
Elæagnus	2,500	400	Do.
Tamarix gallica	* 9,385	1,270†	* Local 4,355. Popalzai 5,030. † This does not represent the entire success, as a large number of cuttings sprouted after the close of the year, and with 3,713 now alive the area is sufficiently stocked.
Total	14,635	2,890	

52. It will be observed that about 50 per cent. of plants succeeded, and only 20 per cent. of the cuttings ; but progress must now necessarily be less successful the further the planting area lies from the water-supply.

53. Another reason is that the soil is decidedly inferior to the portion near the artesian well and contains much kullar (saltpetre) soil, and until the existing plants of *Tamarix* and *Robinia*, and in some places lucerne, have to some extent absorbed the deleterious salts, complete success cannot be expected.

54. The area will have to be repaired next season, and all existing blanks stocked and no new extension undertaken for the present.

Seeds sown.

55. Six pounds *Robinia pseudo-acacia* and ½ lb. *Rhododendron.*

Nurseries of the above were sown and seeds were also put in along water channels.

56. The *Rhododendron* (from Kulu) failed to germinate, but the *Robinia* was fairly successful, that sown in flat beds doing far better than that on ridges.

57. It will take some time before the young plants are large enough to be planted out, but as nurseries have been established in three different localities (Zangi Lora, Dhobi Ghat and Cantonment garden), a large number of young seedlings will eventually be available. Seed was also supplied to the Residency gardens, both at Quetta and Ziarat, also to various other officials.

58. The plants put out last year, as detailed in paragraph 75 of last year's report, are doing remarkably well, and out of the total of 3,843 alive on the 30th June 1897, 3,730 were found in good condition at the close of the year under report, the chief mortality being of khanjak (*pistaceo*).

59. Of the 3,040 cuttings alive on the 30th June 1897 (paragraph 78 of last year's report), 2,640 were found at the close of the year; 400 had died chiefly of *Elæagnus Tamarix*.

60. As regards the sinking of another artesian well, mentioned in paragraphs 76 and 80 of last year's report, the Deputy Conservator of Forests did not consider it advisable to undergo the expense as well as risk of failure, as every endeavour is being made to more equally balance the receipts and expenditure of the Quetta plantations.

61. A cheaper arrangement was devised to prevent the waste of water by absorption by the soil by laying down galvanised iron sheet troughs in the existing water channels.

Waste strips of this material were purchased from the Railway Department at the cheap rate of R25 per ton.

62. *Dhobi Ghat Plantation.*—This area, as before reported, is fairly well stocked throughout, and only certain portions required slight repairs.

63. The following work was done by the Forest establishment, no paid labour being employed:—

Ground prepared for nurseries.	Irrigation trenches cleared.	Beds weeded.	Holes for plants.	Poplars planted.	Chinar cuttings.	Poplar cuttings.	REMARKS.
s. ft.	r. ft.	s. ft.					
2,307	11,406	1,414	200	200	390	750	

64. Of the above, 160 poplars were doing well at the close of the year, but the cuttings nearly all failed, due to excessive shade and moisture. Half a pound each of *Robinia* and *rhododendron* seed was sown in nurseries—the latter entirely failed, and the excessive moisture of the soil, the whole area being very swampy, is expected to have destroyed the former.

65. The expenditure of the Zangi Lora and Dhobi Ghat plantations was R32, against R520 last year, the difference being due to the former temporary establishment being made permanent and consequently chargeable to Head B instead of A. VIII e. The revenue was R1,156, against R376 last year.

66. The following statement compares the revenue and expenditure of the Zangi Lora and Dhobi Ghat plantations during the last three years:—

	1895-96.	1896-97.	1897-98.
	R	R	R
Revenue	178	376	1,156
Expenditure	669	502	32

67. *Cantonment Nursery.*—The following work was done by the Forest establishment free of cost:—

Trees planted.	Cuttings.	Trees grafted.	Seed sown.	Irrigation trenches cleared.	Ground prepared for nurseries.	REMARKS.
800 poplars of best kind (green bark).	370 chinar .	20 cherry .	10 lbs. peach .			
	2,294 poplars .	20 peach .	1 lb. robinia .			
		16 apple .	1½ lbs. rhododendron.	3,980 r. ft.	5,383 s. ft.	
		8 pear .				
		8 plum .				
		23 mulberry .				
TOTAL 800	2,664	95	12½ lbs.	3,980 r. ft.	5,383 s. ft.	

The trees and cuttings have not done well, entirely due to an insufficient supply of water by the Cantonment Committee.

68. Formerly this nursery (three acres) received an amply supply, whereby not only the nurseries and experimental plants, but the large number of existing good fruit trees, could be fully watered, on which the maximum bearing power of the latter was maintained.

69. During the year under report the supply was absolutely inadequate, which not only affected the success of the planting operations, but considerably reduced the sale value of the fruit and rose flowers.

70. The supply allowed by the Cantonment Committee was 24 hours per week, with which it was only found possible to water the whole area in a spasmodic manner once in three months.

71. This fact is brought to notice with reference to paragraph 23 of the Local Government's Resolution on the Forest Administration Report for the year 1895-96.

72. The young rhita trees (*Sapindas-detergens*), mentioned in paragraph 87 of last year's report, were unfortunately all killed off by the frosts, and therefore further trials were discontinued.

73. The *Rhododendron* seed from Kulu failed entirely; that of *Robinia* germinated fairly well—quite sufficient to raise a considerable number of plants for Zangi Lora and supply to the Cantonment Committee and residents. The results would have been better had more water been available. The peach stones are expected to germinate next season.

74. The following trees were issued free to the Cantonment Committee in lieu of water supplied:—

Mulberry	2,000
Poplar	1,000

75. The sales from the nursery realised R25-5 on trees supplied to residents and R66-8 for the fruit and rose flowers.

Cultural Operation in Forests.

76. Very little seed of indigenous hard wood trees could be collected owing to the destruction caused by locusts. Still something was done, as follows:—

Ziarat Range.—One hundred and seventy-six pounds juniper, 80 lbs. of shisham, 16 lbs. of ash and 4 lbs. of ghaisen were sown in the State forests.

Quetta Range.—Twenty pounds of ash zirg (*Prunus eburnea*) and makhie (*Caragana*) were sown in the north and central Zarghun State forests.

Sibi Range.—Eighty pounds of kikar and 80 lbs. of jhand were sown broad-cast in experimental ploughed area ($1\frac{1}{2}$ acres) in the Gulu Shahr and Dahpal State forests.

77. The seed sown in the hill forests of Quetta and Ziarat Ranges germinated fairly well in places, but the large swarms of locusts that visited all the forests during the summer did so much damage that hardly any trace of seedlings could be observed.

These sowings will be annually carried out, which must in course of time succeed.

78. In the Sibi State forests there are many large level blanks which appear most suitable for the production of kikar and jhand, as the existing forests are largely composed of these trees, and endeavours are being made to plant up small ploughed areas with broadcast sowings.

79. During the year under report operations were carried over in the Gulu Shahr and Dahpal State forests with 160 lbs. of seed, but the results were very poor. Still little by little it is hoped progress will be made.

80. If the small areas succeed, then operations on a larger scale will be annually undertaken.

81. In the Punjab it is frost that retards young kikar, in Sibi it is the extreme heat from March to July, as no water is available and we have to depend entirely on the rainfall which is in most years deficient.

(3) Experiments.

82. Areas for experiments with Spanish chestnut have been selected at Chaman (4,500 feet) and Mach (3,500 feet), in compliance with the suggestion of the Inspector-General of Forests, contained in his letter No. 465, dated 11th May 1898.

83. Two hundred and fifty young seedlings have been indented for from the Naini Tal Division.

The trees and cuttings have not done well, entirely due to an insufficient supply of water by the Cantonment Committee.

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69. During the year under report the supply was absolutely inadequate, which not only affected the success of the planting operations, but considerably reduced the sale value of the fruit and rose flowers.

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These sowings will be annually carried out, which must in course of time succeed.

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80. If the small areas succeed, then operations on a larger scale will be annually undertaken.

81. In the Punjab it is frost that retards young kikar, in Sibi it is the extreme heat from March to July, as no water is available and we have to depend entirely on the rainfall which is in most years deficient.

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82. Areas for experiments with Spanish chestnut have been selected at Chaman (4,500 feet) and Mach (3,500 feet), in compliance with the suggestion of the Inspector-General of Forests, contained in his letter No. 465, dated 11th May 1898.

83. Two hundred and fifty young seedlings have been indented for from the Naini Tal Division.

(*d*) EXPLOITATION OF MAJOR PRODUCE.

UNREGULATED FELLINGS.

State Forests.

84. *Timber.*—As usual, very little demand for timber of the country exists, and therefore only 745 willow and poplar poles were exploited for the Quetta sale depôt from the plantations of Dhobi Ghat and Cantonment nursery by Government agency.

Standing juniper trees were sold to the Military Works at Ziarat for local buildings, and 5,300 *Tamarix* poles from the Popalzai State forest and 190 *Tamarix*, karil and pilu poles from the Sibi State forests were removed by the purchasers—in all amounting to 7,046 cubic feet, against 270 cubic feet last year.

85. *Firewood.*—Ten thousand and sixty-one cubic feet were exploited from various forests, composed entirely of dry and fallen trees.

Unclassed Forests.

86. *Timber.*—Five hundred small juniper poles (95 cubic feet), suitable for native buildings, were brought to the Quetta sale depôt, and 3,908 juniper and olive poles (2,833 cubic feet) were removed by purchasers on the permit system.

87. Nine hundred and fifty juniper poles (2,090 cubic feet) were granted free to the people of the country under Rule VI of the rules framed by the Agent to the Governor General under section 12 of the British Baluchistan Forest Regulation and Baluchistan Agency Forest Law.

88. *Firewood.*—Two thousand six hundred and sixty-three cubic feet were brought to the Quetta and Sibi sale depôts, and 3,52,749 cubic feet of dry fuel were brought in by wood-cutters on the royalty fee system.

(*e*) EXTRACTION AND TRANSPORT OF MAJOR PRODUCE.

State Forests.

89. The only method of transportation in Baluchistan is by camels, mules and donkeys.

Timber.—None was extracted.

Firewood.—The average cost to the Quetta and Sibi sale depôts came to As. 5-3 and As. 2 per maund, respectively.

Unclassed Forests.

90. *Timber.*—The cost of transport to the Quetta sale depôt averaged As. 4-3 per cubic foot.

Firewood.—Cost As. 6-4 per maund.

Kalat Territory Fuel.

91. The following statement shows, in a comparative form, the imports into Quetta :—

	1896-97.	1897-98.	REMARKS.
	Mds.	Mds.	
By rail	*Nil*	10,389	
By road	17,172	20,484	

(*f*) EXPLOITATION OF MINOR FOREST PRODUCE.

(*1*) *Extraction of Fodder.*

States Forests.

92. One hundred and fifty-three maunds of green grass was extracted from State forests in the Sibi Range, 520 maunds from the Ziarat Range, and six maunds from the Quetta Range.

93. The grass-cutting lease of the Dhobi Ghat plantation realised R175, against R100 last year.

(2) *Grazing.*

94. The rates for grazing in the circle remained unaltered. Sheep and goats were permitted to graze in the Popalzai State forest for part of the year at the usual rate of one anna per head per mensem.

95. An area in the Zangi Lora plantation was leased to grazing, and the cattle of right-holders grazed in the areas allotted for the purpose.

(3) *Miscellaneous.*

State Forests.

96. The fruit and rose flowers (for manufacture of rose water) in the plantations of Zangi Lora and Cantonment nursery were disposed of, also the fruit of *Salvadora oleoides* (pilu) was removed by purchasers from the Sibi State forests.

97. Tree plants were also sold from the Dhobi Ghat plantation and Cantonment nursery.

Unclassed Forests.

98. Juniper bark was given free to the villagers.

CHAPTER III.

GROSS YIELD AND OUTTURN OF FOREST PRODUCE.

STATE FORESTS.

99. *Timber.*—The total quantity of timber exploited during the year amounted to 7,046 cubic feet, of which 1,075 cubic feet were removed by Government agency and 5,971 cubic feet by purchasers, as against 271 cubic feet in 1896-97, of which 156 cubic feet were removed by purchasers.

Only 1 cubic foot was used departmentally, against 166 cubic feet last year.

100. *Firewood.*—The firewood exploited during the year was 10,061 cubic feet, against 4,097 cubic feet last year :—

Government agency removed	7,991 cubic feet.
Purchasers	2,070 " "
TOTAL .	10,061

101. *Fodder.*—The following is the outturn during the year :—

By Government agency	*Nil ;*
" Purchasers	679 maunds ;

realising R40.

In addition to the above, a grass-cutting lease in the Dhobi Ghat plantation realised R175, against R100 last year.

102. *Pasture.*—A sum of R267 was realised for cattle-pasture by permits in an area of 7,653 acres, against R742 in an area of 7,378 acres last year.

103. In addition to the above, the area of Zangi Lora plantation (30 acres), outside that under cultural operations, was leased for R160 against R200 last year.

Altogether on pasture R475 were realised less than last year for reasons already explained.

104. The estimated value of pasture consumed by the cattle of right-holders is R9,891, the same as last year.

105. *Miscellaneous.*—

	R
Fruit and flowers realised	104
Tree plants	363
Snow	23
Alkali	15
Palm leaves	37
Making a total of .	542

against R110 last year.

The following statement compares the revenue under this head during the past three years:—

	1895-96.	1896-97.	1897-98.
	R	R	R
Miscellaneous Produce	109	110	542

In addition to the above, 3,000 tree plants were given free to the Cantonment Committee to the value of R187.

UNCLASSED FORESTS.

106. *Timber.*—The quantity extracted during the year amounted to 5,018 cubic feet, against 1,365 cubic feet last year—

	1897-98.	1896-97.
By Government agency	95	*Nil*
" Purchasers	2,833	1,318
" Free grants	2,090	47
TOTAL .	5,018	1,365

Firewood.—

	1897.	1898.
By Government Agency for Depôts	2,663	1,026
" Wood-cutters	3,52,749	3,86,614
TOTAL	3,55,412	3,87,640

107. The royalty fees amounted to R9,119, against R10,576 last year.

108. The quantity of juniper bark granted free to the people is estimated at 60 maunds, valued at R3, against 442 maunds, valued at R18 last year.

109. The following statement shows the value of forest produce removed under rights or granted free or at reduced rates during 1897-98:—

	Timber.		Fuel.		Bamboos.		Minor Produce.	Grazing.	Total Value.
	C. ft.	Value.	C. ft.	Value.	C. ft.	Value.	Value.	Value.	
State Forests—		R		R		R	R	R	
Right-holders . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9,891	9,891
Free grants . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	187	...	187
Unclassed Forests—									
Right-holders . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Free grants . .	2,090	381	...	...	...	...	3	...	384
TOTAL . .	2,090	381	...	...	...	...	190	9,891	10,462

CHAPTER IV.

FINANCIAL RESULTS.

110. The following statement compares the revenue and expenditure of the year with that of last year:—

Year.	Revenue.	Expenditure. A.	Expenditure. B.	Total.	Deficit.
	R	R	R	R	R
1896-97 . .	15,942	3,795	24,683	28,478	12,536
1897-98 . .	14,449	2,066	26,468	28,534	14,085

Difference against 1897-98—R1,549.

111. This increase in the deficit is partly due to the unexpected expenditure of R700 famine allowance, and the remainder to the falling off of royalty fees on fuel brought by wood-cutters from the unclassed forests, which must, in future, be expected owing to the available stock of dead wood being less and further off year by year.

REVENUE.

112. *Under R. I.*—A decrease of R1,358, due partly to less sale of firewood from sale depôts and partly to no sale of produce under R. I (*e*) from the abandoned Shibu plantation.

Under R. II.—An increase of R633, due to sale of a large number of *Tamarix* poles from the Popalzai State forest and also to larger sales of tree plants from plantations.

Under R. IV.—A decrease of R1,457, due to less import of firewood from the unclassed forests.

Under R. V.—An increase of R694, due to larger refunds by establishment and also to sale of old wire fencing and huts in the abandoned plantation of Shibu.

EXPENDITURE.

113. *Under A. I.*—An increase of R1,320, due to larger purchase of firewood to stock the Sale depôts of Quetta and Sibi, the balance from last year being insufficient to meet the demands.

Sale Under A. IV (b).—A decrease of R1,345, due to the royalty establishment being charged to B. I (*c*) instead of A. IV (*b*), and to royalty permits not being purchased locally.

A. VI.—A decrease of R126, due to small purchase of tools and plant.

A. VII.—A decrease of R294, due to no expenditure on roads and less on buildings.

A. VIII.—A decrease of R1,270, due partly to plantation establishment being charged to B. I (*c*) instead of to A. VIII (*c*) and partly to no paid labour being employed on plantation work.

Under B.—An increase of R1,785, due partly to plantation and royalty establishment being charged to this head instead of to A and partly to unexpected famine allowance being paid to the establishment.

CHAPTER V.

FOREST ADMINISTRATION.

114. The administration was conducted during the whole year by Mr. Down, Deputy Conservator of Forests.

115. A new scheme was introduced by the Deputy Conservator of Forests and sanctioned by the Agent to the Governor General as an experiment for one year, whereby the royalty establishment* was done away within June and the collection of royalty fees undertaken by the Municipal Octroi Department at 8 per cent. on Collections. The average annual revenue by royalty fees is about R6,000, 8 per cent. on which is R480. Thus it is anticipated that an annual saving in Quetta alone will then be effected of about R660.

*		R
1 Forester on Rs. 20	.	20
5 Guards on „ 13	.	65
1 Guard „ 10	.	10
		95 per mensem,
or R1,140 per annum.		

116. The scheme also included the dismissal of the royalty men † at Chaman and Pishin, the leases to collect the fees being sold by auction, whereby a saving equal to the cost of the royalty establishment was anticipated.

†	R
One Forester on	16
„ Forest Guard on . . .	13

These leases were sold in July 1898, having effect up to the end of March 1899, and the amounts obtained for them realised R800 for the nine months.

117. The annual average revenue realised at Chaman and Pishin during the years 1896-97 and 1897-98 was R967, and the pay of the royalty establishment for the same period was R344; therefore it will be seen that the anticipated saving of the cost of the establishment has been fully realised.

118. The following trees have been notified as reserved during the year:—

Pinus Gerardiana.

„ *Excelsa.*

The Deputy Conservator of Forests also referred the matter of notifying the dwarf palm tree (*Chamærops Ritchiena*) as a reserved tree to the Revenue Commissioner, but the question was not decided during the year.

The reservation will in no way be a hardship on the people of the country any more than the reservation of other trees mentioned in Notifications Nos. 774 to 776 F. C., dated the 13th August 1890, and Nos. 12 and 13, dated 2nd January 1894, as they would still be able to take the palm for their own *boná fide* requirements free under rule VI of the rules framed by the Agent to the Governor General under section 12 of the British Baluchistan Forest Regulation and Baluchistan Agency Forest Law.

119. All matting manufactured in Quetta and other stations in Baluchistan is made of the leaves of this palm, and the industry is a considerable one and large profits accrue to the mat-makers who are aliens.

120. The reservation will cause a new source of revenue to spring up, which would assist to decrease the present annual Budget deficit by the development of the resources of the country.

121. The Deputy Conservator of Forests trusts that his recommendations will receive the favourable consideration of the Revenue Commissioner.

122. Every possible endeavour is made to reduce the yearly deficit by increase of revenue and reduction of expenditure consistent with efficiency, and in this respect attention is invited to paragraphs 66, 105 and from 115 to 120.

123. The office establishment has worked satisfactorily. Nothing has yet been done to improve the prospects of the staff referred to in paragraph 126 of last year's report.

E. A. DOWN,
Deputy Conservator of Forests,
Baluchistan.

Form No. 46 (*a*).

Area of Reserved State Forests, 1897-98.

Division.	Range.	Civil District or Territory.	Name of Forest.	Area on 1st July 1897. Acres.	Area on 1st July 1897. Equivalent in square miles.	Added during the year. Acres.	Excluded or transferred to other heads. Acres.	Area on 30th June 1898. Acres.	Area on 30th June 1898. Equivalent in square miles.	No. and date of Notification of addition or transfer, etc.	Remarks.
	Sibi		Dahpal	1,599	3	...	...	1,599	3		
			Gula Shahr	725	1	...	...	725	1		
			Abdul Kheli	197	...	...	...	197	...		
			Lahiri	427	1	...	...	427	1		
			Lakra	1,688	3	...	...	1 688	3		
			Nari Bank	1,226	2	...	...	1,226	2		
			Thalli	16,180	25	...	...	16,180	25		
	Ziarat	Thal Chotiali	Chauter	1,920	3	...	...	1,920	3		
			Wam Tangi	1,233	2	...	...	1,233	2		
			Wam Kach	2,320	4	...	...	2,320	4		
			Zargat	2,760	4	...	...	2,760	4		
			Pil	1,280	2	...	...	1,280	2		
			Shoidan	2,520	4	...	...	2,520	4		
			Kurbi Kach	2,160	3	...	...	2,160	3		
			Gobar	1,500	2	...	...	1,500	2		
			Kuch Mangi	9,400	15	...	...	9,400	15		
			Torshor	11,000	17	...	...	11,000	17		
			Surghund	16,000	25	...	...	16,000	25		
	Quetta	Quetta-Peshin	Dhobi Ghat	11	...	...	...	11	...		
			Zangi Lora	52	...	...	...	52	...		
			Zarghun North	5,760	9	...	...	5,760	9		
			Zarghun Central	17,160	27	...	...	17,160	27		
			Hazar Ganj	5,440	9	...	...	5,440	9		
			Gwal	2,880	4	...	...	2,880	4		
			Mari Chak	1,830	3	...	...	1,830	3		
			Popalzai	1,516	2	...	...	1,516	2		
			Total	108,784	170	...	...	108,784	170		

FORM No. 46 (*b*).

Area of Unclassed Forests, 1897-98.

Division.	Range.	Civil District or Territory.	Name of Forest.	Area on 1st July 1897.		Added during the year.	Excluded or transferred to other heads.	Area on 30th June 1898.		No. and date of Notification of addition, or transfer, etc.	Remarks.
				Acres.	Equivilent in square miles.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Equivalent in square miles.		
	Quetta .	Quetta Peshin .	Quetta Nursery .	3	...	...	3*	...	...	...	*Being a small area situated in the cantonment of Quetta and not a forest.
			TOTAL .	3	...	...	3	...	...	...	

FORM No. 47.

Statement showing the Progress made in, and the expenditure incurred on, Forest Settlements during 1897-98.

Name of Forest Division.	Name of Civil District or Territory.	Area already settled at commencement of the year. Sq. Miles.	AREAS FINALLY SETTLED DURING THE YEAR.						AREAS UNDERGOING SETTLEMENT.						Remarks.
			Number and date of Government order according final sanction to the settlement.	Name of Forest settled.	Area in square miles.	Expenditure incurred during the year on areas finally settled.		Entire cost per square mile of areas finally settled during the year.	At commencement of the year.		Taken in hand during the year.		Expenditure incurred during the year on areas undergoing settlement.		
						In Forest accounts.	In other accounts.		Name of tract.	Area in square miles.	Name of tract.	Area in square miles.	In Forest accounts.	In other accounts.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
						R	R	R					R	R	
	Thal-Chotiali .	116	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Quetta-Peshin .	54	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	TOTAL .	170	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

Record of Demarcation and Maintenance of boundaries, 1897-93.

Division.	Length of boundaries artificially demarcated during the year.	Length of previously existing boundaries repaired.	Length of previously existing boundaries not repaired.	Total length of artifically marked boundaries at the close of the year.	Length of boundaries not demarcated at the close of the year.	Length of natural boundaries not requiring artificial marks.	Total length of boundaries at the close of the year.	Expenditure on demarcation during the year. On new work.	Expenditure on demarcation during the year. On repairs.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	R	R	
Sibi	...	2	55	57	...	13	70	...	...	7,755′ boundary trench and 13 pillars in Bakra were destroyed by flood of the Nari river. The boundary and pillars were reconstructed by the Forest establishment after the flood had subsided.
Ziarat	...	32	141	173	...	...	173	...	...	158 boundary pillars were repaired by the Forest establishment.
Quetta	...	11	31	42	...	36	78	...	...	484′ boundary mud wall in Dhobi Ghat repaired by the establishment. One new pillar erected and 62 pillars repaired in Gwal by Forest Guards.
Total .	...	45	227	272	...	49	321	...	...	

N. B.– Boundaries include, besides the outer perimeter, the limits of enclosures of private or other lands within the forests, but not the limits of sub-divisions, such as blocks, compartments, coupes.

FORM No. 49.

Statement of Forest areas surveyed and under survey during the year 1897-98.

Division.	Areas surveyed and under survey during the year. — Special surveys Maps on 4" scale or over, by Survey of India Department or Forest Survey Branch. — With interior details. — With details of growing stock. — Previous.	Of the year.	Without details of growing stock. — Previous.	Of the year.	Total cost.	Boundary surveys. — Previous.	Of the year.	Total cost.	Ordinary, included in District Surveys. — With interior details. — With details of growing stock. — Previous.	Of the year.	Without details of growing stock. — Previous.	Of the year.	Total cost.	Boundary surveys. — Previous.	Of the year.	Total cost.	Chain and compass or other surveys by local officers. — With interior details. — 4-inch or over. — Previous.	Of the year.	Under 4-inch. — Previous.	Of the year.	Total cost.	Boundary surveys. — Previous.	Of the year.	Total cost.	Areas remaining to be taken under survey.	Total Forest area at end of the year, as per Form No. 46.	Cost. — Previous.	Of the year.	Entire cost of all surveys to end of the year.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
	Sq. ms.	Sq. ms.	Sq. ms.	Sq. ms.	R	Sq. ms.	Sq. ms.	R	Sq. ms.	Sq. ms.	Sq. ms.	Sq. ms.	R	Sq. ms.	Sq. ms.	R	Sq. ms.	Sq. ms.	Sq. ms.	Sq. ms.	R	Sq. ms.	Sq. ms.	R	Sq. ms.	Sq. ms.	R	R	R	
																	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Dahpal.
																	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Gula Shahr.
																	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Abdul Kheli. Lahri.
									Nil.								3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bakra.
																	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nari bank.
																	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Wam Tangi.
																	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Dhobi Ghat. Quetta Nursery. Popalzai.
																TOTAL	13	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	158	170	772	...	772	

FORM No. 50.

Progress made in Working-Plans, 1897-98.

Division.	Areas for which Working-Plans have been completed.		Areas for which Working-Plans are being compiled.		Areas for which Working-Plans have still to be taken in hand.	Total Forest area as in Form No. 46.	Entire cost, per square mile, of Working-Plans completed.	Remarks.
	At commencement of the year.	During the year.	At commencement of the year.	Taken in hand during the year.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	Sq. ms.	Sq. ms.	Sq. ms.	Sq. ms.	Sq. ms.	Sq. ms.	R	
					170	170		

Form No. 51.

Communications and Buildings during 1897-98.

Range.	New work undertaken during the year. — Buildings. — Description of Building.	Buildings. — Expenditure incurred.	Roads and Paths. — Road or Path and object of the same.	Roads and Paths. — Length of Road or Path.	Roads and Paths. — Expenditure incurred.	Total Expenditure on new work.	Repairs executed during the year. — Buildings. — Nature of Repairs.	Buildings. — Expenditure incurred.	Roads and Paths. — Nature of Repairs.	Roads and Paths. — Length repaired.	Roads and Paths. — Expenditure incurred.	Total Expenditure on repairs.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
				Miles.	R	R		R		Miles.	R	R	
Sibi							Repairs to Rest-house and out-houses	31					
							Repairs to Guards' hut at Thalli	6					
							Repairs to Foresters' quarters	18				55	
Ziarat					...	...	Repairs to Rest-house	9					
							„ „ Foresters' quarters at Shahrig	14				23	
Quetta			Inspection path in Zangi Lora	87	...		Repairs to depôt huts	19	Clearing path in Zangi Lora	8			
							„ „ royalty Guards' hut at Chaman	4					
							Repairs to royalty Guards' hut at Peshin	3				26	
Grand Total		...		...	...	...		104				104	

FORM No. 52.

Register of breaches of Forest Rules during 1897-98.

Forest Division.	Cases pending from 1896-97.	New Cases of the Year. Injury to forest by fire.	Unauthorised felling or appropriation of wood and minor forest produce.	Grazing without permission, or in tracts in which grazing is prohibited.	Other offences.	Total new cases of the year.	Total cases.	Disposed of during the year. Convictions. Cases.	Convictions. Persons.	Acquittals. Cases.	Acquittals. Persons.	Total. Cases.	Total. Persons.	Cases pending at close of year.	Remarks.
A Sibi	...	...	2	4	...	6	6	4	9	2	2	6	17	...	
A Ziarat	6	1	1	4	2	8	14	5	13	6	8	11	21	3	
A Quetta	1	1	18	...	2	21	22	20	39	1	6	61	45	1	
TOTAL	7	2	21	8	4	35	42	29	61	9	16	38	77	4	
B Sibi	...	...	...	54	...	54	54	54	172	...	...	54	172	...	
B Ziarat	...	...	...	47	1	48	48	48	58	...	...	48	58	...	
B Quetta	1	...	35	4	1	40	41	40	64	...	...	40	64	1	
TOTAL	1	...	35	105	2	142	143	142	294	...	...	142	294	1	
C Sibi	...	...	1	...	1	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
C Ziarat	...	2	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
C Quetta	...	1	2	...	2	5	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
TOTAL	...	3	3	...	3	9	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
GRAND TOTAL A	7	2	21	8	4	35	42	29	61	9	16	38	77	4	
GRAND TOTAL B	1	...	35	105	2	142	143	242	294	...	...	142	294	1	
GRAND TOTAL C	...	3	3	...	3	9	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

N. B.—A means cases taken into Court.
B means cases disposed of under section 84 (a) and 84 (c), British Baluchistan Regulations and Baluchistan Agency Forest Law.
C means undetected cases.

FORM No. 54.

Area closed and open to Grazing during 1897-98.

Division.	Area, in sqare miles.						
	Closed to all animals.		Closed to browsers (camels, goats or sheep) only.		Open to all animals.	Total area.	Remarks.
	Whole year.	Part of year.	Whole year.	Part of year.	Whole year.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Sibi	9	9	...	...	17*	35	*Only right-holders' cattle admitted.
Ziarat	58	...	...	...	23*	81	
Quetta	49	...	...	2	3*	54	
Total	116	9	...	2	43	170	

FORM No. 55.

Return of Grazing in the State Forests during 1897-98.

Division.	GRAZING ON PAYMENT. NUMBER OF ANIMALS. At full rates.						At privileged rates.							GRAZING FREE. NUMBER OF ANIMALS. By right under settlement.						During pleasure of Government or otherwise than under Settlement.						Total value of Fees at full rates.	Grand total of value at full rates.
	Buffaloes.	Cows and bullocks.	Goats and sheep.	Camels.	Other animals.	Fees received.	Buffaloes.	Cows and bullocks.	Goats and sheep.	Camels.	Other animals.	Fees received. Actual.	Fees received. Value at full rates.	Buffaloes.	Cows and bullocks.	Goats and sheep.	Camels.	Other animals.	Value of fees at full rates.	Buffaloes.	Cows and bullocks.	Goats and sheep.	Camels.	Other animals.	Value of fees at full rates.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
						R						R	R						R						R	R	R
Sibi . . .	...	986	...	...	...	196	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	428	350	...	...	1,471	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,471	1,967
Kalat . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	318	15,863	...	216	7,740	...	...	...	...	...	...	7,740	7,740
Quetta . .	...	...	1,144	...	...	71	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	839	1	101	680	...	...	...	...	...	...	680	751
TOTAL . .	...	986	1,144	...	...	267	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	751	16,652	1	224	9,891	...	...	...	...	...	...	9,891	10,158

Form No. 56.

Area of Plantations, 1897-98.

Division.	Name of Plantation.	Area in Acres. On 1st July 1897.	Area in Acres. Added during the year.	Area in Acres. Excluded during the year.	Area in Acres. Area on 30th June 1898.	Receipts of the year.	Charges of the year.	Remarks.
	Regular Plantation.					R	R	
Quetta	Dhobi Ghat	11	...	...	11	975	1	A further area of 2½ acres was taken in hand during the year, but as it was not fully completed, it has not been shown in the form.
	Zangi Lora	11	...	...	11	181	32	
	Cantonment Nursery	3	...	...	3*	98	8	
	Total	25	...	...	25	1,254	41	*This area has been transferred from cultural operations to plantations, as the plants raised are for plantations.
	Cultural Operations.							
Sibi	Sirkari Nala (Gulu Shahr)	12	...	12	...	...	...	All failed
	Bakra	1	...	1	...	...	...	
	Sibi Depôt	2	...	...	2	...	...	
	Dhaphal	...	1½	...	1½	...	9	
	Gulu Shahr	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Quetta	Zarghum, North	1	...	...	1	...	...	
	Total	16	1½	13	4½	...	9	
	GRAND TOTAL	41	1½	13	29½	1,254	50	

FORM No. 57.

Outturn (in cubic feet, solid) of Timber and Fuel during the year 1897-98 and Agency of Exploitation.

Ranges.	Timber in the rough; Logs.					Timber in the rough; Poles.					Sawn or squared Timber.					Miscellaneous.					Fuel.					Total.
	Government.	Purchasers.	Free Grantees.	Right-holders.	Total.	Government.	Purchasers.	Free Grantees.	Right-holders.	Total.	Government.	Purchasers.	Free Grantees.	Right-holders	Total.	Government.	Purchasers.	Free Granted.	Right-holders.	Total	Government.	Purchasers.	Free Grantees.	Right-holders.	Total.	Outturn.
	c. ft.	c. ft.	c. ft.	c. ft.	c. ft.	c. ft.	c. ft.	c. ft.	c. ft.	c. ft.	c. ft.	c. ft.	c. ft.	c. ft.	c. ft.	c. ft.	c. ft.	ft.	c. ft.	c. ft.	c. ft.	c. ft.	c. ft.	c. ft.	c. ft.	c. ft.
Reserved Forest.																										
Sibi	...	...	...	...	...	...	95	...	...	95	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	4,040	720	...	...	4,760	4,855
Ziarat	...	2,500	...	...	2,500	...	64	...	...	64	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	870	...	...	870	3,434
Quetta	...	...	...	...	...	1,075	3,312	...	...	4,387	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,951	480	...	...	4,431	8,818
TOTAL	...	2,500	...	...	2,500	1,075	3,471	...	...	4,546	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7,991	2,070	...	...	10,061	17,107
Unclassed Forest.																										
Sibi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	15,310	...	...	15,321	15,321
Ziarat	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,732	2,072	...	4,804	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11,219	...	...	11,249	16,053
Quetta	...	...	...	...	...	95	101	18	...	214	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,652	3,26,190	...	...	328,842	329 056
TOTAL	...	...	...	...	...	95	2,833	2,090	...	5,018	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,663	3,52,749	...	...	355,412	360,430
GRAND TOTAL.	...	2,500	...	...	2,500	1,170	6,304	2,090		9,564	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10,654	3,54,819	...	...	365,473	377,537

Charcoal should be shown by its equivalent in fuel, the quantity of wood consumed in producing it being entered in c. ft. solid.

FORM No. 58.

Outturn of Minor Forest Produce for 1897-98.

Description of Produce.	Produce removed or utilized.										Remarks.
	By Government Agency.		By Purchasers.		By Free grants.		By Right-holders.		Total.		
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	
State Forests.		R		R		R		R		R	
Grass { By permits	...	...	679	40	..	...	...	...	679	40	
Grass { Cutting by lease	...	...	...	175	...	...	...	...	...	175	
Pasture { By permits, 7,653 acres	...	...	...	267	...	...	...	...	...	9,267	
Pasture { „ right-holders 27,420 „	...	...	....	...	...	...	...	9,891	...	891	
Pasture { „ lease 30 „	...	...	...	160	...	...	...	...	...	160	
Tree plants	...	...	...	363	...	187	...	...	...	550	
Fruit, flowers, etc.	...	...	...	179	...	...	...	...	...	179	
Unclassed Forests.											
Juniper bark	...	...	...	...	60	3	...	...	60	3	
TOTAL	...	...	679	1,184	60	190	...	9,891	739	11,265	

FORM No. 59.

Account of Timber and other Produce cut or collected by Government Agency and brought to Depôts, sold locally or otherwise disposed of during the year 1897-98.

PARTICULARS.		No. or quantity.	Cubic feet.	Total of each head. No. or quantity.	Total of each head. Cubic feet.
BALANCE AT COMMENCEMENT OF THE YEAR.					
Poles . . Juniper	No.	52	22		
Poles . . Willow	,,	25	8		
Poles . . Poplar	,,	25	7		
Firewood . . Hard	Mds.	522	835		
Firewood . . Juniper	,,	1,099	2,930		
Hay		46	...		
				1,769	3,802
RECEIVED FROM THE STATE FORESTS IN DEPÔTS.					
Poles . . Willow	No.	735	1,063		
Poles . . Poplar	,,	10	12		
Firewood, hard	Mds.	4,994	7,991		
				5,739	9,066
RECEIVED BY PURCHASE, CONFISCATION, ETC.					
Poles, Juniper	No.	500	95		
Firewood . . Hard	Mds.	1,652	2,642		
Firewood . . Juniper	,,	2	7		
Charcoal	,,	2	14		
				2,156	2,758
GRAND TOTAL .				9,664	15,626

PARTICULARS.		No. or quantity.	Cubic feet.	Total of each head. No. or quantity.	Total of each head. Cubic feet.
REMOVED BY PURCHASERS FROM DEPÔTS.					
Poles . . Juniper	No.	365	74		
Poles . . Willow	,,	734	1,062		
Firewood . . Hard	Mds.	3,929	6,286		
Firewood . . Juniper	,,	31	83		
Charcoal	,,	2	14		
				5,061	7,519
USED BY THE DEPARTMENT.					
Poles, Willow	No.	1	1		
Firewood . . Hard	Mds.	86	138		
Firewood . . Juniper	,,	7	18		
				94	157
LOSS (DRYAGE, ETC.)					
Firewood, hard	Mds.	387	619		
Hay	,,	46	...		
				433	619
BALANCE AT CLOSE OF THE YEAR.					
Poles . . Juniper	No.	187	43		
Poles . . Willow	,,	25	7		
Poles . . Poplar	,,	35	20		
Firewood . . Hard	Mds.	2,765	4,424		
Firewood . . Juniper	,,	1,064	2,837		
				4,076	7,331
GRAND TOTAL .				9,664	15,626

FORM No. 60.

Abstract showing the Value of Timber and other Produce at Sale Depôts for the year 1897-98.

Description of Timber and other Produce.	On hand at commencement of the year.			On hand at close of the year.			Difference in Value.		Remarks.
	No.	C. ft.	Value.	No.	C. ft.	Value.	In favour of the year.	Against the year.	
			R			R	R	R	
Timber (poles)	102	37	12	247	70	46	...	201	
Firewood	1,621	3,765	645	3,829	7,261	1,707	1,062	...	
Minor Produce	46	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
TOTAL	1,769	3,802	657	4,076	7,331	1,753	1,062	201	

Net difference in favour of the year = R 861.

FORM No. 60 (*a*).

Abstract showing the value of stock for the year 1897-98.

Description of Timber and other Produce.	On hand at commencement of the year.			On hand at close of the year.			Difference in Value.		Remarks.
	No.	C. ft.	Value.	No.	C. ft.	Value.	In favour of the year.	Against the year.	
			R			R	R	R	
Buildings	...	...	7,500	...	...	7,417	...	83	
Instruments	...	...	474	...	...	462	...	12	
Machinery	...	...	88	...	...	86	...	2	
Tools	...	...	405	...	...	387	...	38	
Furniture	...	...	570	...	...	549	...	21	
Tents	...	...	817	...	...	807	...	37	
TOTAL	...	...	9,854	...	...	9,681	...	193	

Net difference against the year = R 193.

FORM No. 61.

Summary of Revenue and expenditure of the different Divisions for the Forest year 1897-98

REVENUE.

	R	a.	p
I.—Timber and other produce removed from the Forests by Government agency—			
a. Timber	521	0	0
b. Firewood and charcoal	1,807	0	0
c. Bamboos	......		
d. Sandal-wood	......		
e. Glass and other minor produce	......		
Total I	2,328	0	0
II.—Timber and other produce removed from the Forests by consumers or purchasers—			
a. Timber	650	0	0
b. Firewood and charcoal	94	0	0
c. Bamboos	......		
d. Grazing and fodder grass	642	0	0
e. Other minor produce	542	0	0
f. Forest stamps	......		
g. Other items	......		
h. Commutation fees	......		
Total II	1,928	0	0
III.—Drift and waif wood and confiscated Forest produce	......		
Total III	......		
IV.—Revenue from Forests not managed by Government—			
a. Duty on foreign timber and other forest produce	......		
b. Revenue from shared and private forest	9,119	0	0
Total IV	9,119	0	0
V.—Miscellaneous—			
a. Fines and forfeitures	87	0	0
b. Refunds	373	0	0
c. Other sources	614	0	0
Total V	1,074	0	0
GRAND TOTAL OF REVENUE	14,449	0	0

EXPENDITURE.

A.—Conservancy and Works—

	R	a.	p.
I.—Timber and other produce removed from the Forests by Government agency—	44	0	0
a. Timber	1,797	0	0
b. Firewood and charcoal	......		
c. Bamboos	......		
d. Sandal-wood	......		
e. Grass and other minor produce	......		
Total A.—I	1,841	0	0
II.—Timber and other produce removed from the Forests by consumers or purchasers	......		
Total A.—II	......		

Summary of Revenue and Expenditure of the different Divisions for the Forest year 1897-98—continued.

EXPENDITURE—*contd.*

A.—Conservancy and Works—contd.

	R a. p
III.—Drift and waif wood and confiscated Forest Produce	...
Total A.—III	...
IV.—Revenue from Forests not managed by Government—	
a. Duty on foreign timber and other forest produce	...
b. Revenue from shared and private forests	28 0 0
Total A.—IV	28 0 0
V.—Rent of leased Forests and payments to Shareholders in Forests managed by Government	...
Total A.—V	...
VI.—Live Stock, Stores, Tools and Plant—	
a. Purchase of cattle	...
b. Feed and keep of cattle	...
c. Purchase of stores, tools and plant	26 0 0
Total A.—VI	26 0 0
VII.—Communications and Buildings—	
a. Roads and bridges	...
b. Buildings	104 0 0
c. Other works	...
Total A.—VII	104 0 0
VIII.—Organization, improvement and extension of Forests—	
a. Demarcation	...
b. Cost of settlements; compensation for land and rights	...
c. Surveys	...
d. Working-plans	...
e. Sowing and planting	50 0 0
f. Protection from fire	...
g. Other works	...
Total A.—VIII	50 0 0
IX.—Miscellaneous—	
a Law charges	...
b. Other charges	17 0 0
Total A.—IX	17 0 0
Total A.—Conservancy and Works	2,066 0 0

B.—Establishments—

I.—Salaries—	
a. Conservators	...
b. Superior officers	10,093 0 0
c. Subordinate and forest depôt establishments	8,469 0 0
d. Office establishments	1,956 0 0
e. Deputation and special allowances	1,380 0 0
f. Exchange compensation allowance	862 0 0
Total B.—I	22,760 0 0

Summary of the Revenue and Expenditure of the different Divisions for the Forest year 1897-98—concluded.

EXPENDITURE—*concld.*

B.—Establishments—concld.

	R a. p.
II.—TRAVELLING ALLOWANCES—	
a. Conservators	...
b. Superior officers	1,817 0 0
c. Subordinate forest and depôt establishments	878 0 0
d. Office establishments	81 0 0
TOTAL B.—II	2,776 0 0
III.—CONTINGENCIES—	
a. Stationery	15 0 0
b. Carriage of tents and records	65 0 0
c. Rents, rates, and taxes	...
d. Pay of police guards	...
e. Official postage	99 0 0
f. Sundries	753 0 0
TOTAL B.—III	932 0 0
TOTAL B.—ESTABLISHMENTS	26,468 0 0
GRAND TOTAL OF EXPENDITURE	28,534 0 0

DEFICIT—R14,085.

CALCUTTA ;
The 31st August 1898.

W. V. WOOLLAM,
Assistant Comptroller General (Forests).

Form No. 62.

Account Current for the Forest year 1897-98.

Dr.

	R a. p.	R a. p.
To Cash Balance	......	52 3 0
,, VIII.—Assessed Taxes—		
Income Tax—Deductions from salaries	......	308 11 7
,, Revenue as per Annual Summary Form No. 61	......	14,449 4 4
,, Service Funds—		
Civil Fund—Ordinary, Bengal	......	
,, ,, Additional, Bengal	......	
Military Fund—Bengal	......	
,, ,, Madras	......	
,, Orphan Fund—Bengal	......	
Uncovenanted Service Family Pension Fund Bengal	798 8 0	
General Family Pension Fund	......	
Hindu Family Annuity Fund	......	
		798 8 0
,, Deposits	......	......
,, Forest Cash Remittances—Local—		
Forest cheques drawn	27,251 0 0	
Inter-divisional Transfers	......	
		27,251 0 0
,, Advances recoverable	......	11,681 13 1
Suspense	......	......
,, Account Current (other Governments)—		
Remittances from Government of	......	......
Inter-Departmental Transfers—		
Public Works Department	......	......
Military Department	......	......
Civil Department—		
Jail	......	......
Mathematical Instrument Department	......	......
Miscellaneous	......	......
Total	......	54,541 8 0

Cr.

	R a. p.	R a. p.
By Expenditure as per Annual Summary Form No. 61	......	28,534 5 0
,, Deposits	......	......
,, Forest Cash Remittances—Local—		
Remittances to Treasuries	14,242 14 9	
Inter-Divisional Transfers	......	......
		14,242 14 9
,, Advances Recoverable	......	11,680 7 10
,, Suspense	......	......
,, Account Current (other Governments)—		
Remittances to the Government of	......	......
,, Inter-Departmental Transfers—		
Public Works Department	......	......
Military Department	......	......
Civil Department	......	......
Cash Balance	......	83 12 5
Total	......	54,541 8 0

Calcutta;
The 31st August 1898.

W. V. WOOLLAM,
Assistant Comptroller General (Forests).

FORM No. 63.

Revenue received and Outstandings on account of Revenue during 1897-98.

DIVISION.	PARTICULARS.	Outstandings at commencement of year.	Value of sales and other revenue during year.	TOTAL.	Amount realised during year.	Balance due to the Department at end of year.	REMARKS.
		R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	
	Outstandings	......	14,681 10 11	14,681 10 11	14,449 4 4	232 6 7	
	TOTAL .	......	14,681 10 11	14,681 10 11	14,449 4 4	232 6 7	

FORM No. 64.

Outstandings and Liabilities on account of Contractors and Disbursers for the Forest year 1897-98.

DIVISION.	DEPARTMENT DEBTORS.			DEPARTMENT CREDITOR.			BALANCE, DUE.		REMARKS.
	At commencement of year.	Recoveries in cash and value of supplies and work done during the year.	At close of year.	At commencement of year.	Payments made during year.	At close of year.	To Department (Outstandings).	By Department (Liabilities).	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a p.	
Baluchistan . . .	......	11,681 13 1	11,681 13 1	85 4 8	11,680 7 10	11,765 12 6	83 15 5	......	
TOTAL .	......	11,681 13 1	11,681 13 1	85 4 8	11,680 7 10	11,765 12 6	83 15 5	......	10

CALCUTTA;
The 31st August 1898.

W. V. WOOLLAM,
Assistant Comptroller General (Forests).

Form No. 65.

Financial results of the year 1897-98.

Division.	Timber and other produce removed from the forests by Government Agency.		Other revenue.		Formation, protection and improvement of forests.	Total.		Remarks.
	Receipts.	Charges.	Receipts.	Charges.	Charges.	Receipts.	Charges.	
	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	
	I 2,328	...	II, IV, V 12,121	...	...	14,449	...	Details of revenue— R
		A I 1,841	...	...	...	...	...	I . . 2,328
				A IV 28	...	...	...	II . . 1,928
					A VI 26	...	...	IV . . 9,119
		A VII 12	...	A VII 12	A VII 80	...	...	V . . 1,074
		...	...	...	A-VIII 50		...	Total . 14,449
							...	
		...	...	...	A IX 17	...	...	
		B 1,000	...	B 1,000	B 24,468	...	...	
Total	2,328	2,853	12,121	1,040	24,641	14,449	28,534	

APPENDIX X.

(General Health, Sanitary and Dispensary Report by the Agency Surgeon in Baluchistan, for the year 1898.

DISPENSARIES.

The following is a list of the Civil and Railway Dispensaries in Baluchistan :—

Dispensary		District
1. Quetta	Civil Dispensary.	Quetta-Pishin District.
2. Pishin	"	Quetta-Pishin District.
3. Chaman	"	Quetta-Pishin District.
4. Gulistan	"	Quetta-Pishin District.
5. Sibi	"	Thal-Chotiali District.
6. Thal-Chotiali-Duki	"	Thal-Chotiali District.
7. Shahrigh (Hurnai)	"	Thal-Chotiali District.
8. Sinjawi	"	Thal-Chotiali District.
9. Barkhan	"	Thal-Chotiali District.
10. Loralai	"	Zhob District.
11. Fort Sandeman	"	Zhob District.
12. Hindubagh	"	Zhob District.
13. Killa Saifulla	"	Zhob District.
14. Musa Khel	"	Zhob District.
15. Kalat	"	Kalat District.
16. Mastung	"	Kalat District.
17. Las Bela	"	South-Eastern Baluchistan District.
18. Shelabagh Railway	Dispensary	North-Western Railway.
19. Bostan	"	North-Western Railway.
20. Khost Colliery Works	"	North-Western Railway.
21. Sharigh Railway	Dispensary	North-Western Railway.
22. Mud Gorge	"	North-Western Railway.
23. Mach	"	North-Western Railway.
24. Hirok	"	North-Western Railway.

INSPECTION BY THE DIRECTOR-GENERAL, INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

Surgeon-General Harvey, C.B., D.S.O., Director-General, Indian Medical Service, inspected all the Civil Medical Institutions and the sanitary arrangements of the Civil lines and Military cantonments.

GENERAL HEALTH.

The general health of all the districts in the province may fairly be said to have been good throughout the year. The rainfall for the year was small, and the previous year was also a dry one, which no doubt largely accounts for the less general prevalence of malarial fevers, and the mildness of their type. Many of the smaller springs in different parts of the Province, and a few of the artesian wells also, have dried up as a result of the drought, and the soil has consequently become much drier than normal. This condition of the soil, to a large extent, saves the people from direct disease influences so long as it is not productive of want or famine.

THE MOST COMMON DISEASES.

The total number of patients treated at all the dispensaries in Baluchistan on account of malarial fevers was 39,524, as against 38,909 the previous year, and 40,282 in 1896. But the total number of cases treated on account of all complaints in 1898 was over 1,500 more than obtained in 1897, and consequently the admissions from malarial fevers were proportionately less than the previous years.

Dysentery, scurvy and rheumatism accounted for 4,598, 3,546 and 5,904 admissions, respectively. While of the local diseases the admissions on account of affections of the respiratory system amounted to 13,343, the digestive system 34,449, the eye 10,782 and ulcers 17,363.

ATTENDANCE OF PATIENTS.

The total number of cases treated at all the dispensaries in the Province for the year under report was 168,581, of whom 129,456, or 76·79 per cent., were men and 39,125, or 23·21 per cent., were women and children (the children are generally brought to the dispensary by women). It therefore can hardly be said that the women of the country do not benefit from the medical aid available at the ordinary Civil dispensaries, receiving patients of both sexes

taking into account how seldom these women leave their homes for any purpose in comparison with the men.

The total treated in 1897 was 153,268, and in 1896 it was 166,136. The smaller number for 1897, as compared with that of the years before and the year after, was undoubtedly largely due to the anti-plague measures adopted in Baluchistan in 1897, chiefly at the larger stations on the line of railway where the larger dispensaries are located, and the "scare" would naturally be most felt.

SMALL-POX AND VACCINATION.

An outbreak of small-pox in and about Kalat was reported by the Assistant Surgeon in charge of the Kalat Civil dispensary, who did useful work in vaccinating numbers of the people. Another limited outbreak was reported from the Sibi District, in which the villages of Ghulu and Got are said to have suffered most. Vaccination, although voluntary in Baluchistan, is systematically conducted, and most of the children in the Sibi District are now well protected by it. To this, as well as to the fact that most of the older people have either had small-pox or have been inoculated, the limited nature of the outbreak may be attributed. The other districts in the Province were almost entirely free from the disease.

There are altogether six vaccinators employed in the Civil Department by Government in Baluchistan, and one by the Military authorities for the cantonment of Quetta. These are distributed as follows:—

2 in the Quetta-Pishin District.
2 " Zhob District.
1 " Thal-Chotiali District.
1 " Quetta Municipality.
1 " Quetta Cantonment.

The total number of successful vaccinations performed by these men was 10,645, distributed as follows:—

Quetta-Pishin District	1,132
Zhob "	7,724
Thal-Chotiali "	1,255
Quetta Municipality	350
" Cantonment	184
TOTAL	10,645

The vaccinators employed by the Jam of Las Bela performed 263 successful vaccine operations in that Native State.

As reported on many former occasions, there is still great difficulty in getting parents to have their children vaccinated during the vaccinators' ordinary tours. They are often to apathetic and lazy to have this done till small-pox breaks out in the neighbourhood, when their demands for the services of the vaccinators become very importunate and heavy. Hence the vaccinators are sometimes over-worked and sometimes have not enough work to keep them usefully employed.

PLAGUE PRECAUTIONS.

Plague having re-appeared in Karachi and in the Jullunder District, a segregation and observation camp was re-opened in Shahrigh on the 7th May 1898 on the site of the camp of 1897. All native passengers from Sind and the Punjab were detained at this camp for inspection and disinfection, and those coming from infected areas, or not holding certificates of residence in a non-infected locality for at least 10 days immediately previous to entering Baluchistan, were detained under observation for periods not exceeding 10 days. No cases of plague were discovered, either at this camp or elsewhere in Baluchistan in 1898. The general health of the people detained in the camp was good. Captain Ricketts, I.M.S., held charge of the camp from 7th May till the 27th October, and has furnished a report, copy of which I herewith submit. Lieutenant Lincoln, I.M.S., took over charge of the camp from Captain Ricketts, and held charge till the end of the year. The camp was transferred to the Sibi Kafila Sarai on the 10th November, owing to the winter having set in at Shahrigh. The number of detentions in the camp were largely reduced in the autumn and winter as the plague lessened in Sind and the Punjab, and ultimately only persons coming from Bombay and Karachi without plague free certificates, and from the Jullunder District, were subjected to detention, all others being released at once after inspection and disinfection.

The Special Plague Committee for Quetta was remodelled in May 1898, and the Agency Surgeon was made President of it.

TYPHOID FEVER IN QUETTA.

A severe epidemic outbreak of typhoid fever occurred among the British troops in Quetta. It began in May and lasted till November. Cases of this disease, and occasional severe outbreaks of it, have occurred in Quetta annually for a long series of years. There is no doubt that the faulty systems of filth disposal, and latrine arrangements in cantonments, are most to blame for this scourge. There is also undoubtedly far too much dead organic matter in the soil in certain localities in cantonments, such as the Cavalry lines, the Cantonment garden, and the thickly-littered rides. In these localities many varieties of insects and microbe life are fostered, probably in some instances along with the actual typhoid germs which the former in their movements help to spread about. Myriads of flies and other winged insects are bred in this soil, and carry disease germs wherever they are found. Surgeon-General Harvey made a searching enquiry into all these questions during his visit to Quetta last November, and saw everything for himself.

NEW SANITARY MEASURES.

In Quetta the Sanitary Committee have been busy, and have met regularly for inspections of the town, and a vast amount of cleaning and remodelling of dwelling-houses, latrines, and court-yards has been accomplished. The surface drainage system has also been improved in the town, and a pucca brick channel has been constructed in the bed of the river to prevent stagnation in the river-bed. Sibi and other small out-stations are receiving careful attention to wholesome housing of the people, and to general cleanliness.

METEOROLOGICAL.

Table showing the average maximum and minimum temperature and total rainfall and wind direction at Quetta for the year 1898 :—

Name of month.	Average maximum temperature.	Average minimum temperature.	Total of rainfall.	Direction of wind.
January	61·56	31·18	0·12	N.N.W.
February	58·69	31·11	1·39	W.N.W.
March	63·03	35·53	3·56	N.N.W.
April	78·31	45·17	...	N.W,
May	82·09	52·09	0·54	W.N.W.
June	89·01	52·8	...	N.W.
July	92·22	66·26	0·52	W.S.W.
August	92·82	56·58	...	N.W.
September	83·79	47·67	...	W.S.W.
October	76·73	36·2	...	W.N.W.
November	66·11	30·32	·03	N.N.W.
December	50·83	28·39	·41	N.N.W.

J. C. FULLERTON, *Lieut.-Col., I.M.S.,*
Agency Surgeon in Baluchistan.

REPORT ON THE SEGREGATION CAMP AT SHAHRIGH FROM MAY 7TH TO OCTOBER 28TH, 1898.

Date.—Railway inspection and detention of passengers commenced on 7th May 1898.

Method.—The whole train, after arrival at Sharigh, was shunted on to the goods platform, and each passenger was inspected : the local ones (who travelled in a separate carriage) from Sibi and intermediate stations were allowed to go after being given local passes : passengers from infected areas were separated from those from non-infected areas, and marched off separately to separate landies to be disinfected, all their belongings were opened out, exposed

to the sun for three hours and sprinkled with perchloride of mercury lotion (1 in 2,000), the articles which would not be injured by heat being boiled in large caldrons containing the same disinfectant.

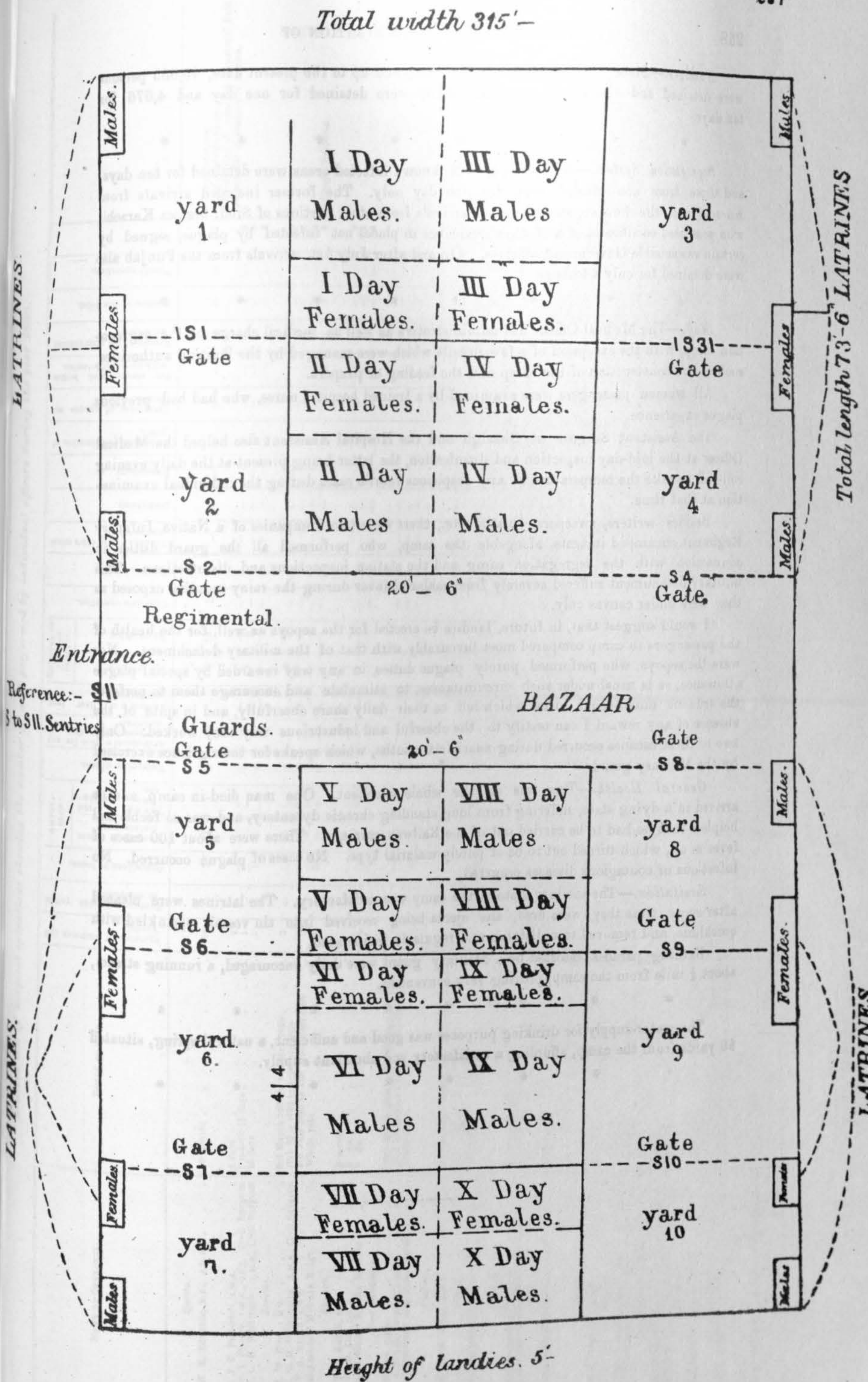
This method is not so effectual as a steam disinfecting apparatus, but it seemed to answer the purpose. The passengers themselves were bathed in water containing the same disinfectant. Men performed their ablutions in the open behind the landies, and women in a separate enclosed landy adjacent.

These landies adjoined the goods platform. Subsequently the passengers detained for one day were allowed to go away, and those detained for ten days were marched off to the segregation camp about one mile distant from the station

The Camp.—This consisted of two long landies, each divided longitudinally down the centre, and again horizontally at intervals, so as to allow in all ten compartments to be formed, the several days' arrivals being thus completely segregated from one another. In the centre, between the two landies, was the bazar, etc. Each separate division was again sub-divided for the sexes, and each division had its latrine for males and one for females.

The whole was enclosed in nets lent by the Railway Engineers, but these were gradually taken away by them, as required for construction purposes on the line. A plan showing arrangement and dimensions of the camp is attached. From its position on low-lying ground a great deal of inconvenience was caused by rain, and from its small size there was overcrowding at times, for, as will be seen by reference to the table of daily admissions, there were over 700 persons in it at one time. I would suggest that on a future occasion the camp be enlarged to double its dimensions in every direction, and the landies themselves be erected on a mud platform one foot high.

A sentry was posted at each of the gates and main entrance to keep persons within their proper limits.


Total width 315'-
Males.
I Day
Males.
III Day
Males
yard
1
yard
3
I Day
Females.
III Day
Females.
Females.
S1
Gate
S3
Gate
II Day
Females.
IV Day
Females.
Females
II Day
Males.
IV Day
Males.
yard
2
yard
4
Males.
S2
Gate
20'-6"
S4
Gate.
Regimental.
Entrance.
Reference:- S11
S to S11. Sentries
Guards.
BAZAAR
Gate
S5
20'6"
Gate
S8
Males.
V Day
Males.
VIII Day
Males
yard
5
yard
8
V Day
Females.
VIII Day
Females.
Gate
S6
Gate
S9
Females.
VI Day
Females.
IX Day
Females.
yard
6.
yard
9
VI Day
Males
IX Day
Males.
Gate
S7
Gate
S10
Females
VII Day
Females.
X Day
Females.
yard
7.
yard
10
VII Day
Males.
X Day
Males.
Males
Males
LATRINES
LATRINES
LATRINES
Total length 73'-6"
Height of landies. 5'-

Numbers.—Since the opening of the camp and up to the present date, 13,835 persons were detained and disinfected, of whom 9,159 were detained for one day and 4,676 for ten days.

* * * * * * * *

Segregation System.—All persons from known infected areas were detained for ten days, and those from non-infected areas for one day only. The former included arrivals from Karachi and the Punjab, and the latter arrivals from other portions of Sind, besides Karachi, who possessed certificates of a 10-days' residence in places not infected by plague, signed by certain responsible Government officials. On and after July 1st arrivals from the Punjab also were detained for only 24 hours.

* * * * * * * *

Staff.—The Medical Officer had administrative as well as medical charge of the segregation camp, with the exception of a few details which were managed by the Political authorities, such as the construction of the camp and the feeding of paupers.

All women passengers were examined by a trained hospital nurse, who had had previous plague experience.

The Assistant Surgeon at Sharigh and the Hospital Assistant also helped the Medical Officer at the mid-day inspection and disinfection, the latter being present at the daily evening roll-call to take the temperature of any suspicious febrile cases during the individual examination at that time.

Besides writers, sweepers, bhistis, etc., there were two Companies of a Native Infantry Regiment encamped in tents alongside the camp, who performed all the guard duties in connection with the segregation camp and the station inspections and disinfections. This military detachment suffered severely from malarial fever during the rainy months, exposed as they were under canvas only.

I would suggest that, in future, landies be erected for the sepoys as well, for the health of the passengers in camp compared most favourably with that of the military detachment. Nor were the sepoys, who performed purely plague duties, in any way rewarded by special plague allowance, as is usual under such circumstances, to stimulate and encourage them to perform the arduous monotonous duties which fell to their daily share cheerfully, and in spite of the absence of any reward I can testify to the cheerful and industrious way they worked. Only two or three escapes occurred during nearly six months, which speaks for the vigilance exercised by the Military guard.

General Health.—This was on the whole excellent. One man died in camp, and he arrived in a dying state, suffering from long standing chronic dysentery, and was so feeble and helpless that he had to be carried out of the Railway carriage. There were about 100 cases of fever in all, which turned out to be of purely malarial type. No cases of plague occurred. No infectious or contagious diseases occurred.

Sanitation.—The sanitary state of the camp was satisfactory. The latrines were cleaned after every time they were used, the ejecta being received into tin vessels sprinkled with quicklime, and removed to a distance and regularly incinerated.

Bathing parades escorted by a Military guard were daily encouraged, a running stream, about ¼ mile from the camp, proving very convenient.

* * * * * * * *

The water-supply for drinking purposes was good and sufficient, a natural spring, situated 50 yards from the camp, affording a satisfactory and abundant supply.

* * * * * * * *

Selected list of surgical operations showing the number of each performed by individual officers during the year 1898.

Name of Operator.	Period on duty.	Excision of tumours (all kinds).	Excision of joint (partial or complete).	Operations on bones.	Amputation. Through above metacarpus.	Amputation. Through and above metatarsus.	Extraction of lens.	Abdominal section for any purpose other than obstetrical.	Abscess of liver (any operation).	Removal of vasical calculi. By incision.	Removal of vasical calculi. By crushing.	Obstetric operation.	Artificial pupil.	Trephining for extra cranial suppuration.	Iredictomy.	Rynoplasty.	Reduction of dislocation of joint.	Extraction of opaque capaula.	For strangulated hernia with suture of intestine.	Removal of post-nasal growth.	Erasion of low joint.	Plastic operation.	Total.	Remarks.
Quetta.																								
Major W. B. Edwards, M.D., I.M.S.	10 months	4a	1	1	1	1	8	1b	...	7	12	1c	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	37	a One ovariotomy. b One nephrolithotomy. c Evacuation of retained menstrual fluid on account of absence of vagina.
Lt.-Col. J. C. Fullerton, I.M.S.	4 days	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	
Capt. W. I. Pocock, I.M.S., Offg. Civil Surgeon	1 month 11 days	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	
Capt. E. C. R. Whitcombe, I.M.S., Civil Surgeon	15 days	...	...	1	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	
Loralai.																								
Capt. E. W. Hore, I.M.S.	3rd March 1898 to 9th May 1898	2	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	
Capt. E. G. R. Whitcombe, I.M.S., Civil Surgeon	10th May 1898 to 3rd July 1898	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
Lieut. F. A. Smith, I.M.S.	4th July 1898 to 31st December 1898	2	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	
Hospital-Assistant Makhan Singh	Whole year	1	...	3d	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	d Simple fractures.
Chaman.																								
Lieut. F. A. Smith, I.M.S.	6 months	...	...	...	1	...	2	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	
Lieut. W. H. Cox, I.M.S.	2 do.	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	
Hospital-Assistant Khadin Hussain	7 do.	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	
Fort Sandeman.																								
Major Fooke, I.M.S.	26th March 1898 to 9th September 1898	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
Lieut. Alfred G. Sargent, I.M.S.	26th September 1898 to 31st October 1898	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	
Hospital-Assistant Ragunath Parshad	Whole year.	...	...	2e	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	e Removal of sequestra . . . 1 Excision of metacarpus . . . 1
Pishin.																								
Capt. A. F. W. King, I.M.S.	21st October 1898 to 31st December 1898	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
Kalat.																								
Assistant-Surgeon Mahomed Azim	Whole year	4	...	5f	...	...	6	...	...	5	...	...	1	1	3	...	4	1	1	1	1	5	38	f Simple fractures . . . 3 Removal of sequestra . . . 2
Sharigh.																								
Assistant-Surgeon Udai Bhan	8 months 3 days	...	...	2g	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	g Simple fractures.
Assistant-Surgeon Davindra Singh Dutt	3 months and 27 days	9	...	3h	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	h Removal of caries of bone.
Sibi.																								
Assistant-Surgeon Purshotum Dass	Whole year	4	...	6i	...	2	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	i Simple fractures . . . 5 Sequestra removed . . . 1
Mach.																								
Assistant-Surgeon A. Law	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	Dislocation reduced.
Sinjawi.																								
Lieut.-Col. J. C. Fullerton, I.M.S.	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1j	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	j Stone weighed 5½ oz.
Hospital-Assistant Har Parshad	Do.	...	...	2k	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	k Simple fractures.
Thal Chotiali (Duki).																								
Capt. E. W. Hore, I.M.S.	67 days	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
Hospital-Assistant Wazir Singh	10 months	...	...	1l	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	l Simple fracture.
Mastung.																								
Hospital-Assistant Abdulla Khan	Whole year	8	2	10m	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	m All simple fractures.
Musakhel.																								
Hospital-Assistant Ghulam Jalani	15th September 1898 to 31st December 1898.	...	...	1n	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	n Simple fracture.
TOTAL	......	35	4	37	3	3	31	2	...	23	16	1	2	1	3	1	5	1	1	1	1	5	176	

J. C. FULLERTON, *Lieut.-Col., I.M.S.,*
Agency Surgeon, Baluchistan.

APPENDIX XI.

Report on Surveys in Baluchistan.

During the past year survey operations have been carried on by two detachments from No. 15 Party. One under K. B. Yusuf Sharif was employed on a special survey of the coal-bearing area in the Sor Range about 20 miles east of Quetta. The object of the survey was to ascertain the position of the out-crop of the coal strata, and to prepare a map shewing this in sufficient detail to enable working plans to be prepared of the different sections available for allotment to contractors. About 29 square miles were surveyed during the season on the scale of 6 inches to a mile, and tracings were furnished to the Superintending Engineer soon after completion of the field work.

The other detachment, which was under the orders of Mr. G. P. Tate, accompanied Captain Webb Ware's mission to the Siestan border. One surveyor was sent from the detachment to join Captain Sykes, British Consul in Siestan and Kirman, where it is hoped he will have opportunities for valuable work. Mr. Tate himself and the rest of his party surveyed, in as full detail as time would permit, the Perso-Baluch border from Malik Siah Koh to the Mashkel Hamun, up to which point the border had been surveyed by the Perso-Baluch Boundary Commission in 1896. In addition to this, much useful work was done along the line of march between Nushki and the Persian border. Full reports have not yet been received from Mr. Tate, but from letters received from him it appears that an area of about 2,000 square miles have been regularly surveyed on the ¼′ scale.

The principal triangulation along the Mekran coast which was interrupted in 1897 has been in abeyance during this season.

Owing to the completion of the regular survey of Baluchistan the office of No. 15 Party which had been at Quetta since 1889, was moved to Mussoorie at the beginning of this year and its designation has been changed from "Baluchistan" to "North-Western Frontier Party."

MUSSOORIE;
The 16th May 1899.

R. A. WAHAB, *Lieut.-Col., R.E.,*
In Charge No. 15 Party (N.-W. F.) Survey of India.

APPENDIX XII.

Annual Administration Report of the Civil Veterinary Department, Baluchistan, for the official year 1898-99.

PART I.—IMPERIAL REPORT.

(a)—MILITARY SECTION.

I.—HORSE BREEDING.

Government horse stallions.

Number present at commencement of year.

In the beginning of the year under report the number of stallions was as follows—*vide* Table I enclosed herewith :—

Class.	Number.
Thorough bred English	5
½ bred English	2
¾ " "	...
Hackney	3
Norfolk Trotter	2
Roadster	1
Australian	5
Stud bred	1
Arab	21
TOTAL	40

Number added to register.

2. Fourteen horses were received by transfer from other Provinces, *vide* detail below :—

No.	Name.	Class.	Received from.
1	Orange Prince	T. B. E.	Jacobabad (Sind).
2	Magellan	"	"
3	Cerda	"	"
4	Finale	"	"
5	Camerino	Hackney	"
6	Forrest	¾ B. E.	"
7	Bailiff	T. B. E.	"
8	Spero	"	Hyderabad (Sind).
9	Bengal	T. B. A.	Babugarh.
10	Peacock	T. B. E.	"
11	Queen's Brook	Arab	"
12	Quite Well	"	"
13	Queen's Arms	"	"
14	Quick Step	"	"

which raised the register number up to 54.

Number removed from register.

3. Out of the 54 horses shown above, 14 horses were removed from the register as below :—

No.	Name.	Class.	Died.	Destroyed.	Sold.	Transferred to
1	Ratler	Hackney	...		1	...
2	Galsi	Arab	...	...	1	...
3	Quite Well	„	...	...	...	Hyderabad.
4	Queen's Brook	„	...	...	...	„
5	Balu	„	...	...	...	Jacobabad.
6	Benzani	„	...	1	...	...
7	Captious	Hackney	1	...	...	...
8	Finale	T. B. E.	...	...	...	Jacobabad.
9	Magellan	„	...	...	...	„
10	Cerda	„	...	...	...	„
11	Forrest	½ B. E.	...	...	...	„
12	Bailiff	T. B. E.	...	...	...	„
13	Orange Prince	„	...	...	...	„
14	Camerino	Hackney	...	...	...	„

Number present at close of year.

4. The number of horses present in Baluchistan on the 31st March 1899 was 40 as below :—

Class.	Number.
T. B. E.	7
½ B. E.	2
Hackney	1
N. T.	2
Roadster	1
Australian	6
Stud bred	1
Arab	20
TOTAL	40

Number at stud work.

5. The following shows the number of horses at stud work during the year as compared with the previous one :—

Class.	Percentage, 1898-99.	Percentage, 1897-98.
T. B. E.	7·83	6·00
½B. E.	2·00	2·00
¼ „	0·56	*Nil*
Hackney	2·87	3·25
N. T.	1·91	3·00
Roadster	0·58	1·00
Australian	5·50	4·12
Arab	24·00	19·70
Stud bred	1·00	1·00
TOTAL	46·19	40·07

Number of mares covered.

6. The above 46·19 horses covered 2,673 mares during the year under report as against 2,418 in 1897-98. The detail below shows the covering of the horses at stud work during the last three years :—

Class.	Covering 1898-99.	Covering 1897-98.	Covering 1896-97.
T. B. E.	487	367	276
½ B. E.	110	118	121
¼ "	30	Nil	Nil
Hackney	158	180	210
N. T.	116	201	181
Roadster	30	59	63
Australian	329	260	144
Arab	1,354	1,182	1,516
Stud bred	59	51	60
Total	2,673	2,418	1

Districts.

7. The number of mares covered in each of the divisions of the Agency are shown below :—

Class.	Quetta.	Thal-Chotiali.	Zhob.	Kelat.
T. B. E.	342	47	...	98
½ B. E.	31	17	...	62
¼ "	2	...	...	28
Hackney	122	3	19	14
N. T.	29	5	...	82
Roadster	22	8	...	...
Australian	183	38	...	108
Arab	426	409	94	425
Stud bred	43	2	...	14
Total	1,200	529	113	831

8. *Quetta-Pishin.*—Total coverings in the Quetta-Pishin District were 1,200 against 1,122 during the previous year, *i.e.*, showing an increase of 78.

(*a*) *Stands.*—During the year no new stands were opened nor any abolished in this District.

(*b*) *Castration.*—Ninety-two colts were castrated in the district by the Civil Veterinary Department Salutri against 34 last year.

9. *Zhob.*—The Zhob District in the Baluchistan Agency is the least promising one for horse-breeding, although here there is again an increase over the previous year's coverings, *viz.*, 113 against 90.

(*a*) *Stands.*—In this district during the year under report one donkey stand at Fort Sandeman was abolished owing to the fact of his being made practically no use of, and on the recommendation of the Political Agent.

(*b*) *Castration.*—During the year 12 colts were castrated by the Civil Veterinary Department Salutri as against two last year.

10. *Thal-Chotiali.*—The coverings in this district were again satisfactory, being 529 against 439 the previous year.

(*a*) *Stands.*—The stands in this district were all the same as during the previous year.

(*b*) *Castration.*—130 colts were castrated as against 126 the year before.

11. *Kalat.*—There was an increase of 64 mares covered in the Kalat District over last year, *viz.*, 831 against 767.

(*a*) *Stands.*—No alteration from the previous year.

(*b*) *Castration.*—Only 71 colts were castrated as against 146 last year, but I think this is explained by the increased number done in the Quetta-Peshin District.

Average number of mares to each class of stallion.

12. The average number of mares covered by each class of stallion in Baluchistan during the current and two preceding years is shown below :—

Class.	Average during 1898-99.	Average during 1897-98.	Average during 1896-97.
T. B. E.	62·06	61·16	50·18
½ B. E.	55·00	59·00	60·50
¾ "	60·00	...	...
Hackney	55·05	55·38	56·00
N. T.	60·73	67·00	60·33
Roadster	51·72	59·00	63·00
Australian	59·81	63·10	64·00
Arab	56·41	60·00	59·45
Stud-bred	59·00	51·00	60·00
	57·86	60·34	58·43

The general average of mares covered per stallion shows a slight decrease, although the total of mares covered was 255 in excess of last year.

This is explained by the fact that there were six more horses employed than during the previous year.

Demand for stallions.

13. The demand for stallions is quite constant. The horses sanctioned for Baluchistan are only just sufficient if all keep fit for work. Horses freshly coming up in April have to go to regular stud work, and great care has to be exercised that such horses are taken every care of and not overtaxed.

Which of the stallions produce the most suitable stock for the Army.

14. There are only two stands in Baluchistan where British Remount Officers come to purchase young stock, *viz.*, Quetta and Sibi, where fairs are held. The rolls of remounts show that the majority of the stock purchased at Quetta and Sibi were by T. B. E. stallions, but the Australian sires are fast catching them up, and becoming more and more popular. At the Quetta Show 9 prize winners were sired by Australians, while at Sibi they produced 16; out of 10 prizes awarded for colt foals 5 per cent. of them went to the progeny of T. B. A. horses.

The batch of 15 youngsters purchased by Captain Gough at Sibi for the Hapur Depôt were sired as follows :—

5 by T. B. E.
4 by T. B. A.
2 by ½ B. E.
1 by Hackney.
2 by Arabs.
1 unknow .

Good Arab sires, I consider, are essential, for although the first cross with indigenous stock is often small, that crossed again by a thorough-bred English or Australian gives an excellent remount.

15. The following details show the number of remounts purchased at the two fairs held at Quetta and Sibi during the year under report :—

Remounts purchased.

A.—Quetta.

(a) Captain Gough, Army Remount Agent	11
Major Peirse, 5th Bombay Cavalry	29
Captain Templer, 19th Bengal Lancers	18
Lieutenant-Colonel Monteith, 6th Bombay Cavalry	19
Lieutenant Henslowe, Zhob Levy Corps	25
Mr. Wallace, District Superintendent of Police, Quetta	8
	110

Total 110 against 198 last year.

(b) The decrease in the total number of remounts purchased was due to the diminished supply of trans-frontier horses, as 32 district bred remounts competed for prizes as against 40 last year, omitting the 11 young stock purchased for Babugarh.

(c) Of the 11 young stock purchased by Captain Gough, 9 were known to be by Government sires, and probably the other two were. Captain Gough records his opinion of the stock as follows :—

"A nice level lot showing a lot of qualitity, and up to the average of former years."

(d) The 29 horses bought by Major Peirse of the 5th Bombay Cavalry were all trans-frontier horses.

(e) Captain Templer of the 19th Bengal Lancers bought 16 district bred horses out of his batch of 18 remounts; he remarks on the fair as follows :—

"A very good show of horses, especially those bred in the district, strong well put together horses showing a lot of quality and much better than those I have seen in the Punjab Horse fairs during the last six years."

(f) Of the 19 remounts bought by Lieutenant-Colonel Monteith, 6th Bombay Cavalry, 13 were district bred and were a very good lot.

(g) Lieutenant Henslowe, Zhob Levy Corps, and the District Superintendent of Police, Quetta, bought chiefly trans-frontier horses.

B.—Sibi.

Captain Gough, Army Remount Agent	15
Lieutenant Robertson, 19th Bengal Lancers	4
Resaldar Major, 5th Bombay Cavalry	16
	35

Total 35 against 30 last year.

(a) Of the 15 young stock purchased by Captain Gough, all were by Government sires. Captain Gough remarks as follows on this fair :—

"This is quite one of the best fairs in India, and it is a treat to see such a collection of brood mares and young stock showing both breeding and substance."

(b) Of the 4 remounts bought by Lieutenant Robertson, 19th Bengal Lancers, three were by Government sires.

(c) Out of the 16 bought by the Resaldar-Major of the 5th Bombay Cavalry, 6 were by Arab sires.

16. It is to be regretted that it is quite exceptional for either British or Native Military Officers to attend either of the Baluchistan shows; this may perhaps be largely due to the fact that the majority of Bengal Cavalry Officers do not know the excellent class of horses obtainable there. Colonel Bruce, Commanding the 19th Bengal Lancers, now stationed at Loralai, was so pleased with what he saw this year that he informed me wherever his regiment was in future he should send an officer to attend the Baluchistan shows for the purchase of remounts. The Lahore dealers are fully awake to the excellence of these horses, as they annually purchase hundreds of them to retail to regiments in the Punjab.

General Remarks.

II.—Mule Breeding.

(1) *Government Donkey Stallions.*

Number present at the commencement of the year.

17. At the commencement of the year the following donkey stallions as shewn below were present in the Agency:—

Name.	Breed.	Stand.	District.
Atrawli	Italian	Ghall	Kalat.
Fasana	Cyprian	Lehri	Thal-Chotiali.
Kurrum	Meshed	Shoran	Kalat.
Khyber	Do	Fort Sandeman	Zhob.
Karez	Ghazni	Peshin	Quetta.

Number added to Register.

18. No additional donkey was added during the year under report.

Number removed from Register.

19. Two donkeys detailed below were transferred to Sind:—

Number.	Name.	Transferred to
1	Khyber	Jacobabad.
2	Karez	Shikarpur.

Number present at close of year.

20. Three donkey stallions were present in the Agency at the close of the year.

Number at stud work.

21. 4·41 donkey stallions have been at stud work in the Agency during the year as against 4·25 last year.

Number of pony and donkey mares covered.

22. The above 4·41 donkeys covered 123 mares during the year under report as against 125 in 1897-98. The detail below shows the covering of the donkeys at stud work during the last two years:—

Class	1898-99.		1897-98.	
	Pony.	Donkey.	Pony.	Donkey.
Italian	14	..	33	9
Cyprian	31	...	35	...
Meshed	44	...	47	...
Ghazni	34	...	1	...
Total	123	...	116	9

Thus a decrease of two is shown on the total mares covered, but as during the previous year nine of them were donkey mares, there is really an increase of seven mares covered for mule-breeding. The three donkey stallions now in the country will, I hope, continue to increase their coverings, but I do not think mule-breeding will ever be popular in Baluchistan.

Class.	Quetta.	Thal-Chotiali.	Kalat.	Zhob.
Cyprian	...	31	...	...
Italian	...	...	14	...
Ghazni	...	...	...	...
Meshed	33	1	38	6
Total	33	32	52	6

Being a total of 123 pony mares against 116 pony and 9 donkey mares in the previous year.

Demand for stallions.

24. I do not like to indent for any additional donkey stallions as I am not yet satisfied with the work done by those I have. The people of Baluchistan are much averse to mule-breeding, and I have only been able to get any mares covered by donkey stallions by working through the various chiefs who have done it to oblige me. Nevertheless, could some scheme be evolved by which a market for young mules, as soon as weaned, could be ensured, I have no doubt the prejudices of the people would soon be overcome.

Number of mules purchased by Government.

25. Thirteen mules were this year exhibited at the Sibi show as against three last year, but no purchases were made.

(b) REVENUE SECTION.

I.—HORSE BREEDING.

(1) Government Horse Stallions.

Cost of feed and keep.

26. During the year under report the cost of feed and keep of 46·19 horse stallions was ₨19,803-2-5, showing an average of ₨413-6-3 per stallion as against ₨500-2-10 for the preceding year.

27. The statement below shows the cost of feed and keep for the last two years in each of the Divisions of the Agency :—

District.	Cost of Feed and Keep.			
	1898-99.	1897-98.	Increase.	Decrease.
	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.
Quetta	6,914 4 8	8,382 4 7	...	1,467 15 11
Thal-Chotiali	6,092 7 4	6,227 2 0	...	134 10 8
Kalat	4,630 12 6	4,719 11 4	...	88 14 10
Zhob	822 4 10	773 14 6	48 6 4	...
Gear purchased	881 9 3	844 4 10	37 4 5	...
Construction and repairs to stables	461 11 10	559 15 7	...	98 3 9
TOTAL	19,803 2 5	21,507 4 10	85 10 9	1,789 13 2

28. There is a decrease of ₨1,704-2-5 over last year.

Branded mares. Number present at commencement of year.

29. At the commencement of the year 2,453 branded mares were present.

Number added to the Register.

30. One hundred and sixty-six mares were branded during the year against 406 last year, and 43 were received from other provinces, thus raising the Register number to 2,662.

31. The decrease in the number of mares branded during the year is due to—

(1) My touring the whole cold weather in Sind.

(2) As I have now for three consecutive years marched through all the horse-breeding districts of the Agency, and have branded most of the mares, it must be expected that the annual number of branding will now decrease.

Number removed from Register.

32. Out of the above number 2,662, 36 mares died, 59 sold, 2 stolen and 10 transferred to other provinces, making a total decrease of 107 during the year.

Number present at close of year.

33. After deducting the decrease of 107 shown above, the number remaining at the end of the year was 2,555 as against 2,453 last year.

34. The following is a detail of branded mares present in each tuman and tahsil in Baluchistan :—

District.	Tuman or Tahsil.	Branded mares.	Total.
Quetta	Quetta	349	
	Peshin	420	
	Khojak	17	786
Kalat	Kalat	450	
	Bolan	111	
	Garani	232	
	Rind	39	
	Magasi	279	1,111
Thal-Chotiali	Sibi	71	
	Dera Bugti	153	
	Mari	15	
	Domki	146	
	Kahiri	17	
	Shahrig	1	
	Duki	45	
	Barkhan	139	587
Zhob	Hindubagh	44	
	Loralai	7	
	Fort Sandeman	20	71

Number served by Government stallions.

35. Two thousand six hundred seventy-three mares were covered by Government stallions during the year under report against 2,418 during the previous year. For reasons shown in paragraph 37, a fair percentage of this number must not be expected to foal.

Number foaled, showing average of mares covered per stallion.

36. Out of 2,418 mares covered during the previous year 818 mares foaled in the year under report, showing an average of 20·41 against 23·61 for the previous year as per detail below :—

Class.	1897-98-1898-99. Covered	Foaled.	Average.	1896-97-1897-98. Covered.	Foaled.	Average.
T. B. E.	367	117	19·50	276	109	19·82
½ B. E.	118	40	20 00	121	55	27·50
¼ „	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hackney	180	38	11·69	210	94	25·06
N. T.	201	58	19·33	181	51	17·00
Roadster	59	17	17·00	63	27	27·00
Australian	260	85	20·63	144	71	31·55
Stud-bred	51	19	19·00	60	27	27·00
Arabs	1,182	414	22·53	1,516	605	23·72
Total	2,418	818	20·41	2,571	1,039	23·61

37. Although the number of foals compared with the number of coverings, *viz.*, 818 to 2,418, shows a very good percentage, it is nevertheless actually considerably higher for this reason. The majority of owners of mares in Baluchistan belong to Nomadic tribes, and are continually on the move; many mares are, I know, covered at two or three stands within a few days. Such a mare must, of course, be shown three times over in the covering returns, where, as it is obvious, she can only foal once.

Number of colts castrated.

38. During the year under report an average of four salutris worked in the Agency, 305 animals were castrated—

Horses	303,
Mules	2,

as against 308 last year, showing a decrease of three animals.

II.—MULE-BREEDING.

(1) *Government Donkey Stallions.*

Cost of feed and keep.

39. During the year under report the cost of feed and keep of 4·41 Government donkey stallions in the Agency was R1,449-7-3, showing n average of R315-4-6 per stallion as against R36815-0 for the previous year.

Number of pony and donkey mares served by Government Stallions.

40. The donkey stallions employed served 123 pony mares against 116 pony and 9 donkey mares last year, showing a decrease of two mares, *vide* Table IX.

Number of mules foaled showing average to mares covered and per stallion employed.

41. Out of 125 mares covered last year, 35 foaled, giving an average of 8·23 for the donkey stallions at work.

HORSE FAIRS AND SHOWS.

Review on each one held.

42. Only two horse fairs are held in the Agency, *viz.*, Quetta and Sibi. The following is a brief review of each:—

QUETTA.

43. Commenced on the 13th September. The total number of animals exhibited amounted to 506 against 399 the previous year.

Classes-Brood mares.—The number of branded mares in foal was just about double that of last year, being 103 against 52, while the branded mares with foal at foot numbered 46 against 9 last year. These classes were in every way encouraging and satisfactory.

Young stock.—The young stock by Government sires was very good, being well done, well grown, and having plenty of size, bone and quality.

Remounts.—A total of 110 remounts were purchased. Out of which 43 were by Government sires and locally bred, the remainder were trans-frontier horses. The supply of the latter class of horses was much more limited than usual.

Geldings.—There was a considerable falling off in numbers in these classes, probably due, as I have shown in my report on the show, to a large number of young stock having been purchased and taken away by the Lahore dealers prior to the classification.

Mules.—Three mules were shown against one last year, but there is no mule breeding in this district.

General Remarks.—The great success of this over the previous and indeed all other Quetta Fairs, I attribute entirely to the altering of the date of the show from the beginning of October to the beginning of September. The cold frosty nights of October are, as has been annually pointed out by me, most injurious to a show composed chiefly of brood mares and young stock such as are exhibited at Quetta. Class I A and I B clearly prove this, the former being double, and the latter five times more numerous than last year. I understand the dates for next year have been put a fortnight later than during the year under report, and I fear the result will be largely diminished classes of local stock, although the supply of trans-frontier horses may be increased.

SIBI.

44. This show commenced at Sibi on the 20th February. The total number of animals exhibited amounted to 884 against 874 the previous year.

Classes-Brood mares.—There was an increase of 57 mares in the branded classes, and Major Biddulph, the Senior Member of the Special Judging Committee, speaks as follows:—

"There were a particularly good lot, being fine roomy mares with plenty of seize, substance, and quality, and eminently suited for breeding remounts for British cavalry."

Young stock.—Most of the young stock classes showed an increase over last year, and were excellent.

Remounts.—35 remounts were purchased as against 30 last year, and out of this number 24 were by Government sires and locally bred.

Geldings.—There was a satisfactory increase in these classes over last year.

Mules.—One or two men in this district have been induced to breed a few mules, and 13 were this year exhibited against 3 last year.

General Remarks.—The fixture of this show for the third week in February appears to be the most suitable. I think all officers attending were of opinion that the excellence of the show was fully maintained.

GENERAL COST OF THE DEPARTMENT.

45. The cost of the Department in Baluchistan during the year under report is R48,648-3-5, *vide* details in Table XXI against R51,965-2-0 during last year.

TOUR OF SUPERINTENDENT.

46. During the year under report I visited the following places in Baluchistan on horse and mule breeding duties:—

April 1898	Mustung.
May "	Chaman, Killa Abdulla, Gulistan, Peshin and Mastung.
June "	Mastung.
July "	Kuchlak, Peshin, Killa, Khushdil, and Mastung.
August and September 1898	Mastung.
October 1898	Sibi and Rindli.
November 1898	Sibi.
December "	"
January 1899	"
February "	"
March "	"

GENERAL REMARKS.

I am of opinion that, generally speaking, the year under report has been a successful one as regards horse-breeding in the Province.

W. M. MAXWELL, *Veterinary-Captain,*
Superintendent, Civil Veterinary Department,
Baluchistan and Sind.

TABLE I.

Imperial Report—Military Section.

Return of Government Horse, Pony and Donkey Stallions for the official year 1898-99.

Details.	Government Horse and Pony Stallions.																	Government Donkeys.												Country bred colts reserved for stallions.	Remarks.
	Horses.												Ponies.					Stallions.													
	T. B. English.	½ Bred, English.	¼ Bred, English.	Hackney.	Norfolk Trotters.	Roadsters.	Australians.	Stud Bred.	Arabs.			Total.	Arabs.	Pegus.			Total.	Italian.	Cyprian.	Meshed.	Spanish.	Catalonian.	Bokhara.	Punjabi.	Home Bred.	Arab.	Herati.	Ghazni.	Total.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32
Balance on 1st April 1898	5	2	...	3	2	1	5	1	21	...	...	40	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	5	*Nil.*	
INCREASE. Received in transfer from Babugarh	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	4	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
" " " Jacobabad	5	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
" " " Hyderabad, Sind	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Purchased in Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
TOTAL	12	2	1	4	2	1	6	1	25	...	...	54	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	5	...	
DECREASE. Died	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Sold and castrated	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Destroyed	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Transferred to Hyderabad Sind	....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	2	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
" " Jacobabad	5	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	
" " Shikarpur, Sind	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	
TOTAL	5	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	...	
Balance on 31st March 1899	7	2	—	1	2	1	6	1	20	...	...	40	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	...	—	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	

TABLE II.

Imperial Report—Military Section.

Casualty Roll of Government Horse and Pony Stallions, 1898-99.

Brand No.	Name.	Class.	Horse or pony.	Description of casualties.	Nature of casualty.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
2661	Captious . . .	Hackney	Horse .	Died . . .	Colic.	
2292	Benzami . .	Arab .	Do.	Destroyed . .	Old and worn out.	

Abstract.

Province.	Number died.		Number destroyed.		Total.		Percentage of deaths.		Percentage destroyed.		General percentage.	
	Horse.	Pony	Horse.	Pony.	Horse.	Pony.	Horse.	Pony.	Horse.	Pony.	Horse.	Pony.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Baluchistan . .	1	...	1	...	2	...	1·85	...	1·85	...	3·70	...

TABLE III.

Imperial Report—Military Section.

Government Horse and Pony Stallions sold, 1898-99.

Brand No.	Name.	Class.	Horse or pony.	Name of purchaser.	Amount sold for.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
					R	
2519	Ratler . . .	Hackney	Horse	Abdulla Jan, Dealer .	220 (for both)	
2290	Galsi . . .	Arab	Do.	Ditto . . .		

TABLE IV.

Imperial Report—Military Section.

Services and produce of each class of Government Horse and Pony stallion during the year 1898-99.

Horse or pony.	Class.	Stallions on Register.	BALUCHISTAN. Stallions actually employed at stud.		Number of mares covered.		Average of mares covered per stallion employed at stud.		Result of previous year's coverings.			Average result of previous year's coverings per stallion employed at stud.			Remarks.
			Year under report.	Previous year.	Year under report.	Previous year.	Year under report.	Previous year.	Number of produce.	Number not held.	Number not known.	Average of produce.	Average of not held.	Average of not known.	
Horses	T. B English	12	7·83	6·00	487	367	62·06	61·16	117	236	14	19·50	39·33	2·33	Nil
	½ Bred English	2	2·00	2·00	110	118	55·00	59·00	40	68	1	20·00	34·00	5·00	
	¾ Bred English	1	0·50	...	30	...	60·00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Hackney	4	2·87	3·25	158	180	55·05	55·38	38	133	9	11·69	40 92	2·76	
	Norfolk Trotters	2	1·91	3·00	116	201	60·73	67 00	58	130	13	19·33	43·23	4·33	
	Roadsters	1	0·58	1·00	30	59	51·72	59·00	17	36	6	17·00	36·00	6·00	
	Australians	6	5·50	4·12	329	260	59·81	63·10	85	166	9	20 63	40·29	2·18	
	Stud Breds	1	1·0	1·00	59	51	59 00	51·00	19	81	1	19·00	31·00	1·00	
	Arabs	25	24·00	19·70	1,354	1,182	56·41	60·00	444	711	27	22·53	36·08	1·37	
	Total	54	46·19	40·07	2,673	2,418	57·86	60·34	818	1,511	89	20·41	37·70	2·22	
Ponies	Arabs							*Nil*							
	Pegus														
	Total							*Nil*							
	GRAND TOTAL	54	46·19	40·07	2,673	2,418	57·86	60·34	818	1,511	89	20·41	37·70	2·22	

TABLE V.

Imperial Report—Military Section.

Record of the class of stallions which produce the most suitable and unsuitable stock for Army purposes, as inspected during 1898-99.

Remount Rearing Depôt.	Class of sires of remount.	Number of remounts inspected.	How alotted. Horse Artillery.	Field Artillery.	British Cavalry.	Native Cavalry.	Etc., etc.	Rejected	Total.	Percentage of allotments. Horse Artillery.	Field Artillery.	British Cavalry.	Native Cavalry.	Etc., etc.	Rejected.	Total.	Remarks.
							Not available.										

TABLE VI.

Imperial Report—Military Section.

Statement of country-bred remounts purchased during the year 1898-99.

Purchased for	Number purchased. Horses.	Mares.	Geldings.	Colts.	Fillies.	Regiment ponies.	Total.	1½ to under three years.	Three to under six years.	Six to under eight years.	Eight years and over.	Total.	Breed. Government sires and branded dams.	Sire not known, and country dams.	Country sires and country dams.	Total.	Remarks.
Army Remount Department	...	...	3	12	11	...	26	26	...	...	...	26	23	3	...	26	
Native Cavalry*	58	45	8	...	...	6	117	1	93	22	1	117	40	64	13	117	Including Zhob Levy Corps.
Police	1	6	1	...	...		8		6	2	...	8	...	8	...	8	
Total	59	51	12	12	11	6	151	27	99	24	1	151	63	75	13	151	

TABLE VII.

Imperial Report—Military Section.

Casualty Roll of Government Donkey Stallions during 1898-99.

Brand No.	Name.	Class.	Description of casualty.	Nature of casualty.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6
			Nil.		

Abstract.

Province.	No. died.	No. destroyed.	Total.	Percentage of deaths.	Percentage destroyed.	General percentage.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Baluchistan . .			*Nil.*				

TABLE VIII.

Imperial Report—Military Section.

Government Donkey Stallions sold during 1898-99.

Brand No.	Name.	Class.	Name of purchaser.	Amount sold for.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6
			Nil.		

TABLE IX.

Imperial Report—Military Section.

Services and produce of each class of Government Donkey Stallions during 1898-99.

Class of donkey stallion.	BALUCHISTAN.																									NORTH PUNJAB, etc., etc.
		Donkey stallions actually employed at stud.				Number of mares covered.				Average of mares covered per stallion employed at stud.				Result of previous year's coverings.						Average result of previous year's coverings per stallion employed at stud.						
		For mule breeding		For donkey breeding.		Pony mares.		Donkey mares.		Pony mares.		Donkey mares.		Pony mares.			Donkey mares.			Pony mares.			Donkey. mares.			
	Stallions on Registers.	Year under report.	Previous year.	Year under report.	Previous year.	Year under report.	Previous year.	Year under report.	Previous year.	Year under report.	Previous year.	Year under report.	Previous year.	Number of mule produce.	Number not held.	Number not known.	Number of donkey produce.	Number not held.	Number not known.	Average of mule produce.	Average of not held.	Average of not known.	Average of donkey produce.	Average of not held.	Average of not known.	
Italian	1	1·00	1·00	...	0·75	14	33	...	9	14·00	33·00	...	12·00	9	24	...	...	9	...	9·00	24·00	...	...	12·00	...	
Spanish	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Arab, etc., etc.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Cyprian	1	1·00	1·00	...	...	31	35	...	...	31·00	35·00	...	...	5	29	1	...	...	...	·0 0	29·00	1·00	...	...	...	
Mesbed	2	1·79	2·00	...	...	44	47	...	...	24·52	23·50	...	...	20	27	...	...	...	...	10·00	13·50	...	...	...	...	
Ghazni	1	·62	·25	...	...	34	1	...	...	54·83	4·00	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	4·00	...	...	...	...	...	
Total	5	4·41	4·25	...	0·75	123	116	...	9	27·89	27·29	...	12·00	35	80	1	...	9	...	8·23	18·82	·23	...	12·00	...	

TABLE X.

Imperial Report—Military Section.

Statement of Mules purchased by Government in 1898-99.

Mules purchased for	Total number purchased.	Remarks.
Remount Depôt	Nil.	
Batteries		
Transport		

TABLE XI.

Imperial Report—Revenue Section.

Cost of feed, keep, attendants, etc., etc., of Government Horse and Pony Stallions during 1898-99.

Province.	District.	Number of stallions or days.		Total annual cost.		Average cost per stallion.	
		Horse.	Pony.	Horse.	Pony.	Horse.	Pony.
				R a. p.		R a. p	
	Quetta . . .	5,936	...	6,914 4 8	...	425 2 5	...
	Thai Chotiali . .	6,685	...	6,092 7 4	..	332 10 4	....
	Kalat . . .	4,179	...	4,630 12 6	...	404 7 4	...
	Zhob . . .	685	...	822 4 10	...	438 2 7	...
	Add cost of gear and clothing . .	...	...	881 9 3	...	...	...
	Construction and repairs to stables .	...	...	461 11 10	...	...	...
	Total .	17,485	...	19,803 2 5	...	413 6 3	...

TABLE XII.

Imperial Report—Revenue Section.

Return of branded or certificated mares and their produce, for the official year 1898-99.

Details.	Branded or certificated mares.					Produce.					Remarks.
	For horse breeding.	For pony breeding.	For mule breeding.	For donkey breeding.	Total.	Horse stock.	Pony stock.	Mule stock.	Donkey stock.	Total.	
Balance on 1st April 1898	2,453	...	...	...	2,453	1,906	...	72	...	1,978	
Increase. Branded during the year . . .	166	...	...	...	166	...	...	...	...	...	
Increase. Foaled during the year . . .	...	...	...	...	...	818	...	35	..	853	
Increase. Received from other Provinces, etc., etc.	43	...	...	...	43	...	...	...	...	...	
Total .	2,662	...	...	...	2,662	2,724	...	107	...	2,831	
Decrease. Died . . .	36	...	...	...	36	39	...	3	...	42	
Decrease. Sold . . .	59	...	...	...	59	106	...	13	...	119	
Decrease. Stolen . . .	2	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	1	
Decrease. Struck off etc., etc. .	10	...	...	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	
Total .	107	...	...	..	107	146	..	16	...	162	
Balance on the 31st March 1899	2,555	...	...	...	2,555	1,578	...	91	...	2,639	

TABLE XIII.

IMPERIAL REPORT—REVENUE SECTION.

Breeders and other colts castrated by Veterinary Assistants and Salutris paid from Imperial Funds in 1898-99.

Province.	District.	Number of colts castrated. Horse stock.	Mule stock.	Total.	Number of deaths resulting from effects of castration.	Remarks.
Baluchistan.	Quetta	92	...	92	...	
	Thal Chotiali	129	1	130	...	
	Zhob	12	...	12	...	
	Kalat	70	1	71	...	
	TOTAL	303	2	305	...	

TABLE XIV.

IMPERIAL REPORT—REVENUE SECTION.

Cost of feed, keep, attendants, etc., etc., of Government Donkey Stallions in 1898-99.

Province.	District.	Number of stallions or days.	Total annual cost.	Average per donkey stallion.	Remarks.
			R a. p.	R a. p.	
Baluchistan.	Quetta	213	154 8 4	264 11 8	
	Thal Chotiali	478	403 3 5	311 11 4	
	Kalat	730	645 2 1	322 9 0	
	Zhob	257	241 9 5	343 1 2	
	TOTAL	1,678	1,449 7 3	315 4 6	

TABLE XV.

IMPERIAL REPORT—REVENUE SECTION.

Abstract of particulars regarding each Horse Fair and Show held in Baluchistan during the year 1898-99.

Fair or show.	Date when fair or show was held.		Total number of animals present.		Total number competing for prizes.		Total number of horse stock (not including branded mares present).		Number of remounts purchased.				Prices paid for remounts.			Number of mules purchased.			Prices paid for mules.			Total number of sales effected.				Prizes awarded.							Amount sanctioned by Government of India for next year's fair or show.
	From	To	Year under report.	Previous year.	Year under report.	Previous year.	Belonging to breeders.	Belonging to dealers.	For Remount Department.	For Native Cavalry.	For Police.	Total.	Highest price.	Lowest price.	Average price.	By Government.	By others.	Total.	Highest price.	Lowest price.	Average price.	Total number sold.	Highest price.	Lowest price.	Average price.	From Imperial Funds.	From Provincial Funds.	From Local and District Funds.	From Private Subscriptions.	Total.	Amount actually awarded.	Number of medals given away.	
													R	R	R								R	R	R a. p.	R	R			R	R		R
Sibi . .	20th Feb. 1899 .	23rd Feb. 1899 .	884	8[illegible]4	884	874	591	100	15	20	...	35	370	150	251	...	...	...	...	...	...	98	...	...	...	1,400	1,120	...	...	2,520	2,520	1	1,400
Quetta .	13th Sept. 1898 .	15th Sept. 1898	406	[illegible]99	431	399	318	673	11	91	8	110	430	72	238	...	...	...	...	...	...	19	475	55	237 8 0	1,000	980	...	...	1,980	1,910	1	1,000
	Dealer horses		673	998																													
Total .			2,063	2,269	1,315	1,273	909	773	26	111	8	145	800	222	493	...	...	...	...	...	...	296	475	55	237 8 0	2,400	2,100	...	...	4,500	4,430	2	2,400

TABLE XVI.

IMPERIAL REPORT—REVENUE SECTION.

Statement showing the Government Stallions whose produce won prizes at the Horse Fairs and Shows of 1898-99.

Classes of sires.	Names of sires.	Number of 1st prizes.	Number of 2nd prizes.	Number of 3rd prizes.	Number of other prizes.	Total number of prizes.
T. B. E.	Songster	1	1	...	18	20
	Studley Royal	8	3	1	16	28
	Innoculation	1	1	...	...	2
	Finale	1	1	1	11	14
	The Salt	...	2	1	3	6
	Adonis	...	2	...	7	9
	Magenan	...	1	...	12	13
	The Dummy	...	...	1	2	3
	The Stour	...	...	...	1	1
	Orange Prince	...	...	...	2	2
						98
T. B. A.	Grenadier	1	...	...	1	2
	Glenmark	2	...	1	8	11
	Finis	1	...	...	1	2
	Orion	...	1	...	3	4
	Donation	...	...	1	5	6
						25
½ B. E.	Real Glue	1	...	1	8	10
	The Tilat	...	...	2	8	10
						20
¼ B. E.	Express	...	...	...	1	1
						1
N. T.	Cupid	1	...	...	4	5
	Sir James	1	...	...	3	4
	His Grace	...	1	1	9	11
	Valour	...	1	1	5	7
	Hingham Swell	...	...	4	10	14
	Reliance	...	...	...	1	1
	Sportsman	...	...	...	7	7
	Royal Cub	...	...	...	1	1
	Contract	...	...	...	1	1
	Bruno	...	...	...	3	3
						54
Hackney	Captious	1	...	...	...	1
	Ratler	1	1	1	4	7
	Camerino	...	...	...	2	2
	Augustus	...	...	...	1	1
						11
Roadster	Lord Welham	...	1	2	4	7
						7
Arabs	Khushnuma	...	...	...	1	1
	Good Luck	1	1	2	2	6
	Sahi	1	2	...	4	7
	Gwalior	...	...	...	2	2
	Beawer	1	1	...	2	4
	Kohilan	2	1	...	2	5
	Bedag	1	...	...	4	5
	Lassa	1	...	...	5	6
	Rajeb	...	1	2	3	6
	Bhagu	...	1	...	...	1
	Akola	...	...	...	1	1
	Sanad	...	1	...	1	2
	Chetwa	...	1	...	4	5

TABLE XVI—*continued.*

Classes of sires.	Names of sires.	Number of 1st prizes.	Number of 2nd prizes.	Number of 3rd prizes.	Number of other prizes.	Total number of prizes.
Arabs.—*contd.*	Siah Chashim	...	1	...	6	7
	Bala	...	...	1	...	1
	April Morn	...	...	1	2	3
	Gul-i-Lalla	...	...	1	3	4
	Benzani	...	...	...	4	4
	Dara	...	...	...	1	1
	Jagnoo	...	...	...	3	3
	Bara Singa	...	...	...	1	1
	Meree Khawaish	...	...	...	1	1
	Quaint	...	...	...	1	1
	Quadrant	...	...	...	1	1
	Quick Silver	...	...	...	2	2
	Druce	...	...	...	5	5
	Shahin	...	...	...	3	3
	Shamlan	...	...	...	2	2
	Quebic	...	...	...	1	1
	Seyib	...	...	...	4	4
	Afghana	...	...	...	1	1
						96
	DONKEY.					
Meshed	Kurrum	1	...	...	1	2
Italian	Khandaha	...	...	...	1	1
	Aaron	...	...	...	4	4

Abstract.

Classes of sires.	Number of sires of each class.	Number of prizes awarded. 1st prize.	2nd prize.	3rd prize.	Other prizes.	Total.	Proportion of prizes to each sire. 1st prize.	2nd prize.	3rd prize.	Other prizes.	Total.
Thorough Bred English	10	11	11	4	72	98	1·10	1 10	0·40	7 20	9·80
½ Bred English	2	1	...	3	16	20	0·50	...	1·50	8 00	10·00
¼ ,, ,,	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1 00
Norfolk Trotter	10	2	2	6	44	54	0·20	0·20	0·60	4·40	5·40
Arabs	31	7	10	7	72	96	0·22	0 32	0·22	2 32	3·09
Australians	5	4	1	2	18	25	0·80	0·20	0·40	3·60	5·00
Roadster	1	...	1	2	4	7	...	1·00	2 00	4 00	7·00
Hackney	4	2	1	1	7	11	0 50	0·25	0·25	1·75	2·75
Meshed	1	1	...	...	1	2	1·00	...	...	1·00	2·00
Italian	2	...	...	...	5	5	...	...	...	2 50	2·50

TABLE

IMPERIAL REPORT—

Dr. *Balance sheet of cultivation operations*

No.		
1	Value of lands	
2	" of buildings	
3	" of plant and machinery	
4	" of farm animals	
5	" of wells	
	To Repairs and Additions, etc.	
6	Repairs to buildings	
7	Additions to buildings	
8	Repairs of plant and machinery	
9	Purchase of new plant and machinery to replace worn-out stock	
10	Purchase of new plant and machinery as an addition to existing stock	
11	Purchase of farm animals in replacement of stock sold, died, etc	
12	Purchase of farm animals as an addition to existing stock	
	To Establishment.	
13	Share of pay of Superintendent, Civil Veterinary Department	*Nil.*
14	Extra pay to Veterinary Overseer	
15	Lucerne Garden Establishment	
16	Office Establishment (⅙)	
17	Labor farm	
	Labor grass conservancy	
18	Permanent Establishment	
19	Temporary Establishment	
	" " grass conservancy	
	To other charges.	
20	Irrigation and sowing rent	
21	Manure, if purchased	
22	Seeds	
23	Feed of farm animals	
24	Cutting and carting hay	
25	Cultivation contingencies	
	To indirect charges.	
26	Interest at 4 per cent. on outlay (item 4)	
27	" on working capital (½ of items 11 to 25)	
28	Probable rent of land under cultivation, if leased out	
	Savings	
	GRAND TOTAL	

XVII.

REVENUE SECTION.

for the official year 1898-99.

Cr.

No.	*By stock.*				
29	Value of lands				
30	" of buildings				
31	" of plant and machinery				
32	" of farm animals				
33	" of wells				
	By sale.				
	Sale of horse stallions				
	" donkey stallions				
	" farm mares				
	" pony mares				
	" donkey mares				
	" horse stock				
	" mule stock				
	" donkey stock				
	TOTAL				

By production.	Outturn.	Actual cost per rupee.			Amount.			Market rate per rupee.			Amount.	
	lbs.	lbs.	oz.	do.	R	a.	p.	lbs.	oz.	do.	R	p.
Oats in straw												
Green kirbee												
Carrots												
Lucerne												
Hay												
Gram												
Gram bhoosa												
Guinea grass												
Etc., etc.												
By Sundries												
Subletting grazing lands												
Etc., etc.												
Loss												

TABLE XVIII.

IMPERIAL REPORT—REVENUE SECTION.

Return of Instruction Farm Animals for the official year 1898-99.

Details.	Farm Stallions.									Farm Mares.										Farm Produce.										Remarks.
	Horse.				Donkey.				Total Horse and Donkey Stallion.	Farm mares.			Pony mares.			Donkey mares.			Total Farm mares.	Horse stock.			Mule stock.			Donkey stock.			Total produce.	
	Arab.	Country bred.	Etc., etc.	Total.	Persian.	Home bred.	Etc., etc.	Total.		Country bred.	Etc., etc.	Total.	Country bred.	Etc., etc.	Total.	Home bred.	Etc., etc.	Total.		Colts.	Fillies.	Total.	Colts.	Fillies.	Total.	Colts.	Fillies.	Total.		
Balance on 1st April 189																														
Increase: Purchased in India																														
Increase: Foaled during the year																														
Etc., etc.																														
Total																														
Decrease: Died																														
Decrease: Destroyed															Nil.															
Decrease: Sold																														
Etc., etc.																														
Total																														
Balance on 31st March 1899																														
In North-West Provinces Depôt																														
In North Punjab Depôt																														

TABLE XIX.

IMPERIAL REPORT—REVENUE SECTION.

Casualty Roll of Instruction Farm Animals during 1898-99.

Brand No.	Name and class.	Stallion, mare or produce.	Description of casualty.	Nature of casualty.	REMARKS.
			Nil.		

Abstract.

Number died.			Number destroyed.			Total.			Percentage of death.			Percentage destroyed.			General percentages.		
Stallion.	Mare.	Produce.	Stallion.	Mare.	Produce.	Stallion.	Mare.	Produce.	Stallion.	Mare.	Produce.	Stallion.	Mare.	Produce.	Stallion.	Mare.	Produce.
							Nil.										

TABLE XX.

IMPERIAL REPORT—REVENUE SECTION.

Statement of Instruction Farm Animals sold during 1898-99.

Brand No.	Name and class.	Stallion, mare or produce.	Name of purchaser.	Amount sold for.	REMARKS.
			Nil.		

TABLE XXI.

Imperial Report—Revenue Section.

Statement showing charges debited to India Estimates during 1898-99, in connection with the Civil Veterinary Department.

Major Heads.	Inspector General.	Imperial Bacteriologist.	Assistant to Inspector General.	Superintendent, North-Western Provinces and Oudh.	Superintendent, North Punjab.	Superintendent, South Punjab.	Superintendent, Baluchistan and Sind.	Principal, Ajmere Veterinary School.	Total.	Remarks.
Civil Veterinary Department.							R a. p.			
I.—Prizes at Horse Fairs and Shows							2,400 0 0			
II.—Establishment—Officers							11,504 14 0			
Ditto Subordinates							8,490 9 3			
III.—Travelling allowances—Officers							1,840 12 0			
Ditto ditto Subordinate							551 15 9			
IV.—Contingencies							2,197 1 6			
Supplies and services							40 0 0			
V.—Purchase of stallions							...			
VI.—Stable, feed and keep							21,252 9 8			
VII.—Road expenses							370 5 3			
Instruction Farm.							48,618 3 5			
VIII.—Establishment										
IX.—Contingencies										
X.—Purchase of Farm animals										
XI.—Stable, feed and keep										
Total							48,648 3 5			

TABLE XXII.

Imperial Report—Revenue Section.

Abstract of tours of Superintendents, Civil Veterinary Department, during 1898-99.

Rank, name and designation of touring officer.	Number of mares inspected.		Number of mares branded for								Total mares branded.		Summary of other duties branded.
			Horse.		Pony.		Mule.		Donkey.				
	Year under report.	Previous year.	Year under report.	Previous year.	Year under report.	Previous year.	Year under report.	Previous year.	Year under report.	Previous year.	Year under report.	Previous year.	
Veterinary-Captain H. M. Maxwell, Superintendent, Civil Veterinary Department, Baluchistan and Sind.	414	1,106	166	406	...	...	...	...	...	...	166	406	Inspected cattle of different breeds and treated sick animals.

H. M. MAXWELL, *Vety.-Capt.,*
Superintendent, Civil Veterinary Department,
Baluchistan and Sind.

APPENDIX XIII.

Annual Administration Report of the Civil Veterinary Department, Baluchistan, for the Year 1898-99.

PROVINCIAL.

1. No horse, pony, or donkey stallions are maintained for breeding purposes by District Boards, Courts of Ward or private persons in Baluchistan.

2. During the year two salutris, paid from District Funds, were employed in the Agency—

(1) Levy salutri at Thal Chotiali.
(2) Police salutri at Quetta.

These men castrated 44 animals against 60 animals castrated by three salutris employed last year.

3. No veterinary assistants have yet been employed in the Agency paid from District funds to enquire into cattle diseases, hence no returns referring to investigation and prevention of cattle diseases are prepared.

4. The scheme for the appointment of District salutris for investigations and preventions of cattle diseases is before the Government of India, and, if their entertainment is sanctioned, I hope I shall in future be able to furnish information under these heads.

5. At the commencement of the year there were 619 mares considered suitable for horse-breeding and 133 mares were received from other provinces, thus raising the register number to 752.

6. After deducting the decrease of 146 mares shown below—

Died	21
Sold	52
Transferred to other provinces	73
	146

606 mares were reported to be present at the close of the year.

6 (a). The number of cattle in Baluchistan is very limited, but those in the Mari tract of Kachhi are very good indeed.

7. These cattle are imported to all parts of India, and are famous for their quality, action and power.

8. No special cattle-breeding is going on in Baluchistan, nor are there any separate cattle fairs held in the Agency.

9. A brief account of the cattle exhibited at the Quetta and Sibi Shows is given below:—

QUETTA.

10. Only 94 cattle were exhibited at the show against 99 last year as per detail below:—

Classes.	1898-99.	1897-98.
He-goats	3	4
She "	25	8
Rams	17	22
Ewes	9	18
Bulls	19	24
Cows in milk	5	5
" not in milk	12	9
Oxen (pairs)	3	3
Carts	1	6
Total	94	99

The number of exhibits was nearly the same as last year.

11. The cattle brought to the show were not for sale. The zemindars keep them for dairy and agricultural purposes.

12. No purchasers attend the show, hence no sales.

13. Out of 94 animals, 29 cattle and the cart won prizes worth R130, *vide* details below :—

Classes.	Prizes awarded.	Total.
	R	
Bulls	30	
Oxen in pairs	10	
Cows not in milk	10	
Milch cows	20	
Rams	15	
Ewes	15	
He-goats	10	
She "	10	
Cart	10	130

SIBI.

14. It is only the Mari tract of Baluchistan in the Sibi tahsil that cattle are well bred and cared for, and which find their way to the Sibi Show.

15. There cattle are suitable for conservancy carts and seige train and army transport purposes.

16. The total number of cattle sold at the Show was 65, *i.e.*:—

Bullocks	49
Camels	16
	65

which were purchased by the Commissariat Department, Sibi.

17. No fees are realised at the Show. The following detail shows cattle attending the Shows compared with those of last year :—

Classes.	898-99.	1897-98.
Bulls	110	29
Cows	60	10
Oxen	50	77
Sheep	...	3
TOTAL	220	119

18. This large increase was probably due to the fact of its being known that the Commissariat Department were going to purchase.

19. The following is a detail of prizes awarded :—

No. of prizes.	Classes.	Money awarded.	TOTAL.
		R	
12	Bulls	50	
11	Cows	50	
16	Oxen	72	172

20. There are no veterinary colleges, dispensaries or any other institutions in Baluchistan nor is there any establiishment maintained by District Boards, etc.

21. During the year under report I visited the following three districts :—

Quetta-Pishin;
Thal Chotiali; and
Kalat;

and attended the Quetta and Sibi Shows.

22. During the year under review 1,132 miles were travelled by rail and 423 by road.

H. M. MAXWELL, *Veterinary-Captain,*
Superintendent, Civil Veterinary Department,
Baluchistan and Sind.

TABLE A.

Provincial Report.

Return of Horse, Pony and Donkey Stallions, the property of District Boards, Courts of Ward, and private persons, for the official year 1898-99.

Details.	Horse and Pony Stallions.																		Donkey Stallions.						
	Horse.									Ponies.									District Boards.		Courts of Ward.		Private persons.		
	District Boards.			Courts of Wards.			Private persons.			District Boards.			Courts of Ward.			Private persons.									
	Arab.	Persian.	Total.	Arab.	Persian.	Total.	Arab.	Persian.	Total.	Arab.	Persian.	Total.	Arab.	Persian.	Total.	Arab.	Persian.	Total.	Italian.	Persian.	Italian.	Persian.	Italian.	Persian.	Total.
Balance on 1st April 1898																									
Increase: Purchased in India.																									
Increase: By transfer from .																									
Total .																									
Decrease: Died . . .											*Nil*														
Decrease: Destroyed . .																									
Decrease: Sold . . .																									
Total .																									
Balance on 31st March 1899 .																									

TABLE B.

Provincial Report.

Casualty Roll of Horse and Pony Stallions, the property of District Boards, Courts of Ward, and private persons, shown under separate heads, during 1898-99.

Brand No.	Name.	Class.	Horse or Pony.	Description of casualty.	Nature of casualty.	Remarks.
			Nil.			

TABLE C.

Provincial Report.

Horse and Pony Stallions, the property of District Boards, Courts of Ward, and private persons, shown under separate heads, sold during 1898-99.

Board No.	Name.	Class.	Horse or Pony.	Name of purchaser.	Amount sold for.	Remarks showing cause of rejection.
			Nil.			

TABLE D.

Provincial Report.

Services and produce of each class of Horse and Pony Stallions, the property of District Boards, Courts of Ward, and private persons, during 1898-99.

District Boards.

Horse or Pony.	Class.	Stallions on Register.	Stallions actually employed at stud. Year under report.	Stallions actually employed at stud. Previous year.	Number of mares covered. Year under report.	Number of mares covered. Previous year.	Average of mares covered per stallion employed at stud. Year under report.	Average of mares covered per stallion employed at stud. Previous year.	Result of previous year's covering. Number of produce.	Result of previous year's covering. Number not held.	Result of previous year's covering. Number not known.	Average result of previous year's coverings per stallion employed at stud. Average of produce.	Average result of previous year's coverings per stallion employed at stud. Average not held.	Average result of previous year's coverings per stallion employed at stud. Average not known.
Horse	Arab													
	Persian													
	Northern													
	Total													
Pony	Arab													
	Persian													
	Total													
	Grand Total													

Courts of Wards.

Horse or Pony.	Class.	Stallions on Register.	Stallions actually employed at stud. Year under report.	Stallions actually employed at stud. Previous year.	Number of mares covered. Year under report.	Number of mares covered. Previous year.	Average of mares covered per stallion employed at stud. Year under report.	Average of mares covered per stallion employed at stud. Previous year.	Result of previous year's covering. Number of produce.	Result of previous year's covering. Number not held.	Result of previous year's covering. Number not known.	Average result of previous year's covering per stallion employed at stud. Average of produce.	Average result of previous year's covering per stallion employed at stud. Average not held.	Average result of previous year's covering per stallion employed at stud. Average not known.
Horse	Arab													
	Persian						Nil.							
	Northern													
	Total													
Pony	Arab													
	Persian													
	Total													
	Grand Total													

Private Persons.

Horse or Pony.	Class.	Stallions on Register.	Stallions actually employed at stud. Year under report.	Stallions actually employed at stud. Previous year.	Number of mares covered. Year under report.	Number of mares covered. Previous year.	Average of mares covered per stallion employed at stud. Year under report.	Average of mares covered per stallion employed at stud. Previous year.	Result of previous year's covering. Number of produce.	Result of previous year's covering. Number not held.	Result of previous year's covering. Number not known.	Average result of previous year's coverings per stallion employed at stud. Average of produce.	Average result of previous year's coverings per stallion employed at stud. Average not held.	Average result of previous year's coverings per stallion employed at stud. Average not known.
Horse	Arab													
	Persian													
	Northern													
	Total													
Pony	Arab													
	Persian													
	Total													
	Grand Total													

TABLE E.

Provincial Report.

Cost of feed, keep, attendants, etc., of Horse and Pony Stallions, the property of District Boards, Courts of Ward, and private persons, shown under separate heads, during 1898-99.

Province.	District.	Number of stallions or days.		Total annual cost.		Average cost per stallion.	
		Horse.	Pony.	Horse.	Pony.	Horse.	Pony.
			Nil				

TABLE F.

Provincial Report.

Return of Mares considered suitable for Horse, Pony, Mule, or Donkey-breeding for the official year 1898-99.

Details.	Number of Mares considered suitable.				
	For Horse-breeding.	For Pony-breeding.	For Mule-breeding.	For Donkey breeding.	Total.
Balance on 1st April 1898	619	...	...	...	619
Increase — By purchase	...	...	...	...	...
Increase — By transfers, etc.	133	...	...	...	133
Total	752	...	...	...	752
Decrease — Died	21	...	...	...	21
Decrease — Sold	52	...	...	...	52
Decrease — Transferred	73	...	...	...	73
Total	146	...	...	...	146
Balance on 31st March 1899	606	...	...	...	606

TABLE G.

PROVINCIAL REPORT.

Casualty Roll of Donkey Stallions, the property of District Boards, Courts of Ward, and private persons, shown under separate heads, during 1898-99.

Brand No.	Name.	Class.	Description of casualty.	Nature of casualty.	REMARKS.
			Nil.		

TABLE H.

PROVINCIAL REPORT.

Donkey Stallions, the property of District Boards, Courts of Ward, and private persons, shown under separate heads, sold during 1898-99.

Brand No.	Name.	Class.	Name of Purchaser.	Amount sold for.	Remarks showing cause of rejection.
				Nil.	

TABLE J.

Provincial Report.

Services and Produce of each class of Horse and Pony Stallions, the property of District Boards, Courts of Ward, and private persons during 1898-99.

Class of Donkey Stallion.		Donkey stallions actually employed at stud.				Number of mares covered.				Average of mares covered per stallion employed at stud.				Result of previous year's coverings.						Average result of previous year's coverings per stallion employed at stud.					
		For Mule breeding.		For Donkey breeding.		Pony Mares.		Donkey Mares.		Pony Mares.		Donkey Mares.		Pony Mares.			Donkey Mares.			Pony Mares.			Donkey Mares.		
	Stallions on register.	Year under report.	Previous year.	Year under report.	Previous year.	Year under report.	Previous year.	Year under report.	Previous year.	Year under report.	Previous year.	Year under report.	Previous year.	Number of mule produce.	Number not held.	Number not known.	Number of donkey produce.	Number not held.	Number not known.	Average of mule produce.	Average of not held.	Average of not known.	Average of donkey produce.	Average of not held.	Average of not known.
District Boards.																									
Italian																									
Persian	Nil.																								
Others																									
Courts of Ward.																									
Italian																									
Persian	Nil.																								
Others																									
Private persons.																									
Italian																									
Persian	Nil.																								
Others																									

TABLE K.

PROVINCIAL REPORT.

Cost of feed, keep, attendants, etc., of Donkey Stallions, the property of District Boards, Courts of Wards, and private persons, shown under separate heads, during 1898-99.

PROVINCE.	District.	Number of donkey stallions or days.	Total annual cost.			Average per donkey stallions.			REMARKS.
			R	a.	p.	R	a.	p.	
		Nil.							

TABLE L.

PROVINCIAL REPORT.

Breeders' and other Colts castrated by Veterinary Assistant and Salutris paid from Local Funds, in 1898-99.

PROVINCE.	District.	NUMBER OF COLTS CASTRATED.			Number of deaths resulting from effects of castration.	REMARKS.
		Horse stock.	Other stock.	Total.		
Baluchistan . .	Quetta	8	4	12	*Nil.*	
	Thal Chotiali . .	32	...	32		
	TOTAL .	40	4	44		

TABLE M.

PROVINCIAL REPORT.

Showing Districts where Outbreaks of Cattle-disease occurred during 1898-99.

Province.	District.	Rinderpest.			Anthrax.			Foot-and-mouth disease.			Pleuro Pneumonia.			Charbon Symptomatique.			Other Diseases.			Total		
		Number attacked.	Number died.	Percentage of deaths.	Number attacked.	Number died.	Percentage of deaths.	Number attacked.	Number died.	Percentage of deaths.	Number attacked.	Number died.	Percentage of deaths.	Number attacked.	Number died.	Percentage of deaths.	Number attacked.	Number died.	Percentage of deaths.	Number attacked.	Number died.	Percentage of deaths.
								Nil														

TABLE N.

Provincial Report.

Statement showing the number of animals treated by Veterinary Assistants during the year 1898-99.

District.	Tahsil.	Rinderpest.				Anthrax.				Foot-and-mouth disease.				Pleuro Pneumonia.				Charbon Symptomatique.				Other diseases.				Totol treated.				Number of villages visited.	No of Veterinary Assistants employed.
		Died.	Relieved.	Cured.	Total.	Died.	Relieved.	Cured.	Total.	Died.	Relieved.	Cured.	Total.	Died.	Relieved.	Cured.	Total.	Died.	Relieved.	Cured.	Total.	Died.	Relieved.	Cured.	Total.	Died.	Relieved.	Cured.	Total.		
															Nil																

TABLE O.

PROVINCIAL REPORT.

Statement showing Receipts and Expenditure of Veterinary Dispensaries during 1898-99.

Dispensaries.	Receipts.						Expenditure.							Balance.
	Last year's balance.	By Local Fund grant.	By Government grant.	By Municipal contribution.	By other sources.	Total.	Pay.	Travelling allowance.	Medicines, instruments, etc., etc.	Furniture, land, etc., etc.	Contingencies, stabling, house-rent, etc.	Transferred to Indian Veterinary Dispensary Fund.	Total.	
							Nil							

TABLE P.

PROVINCIAL REPORT.

Statement showing Tours of Superintendents, Civil Veterinary Department, during 1898-99.

Rank, name, and designation of Officers.	Districts visited.	Fairs and Shows attended.	Number of miles travelled.				Remarks.
			By road.	By rail.	By boat or steamer.	Total.	
Veterinary-Captain H. M. Maxwell, Superintendent, Civil Veterinary Department, Baluchistan and Sind.	Quetta-Pishin, Thal-Chotiali and Kalat.	Quetta and Sibi . .	423	1,132	...	1,555	

TABLE Q

Provincial Report.

Statement showing Provincial cost of the Civil Veterinary Department during the official year 1898-99.

Major Heads.	Superintendent, North Western Provinces and Oudh.	Superintendent, North Punjab.	Superintendent, South Punjab.	Superintendent, Baluchistan.	Superintendent, Bengal.	Superintendent, Madras.	Principal, Ajmere Veterinary School.	Superintendent, Central Provinces.	Superintendent, Bombay.		Superintendent, Burma.		Remarks.
									Local Fund Charges.	Provincial Charges.	Local District Cess Fund.	Provincial Charges.	
I.—Prizes at Horse Fairs and Shows													
II.—Establishment—Officers													
Establishment—Subordinates													
III.—Travelling Allowance—Officers													
Travelling Allowance—Subordinates						*Nil*							
IV.—Contingencies													
V.—Purchase of stallions													
VI.—Stable, feed and keep													
VII.—Road expenses													
Total													

H. M. MAXWELL, *Veterinary Captain,*

Superintendent, Civil Veterinary Department, Baluchistan and Sind.

APPENDIX XIV.

Report on the Quetta District Fair, 1898.

HORSE SHOW.

No. 793, dated Quetta, the 27th January 1899.

From—H. S. Barnes, Esq., I.C.S., C.S.I., Agent to the Governor General in Baluchistan,

To—The Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Department.

I have the honour to forward, herewith, for the information of the Government of India, the marginally noted reports on the Tenth Annual District Fair, which was held at Quetta on the 13th, 14th, and 15th of September 1898.

1. From the Superintendent, Civil Veterinary Department, Baluchistan, No. 549-B., dated the 6th October 1898.

2. From the Superintendent, Civil Veterinary Department, Baluchistan, No. 556-B., dated the 12th October 1898.

3. From the Political Agent, Quetta, No. 219, dated the 13th January 1899.

2. It will be seen that there was a considerable falling off in the number of horses shown *viz.*, 1,179 against 1,593 in 1897. This was owing partly to purchases made by native dealers before the Show began, and partly to a large decrease in the number of northern horses imported from Afghanistan. This decrease is ascribed chiefly to the heavy taxation imposed by the Amir on horses brought through his country.

3. Full details of the stock exhibited, both horses and cattle, are given in the annexures to Veterinary-Captain Maxwell's reports. It is satisfactory to note the very marked improvement in the number of locally-bred animals exhibited, more especially in the classes of brood mares and young stock. The decrease in the two-year old classes of both fillies and geldings is due to the fact, already mentioned, that a large number of animals eligible for exhibition in these classes was purchased by Lahore dealers and sent away from Quetta before the opening day of the Show.

4. The Remount Officer from Babugarh purchased eleven young stock; and in addition to these 99 other remounts were secured. The district-bred remounts were of unusually good quality.

5. On the whole, the Quetta Fair maintained its reputation in 1898, and may be considered a success.

6. There is some difference of opinion as to the most suitable date for the Show. As Veterinary-Captain Maxwell points out, the earlier date (second week in September) sanctioned in Foreign Department letter, marginally cited, is the best for the locally-bred stock. But a considerable number of northern horses were late for the Show this year, and the Harramzai Saiyids of Pishin, who are the principal importers, have represented that owing to the heat they cannot bring their horses from Meshed by the Seistan and Nushki route, and reach Quetta before the end of September. These importers say they propose to abandon the route through Afghanistan owing to the difficulties placed in their way by the Amir, and they hope next year to bring 300 or 400 horses from Meshed *viâ* Seistan and Nushki. The Meshed horses are by general consent a much better class, and much more suitable for remounts than the horses from Herat, and it would be a pity to hold the Show before these horses arrive. The Political Agent is enquiring into the matter, and I will report again on the question later on.

No. 1245, dated the 4th August 1897.

No. 549-B., dated the 6th October 1898.

From—The Superintendent, Civil Veterinary Department, Baluchistan,

To—The Inspector-General, Civil Veterinary Department, Simla.

I have the honour to report, for your information, that I attended the Tenth Annual Show held at Quetta on 13th September and two following days as Veterinary Adviser to, and a member of, the Judging Committee, and beg to submit the attached report on the same.

No. 550-B., dated the 6th October 1898.

Endorsement—By the Superintendent, Civil Veterinary Department, Baluchistan.

Copy, together with copy of the report and enclosures, forwarded to the Agent to the Governor-General in Baluchistan for information.

Report on Quetta Horse Show held from 13th to 15th September 1898.

Known or alleged causes of increase or decrease in the number of animals present of those competing for prizes as compared with figures of the previous years.

1. There was a very satisfactory increase in the number of locally-bred animals exhibited at the Show compared with the previous two years as per detail below. I attribute this increase mainly to the altering of the dates of the Show from the beginning of October to the beginning of September. The cold frosty nights of October are, as has annually been pointed out by me, most injurious to a Show composed chiefly of brood mares and young stock such as exhibited at Quetta. Class I (*b*) clearly demonstrates this: in it we had, although the Show was a month earlier than usual, 46 exhibits against 9 last year. Had the Show been held at its usual dates, there would probably have been no increase over last year's exhibits owing to the injurious effects of cold on very young foals. I would strongly advocate the permanent fixture of this Show for the 2nd Tuesday in September:—

Class.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1896-97.
Branded mares in foal	103	52	60
" with foal at foot	46	9	16
Branded fillies under three years of age	21	3	7
Fillies, three years old	45	22	9
" two " "	35	55	50
Yearling colts	52	52	46
" fillies	40	27	60
Foals, colts	8	10	8
" fillies	10	8	5
Gelding, three years old	14	18	4
" two " "	23	60	20
" one year "	15	18	65
Mules	3	1	5
Pony mares	1	...	...
Donkeys	15	9	10
Miscellaneous	75	55	8
Total	506	399	373

It will be seen that there is a marked improvement in the classes—

I (*a*)—Branded mares in foal.

I (*b*) Do. with foal at food.

II—Branded fillies under three years of age.

III (*a*)—Fillies three years old.

V (*a*)—Yearling fillies.

The marked decrease in two-year old classes of both fillies and geldings was due to the fact that a large number of eligible candidates for these classes were purchased by Lahore dealers and sent away from Quetta before the first advertised day of the Show. Wazir Khan, Alam Shah and Aslam Khan were all purchasing in Quetta for some days before the Show commenced. On the 11th (the Show began on 13th) I heard a large number of horses were being boxed at the station belonging to the abovementioned dealers, so I went down at once to inspect them. I saw there 50 animals, of which, I believe, at least 40 were locally-bred ones—fillies and geldings of under three years of age. This, I think, explains any deficiency in the filly and gelding classes, and should also be remembered in connection with the purchases made by the Remount Officer from the Babugarh Depôt. Information that this officer would attend the Show was received by me from your office only the day before the Show commenced; thus prior to that day I was unable to inform the owners of young stock that a Remount Officer would attend the Show.

Further, you are aware that for the last five years Captain Birdwood has regularly attended this Show, the breeders all know him by name, and constantly enquired when he was coming. I am of opinion that, through the medium of the Lahore dealers, it was known throughout the fair that "Birdwood Sahib" was not coming this year; thus the young stock drifted into the dealers' hands, and when Captain Gough arrived, prepared to purchase 40, he only selected 11. I would strongly urge that in every case due notice be given to me if a Remount Depôt Officer is to attend a Show, as I can do much towards reserving likely youngsters for his inspection.

2. Concise remarks as to the quality and stamp of each class of animals competing for prizes.

2. The general run of all classes of animals exhibited at the Show was good, the young stock being especially wellgrown, shapely, and promising.

3. Concise remarks as to the class of sires producing the most number of prize winners.

3. The following is a detail of prizes won by the produce of Government sires:—

Class of Sires.		Prizes.	Average.
9	T. B. E.	50	5·55
4	T. B. A.	9	2·25
2	½ B. E.	6	2·50
4	Hackney	6	1·50
1	Roadster	5	5·00
1	¾ B. E.	1	1·00
9	N. T.	30	3·33
24	Arabs	56	2·33

(a) The superiority of the T. B. E. horses is still largely maintained they are the most popular sires at present; but judging from some beautiful foals which I saw by Australian horses I feel convinced the latter will prove invaluable sires in Baluchistan.

4. If no remounts or sufficient number of remounts are not secured for Government purposes, the reasons to be briefly stated.

4. Captain Gough purchased a very good batch of eleven young stock for the Babugarh Remount Rearing Depôt, all of which, except two, and probably those, were by Government sires. Captain Gough records his opinion on the young stock as follows:—

"A notice level lot, showing a lot of quality and up to the average of former years."

(a) The small number secured by this officer was owing to the reasons stated by me in paragraph 1 (b) of this report.

(b) Out of this number five were by T. B. E. horses, three by Arabs, and one by a Norfolk Trotter. The sires of the remaining two are unknown, although evidently English.

(c) The highest price paid was R430, the lowest R240, the batch averaging R342 against R325, R255, R278-12, respectively, last year.

5. Details of the number of remounts purchased showing by whom bought and the highest and lowest prices paid.

5. The following is a detailed account of remounts purchased at the show, and the highest, lowest, and average prices paid for them:—

Purchasing Officer.	No. purchased.	Highest price.	Lowest Price.	Average.
		R	R	R a.
Captain Gough	11	430	240	342 0
Major Pierce, 5th Bengal Cavalry	29	301	220	282 0
Captain Templer, 19th Bengal Lancers	18	300	180	274 0
Lieutenant-Colonel Monteith, 6th Bengal Cavalry	19	350	105	241 0
Lieutenant Henslowe, Zhob Levy Corps	25	185	72	152 0
Mr. Wallace, District Superintendent of Police, Quetta	8	161	120	140 8

(a) The various opinions of purchasing officers on the remounts obtained are recorded on the attached rolls.

Personally I am of opinion that there has never been such a good batch of mature district-bred remounts secured at Quetta, as the one bought this year by Colonel Monteith, Commanding the 6th Bombay Cavalry.

(b) The total number of remounts purchased in the fair this year was not equal to last, being 110 against 190. This fluctuation I attribute chiefly to the diminished supply of trans-frontier horses, there being about 300 less than last year. I have taken considerable trouble to account for this falling off, as all casual observers at once put it down to the alteration of the dates of the fair. That, I am quite convinced, does not account for the decrease, as the horses have not come through Quetta up to this date, nor is there any news of more on the road. I have personally learned from the importers (many of them Pishin men) that the

excessive taxation coming through the Amir' territory is almost prohibitive, and the alternative route *viâ* Seistan and Nushki is at present too unsafe to risk horses along it—so many being stolen on the Persian frontier, where they can get no redress. Of district-bred remounts, 32 competed for prizes against 40 last year, omitting the 11 young stock bought for Babugarh. This, however, does not nearly represent the number bought. I myself inspected nearly 50 irrespective of those—nearly another 50—bought by the Lahore dealers.

Opinions as to the arrangements and general management to the Show, and also stamp of the horses obtainable as compared with previous years.

6. As last year, the arrangements for the Show were made under the directions of Mr. Wallace, District Superintendent of Police, and were, considering the means placed at his disposal as satisfactory as could be. Again the great disadvantages of the temporary judging ring, made of sticks and grass ropes, were painfully apparent.

The site selected for this ring is bare and very dusty, and as a strong wind blew all the day the judging was being carried on, the pleasures of this, at any time tedious duty, were not enhanced. Having made fruitless recommendations on this point for the past three years, I will refrain from further comment.

(*a*) In my opinion the stamp of horses obtainable at the Quetta Show is improving each year, and the number of district-bred remounts largely increasing.

7. Any other remarks or proposals conductive to the further development of the Fair or Show, and the fostering of horse and mule-breeding industries of the district.

7. Prizes were awarded to the breeders as shown in the detailed list. A silver medal was awarded to Muhammad Hassan Khan, of Inayatulla Karez, who won four first prizes in different classes.

(*a*) The Imperial grant allotted to horse classes was ₨1,000, but I regret to say that only ₨480 were given from Local Funds; a further sum of ₨500 was contributed by Sardar Ahmed Khan, Shahwani, but this amount must not be reckoned while estimating for another year. Should the growth of the Show continue, as it has done this year, the total grant will be quite insufficient; nevertheless I feel I must hesitate to recommend any increase from Imperial Funds so long as so little assistance is given locally.

(*b*) I consider it is greatly to be regretted that better accommodation is not provided, so that officers and ladies of the garrison might inspect the stock and see the judging.

(*c*) In conclusion, I wish to record my best thanks to Mr. Wallace, District Superintendent of Police, for the assistance he gave me, and all concerned in the working of the Show which, I consider, was the most successful one I have ever seen in Quetta.

H. M. MAXWELL, *Veterinary-Captain,*

Superintendent, Civil Veterinary Department,

Baluchistan.

QUETTA HORSE SHOW.

Judging Committee:

PRESIDENT.—MAJOR-GENERAL SIR W. GALBRAITH, K.C.B., Commanding Quetta District.

MEMBERS.—A. WILLIAMS, ESQ., C.S., Political Agent, Quetta-Pishin; VETERINARY-CAPTAIN MAXWELL, Superintendent, Civil Veterinary Department, Baluchistan; COLONEL E. MONTEITH, 6th Bombay Cavalry; CAPTAIN HENNESSEY, Transport Officer.

SECRETARY.—S. E. WALLACE, Esq., District Superintendent of Police.

	TOTAL NUMBER OF ANIMALS PRESENT.						TOTAL NUMBER COMPETING FOR PRIZES.						NO. OF HORSE STOCK PRESENT NOT INCLUDING BRANDED MARES.		NUMBER OF REMOUNTS PURCHASED.							PRICES PAID FOR REMOUNTS.					PRIZES			
	In 1897.		In 1898.		Total.		In 1897.		In 1898.		Total.				For Remount Depôt.		For Native Cavalry.		For Police.											
	14 hands and over.	Under 14 hands.	14 hands and over.	Under 14 hands.	In 1897.	In 1898.	14 hands and over.	Under 14 hands.	14 hands and over.	Under 14 hands.	In 1897.	In 1898.	Belonging to breeders.	Belonging to dealers.	Over 3 years.	Under 3 years.	Over 3 years.	Under 3 years.	Over 3 years.	Under 3 years.	TOTAL.	Highest price.	Lowest price.	Average price.	Sanctioned by Imperial Government.	Contributed from Provincial Revenues, District Boards, etc.	TOTAL.	Amount actually awarded.	Number of medals given away.	Amount of Imperial prizes recommended for next year.
																						R	R	R	R	R	R	R		R
	399		506		399	506	399		431		399	431	318	673	11		91		8		110	430	72	238	1,000	980	1,980	1,910	1	1,000
Dealers' horses	996		673		996	673																								

TOTAL NUMBER OF SALES.

Total number sold . 196.

		R	a.	p.
PRICES	Highest price	476	0	0
	Lowest	55	0	0
	Average	237	0	0

Statement showing the number of Horses exhibited at the Quetta Horse Show of 1898-99 as also of those that won prizes and the amount of prizes awarded in each class.

Class.	Number of exhibits.	Detail showing the number of animals exhibited. 1897-98. Number exhibited.	Number awarded prizes.	Amount.	Number and amount of prizes awarded. Number of prizes.	Amount.	Number and amount of prizes as per prospectus. Number of prizes.	Amount.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
				R		R		R
Branded mares in foal	103	52	20	180	40	330	24	250
" " with foal at foot	46	9	8	60	17	160	16	150
" " fillies	21	3	3	60	15	150	15	150
Fillies, 3 years old	45	22	8	65	10	100	10	100
" 2 " "	35	55	15	100	11	100	11	100
British Service remounts	...	...	8	55	11	115	13	100
Native Cavalry and Police remounts	...	...	8	50	21	140	14	100
Northern horses purchased as remounts	...	...	53	315	16	195	17	200
Yearling colts	52	52	13	80	14	100	14	100
" fillies	40	27	8	45	14	100	14	100
Foal, colts	8	10	5	30	8	55	7	50
" fillies	10	8	5	30	7	50	7	50
Gelding, 3 years old	14	18	5	40	8	55	7	50
" 2 " "	23	60	19	110	20	130	14	100
" 1 year "	15	18	5	50	8	100	20	153
Mules	3	1	1	5	3	15	5	30
Pony mares	1	...	...	...	1	5	...	...
Donkeys	15	9	4	8	2	10	3	20
Miscellaneous	75	55	3	15	...	...	...	...
Dealers' horses	673	996	...	...	...	...	Kept in hand for extra large classes	180
TOTAL	1,179	1,395	191	1,298	226	1,910	211	1,980

Financial Statement.

Stations.	Date.	Animals. Class.	Number of each class.	Total exhibits.	Last year's value.	Receipt. Government grant.	Local Fund grant.	Private subscription.	From other sources.	Total.	Expenditure. Prizes. Number.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	13	13
						R	R		R	R		R
		I (a)	103	103								
		I (b)	46	46								
		II	21	21								
		III (a)	45	45								
		III (b)	35	35								
		IV (a)	...	...								
		IV (b)	...	...								
		IV (c)	...	...								
		V (a)	52	52								
Quetta	13th to 15th September 1898.	V (b)	40	40	Nil	1,000	480	...	500	1,980	226	1,910
		VI (a)	8	8								
		VI (b)	10	10								
		VII (a)	14	14								
		VII (b)	23	23								
		VII (c)	15	15								
		VIII (a)	3	3								
		VIII (b)	1	1								
		IX	15	15								
		X	75	75								
		TOTAL	506	506								
		Dealers' horses	673	673								

Number of Animals exhibited at the Quetta Horse Show during the year under report.

Horses	487
Mules	3
Cattle	40
Sheep	26
Pony mare kept for mule-breeding	1
Dealers' horses	673
Goats	28
TOTAL	1,258

Horses and Ponies purchased by the Native States, dealers, and private individuals at the Quetta Horse Show of 1898.

No. 1 Purchased by	Horses.	Remarks.	R
Private individuals.	86	Highest price	475
		Lowest price	55
		Average	237

List of Names of Owners of Horse runs in Quetta to whom prizes were awarded during 1898-99.

Nil.

H. M. MAXWELL, *Veterinary-Captain,*
Superintendent, Civil Veterinary Department, Baluchistan

Statement showing the competition

Class.	Number competing.	Number judged.	Number of Prizes awarded.	1st Prize won by the produce of	2nd Prize won by the produce of	3rd Prize won by the produce of	4th Prize won by the produce of	5th Prize won by the produce of	6th Prize won by the produce of	7th Prize won by the produce of
Class I. A. Branded Mares in foal.	103	100	40	Studley Royal T.B.E.	Songster, T. B. E.	Bala, A.	Meree Khwaish, A. 16 Sportsman, N. T 28 Bala, A.	C. B. 17th C. B. 29th Druce, A.	Songster, T. B. E. 18 C. B. 30 C. B.	Songster, T. B. E. 19 C. B. 31 C. B.
" " B. Ditto with foal at foot.	46	40	17	Ditto	Orion, T. B. A.	Studley, Royal T. B. E.	Lord Welham Road.	Magellan, T. B. E.	Magellan, T. B. E.	C. B.
" II. Branded Fillies	21	20	15	Ditto	Siahi, A.	His Grace, N. T.	Songster, T. B. E.	Songster, T. B. E.	Sportsman, N. T.	Adonis, T. B. E.
" III. Fillies three years old.	45	40	10	Cupid, N. T.	His Grace, N. T.	April Morn, A.	Adoris, T. B. E.	Ditto	Shamlan, A.	Siahi, A.
" " Do. two years old	35	30	11	Sir James, N. T.	Good Luck, A.	Express, ½ B. E.	Hingham Swell N. T.	Magellan, T. B. E.	Siahi, A.	Songster, T. B. E.
" IV. British Remounts over three years. " " Ditto under three years.	...	...	11	Good Luck, A.	The Salt, T. B. E.	Finale, T. B. E.	Songster, T. B. E.	Songster, T. B. E.	Finale, T. B. E.	Hingham Swell, N. T.
" " Native Cavalry Remounts over three years. " " Ditto under three years.	...	...	21	Songster, T. B. E.	Studley Royal, T.B.E.	Lord Welham, Roadster.	Cupid, N. T. 16 Good Luck, A.	Sportsman, N. T. 17th The Salt, T. B. E.	Contract, N. T. 18 Finale, T. B. E.	Adonis, T. B. E. 19 Gul-i-Lulla, A.
Northern Horses	...	...	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Class V. Yearlings colts	52	50	14	Studley Royal, T. B. E.	The Salt, T. B. E.	The Salt, T. B. E.	Glenmark, T. B. A.	Rajeb, A.	The Pilot, ½ B. E.	Druce, A.
" " Do. fillies	40	35	14	Captious, Hack.	Finale, T. B. E.	Good Luck, A.	Studley, Royal, T. B. E.	Real Glue, ½ B. E.	Camerino, Hack.	Lord Welham, Road.
" VI. Foals colts	8	8	8	Studley, Royal.	Valour, N. T.	Valour, N. T	Quaint, A.	Donation, T. B. A.	Donation, T. B. A.	Donation, T. B. A.
" " Do. fillies	10	10	7	Grenadier, T. B. A.	Lord Welham. Road.	Rajeb, A.	Quadrant, A.	The Pilot, ½ B. E.	Magellan, T. B E.	His grace, N. T.
" VII. Gelding three years old.	14	10	8	Siahi, A.	Rajeb, A.	Ditto	Gwalior, A.	Siah, A.	Siahi, A.	Contract, N. T.
" " Ditto two years old.	23	23	20	Ratter, Hack	Bhagn, A.	Hingham Swell, N. T.	Rajeb A. 16 Gwalior, A.	Shahina, A. 17 Cupid, N. T.	Cupid, N. T. 18 Reliance, N. T.	Cupid, N. T. 19 Quicksilver, A.
" " Ditto one year old.	15	15	8	Glenmark, T. B. A.	Sanad A,	The Pilot, ½ B. E.	Druce, A.	Sir James, N. T.	Siah Chashm, A.	Bruno, N. T
" VIII. Mules	3	3	3	Not known	Not known.	Not known.	...	...	...	...
" " Pony mares for mule breeding.	1	1	1	Ditto.	...	...	...	...	...	...
" IX. Donkeys " " Donkey mares	15	3	2	Ditto.	Not known.	...	...	...	...	...
Miscellaneous	75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

and prizes awarded at Quetta Show.

8th Prize won by the produce of	9th Prize won by the produce of	10th Prize won by the produce of	11th Prize won by the produce of	12th Prize won by the produce of	13th Prize won by the produce of	14th Prize won by the produce of	15th Prize won by the produce of	REMARKS.
C. B.	C. B.	C. B.	Kohilan, A.	Songster, T. B. E.	C. B.	C. B.	C. B.	Large and good class. Double the number exhibits last year.
20 C. B.	21 C. B.	22 C. B.	23 Not known	24 Not known	25 C. B.	26th C. B.	27 Afghana, A.	
32 C. B.	33 C. B.	34 C. B.	35 C. B.	36 C. B.	37 C. B.	38 C. B.	39 C. B. 40 Songster, T. B. E.	Large and good class. Double the number exhibits last year.
C. B.	Not known	Not known	Not known	C. B.	C. B.	C. B. 16 C. B.	C. B. 17 C. B.	
Not known	Shamlan, A.	Benzain, A.	Ditto	Songster, T. B. E.	Songster, T. B. E.	Adonis, T. B. E.	Studley Royal, T. B. E.	Large and good class; 21 exhibits against 3 last year.
Bala, A.	Kohilan, A.	Hingham Swell, N. T.	...	...	...	...	...	Large and good class; 45 exhibits against 22 last year.
Finale, T. B. E.	Benzain, A.	Valour, N. T.	Benzain, A.	...	...	...	...	Class smaller than last year, but of good quality.
Hingham Swell, N. T.	Siah Chashm, A.	Finale, T. B. E.	Gul-i-Lulla, A.	...	...	...	...	
Siah Chashm, A.	Siahi, A.	Songster, T. B. E.	Songster, T. B. E.	Finale, T. B. E.	Songster, T. B. E.	Finale, T. B. E.	Chatwa, A.	
20 Gul-i-Lulla, A.	21 Hingham, Swell, N. T.	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Lord Welham, Road.	Gul-i-Lull, A.	Orange Prince, T. B. E.	The Dummy, T. B. E.	Augustus Hack,	Hingham Swell, N. T.	Chatwa, A.	...	A good class equal to the last year.
Jagnoo, A.	The Pilot, ½ B. E.	His Grace, N. T.	Seyib, A.	Donation, T. B. A.	Ditto	Ratter, Hack	...	Large and good class; exhibits nearly double last year.
The Stour, T. B. E.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Fair class.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Good class. Two exhibits more than last year.
Glenmark, T. B. A.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Good class; all by Government sires.
Not known. 20 Quicksilver, A,	Siahi, A.	Quebic, A.	Finale, T. B. E.	Siah Chashm, A.	Siah Chashm, A.	Sir James, N. T.	Sir James, N. T.	Much smaller than last year, but of good quality.
Batter, Hack	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Same as last year, *i.e.*, 15 against 18.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bad.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Many of these were entire colts over two years. Their owners were all told that they would have got prizes had they been castrated.

Roll of country-bread Remounts, Horses or Mules purchased at Quetta by Captain C. Gough, Army Remount Agent, for the use of the Remount Depôt.

Progressive number.	Colour.	Age. Years.	Sex (horse, mare, colt, filly or gelding or mule.)	Pedigree. Sire (name and breed.)	Dam (breed.)	Date of purchase.	Prices paid. Highest.	Lowest.	Average.	Remarks by Purchasing Officer. Class of Remounts obtained compared to former years.	General opinion regarding horses exhibited for sale, as compared with other fairs and with former years.	Suggestion for improvement in connection with the fair.
							R	R	R			
1	Bay	$2\frac{8}{12}$	Filly	Good Luck, Arab	...	14th September 1898.						
2	Do.	$1\frac{5}{12}$	Colt	The Salt, T. B. E.	...	14th " "						
3	Do.	$2\frac{6}{12}$	Do.	Siah Chashm, Arab	...	13th " "				A nice level lot, showing a lot of quality and up to the average of former years.	I was disappointed in not finding anything over two and half years of age, but it appears that I was forestalled by Lahore dealers who had bought up all three-year old stock and despatched them before my arrival and the opening of the fair. The class of stock purchased compare favourably with other fairs, and I have noticed many of under 18 months of age which should turn out well in the future. The class of brood mares was particularly good.	The arrangements or the fair were all that would be desired.
4	Do.	$1\frac{6}{12}$	Do.	Unknown	...	13th " "						
5	Do.	$2\frac{4}{12}$	Do.	Finale, T. B. E.	...	13th " "	430	240	342			
6	Do.	$2\frac{11}{12}$	Do.	Songster, T. B. E.	...	13th " "						
7	Chestnut	$2\frac{5}{12}$	Filly	Finale, T. B. E.	...	13th " "						
8	Do.	$1\frac{6}{12}$	Gelding	Gul-i-Lulla, Arab	...	13th " "						
9	Do.	$2\frac{5}{12}$	Filly	Hingham Swell, N. T.	...	13th " "						
10	Ch.-Roan	$2\frac{6}{12}$	Do.	Unknown	...	14th " "						
11	Chestnut	$1\frac{4}{12}$	Do.	Finale T. B. E.	...	14th " "						

—C. GOUGH, *Captain,*
Army Remount Agent.

The 15th September 1898.

Roll of Country-bred Remounts, Horses or Mules purchased at Quetta Horse Show by Lieutenant-Colonel E. Monteith for the use of the 16th Bombay Cavalry.

Progressive number.	Colour.	Age. Years.	Sex (horse, mare, colt, filly or gelding or mule).	Pedigree. Sire (name and breed).	Pedigree. Dam (breed).	Date of purchase.	Prizes paid. Highest.	Prizes paid. Lowest.	Prizes paid. Average.	Remarks by Purchasing Officer. Class of remounts obtained compared to former years.	Remarks by Purchasing Officer. General opinion regarding horses exhibited for sale, as compared with other fairs and with former years.	Remarks by Purchasing Officer. Suggestion for improvement in connection with the fair.
							R	R	R			
1	Chestnut	4	Mare	Arab at Quetta, certificate lost	Baluch, Mustung	7th September 1898						
2	Bay	6	Do.	Ditto ditto	Ditto	7th ,, ,,						
3	Do.	3	Do.	Ditto ditto	Ditto	7th ,, ,,						
4	Chestnut	4	Do.	Ditto ditto	Ditto	7th ,, ,,						
5	Dun	6	Do.	One of His Highness Khan of Kalat's.	Baluch	8th ,, ,,						
6	Do.	5	Do.	At Peshin, certificate lost	Baluch, Peshin	8th ,, ,,				The class of remounts purchased were chiefly local bred. A very good level lot and quite equal to former years. The "Northern horses" on the whole I do not consider a good lot at all.	Market very limited for remounts of three years and upwards.	More prizes should be given for local-bred, horses in comparison with the Northern horse, and that the Northern horse-dealers should be encouraged to bring in geldings.
7	Grey	5	Do.	One of His Highness Khan of Kalat's.	Baluch	8th ,, ,,						
8	Chestnut	4	Do.	At Quetta, certificate lost	Baluch, Peshin	10th ,, ,,						
9	Grey	4	Do.	One of His Highness Khan of Kalat's.	Baluch, Kalat	10th ,, ,,	350	105	141			
10	Do.	4	Gelding	Meshed	Meshed	10th ,, ,,						
11	Dun	3	Do.	Arab at Quetta, certificate lost	Baluch, Mustung	11th ,, ,,						
12	Bay	4	Mare	Ditto ditto	Ditto	13th ,, ,,						
13	Dun	4	Do.	Ditto ditto	Ditto	13th ,, ,,						
14	Grey	4	Do.	Kohilan Arab	Ditto	13th ,, ,,						
15	Do.	5	Do.	Unknown	Baluch, Peshin	13th ,, ,,						
16	Do.	4	Do.	"Bala" Arab	Ditto	13th ,, ,,						
17	Bay	3	Do.	Arab at Quetta, certificate lost	Baluch, Mustung	14th ,, ,,						
18	Do.	4	Gelding	Ditto ditto	Baluch, Peshin	14th ,, ,,						
19	Chestnut	7	Mare	Country	Country	14th ,, ,,						

E. MONTEITH, *Lieutenant-Colonel,*

6th Bombay Cavalry.

Roll of Country-bred Remounts, Horses or Mules purchased at Quetta by Major C. E. Peirce for the use of the 5th Bombay Cavalry.

Progressive number.	Colour.	Age. Years.	Sex (horse, mare, colt, filly or gelding or mule.)	Pedigree. Sire (name and breed).	Pedigree. Dam (breed).	Date of purchase.	Prices paid. Highest.	Prices paid. Lowest.	Prices paid. Average.	Remarks by Purchasing Officer. Class of Remounts obtained compared to former years.	Remarks by Purchasing Officer. General opinion regarding horses exhibited for sale, as compared with other fairs and with former years.	Remarks by Purchasing Officer. Suggestion for improvement in connection with the fair.
							R	R	R			
1	Brown	5	Horse	Unknown	Unknown.							
2	Do.	5	Do.	Ditto	Ditto.							
3	Bay	5	Do.	Ditto	Ditto.							
4	Do.	6	Do.	Ditto	Ditto.							
5	Grey	3	Do.	Ditto	Ditto.							
6	Bay	6	Do.	Ditto	Ditto.							
7	Do.	3	Do.	Ditto	Ditto.							
8	Dun	6	Do.	Ditto	Ditto.							
9	Grey	4	Do.	Ditto	Ditto.							
10	Chestnut	6	Do.	Ditto	Ditto.							
11	Brown	4	Do.	Ditto	Ditto.							
12	Black	4	Do.	Ditto	Ditto.							
13	Chest	4	Do.	Ditto	Ditto.							
14	Do.	4	Do.	Ditto	Ditto.							
15	Do.	3	Do.	Ditto	Ditto.		301	226	282	These horses, with the exception of two, are from Meshed, Herat, and Turkistan, and are up to the average of former years.	Up to the average, but the Remounts were fewer in number than usual.	That it be on the same date as in former years several dealers do not seem to have realized that it was to be earlier this year and consequently had not arrived.
16	Do.	3	Do.	Ditto	Ditto.							
17	Do.	3	Do.	Ditto	Ditto.							
18	Bay	2½	Do.	Ditto	Ditto.							
19	Do.	3	Do.	Ditto	Ditto.							
20	Chestnut	5	Do.	Ditto	Ditto.							
21	Grey	3	Do.	Ditto	Ditto.							
22	Do.	5	Do.	Ditto	Ditto.							
23	Chestnut	6	Do.	Ditto	Ditto.							
24	Brown	3½	Do.	Ditto	Ditto.							
25	Bay	5	Do.	Ditto	Ditto.							
26	Grey	3	Do.	Ditto	Ditto.							
27	Bay	4	Do.	Ditto	Ditto.							
28	Grey	6	Mare	Ditto	Ditto.							
29	Brown	7	Do.	Ditto	Ditto.							

C. E. PEIRCE, *Major*,
5th Bombay Cavalry.

Roll of Country-bred Remounts, Horses or Mules purchased at Quetta by Lieutenant F. D. Henslowe for the use of the Zhob Levy Corps.

Progressive number.	Colour.	Age. Years.	Sex (horse, mare, colt, filly or gelding or mules).	Pedigree. Sire (name and breed).	Pedigree. Dam (breed).	Date of purchase.	Prices paid. Highest.	Prices paid. Lowest.	Prices paid. Average.	Remarks by Purchasing Officers. Class of remounts obtained compared to former years.	Remarks by Purchasing Officers. General opinion regarding horses exhibited for sale, as compared with other fairs and with former years.	Remarks by Purchasing Officers. Suggestion for improvement in connection with the fair.
							R	R	R			
1	Bay	7	Mare	Unknown	Unknown	15th September 1898	100					
2	Do.	5	Do.	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	120					
3	Iron grey	6	Do.	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	110					
4	Light brown	3½	Do.	Siahi, Arab	Herati	Ditto	120					
5	Iron grey	5	Do.	Unknown	Unknown	Ditto	150					
6	Black grey	3½	Do.	Royal Cob, N. T.	Herati	Ditto	145					
7	Bay	4	Horse	Unknown	Unknown	Ditto	180					
8	Do.	8	Do.	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	112					
9	Do.	4	Do.	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	180					
10	Do	4	Do.	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	180					
11	Brown	4	Do.	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	180					
12	Chestnut	5	Do.	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	150					
13	Roan grey	5	Do.	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	150	...	152	Good.		
14	Iron grey	5	Do.	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	180					
15	Dark brown	4	Do.	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	180					
16	Bay	4	Do.	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	180					
17	Dark brown	5	Do.	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	180					
18	Do.	6	Do.	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	180					
19	Grey	4	Do.	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	120					
20	Do.	6	Do.	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	185					
21	Brown	5	Do.	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	185					
22	Dark brown	5	Do.	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	185					
23	Bay	5	Do.	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	185					
24	Do.	7	Mare	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	95					
25	Do.	6	Do.	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	72					
						TOTAL	3,804					

F. D. HENSLOWE, *Lieutenant,*
Zhob Levy Corps.

Roll of Country-bred Remounts, Horses or Mules purchased at Quetta Horse Fair by Captain C. B. Templer for the use of the 19th Bengal Lancers.

Progressive number	Colour.	Age. Years.	Sex (horse, mare, colt, filly or gelding or mule).	Pedigree. Sire (name and breed).	Pedigree. Dam (breed)	Date of purchase.	Price paid. Highest. R	Price paid. Lowest. R	Price paid. Average. R	Remarks by Purchasing Officer. Class of Remounts obtained compared to former years.	Remarks by Purchasing Officer. General opinion regarding horses exhibited for sale, as compared with other fairs and with former years.	Remarks by Purchasing Officer. Suggestions for improvement in connection with the fair.
1	Bay	3	Mare	Arab	Baluchi	9th September 1898				I have not purchased horses before from the Quetta Fair.	A very good show of horses, specially those bred in the district; strong, well put together horses, showing a lot of quality and much better than those I have seen in Punjab Horse Fairs during the last six year.	*Nil.*
2	Chestnut	3	Do.	Do.	Do.	Ditto						
3	Do.	5	Do.	Do.	Do.	Ditto						
4	Do.	5	Horse	Turkistan	Turkistan	Ditto						
5	Do.	3	Gelding	Higham Swell, N. T.	Baluchi	Ditto						
6	Brown	3	Do.	April Morn, Arab	Do.	Ditto						
7	Chestnut	5	Horse	Turkistan	Turkistan	10th Sept. 1898						
8	Do.	3	Do.	Siah Chashm, Arab	Baluchi	Ditto						
9	Do.	5	Gelding	Arab	Do.	Ditto						
10	Do.	3	Mare	Do.	Do.	Ditto	360	180	274			
11	Brown	5	Do.	Do.	Do.	Ditto						
12	Back	6	Do.	Do.	Do.	11th Sept. 1898						
13	Bay	3	Do.	Do.	Do.	Ditto						
14	Black	3	Horse	Do.	Do.	Ditto						
15	Bay	5	Mare	Kohan, Arab	Do.	Ditto						
16	Do.	3	Gelding	Arab	Do.	Ditto						
17	Do.	3	Mare	Khushnuma, Arab	Do.	Ditto						
18	Chestnut	3	Horse	Sangar Maluk, Arab	Do.	14th Sept. 1898						

The 16th September 1898.

C. B. TEMPLER, *Captain,*
19th Bengal Lancers.

Roll of Country-bred Remounts, Horses or Mules purchased at Quetta Horse Show by Mr. S. Wallace, District Superintendent of Police for the use of the Police.

Progressive number.	Colour.	Age.	Pedigree.			Date of purchase.	Prices paid.			Remarks by Purchasing Officer.		
		Years.	Sex—horse, mare, colt, filly or gelding or mule).	Sire (name and breed).	Dam (breed).		Highest.	Lowest.	Average.	Class of Remounts obtained compared to former years.	General opinion regarding horses exhibited for sale, as compared with other fairs and with former years.	Suggestion for improvement in connection with the fair.
							R	R	R			
1	Grey	4	Mare	Not known	Not known	13th September 1898						
2	Do.	4	Do.	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto						
3	Do.	4	Do	Ditto	Ditto	14th September 1898						
4	Bay	6	Do.	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	161	120	140½	A very good and useful stamp of horse at the price.	Up to the average of last year and compose favourably with other	
5	Chestnut	4	Horse	Ditto	Ditto	15th September 1898						
6	Bay	4	Gelding	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto						
7	Iron grey	7	Mare	Ditto	Ditto	17th September 1898						
8	Bay	4	Do.	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto						

The 29th September 1898.

S. WALLACE,
District Superintendent of Police.

Classes.

No.	Number of each class.
1 Brood mare	149
2 Fillies, 2 years old	53
3 " 3 "	45
4 " 4 "	...
5 Geldings, 3 years old	14
6 " 2 "	23
7 " 1 year old	15
8 Donkeys	15
9 Pony mares kept for mule-breeding	1
10 British service remounts	11
11 Native Cavalry and Police remounts	99
12 Yearling, colts	52
13 " fillies	40
14 Foals, colts	8
15 " fillies	10
16 Mule	3
17 Miscellaneous	75
TOTAL	616
Deduct—Class of remounts	110
	506
Dealers' horses	673
GRAND TOTAL	1,179

H. M. MAXWELL, *Veterinary Captain,*
Superintendent, Civil Veterinary Department, Baluchistan.

CATTLE SHOW.

No. 556-B., dated Quetta, the 12th October 1898.

From—Veterinary-Captain H. M. MAXWELL, Superintendent, Civil Veterinary Department, Baluchistan,

To—The Agent to the Governor-General and Chief Commissioner in Baluchistan.

I have the honour to submit the attached report on the Quetta Cattle Show for the year 1898-99, held at Quetta from 13th to 15th September last.

Quetta Cattle Show Report.

The various breeds of cattle and buffaloes and the district from which they have been brought for sale by breeders or dealers.

1. Only 94 cattle were exhibited at the show against 99 last year, as per detail below:—

CLASSES.	1898-99.	1897-98.
He-goats	3	4
She-goats	25	8
Ram	17	22
Ewes	9	18
Bulls	19	24
Cows in milk	5	5
" not in milk	12	9
Oxen, pairs	3	3
Carts	1	6
TOTAL	94	99

The number of exhibits was nearly the same as last year. Cattle brought to the Show were not for sale.

Full description of each breed and its suitability for various purposes.

2. These cattle are suitable for conservancy carts, siege train, and army transport purposes.

Average height and measurements, prevailing color, distinguishing points.	2a. The prevailing color of the cattle is gray, and some of them have black head, neck and legs.

The cattle which have small straight horns are thought by zemindars better than others.

Classes of purchasers attending the fair, kind of stock they purchase, and the approximate prices paid for various classes at different ages.	3. No purchasers attend the Show, hence no sales.
Number of animals attending sold, amount of money which changed hands, fees realized.	4. None of the cattle were sold. No feer are realized at the Show.
Prizes awarded.	5. Out of 94 animals, 29 cattle and cart won prizes worth R130, *vide* details below :—

	R	
Bulls.		
1. Malik Shabo of Killi Shabo	12	
2. Faiz Muhammad of Kotwal	8	
3. Said Ali Jan of Killi Gul Muhammad	5	
4. Malik Akbar of Kasi	3	
5. Faiz Muhammad of Ismail	2	
	—	30
Oxen in pairs.		
1. Said Ali Jân of Killi Gul Muhammad	5	
2. Malik Umar of Kotwal	3	
3. Muhammad Hassan of Kasi	2	
		10
Cows not in milk.		
1. K. B. Arbab Khudadad Khan	5	
2. Habibullah of Huda	3	
3. Malik Shair Muhammad of Huda	2	
	—	10
Milch Cows.		
1. Bolan Khan of Kasi	10	
2. K. B. Saith Burjorji	5	
3. Malik Shair Muhammad of Huda	3	
4. Ismail of Garh	2	
	—	20
Rams.		
1. Malik Kalu	7	
2. Captain Benn	5	
3. Shah Baksh of Huda	3	
	—	15
Ewes.		
1. Baran of Huda	8	
2. Ismail of Garh	4	
3. Musafir of Habib	3	
	—	15
He-goats.		
1. Malik Umar of Kotwal	4	
2. Muhammad Akbar of Kasi	3	
3. Malik Gul Muhammad	2	
4. Juma of Sirki	1	
	—	10
She-goats.		
1. Malik Dilaram	4	
2. Bahadur Khan	3	
3. Kachkal of Huda	2	
4. Lato of Kasi	1	
	—	10
Carts.		
1. Goti Ram of Quetta	10	
	—	10
TOTAL		130

CATTLE.

No.	Class.	Number exhibited.	JUDGE'S REMARKS.
1	He-goats	3	
2	She-goats	25	
3	Rams	17	
4	Ewes	9	
5	Bulls of any age	19	
6	Cows in milk	5	
7	" not in milk	12	
8	Oxen, pairs	3	
9	Cart	1	
	TOTAL	94	

H. M. MAXWELL, *Veterinary-Captain,*
Superintendent, Civil Veterinary Department, Baluchistan.

No. 76-I.G., dated the 4th July 1895.

From—The Assistant to Inspector-General, Civil Veterinary Department, Meerut,

To—The Inspector-General, Civil Veterinary Department, Simla.

I have the honour to suggest that each cattle fair and show report should contain information on the following points :—

(1) The various breeds of cattle and buffaloes, and the districts from which they have been brought for sale be breeders and dealers.

(2) Full description of each breed and its suitability for various purposes. Average height and measurements (*vide* form attached), prevailing colour, distinguishing points.

(3) Classes of purchasers attending the fair, kind of stock they purchase and the approximate prices paid for various classes at different ages.

(4) Number of animals attending, sold, amount of money which changed hands, fees realised.

(5) Reasons for increase or decrease in numbers, if any.

(6) List of prizes awarded.

Appendices which should accompany cattle fair and show reports are herewith attached.

Statement showing the names of the districts from which the cattle sold at the fair were brought.

Nil.

Statement showing the districts to which the cattle, including buffaloes purchased at the fair were taken.

Nil.

Statement showing the number and prices of cattle at the cattle fair.

	No.
Bullocks	25
Cows	17
Goats	28
TOTAL	70

	Rs.
Average cost of ordinary plough bullocks	25

Average prices of young stock, cows and buffaloes.

Not available.

Measurements, etc., of the ——— breed of cattle.

Not available.

H. M. MAXWELL, *Veterinary-Captain,*
Superintendent, Civil Veterinary Department, Baluchistan

No. 219, dated Quetta, the 13th January 1899.

From—CAPTAIN J. RAMSAY, Political Agent, Quetta-Peshin,

To—The Agent to the Governor-General and Chief Commissioner, Baluchistan.

I have the honour to forward, for your information, a copy of the report with copy of enclosures, submitted to me by Mr. Wallace, who kindly undertook to perform the duties of Honorary Secretary during the Horse Show held at Quetta in September 1898.

2. As I was not present at the show, I have not thought it necessary to make any remarks on the report. The question as to the best time to hold the show has again been raised, and it will be submitted for your orders together with any other matters concerning the next fair that may appear to be open to doubt.

Dated the 20th December 1898.

From—S. E. WALLACE, Esq., District Superintendent of Police, Honorary Secretary, Quetta Horse Show and District Fair,

To—The Political Agent, Quetta-Peshin.

I have the honour to submit the following report on the Tenth Quetta Horse Show and District Fair which was held here on the 13th September 1898 and following days.

2. The Judging Committee for the horses exhibited consisted of the following officers :—

President:

Major-General Sir W. Galbraith, K.C.B.

Members:

A. Williams, Esq., Political Agent, Quetta and Peshin.

Colonel Monteath, 6th Bombay Cavalry.

Captain Hennessey, Assistant Commissary-General.

Veterinary-Captain Maxwell, Civil Veterinary Department.

3. The number of horses present at the show was 1,179 against 1,593 last year, showing a decrease of 414. Of the above, 431 competed for prizes. The reason for the decrease in the number of horses present at the show was undoubtedly due to the action taken this year by His Highness the Amir in raising the taxes on horses transported through or exported from Afghanistan to an exorbitant sum. Some dealers told me the taxes had been more than doubled, and that there were many other difficulties in the way of bringing horses through Afghan territory. The consequence was that numbers of dealers, in order to evade this heavy taxation, avoided the Kandahar route and made wide detours through Seistan, coming in long after the fair was over. In this way hundreds of horses arrived too late for the fair.

4. On the other hand, there was a satisfactory increase in the number of locally-bred animals exhibited, principally amongst brood mares and young stock, and this was due to the change in the date of the show, which was held a month earlier than usual. Last year many breeders would not bring valuable mares and young stock to stand the risk of exposure to the cold nights of October. I would recommend strongly that the second week of September be adopted permanently as the time for the show to be held.

5. The decrease in the number of two-year old geldings and fillies exhibited was due to large purchases having been made before the show by Lahore dealers. This was the reason

why the Remount Officer from Babugarh only succeeded in getting 11 young stock, though he arrived here prepared to buy 40 or 50. Up to a day or two before the show it was not known whether a Remount Officer was coming, and the dealers could not afford to wait on the chance. It is very necessary that ample notice should be given of the arrival of purchasing officers and *that they should arrive a few days before the show commences.* If this were done, breeders would gladly wait a few days for the better prices obtainable from Remount Officers. I urged the advisability of the course above indicated years ago when I was Honorary Secretary of the Dera Ghazi Khan Horse Show.

6. Generally, the stamp of animals of all classes exhibited at the show was good, the brood mares and the young stock by T. B. E. horses especially being of good quality.

7. The remounts purchased at the show were an extremely good bred lot. They were, however, fewer by 88 than last year (110 against 198) owing to numbers of Northern horses for the reason given in paragraph 3, not having arrived in time for the show. The average price of young stock purchased for the Babugarh Depôt was R342, of remounts for Native Cavalry R266, and of those for Police and Levies R150.

8. The total number of horses recorded as having been sold during the show was 196 at an average price of R237-8. These figures do not include a large number of horses purchased by dealers and others before the show commenced.

9. The amount awarded in prizes in all branches of the show was R2,524 against R1,298 in 1897. Of the above sum R1,000 were contributed by Imperial, R1,024 by Local Funds and R500 by private subscription. The amount awarded in horse classes was R1,860, for fruit and vegetable R249, for local manufactures R50, for cattle R120 and for miscellaneous prizes R245.

10. A silver medal for the best collection of branded mares and young stock was awarded to Muhammad Hussan Khan, of Inayatullah Karez.

11. I would again draw attention to the necessity for a permanent judging ring. The inconvenience of the present arrangement becomes more apparent every year and is a heavy annual expense. I am confident that the erection of a permanent judging ring would be the means of eventually effecting a considerable saving in contingent expenditure.

12. The Vegetable and Fruit Show was again this year a decided success and probably the best that has yet been seen in Quetta. In the absence, owing to ill-health, of Mr. Anscomb, Extra Assistant Commissioner, who has for years managed this branch of the show and has taken the greatest interest in it, the arrrangements this year were under the direction of Mr. Drummond, Assistant Political Agent, and were all that could be desired. The exhibits exceeded those of all previous year and showed an increase of 219 over the figures for last year.

13. A well deserved increase of R75 was made in this year's allotment, but I agree with Mr. Drummond that this section of the fair is entitled to further support, and I hope that next year it will be possible to make a larger allotment.

14. I also agree with Mr. Drummond that for certain exhibits a separate class should be introduced, open only to natives of the country, who, it has been found, cannot compete with the large gardens kept by Europeans and others in Quetta. But this cannot be done unless the allotment is increased.

15. The proposal made by Mr. Drummond, to the effect that every European exhibitor and every public garden be charged a fee of R1 for exhibiting, is a matter which can be discussed before the next prospectus is issued. Mr. Drummond's report in original is enclosed.

16. The "Manufactures" branch of the show, though better than last year, was again poor, and I do not look for any improvement under existing conditions. The arrangements were under the immediate direction of Mr. Smith, Treasury Officer, and were excellent. I enclose Mr. Smith's report in original.

17. Details of all the horses exhibited at the show and of all the remounts purchased are included in the report of the Superintendent of the Civil Veterinary Department, a copy of which has already been forwarded to the Agent to the Governor-General by that officer together with a copy of his report on the cattle exhibited.

18. I attach a financial statement showing the expenditure incurred in connection with the whole fair.

VEGETABLE AND FRUIT SHOW.

No. 819, dated Quetta, the 14th October 1898.

From—A. B. DRUMMOND, Esq., Assistant Political Agent, Quetta,
To—The Honorary Secretary, Quetta District Fair, Quetta.

I have the honour to submit the following report on Class XIII of the Quetta District Fair held on the 13th, 14th and 15th September 1898.

2. In Class XIII—Vegetables, Fruit, Grain and Seeds, there were 1,223 entries, *viz.*:—

Wheat	25
Barley	10
Oats	6
Indian corn	43
Potatoes	39
Onions	47
Other vegetables	908
Fruit	145
TOTAL	1,223

and the number of prizes awarded was 139, aggregating R249 in value, as under :—

	R
For grain, 17 prizes	43
For fruit, 11 "	21
For vegetables, 111 prizes	185
Total 139 prizes	249

Out of the 1,223 exhibits in this class only 69 were sent by Natives, as follows:—

Grain.

Wheat	21
Barley	12
Oats	1
Indian corn	3
TOTAL	37

Fruit.

Grapes	3
Quince	...
Apples	...
Melons	8
TOTAL	11

Vegetables.

Potatoes	10
Onions	3
Other vegetables	8
TOTAL	21

3. The samples of grain exhibited were very inferior, in fact worse, than last year, this being undoubtedly due to the unusually dry season. The samples of oats, with the exception of those exhibited by Khan Bahadur Burjorji Patel, were also somewhat poor. The prizes offered for grain are too small to induce the maliks and zamindars to exhibit more largely. There were some very good specimens among the potatoes, and the exhibits under this head showed a great improvement on last year.

4. The exhibits of cabbages and savoy were exceedingly good both as regards variety and quality. It was, however, too early to expect a good show of kale and cauliflower, and the exhibits were exceedingly poor. As last year, there was an excellent display of onions.

5. The exhibits of tomatoes far surpassed anything shown in previous years both as regards variety and quality. There were no fewer than 102 exhibits under this class, and the

competition for prizes was consequently keen. Owing to the number and veriety of exhibits under this head the Committee awarded three prizes for each of the following varieties :—

Large }
Medium } Red Tomatoes,
Small }
Large }
Medium } Yellow Tomatoes,
Small }

and a special mention prize for the best tomato exhibited.

6. The season was too early for fruit, *e.g.*, quinces, apples, pears, and pomegranates, but the display of grapes was good and competition keen.

7. Out of the 139 prizes awarded in Class XIII, only 14 fell to natives of the country. The first prize for black grapes was, however, awarded to a Jemadar in the Head-Quarter Levies.

8. The Judging Committees were composed as follows :—

Vegetables.

Captain Faulknor, Cantonment Magistrate.

Duncan McBean, Esq., Agent, Punjab Bank.

Lieutenant R. S. Benwell, Sind Horse.

K. B. Burjorji, Patel.

Grain.

K. B. Burjorji, Patel.

K. S. Malik Wazir Mahamad.

Arbab Sher Zaman.

9. As in former years, prizes were awarded for quality and not for size.

10. The sum allotted for prize in Class XIII under report was R250, and in this connection I would bring to notice that the amount allotted for prizes in this class is quite inadequate. The number of exhibits in the year under report was 1,223, which shows an excess of 219 over the exhibits in 1897. The result of this was that the average value of the prizes awarded was as insignificant as last year, notwithstanding that the allotment was R75 more than in 1897, and it is much to be hoped that an allotment of at least R300 will be able to be spared next year for prizes in this very useful section of the Quetta Fair.

11. I would also suggest that every European exhibitor and public garden be charged an admission fee of R1 for exhibiting; had this course been adopted this year R41 would have been added to the prize-money.

12. The local manufactures show might, I think, be conveniently dispensed with, and the money for prizes in that section given to Class XIII, where it would be more usefully employed.

13. It is also very desirable that a separate class for natives of the country only be introduced in the following :—

Potatoes, Grain,
Brinjals, Melons,
Pumkins;

but this cannot be done unless the allotment in prize-money is increased.

14. The display of garden produce was really excellent all round, but owing to the somewhat limited space available for spreading out the vegetables the exhibits, in many instances, could not be shown to advantage. The show was nevertheless a great success; as will be seen from previous reports, the number of exhibits continues to increase year by year.

"MANUFACTURES" SHOW.

No. 4534, dated the 17th September 1898.

From—H. SMITH, Esq., Treasury Officer, Quetta,

To—The Secretary, Quetta Horse Show and District Fair.

I have the honour to make the following brief reports on the "manufactures" section of the Quetta District Fair, of which I was placed in charge.

The exhibits consisted of woollen and cotton goods manufactured at Quetta, and carpets of both local and foreign manufacture, also agricultural implements and copper and iron goods made in Quetta and foreign countries, and several other articles of both local and foreign manufacture. Very few of the articles exhibited found purchasers this year, but they were nevertheless appreciated by all who visited the tents.

The prices were awarded by a Judging Committee, which consisted of myself as president and Malik Wazir Muhammad, of Kunsi, Seth Muhammad Ali, Honorary Magistrate, and Mirza Sher Ali, merchant of Quetta, as members.

QUETTA DISTRICT FAIR.

General Financial Statement.

Station.	Date.	ANIMALS, ETC.			RECEIPT.						EXPENDITURE.				Balance remaining for next year.	REMARKS.
		Class.	Number of each class.	Total exhibits.	Last year's value.	Government grant.	Local Fund grant.	Private subscription.	From other sources.	TOTAL.	Prizes. Number.	Prizes. Value.	Other expenditure incurred.	Total expenditure.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
						R	R a. p.	R	R	R a. p.		R	R a. p.	R a. p.		
Quetta.	13th, 14th and 15th September 1898.	Branded mares	I	149							57	490				
		" fillies	II	21							15	150				
		Fillies	III	80							21	200				
		Remount	IV	110							43	405				
		Yearlings	V	92							27	195				
		Foals	VI	18							15	105				
		Geldings	VII	52							36	285				
		Mules	VIII	4							4	20				
		Donkeys	IX	15	*Nil**	1,000	1,639 7 0	500	...	3,139 7 0	2	10	615 7 0	3,139 7 0	*Nil*	* A sum of R23 4-11-2 was shown in last year's statement as "balance remaining for next year," and it was proposed that the amount should be utilized in constructing a permanent judging ring, but the proposal fell through and the amount lapsed to Government.
		Cattle	X	40							15	70				
		Sheep	XI	26							6	30				
		Goats	XII	28							8	20				
		Vegetables, etc.	XIII	1,223							139	249				
		Races	XIV	...							21	245				
		Local manufactures	XV	...							20	50				
		Miscellaneous horses	...	75							...	...				
		Dealers, horses	...	673							...	...				
												2,524				

S. E. WALLACE,

District Superintendant of Police.,

Honorary Secretary, Quetta District Fair.

APPENDIX XV.

Report on the Sibi District Fair, 1899.

No. 4461, dated Quetta, the 8th June 1899.

From—COLONEL H. WYLIE, G.L.I., C.S.I., Officiating Agent to the Governor General in Baluchistan,
To—The Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Department.

I have the honour to forward herewith, for the information of the Government of India, a copy of a letter, *together with its enclosures in original, received from the Political Agent and Deputy Commissioner, Thal Chotiali, being his report on the Sibi Horse Show which was held on the 20th February and three following days.

* No. 9-S., dated the 26th April 1899.

2. It will be seen that there was a considerable increase in the number of animals of all classes present at the show, *viz.*, 1,204 against 1,023 last year, or an increase of 181.

3. Full details of the stock exhibited, both horses and cattle, are given in the annexures to the Political Agent's report. It is satisfactory to note the marked improvement in the number of locally bred animals, more especially in the classes of brood mares and two and three year old fillies. In the former class there was an increase of 57 and in the latter a increase of 30.

4. The whole stock exhibited, but more especially the above two classes, are spoken of very highly by Veterinary-Captain Maxwell and by Major Biddulph, the senior Member of the Judging Committee.

5. Thirty-five remounts were purchased at the show, 15 for the British service and 20 for Native Cavalry. Besides these, 6 baggage ponies were bought for the 6th Bombay Cavalry, and 18 horses, 3 ponies and 36 brood mares were purchased by private individuals.

6. There was a considerable increase in the number of exhibits in the bull and cow classes of cattle, the numbers being 110 and 60, respectively, against 29 and 10 in 1897-98. The increase under the former class is attributed to the fact of it being generally known that the Commissariat Department intended making purchases. Forty-nine bullocks and 16 camels were secured by this Department.

7. The receipts from all sources amounted to R4,404-2-7, while the expenditure was R4,227-3-1, thus leaving a credit balance of R176-15-6 for the next show.

8. On the whole the fair seems to have maintained its reputation and may be considered a success.

9. The date fixed for the show this year, *viz.*, the 20th February and following days, proved most convenient, and gave general satisfaction.

No. 9-S., dated the 26th April 1899.

From—The Political Agent and Deputy Commissioner, Thal Chotiali,
To—The Agent to the Governor General in Baluchistan.

I have the honour to forward herewith a copy, with enclosures in original, of a letter from the Extra Assistant Commissioner, Sibi, reporting on the Sibi Horse Show of 1899, which was held on the 20th February and three following days.

This is the first year in which the fair has been held in the month of February. It had been pointed out that the earlier date usually fixed was too soon after the Jacobabad Fair and that inconvenience was thereby caused to exhibitors and others.

2. The total number of exhibits including cattle, mules and donkeys was 1,204, or 181 more than last year's number. To this increase, 104 is contributed by cattle, 54 by pony mares kept for mule-breeding, and 10 by mules. There was also a slight increase in the number of horse exhibits which, unlike last year, include 100 animals belonging to dealers. There was only one decrease, *viz.*, as regards donkeys, which fell off by 2. There were no sheep exhibits as against three in the previous year. It will be observed that there was a good show of Nari bullocks included among the cattle, which was probably due to the intending purchases for siege train notified by the Commissariat Department. The number of mules and mares for mule-breeding is the highest on record, and it is evident that the natives are

beginning to find advantage in this class of breeding. It is important, however, that they should produce animals large enough for the purposes of the Commissariat Department. A commissariat officer attended the Jacobabad fair I know, and although there were some 50 mules exhibited he found none suitable to his requirements.

3. As to the quality of the stock exhibited I cannot speak with authority having only recently joined the district, while there is nothing on record to indicate the opinion formed by Captain Tighe. Major Biddulph, 19th Bengal Lancers, however, who was on the judging committee, and who is senior Military Member of the Judging Committee, Punjab Fairs, speaks very highly of the stock exhibited, and considers it quite as good as that shown last year. His report is of much interest, and a copy is attached.

4. The Judging Committee consisted of the following officers:—

President :

Captain M. A. Tighe, Deputy Commissioner, *ex-officio.*

Members :

Major S. F. Biddulph, 19th Bengal Lancers.
Captain W. K. Hardy, No. 5 Mountain Battery, Royal Artillery.
Veterinary-Lieutenant W. A. McDougall, Army Veterinary Department (not present)

5. There was a marked increase in sales also. One hundred and sixty-three animals were sold in all, the price-money aggregating R19,737 as against 75 and R11,831, respectively, in the previous year. The details of purchases and average prices are given below :—

	R	a.	p.
15 horses for the Remount Department at the average price of	228	10	2
26 " for Native Cavalry "	228	10	2
57 " by private individuals "	97	6	0
49 bullocks by the Commissariat Department	71	3	7
16 camels " "	83	14	0

The fact that so many sales were effected, the majority being for Government purposes, may be taken as an indication that the stock exhibited was of generally good quality.

6. The following classes competed for prizes, and the amounts shown against them were awarded in prizes :—

	R
Horse classes	2,415
Mule "	40
Donkey "	45
Cattle "	175
TOTAL	2,675

It will be seen that it was possible to allot this year a larger amount for prizes tha has been usually the case. With a view to fostering mule-breeding I think more money should be allotted under mule classes.

Similarly, I would suggest that, in future, we should have a class for camels.

7. The financial statement attached to the Extra Assistant Commissioner's report shows that the funds available aggregated to R4,404-2-7, of which R1,400 contributed by the Imperial Government and R500 subscribed last year by His Highness the Khan of Kalat, were exclusively utilized in giving prizes to horse classes. The following details show how the amount was received and expended :—

Receipts.

	R	a.	p.
Balance from last year	969	2	7
Imperial grant	1,400	0	0
Sibi Municipal Fund	1,200	0	0
Fort Sandeman Bazar Fund	400	0	0
Bolan Bazar Fund	150	0	0
Private subscription	110	0	0
Miscellaneous	175	0	0
TOTAL	4,404	2	7

Expenditure.

	R	a.	p.
Prizes	3,491	12	0
Miscellaneous expenses	735	7	1
TOTAL	4,227	3	1
Balance	176	15	6
GRAND TOTAL	4,404	2	7

8. From the foregoing facts it will be noticed that the fair was a success. As in the past years, Diwan Ganpat Rai, C.I.E., was the Secretary of the Horse Show, and as such the burden of the arrangements devolved on him. The fact that these arrangements were carried out most satisfactorily reflects great credit on him.

No. 1024, dated the 7th April 1899.

From—The Extra Assistant Commissioner, Sibi,

To—The Deputy Commissioner, Thal Chotiali.

I have the honour to forward herewith, duly filled in, the marginally-noted forms connected with the recent Sibi Horse Show which was held on the 20th ultimo and three following days. These forms give almost all information regarding the show. The following points, however, may be mentioned:—

Financial Statement.
Horse runs.
Statement showing the number of animals exhibited.
Classes.
Statement showing animals and prizes awarded.
Tabulated statement.
Horses and ponies purchased by dealers and others.

I.—The total number of exhibits including cattle, donkeys, mules and dealers' horses was 1,204 against 1,023 in the last year. Considering the scarcity of fodder that prevailed in the district during the year 1898 this increase is very satisfactory. The marked increase in the number of mules and pony mares kept for mule-breeding exhibited this year shows that the people of this country, who at one time hated the idea of mule-breeding, have begun to realize the advantages that accrue from this industry. It is hoped that we shall see a good number of mules and donkey mares in our future shows.

II.—It is satisfactory to note that 41 remounts, as detailed in the margin, were purchased at the show. It is also satisfactory to note that horses, ponies, bullocks and camels, valuing R19,737, were purchased by dealers and Remount and Commissariat Departments.

For Army Remount Department	15
For Native Cavalry	26
	41

III.—The silver medal was this year awarded to Risaldar Attar Khan, Girani.

IV.—A detailed statement, showing the receipts and expenditure connected with the show, is also enclosed. The unexpended balance, R 176-15-6, will be spent next year.

V.—The necessary certificate * regarding disbursement of R1,400 on account of Imperial grants together with a list showing the names of the persons to whom each prize was given are also submitted for necessary action.

* Not attached.

VI.—The show, I am glad to say, was quite a success. The arrangements made by me in connection with the show were, I hope, considered quite satisfactory by Captain Tighe, your predecessor.

Dated Jhang, the 1st March 1899.

From—MAJOR S. F. BIDDULPH, 19th Bengal Lancers, Senior Military Member, Judging Committee, Punjab Horse Fairs,

To—The Deputy Commissioner, Sibi.

As Senior Military Member of the Judging Committee, Punjab Horse Fairs, I have the honour to report as follows.

There were nearly 300 brood mares shown in the judging ring. They were a particularly good lot, being fine, roomy mares, with plenty of size, substance and quality and eminently suited for breeding remounts for British Cavalry.

There were 20 fillies shown in Class II, a slight decrease compared with last year. They were a good lot.

There was a great increase in the fillies three and two years old shown, 72 and 71 as against 59 and 54 of the previous years. Yearlings (colts and fillies) were also well represented, and were all of good stamp. The number of foals (both colts and fillies) was about the same as last year, and were of good stamp.

Most of the above young stock were by thoroughbred English and Waler sires and a few by hackneys and Arabs.

I was much struck with the stamp of young stock got by the thoroughbred Australian.

Having to leave Sibi on the evening of the second day of the fair, so as to be in time for the Jhelum Fair, the Remount rolls were not made up. I am therefore unable to say how many were purchased.

The geldings shown, compared with the rest of the young stock, were not a particularly good lot with the exception of the yearlings.

A small number of mules only were seen and steps should be taken to foster this branch of breeding and some more donkey stallions be purchased. I understand this will be done.

The fair was very well managed and the class of young stock was good.

SIBI DISTRICT FAIR.

Financial Statement.

Station.	Date.	Animals.			Receipt.						Expenditure.				Balance remaining for next year.	Remarks.
		Class.	Number of each class.	Total exhibits.	Last year's value.	Government grant.	Local Fund grant.	Private subscription.	From other sources.	Total	Prizes. No.	Prizes. Value.	Other expenditure incurred.	Total expenditure.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Sibi	20th to 23rd February 1899.	I-A	258		R969-2-7.	R1,400.	R1,750	R110.	R175.	R4,404-2-7.	R332.	R3,491-12-0.	R735-7-1.	R4,227-3-1.	R176-15-6.	
		I-B	35	293												
		II	20	20												
		III-A	72													
		III-B	71	143												
		IV-A	15													
		IV-B	26	41												
		V-A	55													
		V-B	41	96												
		VI-A	20													
		VI-B	32	52												
		VII-A	12													
		VII-B	22													
		VII-C	18													
		VII-D	21	73												
		VIII-A	13													
		VIII-B	56	69												
		IX-A	7													
		IX-B	28	35												
		X	103	103												
		Dealer's horses	100	100												
		XI-A	110													
		XI-B	60													
		XI-C	50	220												
		Total	...	1,245												

List of names of owners of horse runs in Sibi Horse Show to whom prizes were awarded during 1899.

No.	Tahsil.	Village.	Names of owners of horse runs of paddock.	Area.	Prizes awarded.	REMARKS.
			Nil.			

Number of animals exhibited during the year under report and previous two years.

Date.	Horses.	Mules.	Cattle.	Donkeys.	Pony mares kept for mule-breeding.	Dealers' horses.	Sheep.	TOTAL
1897 . . .	826	1	175	33	...	222	6	1,262
1898 . . .	862	3	116	37	2	...	3	1,023
1899 . . .	780	13	220	35	56	100	...	1,204

Classes.

No.	CLASS.	Number of each class.	REMARKS.
1	Brood mares	293	
2	Fillies, 2 years' old	91	
3	" 3 "	72	
4	" 4 "	12	
5	Geldings, 3 "	22	
6	" 2 "	18	
7	" 1 year old	21	
8	Donkeys	35	
9	Pony mares kept for mule-breeding	56	
10	British service remounts	15	
11	Native Cavalry and Police remounts	26	
12	Yearling colts	55	
13	" fillies	41	
14	Foals (colts)	20	
15	" fillies	32	
16	Mules	13	
17	Miscellaneous	203	
	TOTAL	1,025	

Statement showing the number of animals exhibited at the Sibi Horse Show of 1898-99, as also of those that won prizes and the amount of prizes awarded in each class.

Class	Number of exhibits.	Detail showing the number of animals exhibited.			Number and amount of prizes awarded.		Number and amount of prizes as per prospectus.	
		Number exhibited.	Number awarded prizes.	Amount.	Number of prizes.	Amount.	Number of prizes.	Amount.
				R		R		R
I-A	258	258	36	320	36	320	28	320
I-B	35	35	17	180	17	180	20	200
II	20	20	17	200	17	200	29	330
III-A	72	72	34	265	34	265	15	160
III-B	71	71	19	190	19	190	1	135
IV-A	15	15	12	120	12	120	17	120
IV-B	26	26	13	135	13	135	21	135
V-A	55	55	10	110	10	110	11	110
V-B	41	41	10	110	10	110	11	110
VI-A	20	20	11	100	11	100	10	92
VI-B	32	32	15	125	15	125	9	93
VII-A	12	12	4	35	4	35	4	30
VII-B	22	22	3	45	3	45	10	70
VII-C	18	18	16	130	16	130	16	145
VII-D	21	21	10	100	10	100	17	[155
VIII-A	13	13	8	80	8	80	4	25
VIII-B	56	56	8	80	8	80	3	15
IX-A	7	7	5	45	5	45	...	...
IX-B	28	28					8	45
X	103	103	10	75	10	75	25	210
Dealers' horses	100	100	10	75	10	75	...	...
XI-A	110	110	12	50	12	50	11	50
XI-B	60	60	11	50	11	50	8	50
XI-C	50	50	16	72	16	72	12	75
Total	1,245*	1,245	307	2,692	307	2,692	304	2,475

* The exhibits under Classes IV-A and IV-B were classified twice, hence the actual number of animals exhibited comes to 1,245 − 41 = 1,204.

Judging Committee.

Captain M. A. Tighe, Political Agent, Thal Chotiali—*President.*

Major S. F. Biddulph, 19th Bengal Lancers, Loralai, } *Members.*
Captain M. K. Hardy, No. 5 Mountain Battery, }

Dewan Ganpat Rai, C.I.E.,—*Secretary.*

Total number of animals present.						Total number competing for prizes.						Number of Horse Stock present not including branded mares.	
In 1898.		In 1899.		Total.		In 1898.		In 1899.		Total.			
14 hands and over.	Under 14 hands.	14 hands and over.	Under 14 hands.	In 1898.	In 1899.	14 hands and over.	Under 14 hands.	14 hands and over.	Under 14 hands.	In 1898.	In 1899.	Belonging to breeders.	Belonging to dealers.
410	274	600	284	904	884	630	274	600	284	904	884	591*	100*

Number of Remounts purchased.							Prices paid for Remounts.			Number of Mules purchased.			Prices paid for Mules.		
For Remount Dept.		For Native Cavalry.		For Police.											
Over 3 years.	Under 3 years.	Over 3 years.	Under 3 years.	Over 3 years.	Under 3 years.	Total.	Highest price.	Lowest price.	Average price.*	By Government.	By others.	Total.	Highest price.	Lowest price.	Average price.
...	15	19	7	...	...	41	Rs. 370	Rs. 40	Rs. 228-10-3	...	...	...	...	...	...

Prizes.					
Sanctioned by Imperial Government.	Contributed from Provincial Revenues, District Boards, etc.	Total.	Amount actually awarded.	Number of medals given away.	Amount of Imperial prizes recommended for next year.
Rs. 1,400.	Rs. 3,004-3-7.	Rs. 4,404-12-0	Rs. 3,401-12-0.	One silver medal was given.	Rs. 1,400.

602 and 50 have evidently been shewn by clerical error—*vide* preceding annexure, also *vide* Veterinary-Captain Maxwell's report.

Horses and ponies purchased by Native States, dealers and private individuals at the Sibi Horse Show of 1899.

Serial No.	Purchased by	Horses.	Ponies.	Brood mares.	Young stock.	Remarks.
	Dealers.					
1	Allah Daya	2	...	1	...	
3	Bokhsha	4	1	2	...	
4	Dharm Din and Makhan Bhoy . . .	5	2	...	...	
	Haji Wazir Khan	7	...	33	...	
	TOTAL .	18	3	36	...	

Account of the Sibi Horse Show held in February 1899.

Receipts.	Amount. R	a	p.	Expenditure.	Amount. R	a.	p.
Last year's balance	969	2	7	Prizes awarded	3,491	12	0
Imperial grant	1,400	0	0	Reward to Kotwal for good work . .	10	0	0
Contribution from Sibi Municipal fund	1,200	0	0	" Mistri	5	0	0
Contribution from Fort Sandeman B. Fund	400	0	0	" Jhumarwala (Biluch dancers) .	10	0	0
Contribution Bolan B. Fund	150	0	0	Paid to Bajawala	5	0	0
Cost of horse show bamboos, etc., sold to Plague Camp . .	175	0	0	" " drummer	4	0	0
Private subscription	110	0	0	Decoration charges of horse show gate including cost of Halwan and sewing charges of flags and bags . .	70	8	3
				To cost of 13 new signboards and repairs to 11 old ones and repairs to horse show benches and mile-stones	24	5	0
				Cost of moory ropes	5	3	6
				Cost of 6 crowbars, 4 axes, 10 phowras, 4 iron baskets required for the horse show work	23	5	0
				Cost of 4 mallets	2	0	0
				3,500 new wooden pegs	24	8	0
				Cost of rosettes and candles . . .	21	6	2
				Wages of sweeper and bhisti employed on horse show grounds	12	7	0
				Charges in connection with Baluch raid exhibitions and lighting of roads . .	27	5	9
				Charges on account of repairing horse race-course	53	15	0
				One wooden box	3	8	0
				6 earthern gharas	0	15	0
				Repairs to furniture	5	0	0
				" " horse show buildings . .	128	10	5
				Cost of 400 bamboos	148	1	4
				" " printing, etc., of horse show tickets and prospectus . . .	114	9	3
				Pay of Bildar employed on the horse show ground for February, March, April and May 1898	35	11	5
				TOTAL EXPENDITURE .	4,227	3	1
				Balance available	176	15	6
TOTAL .	4,404	2	7	GRAND TOTAL .	4,404	2	7

List of Prizes awarded at the Sibi Horse Show, 1899.

Serial No.	Name.	Amount. R	a.	p.
	Class I-A.—Branded Mares in Foal.			
1	Sardar Muhamad Hassan Khan of Inayat-ula-Karez	30	0	0
2	Mir Muhamad, son of Dilmurad, Girani	25	0	0
3	Gul Muhamad, Magsi	20	0	0
4	Attar Khan, Shahwani	15	0	0
5	Sardar Alayar Khan, Rustumzai	15	0	0
6	Sardar Kaisur Khan, Magsi	15	0	0
7	Baluhan, son of Mobin, Gadi	10	0	0
8	Haidar Khan, Shahwani	10	0	0
9	Sharbat, Lashari	10	0	0
10	Shadi Khan, Girani	10	0	0
11	Nihangan, Gadi	10	0	0
12	Musa Khan, Girani	10	0	0
13	Musa, son of Loda Waga	10	0	0
14	Rahmdil, son of Muhamad, Raisani	10	0	0
15	Hasan Khan, Girani	10	0	0
16	Wali Muhamad, son of Sohara of Bhag	10	0	0
17	Bolan Khan, dealer	5	0	0
18	Karim Bux, Shahwani	5	0	0
19	Durani, Girani	5	0	0
20	Saindad, Girani	5	0	0
21	Habib Khan, son of Jalal Khan of Suriab	5	0	0
22	Achar, son of Boda Abra of Eri	5	0	0
23	Sumandar, Doshti	5	0	0
24	Dad Muhamad, Girani	5	0	0
25	Shadi Khan, Girani	5	0	0
26	Murad Khan, Shoranzai	5	0	0
27	Alah Bux, Hambi	5	0	0
28	Timor Khan, Girani	5	0	0
29	Rasul Bux, Machi	5	0	0
30	Alahditta, Awan	5	0	0
31	Walidad, Girani	5	0	0
32	Chatta, Bungalani	5	0	0
33	Khan Muhamed, Bozdar	5	0	0
34	Shakor son of Lalu, Kaheri	5	0	0
35	Chiloo, son of Gohar, Marhatta	5	0	0
36	Kadir Bux, Arain	5	0	0
		320	0	0
	Class I-B.—Branded mares with foal at foot.			
1	Husain Khan, son of Alah Bux, Girani	30	0	0
2	Nek Muhamad, Shahwani	25	0	0
3	Sardar Sohrab Khan, Damki	20	0	0
4	Mazari, son of Pir Bux, Lashari	15	0	0
5	Mir Chakar Khan, Damki	10	0	0
6	Dostni, Bangalzai	10	0	0
7	Abdul Hakim, Pahor	10	0	0
8	Rasul Bux, Arain	10	0	0
9	Barkhurdar, son of Muhamad, Raisani	10	0	0
10	Abdul Aziz, son of Pir Bux, Lashari	5	0	0
11	Rasul Bux, Shahwani of Haji	5	0	0
12	Gul Muhamad, Bahar	5	0	0
13	Nur Muhamad, Chishti	5	0	0
14	Haji Khan, Mugheri	5	0	0
15	Mubarak Shah Syed	5	0	0
16	Khair Muhamad, son of Sher Khan, Girani	5	0	0
17	Rahim Khan, son of Mazar Khan, Khosa	5	0	0
	Total	180	0	0
	Class II.—Branded Fillies not in foal.			
1	Bakshu, son of Kechi Khan, Lehdi	30	0	0
2	Sardar Kaisar Khan, Magsi	25	0	0
3	Haran, son of Pir Bux Mugheri	20	0	0
4	Ibrahim Khan Hara	15	0	0
5	Rasul Bux, Abra	15	0	0
6	Sardar Rashid Khan, Shahwani	15	0	0
7	Sandal Khan, son of Murad Khan, Bangalzai	10	0	0
8	Walidad, son of Jangi, Girani	10	0	0
9	Kabool, son of Raushan, Chishti	10	0	0
10	Kaisar Khan, son of Inayat Khan, Raisani	5	0	0
11	Nehal, son of Kamal, Mahesar			

List of Prizes awarded at the Sibi Horse Show, 1899—continued.

Serial No.	Name.	Amount. R a. p.
	CLASS II.—BRANDED FILLIES NOT IN FOAL—*contd.*	
12	Ranjha, son of Ghulam Ali, Magsi	5 0 0
13	Gul Muhammad, Magsi	5 0 0
14	Sardar Sohrab Khan Domki	5 0 0
15	Khudai, son of Bahadar, Magsi	5 0 0
16	Muhammad Osman, Zehri	5 0 0
17	Sardar Khan Rind of Shoran	5 0 0
	TOTAL	200 0 0
	CLASS III-A.—FILLIES 3 YEARS OLD.	
1	Nawab Khan, son of Muhammad Khan, Karwar	30 0 0
2	Paksha Khan, Lehri	25 0 0
3	Major Risaldar Muhammad Umar Khan	20 0 0
4	Mehwal, son Khuda Bux, of Arain	15 0 0
5	Sardar Kaisar Khan, Magsi	10 0 0
6	Kaisar Khan, son of Inayat Khan, Raisani	10 0 0
7	Alahwaraya, son of Nabi Bux, Kalwar	10 0 0
8	Haran Khan, Mugheri	10 0 0
9	Kabool, son of Raushan, Khishti	10 0 0
10	Zangi Khan, Khurd	5 0 0
11	Rahmdil Khan, Raisani	5 0 0
12	Shahbux, son of Mangha, Gurgej	5 0 0
13	Shadi, son of Muhammad, Raisani	5 0 0
14	Husain Khan, son of Lalu, Arain	5 0 0
15	Sardar Rashid Khan, Shahwani	5 0 0
16	Muhammad Murad, son of Thangai, Muhammadani	5 0 0
17	Sher Muhammad, Bangalzai of Mastung	5 0 0
18	Nabi Bux Babar of Kalat	5 0 0
19	Ahmed, son of Fateh Khan, Raisani	5 0 0
20	Gulam Muhammad, Abra	5 0 0
21	Durani, Girani	5 0 0
22	Achar, son of Bedad, Abra	5 0 0
23	Sher Muhammad, Kalwar	5 0 0
24	Karim Bux, Lashori	5 0 0
25	Haji Khan, Girani	5 0 0
26	Roshid Muhammad Shahi of Bhag	5 0 0
27	Abdulajan, horse dealer, Quetta	5 0 0
28	Amir Bux, Girani	5 0 0
29	Wali Dad, Kalwar	5 0 0
30	Rahman, Darkhan	5 0 0
31	Alijan, Lehri of Kalat	5 0 0
32	Murad Shah Syed of Bhag	5 0 0
33	Ail, son of Narain, Hindu	5 0 0
34	Brahim Hara	5 0 0
	TOTAL	265 0 0
	CLASS III-B.—FILLIES 2 YEARS OLD.	
1	Gohran Khan, son of Hasil Khan, Girani	30 0 0
2	Musa, son of Ladha, Barihon	25 0 0
3	Husain Khan, Girani	20 0 0
4	Azmat, son of Azim Khan, Gotanzai	15 0 0
5	Yasaya, son of Juma, Razi	10 0 0
6	Iman Bux, son of Zehri, Chulai	10 0 0
7	Musan Shah Syed of Bhag	10 0 0
8	Wahid Bux, son of Kadir Bux, Abra	10 0 0
9	Sultan Shah, son of Omer Shah, Syed	10 0 0
10	Rahimdad, Mugheri	5 0 0
11	Pir Buksh, son of Gulsher, Girani	5 0 0
12	Umer Khan, Girani	5 0 0
13	Muhammad, Gopang	5 0 0
14	Sanidad, Girani	5 0 0
85	Yar Muhammad Gohramai of Mall	5 0 0
16	Izat Khan, Mogheri	5 0 0
17	Khomisa Arain	5 0 0
18	Allah Bux, Hambi	5 0 0
19	Juma, son of Phalat, Rustumzai	5 0 0
	TOTAL	190 0 0

List of Prizes awarded at the Sibi Horse Show, 1899—continued.

Serial No.	Name.	Amount. R a. p.
	Class IV-A.—British Remounts.	
1	Khudad, son of Mir Dad, Raisani	30 0 0
2	Jahangir, son of Bangal, Shahwani	20 0 0
3	Khudad, Raisani	10 0 0
4	Ditto	10 0 0
5	Ditto	10 0 0
6	Allah Bux, son of Rahim Khan, Raisani	10 0 0
7	Kadir Bux, son of Gul Muhammad, Raisani	5 0 0
8	Hussain Khan, son of Allah Bux, Girani	5 0 0
9	Jahangir, son of Bangal, Shahwani	5 0 0
10	Mir Muhammad, son of Nur Khan, Shahwani	5 0 0
11	Fakir Bux, son of Kadir Bux, Arain	5 0 0
12	Hayat Khan, son of Alahdad, Raisani	5 0 0
	Total	120 0 0
	Class IV-B.—Native Cavalry Remounts.	
1	Nawab Khan, son of Mahmud Khan, Karwal	30 0 0
2	Yusuf Khan, Kurk	20 0 0
3	Abdul Azizjan, dealer, Quetta	15 0 0
4	Nabi Bux, Kalwar of Mithri	10 0 0
5	Abdul Aziz Jan, dealer of Quetta	10 0 0
6	Isan Khan, Kurk	10 0 0
7	Mir Mehrab Khan, Domki	10 0 0
8	Abdulla Jan, dealer	5 0 0
9	Abdulla Jan, dealer of Quetta	5 0 0
10	Ditto	5 0 0
11	Ditto	5 0 0
12	Ditto	5 0 0
13	Ditto	5 0 0
	Total	135 0 0
	Class V-A.—Colts out of Branded Mares.	
1	Sardar Muhammad Hasan Khan of Inayat-ula-Karez	25 0 0
2	Khudadad, Raisani	20 0 0
3	Achar, son of Boda, Abra	15 0 0
4	Yar Khan Chandia of Gad	10 0 0
5	Fakir Bux, Arain	10 0 0
6	Ata Muhammad, Raisani	10 0 0
7	Jahangir, Shahwani	5 0 0
8	Fateh Khan, son of Alif Khan, Raisani	5 0 0
9	Rahmdil, son of Muhammad, Raisani	5 0 0
10	Ala Bux, son of Khuda Bux, Goramzai	5 0 0
	Total	110 0 0
	Class V-B.—Fillies out of Branded Mares.	
1	Wadera Kaisar Khan, Magsi	25 0 0
2	Karim Bux, Shahwani of Quetta	20 0 0
3	Jahan Khan, Shahwani of Mastung	15 0 0
4	Khudadad, Raisani	10 0 0
5	Bakshu, Rehanzai of Mugheri	10 0 0
6	Khamisa, Bhuta	10 0 0
7	Nehal, son of Kamal, Mahesar	5 0 0
8	Nek Muhammad, Abra of Haji	5 0 0
9	Gauhar Khan, Mugheri of Bhag	5 0 0
10	Nur Muhammad, Chishti of Tuk	5 0 0
	Total	110 0 0
	Class VI-A.—Yearling (colts).	
1	Khair Muhammad, Bangalzai	20 0 0
2	Hazur Bux, Girani of Gadi	15 0 0
3	Dost Muhamad, son of Faiz Muhamad, Shahwani	10 0 0
4	Shah Bux, son of Kambar Khan, Girani	10 0 0
5	Pathan, Badozai of Bhag	10 0 0
6	Ahmed Khan, Jamedar, Levies, Quetta	10 0 0
7	Naubat, Bhand of Geri	5 0 0
8	Kaisar Khan, Raisani of Mithri	5 0 0
9	Gul Muhamad, Bahor of Tuk	5 0 0
10	Daulat, Girani	5 0 0
11	Ghulam Muhamad, Awan of Haji	5 0 0
	Total	100 0 0

List of Prizes awarded at the Sibi Horse Show, 1899—continued.

Serial No.	Name.	Amount.
	Class VI-B.—Yearling (fillies).	R a. p.
1	Karim Bux, Shahwani of Suriab	20 0 0
2	Kabool, Abra of Jalal Khan	15 0 0
3	Laung Khan, Girani	10 0 0
4	Temor Khan, Girani	10 0 0
5	Musa Khan, Girani	10 0 0
6	Khair Muhamad, Bahor of Haji	10 0 0
7	Bolan Khan, Durani of Quetta	10 0 0
8	Nur Muhamad, Girani	5 0 0
9	Baluhan, Girani	5 0 0
10	Hayat Khan, Raisani	5 0 0
11	Abdul Aziz, Lashari	5 0 0
12	Rahmat Khan, Abra of Bhag	5 0 0
13	Ismail, Raisani of Mithri	5 0 0
14	Miroo Khan, Bangalzai	5 0 0
15	Sharbat, Lashari	5 0 0
	Total	125 0 0
	Class VII-A.—Gelding 4 years old.	
1	Mir Mehrab Khan, Damki	15 0 0
2	Sardar Muhamad Hasan Khan, of Inayat-ula, Karez	10 0 0
3	Ahmed Khan, Khojak	5 0 0
4	Sardar Alayar Khan, Rustomzai	5 0 0
	Total	35 0 0
	Class VII-B.—Gelding 3 years old.	
1	Zaman Khan, Rustomzai	20 0 0
2	Wadera Kaisar Khan, Magsi	15 0 0
3	Wali Khan, Raisani	10 0 0
	Total	45 0 0
	Class VII-C.—Gelding 2 years old.	
1	Sardar Kaisar Khan, Magsi	20 0 0
2	Nihangan, Girani	15 0 0
3	Karam Khan, Mizri of Mizri	10 0 0
4	Baluch Khan, Mizri of Mizri	10 0 0
5	Awal Khan, Girani	10 0 0
6	Alab Bux, Raisani of Mithri	10 0 0
7	Mubarak Shah, Raisani of Mithri	10 0 0
8	Abdulla Khan, Kulang of Maheser	5 0 0
9	Sardar Kaisar Khan, Magsi	5 0 0
10	Hasan Khan, Raisani of Mithri	5 0 0
11	Baluch Khan, Mizri of Mizri	5 0 0
12	Akal Geri, of Geri	5 0 0
13	Sardar Kaisar Khan, Magsi	5 0 0
14	Shadi, Domki of Lehri	5 0 0
15	Amil Broboi of Jhall	5 0 0
16	Pir Bux, Khosa of Muskaf	5 0 0
	Total	130 0 0
	Class VII-D.—Geldings 1 year old.	
1	Pir Bux, Arain of Mungcha	20 0 0
2	Baluch Khan, Mizri of Mizri	15 0 0
3	Shakor, Kalvar of Dadar	10 0 0
4	Pathan, Kulang of Mahesar	10 0 0
5	Khudad Raisani of Mithri	10 0 0
6	Kadir Bux, Rindra of Gadi	10 0 0
7	Khudadad, Raisani of Mithri	10 0 0
8	Walhari Khan, Margazani of Bhakra	5 0 0
9	Arbab Ghulam Nabi, of Chachor	5 0 0
10	Sher Muhamad, Marwari of Dhodar	5 0 0
	Total	100 0 0

List of Prizes awarded at the Sibi Horse Show, 1899—continued.

Serial No.	Name.	Amount.
	Class VIII-A.—Mules.	R a. p.
1	Sardar Kaisar Khan, Magsi	10 0 0
2	Umed Ali, Bhangar of Manjhoti	10 0 0
3	Amir Bux, Khosa of Lehri	10 0 0
4	Saleh Muhamad, Katpar of Lehri	10 0 0
5	Yar Muhamad, Umrani of Manjhoti	10 0 0
6	Gulu, Marri of Kahan	10 0 0
7	Karim Bux, Bahor of Mithri	10 0 0
8	Firoo, son of Tindoo of Shoran	10 0 0
	Total	80 0 0
	Class VIII-B.—Mares for mule-breeding.	
1	Mir Chakor Khan, Domki	10 0 0
2	Sardar Sohrab Khan, Domki	10 0 0
3	Mir Chakor Khan, Domki	10 0 0
4	Lalla Manohar Lal, Zilladar	10 0 0
5	Sardar Khan, Rind	10 0 0
6	Sardar Sohrab Khan, Domki	10 0 0
7	Mir Chakor Khan, Domki	10 0 0
8	Saleh Muhamad, Katpar of Lehri	10 0 0
	Total	80 0 0
	Class IX-A and B.—Donkeys.	
1	Dad Muhamad, Shahwani of Mastung	10 0 0
2	Abdul Rehman, Girani of Gadi	10 0 0
3	Pir Muhamad, Langoo of Mungchar	10 0 0
4	Karimo, Lohar of Ota	10 0 0
5	Abdul Nabi, Langoo of Quetta	5 0 0
	Total	45 0 0
	Class X.—Ponies.	
1	Abdul Aziz Jan, of Quetta	20 0 0
2	Abdulla Jan, horsedealer of Quetta	15 0 0
3	Fazal, Bangor of Chhatar	5 0 0
4	Sher Muhamad, Chishti of Tuk	5 0 0
5	Sobdar, Gadi	5 0 0
6	Abdulla Jan, horsedealer of Quetta	5 0 0
7	Shakor Khan, Garamzai of Kaisar	5 0 0
8	Sardar Ghaus Bux, Raisani of Mithri	5 0 0
9	Jahangir, Kalwar of Bhag	5 0 0
10	Mehwal of Bhag	5 0 0
	Total	75 0 0
	Dealers' Horses.	
1	Mir Mehrab Khan, Domki	20 0 0
2	Alavarya, Kalwar of Mithri	15 0 0
3	Abdulla Jan, horsedealer of Quetta	5 0 0
4	Ditto	5 0 0
5	Ditto	5 0 0
6	Ditto	5 0 0
7	Muhamad Ayaz, of Quetta	5 0 0
8	Abdulla Jan, horsedealer	5 0 0
9	Zaman Khan, Rustamzai of Kanok	5 0 0
10	Abdulla Jan, horsedealer	5 0 0
	Total	75 0 0
	Class XI.—Cattle.	
	(a) Bulls.	
1	Sahibdad, Looni of Looni	6 0 0
2	Isab Khan, Lashari of Kurk	5 0 0
3	Ghazi, son of Gullan Chishti of Nari	4 0 0
4	Akil, son of Fazil Ari of Gadi	4 0 0
5	Shahbaz Khan, Domki	4 0 0
6	Abzal, Hambi of Hambi	4 0 0
7	Gullu Chachoo	4 0 0
8	Maluk, Mochi	4 0 0

List of Prizes awarded at the Sibi Horse Show, 1899—continued.

Serial No.	Name.	Amount.
	CLASS XI.—CATTLE—*contd.*	
	(*a*) *Bulls*—contd.	R a. p.
9	Jhangli, Gurgej	4 0 0
10	Hakim Mahayo, of Lebri	4 0 0
11	Din Muhammad, Girani of Gadi	4 0 0
12	Muhammad, Machi	3 0 0
	TOTAL	50 0 0
	(*b*) *Cows.*	
1	Dab Muhammad, Girani	8 0 0
2	Dao, Pahi of Mall	7 0 0
3	Lahna, Rais of Dadher	4 0 0
4	Shana, son of Rakhia, Girani of Gadi	4 0 0
5	Palia, son of Bhokoo, Kharata of Mall	4 0 0
6	Haji, son of Yara, Darpali of Khalifa Yakub	4 0 0
7	Ghazi, son of Gulu, Chishti of Tuk	4 0 0
8	Muhammad, son of Gohar, Mochhi of Kuch	4 0 0
9	Bacha, son of Ghazi, Mochi of Mall	4 0 0
10	Hayat, son of Gulu, Bhambar of Hoji	4 0 0
11	Itbar, son of Lall Bux, Gola of Mall	3 0 0
	TOTAL	50 0 0
	(*c*) *Oxen.*	
1	Shabaz Khan, Domki	10 0 0
2	Rasul Bux, Girani	6 0 0
3	Mir Hazar, Girani	4 0 0
4	Dau, Pahi of Mall	4 0 0
5	Nabi Bux, Dirkhan of Raza	4 0 0
6	Lal Bux, Pahi	4 0 0
7	Attai Khan, Girani	4 0 0
8	Darya Khan, Raisani	4 0 0
9	Haji, Dharpali of Khojak	4 0 0
10	Mir Hazar, Ghazni	4 0 0
11	Sultan, Awan of Nari	4 0 0
12	Maluk, Machi	4 0 0
13	Arbab Ghulam Nabi, Chachai	4 0 0
14	Fateh Khan, Goramzai	4 0 0
15	Arbab Ghulam, Balok	4 0 0
16	Izatdin, Mugheri	4 0 0
	TOTAL	72 0 0
	CLASS XII.—BALUCH CARPETS, SADDLERY AND SADDLE-BAGS, ETC.	
	Saddlery.	
1	Bado, son of Jangian, Bugti	3 8 0
2	ost Muhammad, son of Mazar, Pirani of Sibi	1 0 0
3	huda Bux, son of Rasul, Bugti	0 8 0
	TOTAL	5 0 0
	Tobras.	
1	Ali Sher, son of Kaisar, Bugti	1 0 0
	TOTAL	1 0 0
	Khurjins.	
1	Ali Sher, son of Kaisar, Bugti	4 0 0
2	Haju, son of Yaro, Bugti	3 0 0
3	Abdulla Khan, son of Nabi Bux, Jhokrani	2 0 0
	TOTAL	9 0 0